

**Question for written answer E-014431/2015  
to the Commission**  
Rule 130  
**Martina Anderson (GUE/NGL)**

Subject: Food insecurity

Food insecurity relates to the lack of food in emergency contexts but also to the lack of diversified diets in developing countries, which causes a severe phenomenon often called 'hidden hunger' and impairs children's future cognitive and physical capacities.

Undernutrition has been found to be the cause of 45 % of deaths of children under 5, and fuels the cycle of poverty and disease.

The EU made a pledge at the 1st Nutrition for Growth Summit in 2013 of EUR 3.5 billion, and has committed to reducing stunting by 7 million by 2025. However, globally only 4 % of ODA is spent on fighting malnutrition, and current interventions targeting nutrition cover only 1.4 % of total needs.

A 2nd Nutrition for Growth Summit will be hosted by the Government of Brazil in August 2016.

1. How are the EEAS and the Commission working towards making this key political opportunity a resource mobilisation moment for nutrition?
2. Will the Commission work to increase both the political and the financial commitments of donors to affected countries for nutrition?