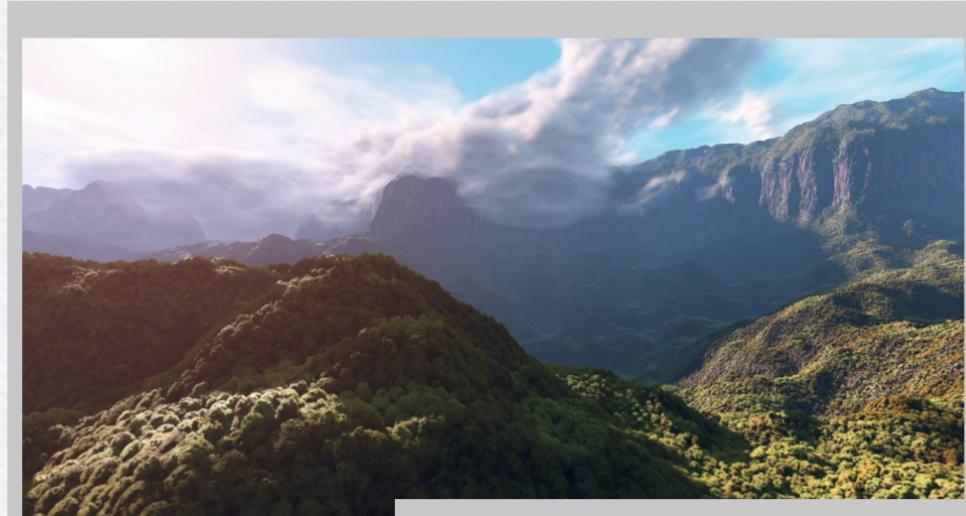


The Design and Implementation of an Advanced Graphics Screensaver Suite

By James Balajan



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Chapter 1

Project Proposal



Figure 1.1: Inspiration for Screensaver. Computer generated Rainforest by Inigo Quilez

1.1 Executive Summary

Much promise has been shown in the applicability of basic, computer generated graphics for creating screen savers for computers in the past, an example of this being that all of the screensavers for Windows XP were rendered. The ability to create aesthetically pleasing, dynamic graphics has made computer generated graphics find use in this field. For this reason a study will be undertaken to investigate if utilising advanced computer graphics techniques to generate a visually appealing scene, which will act as a screensaver, is possible without being overly burdensome on the computer's hardware. Some proposed techniques to be utilised to make this scene are physically based rendering, atmospheric scattering and volumetric raymarching, though this list of techniques is subject to change throughout the project as the needs and challenges of the project cannot fully be anticipated.

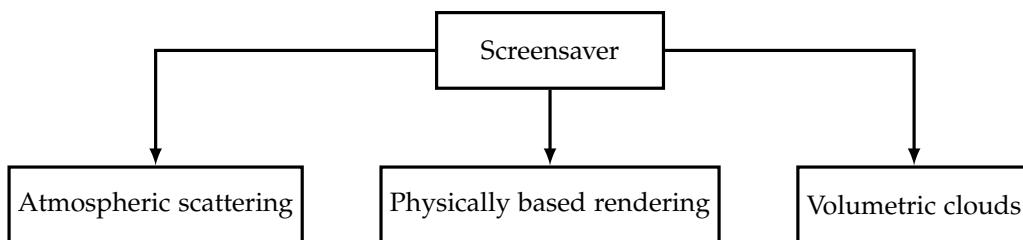


Figure 1.2: Graphics techniques that may be used

To manage the project, the structured approach will be utilised and documented in a portfolio. Our clientele would like for us to use VB.NET to create the project, so the project will be programmed utilising it. As a result, challenges may be faced regarding the performance of the screensaver. Since the development of this screensaver will be only undertaken by one developer, the anticipated completion date of the project is June 2019, although this deadline is subject to change based on circumstances regarding the project.

