
8. The term Operations Research was coined in the year -----

- a. 1950
- b. 1940
- c. 1978
- d. 1960

ANS: B PTS: 1

9. Operations Research was known as an ability to win a war without really going in to a -----

- a. Battle field
- b. Fighting
- c. War
- d. Both A and B

ANS: D PTS: 1

10. Who defined Operations Research as scientific method of providing executive departments with a quantitative basis for decisions regarding the operations under their control?

- a. Morse and Kimball (1946)
- b. P.M.S. Blackett (1948)
- c. E.L. Arnoff and M.J. Netzorg
- d. None of the above

ANS: A PTS: 1

11. Who defined Operations Research as scientific approach to problem solving for executive management ?

- a. E.L. Arnoff
- b. P.M.S. Blackett
- c. H.M. Wagner
- d. None of the above

ANS: C PTS: 1

12. Who defined Operations Research as an aid for the executive in marketing his decisions by providing him with the quantitative information based on the scientific method of analysis?

- a. C. Kitte
- b. H.M. Wagner
- c. E.L. Arnoff
- d. None of the above

ANS: A PTS: 1

13. Operations Research has the characteristics the it is done by a team of -----

- a. Scientists
- b. Mathematicians
- c. Academics
- d. All of the above

ANS: A PTS: 1

14. There is a great scope for ----- working as a team to solve problems of defence by using the Operations Research approach

- a. Economists
- b. Administrators
- c. Statisticians and Technicians
- d. All of the above

ANS: D PTS: 1

15. Operations Research cannot give perfect ----- to problems

- a. Answers
- b. Solutions
- c. Both A and B
- d. Decisions

ANS: C PTS: 1