

**Question for written answer E-014942/2015
to the Commission**

Rule 130

Ramón Jáuregui Atondo (S&D) and Jonás Fernández (S&D)

Subject: Effectiveness of the Investment Plan for Europe

One of the Commission's main priorities for this legislature is to step up public investment in Europe, together with ensuring smoother fiscal consolidation and pushing forward structural reforms. This approach has given rise to the Investment Plan for Europe, or 'Juncker Plan', which aims to mobilise EUR 315 billion in additional investment over three years through the European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI).

Given that the European Investment Bank was tasked with implementing the programme even before the EFSI was given the green light, it is necessary to take stock of everything that has been achieved in 2015, particularly as it is important to ensure that the Juncker Plan does not have any procyclical effects. If the investments are used for projects in countries with more capital and low unemployment rates, the EFSI will not be fulfilling its primary mission, which is to boost economic growth in Member States most affected by the financial and economic crisis.

How much money has been invested?

In what projects and in which Member States?

What is the relative breakdown between public and private investment to date?