Chapter 2

Project Plan

2.1 Defining and Understanding the Problem

Our initial thoughts on what software construction methodology to use leaned towards one which would benefit a small development team, such as the prototyping methodology. However, it is mandated by our project sponsor that a portfolio be developed to document our development process in a structured manner, so a structured approach is the best choice due to its reliance on documentation.

Thus, the project will be split into 5 stages according to the structured approach:

- Planning
- Design
- Building / Implementing
- Testing
- Deployment

These stages are reflected in our Gantt Chart. Please see figure 3.6 on page 8 for the Gantt Chart.

During the design phase, a survey will be conducted, asking customers what features they would like in a screensaver suite. The survey responses will be considered in our designs and implementation. After initial implementation, a survey will be conducted requesting the opinions of our customers on the product. As of such, there will be some elements of the prototyping methodology in our approach as well, iterating over our initial product to improve it and satisfy the expectations of our customers. However, as stated previously, the methodology of development will be primarily structured.

2.2 Design

When developing the designs for the product, the following will be created.

- A Context Diagram
- A Data Flow Diagram
- A Structure Diagram
- High level flowcharts for key functions in the program.
- A Data Dictionary.

All besides the data dictionary will be created before the implementation stage. The data dictionary will be created along with the product itself.

2.3 Implementation

The implementation stage will firstly begin with a technical research stage. Advanced graphics techniques involve use of heavy amounts of mathematics, and as of such, research papers must be studied and cited.

After the initial research, implementation will commence. Testing will be done regularly as the project progresses, to ensure each module is functioning before moving onto the next one and to avoid the accumulation of errors.

2.4 Testing

On completing the implementation, the screensaver suite will be tested on a variety of hardwares, to ensure it functions correctly on other GPUs. This is critical, as graphics shaders may perform differently and possibly unexpectedly based on each graphics card provider's OpenGL implementation.

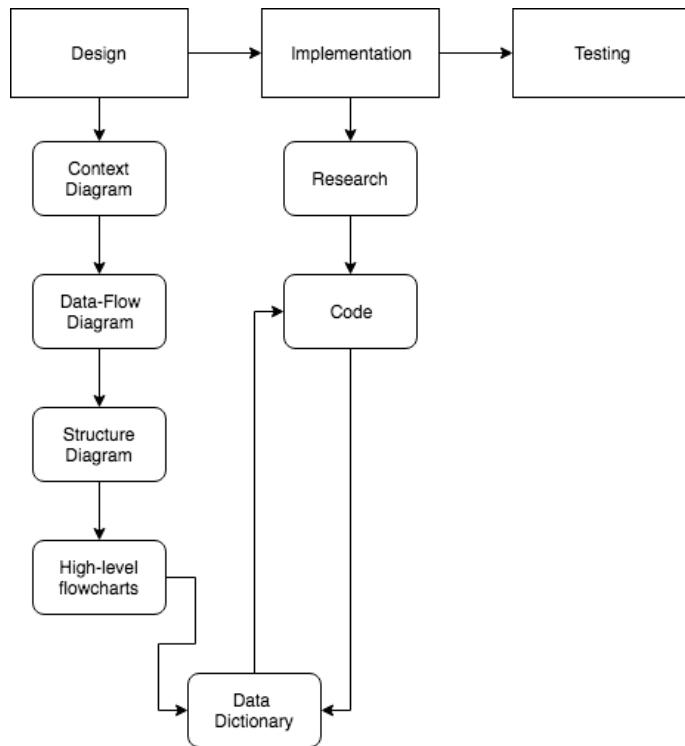


Figure 2.1: High-level diagram summarising project plan

Chapter 3

Feasibility Study

3.1 Executive Summary

Screensavers have been a medium of graphics experimentation during the times of early computing. However, advanced graphics techniques have never been applied to the context of screensavers, leaving an excellent vacant marketplace to test cutting edge techniques in the context of screensavers. This document analyzes the feasibility of undertaking a project where advanced graphics techniques are applied to create a screensaver from the lenses of technological feasibility, staffing feasibility and marketplace feasibility.

3.2 Description of Products and Services

Screensavers, during the times of early computing, have been the medium for the showcasing of various graphics techniques. From the Windows 98 era with the notable screensaver maze, bringing rasterized graphics to the customer in a display of engineering creativity to the classic Windows XP pipes, using random generation to provide the customer with a new and consistently unique scene, graphics techniques have found their place in the world of screensavers. However, these screensavers have often been quite basic, using simple Phong shading or even no shading at all with only raster based techniques lacking lighting shading. This makes one wonder why advanced graphics techniques, such as the ones explored by video game companies and animation studios such as Pixar, have not been explored in the avenue of screensaver creation.

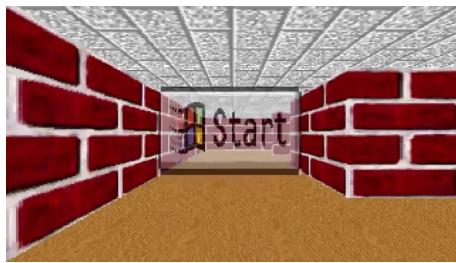


Figure 3.1: Windows 98 Maze

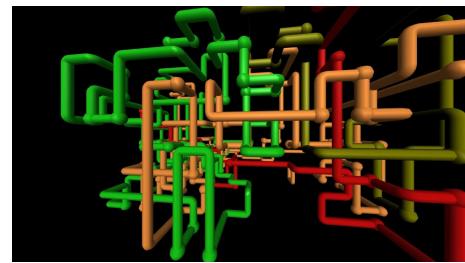


Figure 3.2: Windows XP Pipes

This project aims to investigate this avenue, with the aim of creating a suite of 3 screensavers. The first one will investigate the application of volumetric clouds and randomly generated terrain to screensavers. The second will investigate how mathematical fractal geometry may be applied to generating interesting screensavers. The final will investigate the application of the interesting effect of metaballs to screensavers.

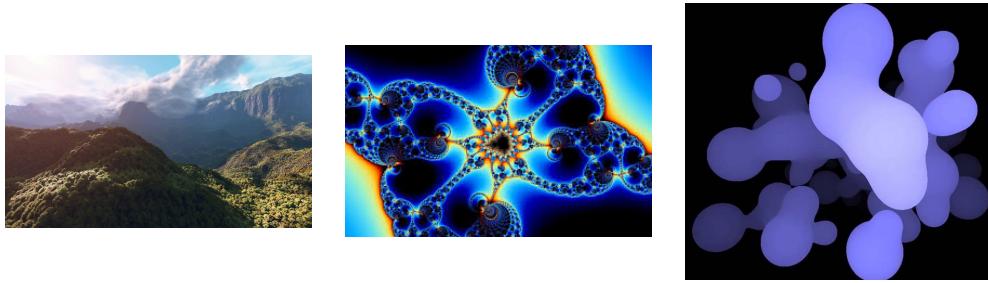


Figure 3.3: From left to right example images of: Terrain with Volumetric Clouds, Mandelbrot Fractal and Metaballs.

3.3 Technology Considerations

3.3.1 Hardware Considerations

The personnel possess a single HP Pavilion laptop running Windows 10 OS that uses a Nvidia Geforce GTX 1050 graphics card. Although the graphics card is powerful, it is not out of reach of most customers, making it an excellent benchmark for what our users may use.

3.3.2 Software Considerations

The development will be carried out using the VB.NET programming language through the Visual Studio IDE. VB.NET was chosen as a matter of preference from our project sponsor. Due to this unorthodox choice for a programming language for graphics programming, in which C and C++ are most commonly used due to their performance, extra considerations may need to be taken regarding the overhead of the VB.NET language. Furthermore, as VB.NET is being used to create the screensaver suite, the project is only going to work on the Windows operating system as it required the .NET framework. However, projects such as .NET core and Mono aim to port the .NET framework to linux and mac, so cross compatibility is not completely out of the question, and can be implemented later if the demand is ever shown.

3.4 Product/Service Marketplace

The marketplace for the utilisation of advanced graphics techniques in the context of screensavers has been fairly limited. No repositories on github were found for screensavers which utilised volumetric clouds, which is not surprising as it is a relatively new graphics technique which is still being researched. No procedural terrain screensavers were found either. This makes the first screensaver idea, of procedurally generated terrain with volumetric clouds, a venture into entirely uncharted territory, as the marketplace is entirely empty.

As for the mandelbrot fractal screensaver, mandelbrot fractals are well documented mathematical structures which produce beautiful results when rendered, however have also, surprisingly not been applied in the context of screensavers. There have, however, been large numbers of mandelbrot fractal explorers generated, as it is seen as an excellent exercise to develop one's programming skills. An example written in Javascript is shown below:

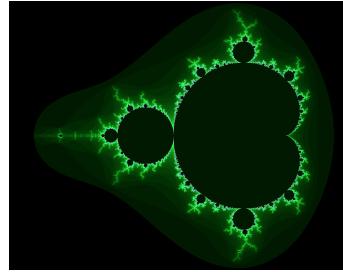


Figure 3.4: Mandelbrot Fractal Rendered by Rafrex's "Fractal" from <https://github.com/rafrex/fractal>

Metaballs are also a well documented technique, created by Jim Blinn, the father of Blinn-Phong shading, which produce organic looking balls that change shape depending on their positions relative to other metaballs. Metaballs have been applied to a wide range of areas, however, one particular use of them is in simulating the behaviour of water droplets efficiently, without the use of complex and expensive fluid dynamics simulations. Metaballs have not been applied to the context of screensavers, however, various eye candy demos have been created such as the one below written in Javascript:

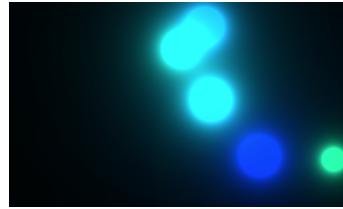


Figure 3.5: Metaballs Rendered by FlannelHead's "Dynaballs" from <http://flannelhead.github.io/dynaballs/>

3.5 Social and Ethical Considerations

3.5.1 Legal Considerations

As this project is primarily a non-profit, research experiment, the project will be released using the Open Source MIT License. This license limits our liability and makes warranty not legally enforceable, legally protecting us in the case of a potential misuse of our software. The license permits commercial use, modification, distribution and private use of our not for profit, research project.

3.5.2 Ergonomics

- The screensaver should be designed to be ergonomic and user friendly. This is easily achievable, as screensavers lack the traditional GUIs of many other products, their main purpose being to be eye candy. Options for these screensavers may be programmed to be directly accessible through the Windows control panel, or could be programmed to be configurable through a separate GUI all together.
- The design of the screensaver options dialog will aim to keep the interface simple and intuitive to use, not overflowing the user with unnecessary options. Advanced options will be hidden behind a drop down menu, for experienced users to utilise.
- The screensavers will aim to maximise FPS without jeopardising the quality of the screensavers.

3.5.3 Inclusivity

- An English locale will be implemented into the screensaver suite options dialog, as English is one of the most widely spoken languages in the world. Furthermore, a Russian locale will be implemented as it is the 7th most widely spoken language in the world, and the developer has knowledge of the language. As this project is open source, if more locales are desired to be programmed in, open source contributors may add them.
- Data formats that differ internationally, such as dates and currency, are not being handled and hence these factors do not need to be accounted for.
- The screensaver would be free and released under the open source licence, allowing anyone of any economic background to utilise it.
- The scenes rendered in the screensavers will be designed to be universally appealing to all demographics.
- The option for the screensaver to play music may be programmed in at a later date. One option used to cater for people with hearing disabilities in software is to include subtitles. However, this solution is not suitable, as the person would still not be able to experience the music through a simple text prompt which says "Music Plays". As of such, this issue will be left open to the open source community to solve, if a solution is found in the future.
- People with visual impairments must also be catered for. Legal blindness cannot be catered for, as the product is a purely visual one. However, for people with mild visual impairments, text can be written using a clear serif or sans-serif font with a large font size. Poor color combinations will be avoided like yellow on white, only using colors which contrast well, such as black on white.
- Issues pertaining to cultural inclusivity need not be worried about, as the screensavers aim to have universal beauty, showcasing the remarkable natures of both the natural and mathematical worlds.

3.6 Organization and Staffing

In considering to create this product, considerations must be made regarding whether the developers of this project possess the expertise and the technology required to complete the project. The development team consists of one student programmer, indicating that the personnel may lack the expertise required to develop an advanced graphics screensaver. However, the deadline for the end of the project provides enough time for the programmer to research and become knowledgeable on these techniques before implementation.

3.7 Schedule

The schedule of this project will closely follow the Gantt Chart. The structure of this gantt chart aims to reflect the standard software development life cycle.

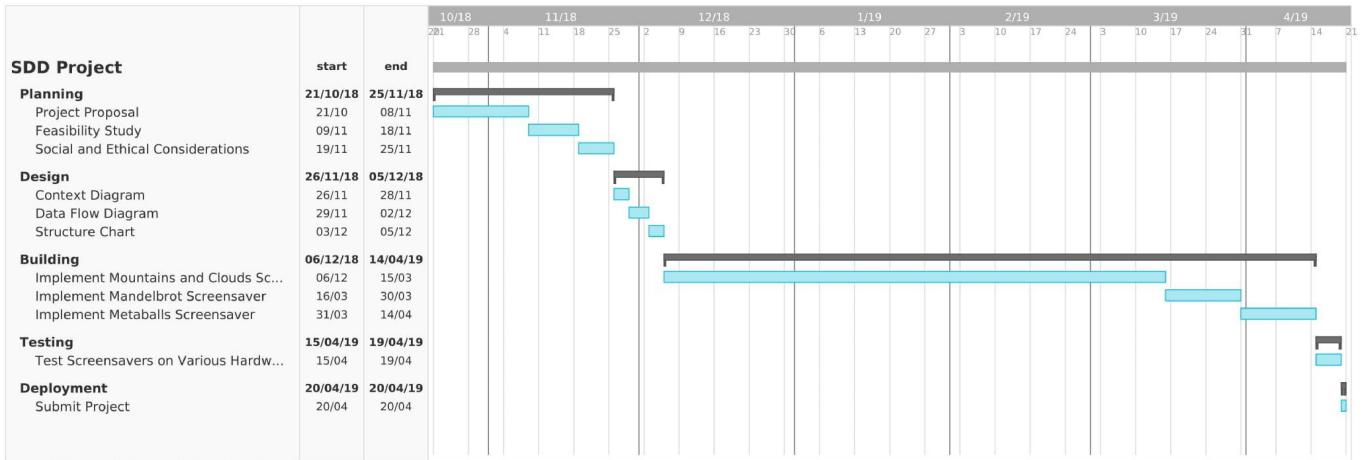


Figure 3.6: Gantt chart

3.8 Financial Projections

As the project manager is also the developer and has direct interests in completing this project, the developer demands no pay. No extra software must be purchased, as all tools that will be used are free. The only costs associated with this project are those associated with electricity for recharging the laptop.

3.9 Findings and Recommendations

In summary:

- There is ample time for research, development and refinement.
- Through investigating advanced graphics techniques in screensavers, one can set the groundwork for their future integration into other mediums such as animated movies and video games.
- The cost of development is negligible.

Hence, it is in our best interests that the project proceed.

Chapter 4

Design

4.1 System Modeling Diagrams

As a screensaver product is primarily visual, the first part of the design stage was to create an array of preliminary screen designs, with one for each of the three screensavers in the suite. These screen designs may be found in the appendix according to the list below:

- Clouds and Mountains Screen Design (pg. 28)
- Mandelbrot Screen Design (pg. 29)
- Metaballs Screen Design (pg. 30)

In the design stage, a detailed context diagram, data flow diagram (DFD), structure chart and storyboard were also created for each of the three screensavers. Furthermore a data dictionary was created to catalogue the variables used in each of the three screensavers.

The data dictionary may be found on page 31. The design diagrams may be found on their respective pages as shown in table 4.1.

Table 4.1: Page Numbers of Design Documents

Screensaver	Context Diagram Page No.	DFD Page No.	Structure Chart Page No.	Story board Page No.
Clouds and Mountains	16	17	18	19
Mandelbrot	20	21	22	23
Metaballs	24	25	26	27

4.2 Modularity and Design Patterns

4.2.1 Clouds and Mountains Screensaver

When designing the clouds and mountains screensaver, careful attention was put into making an effective modular system, with each module only completing a certain task. By using these object-oriented design principles, each module is effectively able to be removed or added back to the screensaver easily, or even used for different purposes than initially intended as long as it is provided the required inputs, due to the layers of abstraction. Each module adheres to the *Component* design pattern as defined in (Nystrom, 2014), meaning that they are implemented classes which abstract the lower-level behaviour of higher level classes, to ensure modular design,

clean code and to reduce the coupling between different classes, meaning that the modules may be moved about and altered without causing the code to break.

A detail not shown in the data flow diagram is the use of the *Flyweight* design pattern as defined in (Gamma, 1995), which was implemented to optimize RAM usage. The *Flyweight* design pattern allows for the screensaver to only need to store the model data once on RAM, whilst simultaneously allowing for customization of the trees so that the forest does not look repetitive. If each instance of a tree had its own model, the amount of data that would need to be stored on RAM would grow $O(n)$ with the number of trees drawn to the landscape. To put that in perspective, the tree model used in the screensaver uses 86886 vertices to draw the leaves alone. If a copy of this data were stored for every instance of a tree drawn, the screensaver would quickly run out of RAM. A pictorial representation of a forest without the *Flyweight* design pattern compared with a forest with the pattern is shown in figure 4.1. Notice how the optimized version does not contain duplicate data, with each tree instead referencing the same model, and altering it based on its parameters.

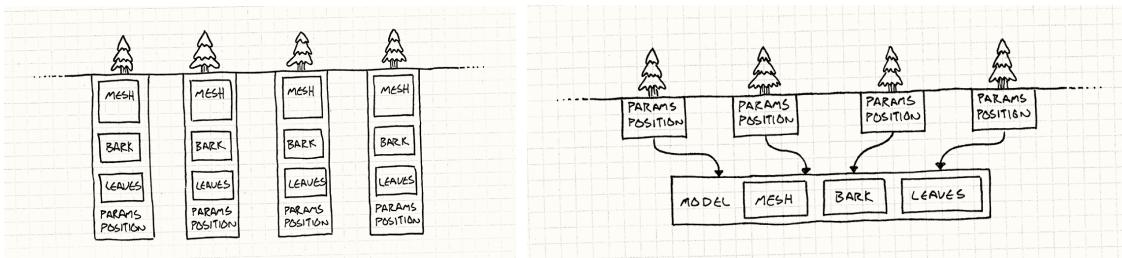


Figure 4.1: A forest's storage without the Flyweight design pattern vs. with it. Sourced from (Nystrom, 2014)

This design pattern may be extended to even reducing the number of OpenGL draw calls, and vertex data being sent to and from the graphics card, using a feature in OpenGL called *instancing*, which allows for only one draw call to be used to render all of the trees. Running OpenGL calls such as `GL.DrawElements` is more expensive than the actual drawing of the vertices, as OpenGL needs to always undertake the necessary preparations to make the data ready for consumption by the GPU, and must also transfer the data slowly along the bus from the CPU to the graphics card. (Vries, 2016). By compressing all of these draw calls into a single instance draw call, the data may be transferred to the graphics card in a single, contiguous packet, avoiding all of the overhead associated with multiple OpenGL calls. In this way, the design of the product was not only carefully created to ensure a clear and logical method of viewing the code with limited coupling, yet was also able to optimize the actual product itself.

4.2.2 Mandelbrot Screensaver

The mandelbrot screensaver's calculations occurred entirely on a shader program on the graphics card. However, some efforts were still made to ensure modularity within the program, for even simple programs can benefit from it. For instance, as seen in the data flow diagram (pg. 21), the configuration manager is placed in its own module which reduces the coupling between the actual screensaver itself, and its settings.

Furthermore, a more subtle form of decoupling occurs, in how the graphics code is separated from the management class in that it is stored in a shader. The two of them communicate using an GLSL feature called *uniforms*, which are variables that are passed from the CPU to the graphics card via the bus every frame drawn. For instance, variables which are managed by the broader *Screensaver* module, such as the system time, screen resolution, seed for the first zoom point and selected mandelbrot fractal palette are passed into the shader as defined by the uniforms:

```
uniform vec3 iResolution;
uniform float iTime;
```

```
uniform int zoomPointSeed;
uniform int selectedPalette;
```

4.2.3 Metaballs Screensaver

The metaballs screensaver is similarly designed to the mandelbrot screensaver, with the graphics calculations largely confined to its shader program. Like the mandelbrot screensaver, the metaballs screensaver too decouples its configuration manager from the main class. However it also decouples the physics calculations for each of the droplets into a droplet manager class as seen in the data flow diagram (pg. 25).

The metaballs screensaver shader is also decoupled from the main metaballs class, with it passing the center and radii of each droplet to the shader, as well as the height / amplitude of the waves, the system time and the screen resolution, as defined by the uniforms:

```
uniform vec3 iResolution;
uniform float iTime;

uniform float waveHeight;

...
uniform vec3 dropletCenters[NUM_DROPLETS];
uniform float dropletRadii[NUM_DROPLETS];
```

4.3 User Feedback

When creating the final designs for the screensaver suite, the project utilized user feedback based on iterative prototypes of the product that had been made. For instance, the decision to implement a configuration manager for the screensaver suite was derived from Arjun Malik's second survey response (pg. 58) as well as Julian Peen's second survey response (pg. 64). This configuration manager manifests itself in the final data flow diagram for each of the three screensavers, as a "Config Manager" process.

The surveys also showed that personal preference still has an effect on screensaver choice, even when the screensavers are designed to be universally appealing. Samuel Stacy's second survey response (pg. 61) showed that he did not dislike the mandelbrot fractal screensaver because of any technical or visual issue, yet simply due to personal preference. On asking him in person which screensaver he preferred the most, he said it was the clouds and mountains screensaver. This differed from other survey responses like, for instance, Ms Saki's (pg. 55), who stated that the metaballs screensaver was her favourite. This may have to do with people's subjective perceptions of beauty, for Samuel prefers the more realistic screensaver based on natural beauty, whilst some others prefer the abstract mathematical beauty of the mandelbrot fractal or metaballs. In this way, by creating a suite of three screensavers which contain both real and abstract beauty, the product is able to appeal to both of these preferences.

One suggestion which has been suggested to be added is the option for adding music to the screensaver, as shown in Ms Saki's survey response (pg. 55). This idea is very original, as screensavers have never, in the scope of the market survey conducted, included the option for playing music. However, there do exist some concerns regarding this feature's utility, as screensavers typically run when the user is not at their computer, meaning that there would be no one to receive the music, except for the user when they return from whatever activity removed them from the computer. Furthermore, concerns surrounding time are paramount as the project is beginning to reach its conclusion, as the screensavers must be tested on other architectures and

fixed if any issues are present, meaning that there may not be enough time to both implement this new feature and complete the testing. If this feature is not added to the final product, and it is likely that it would not be, a future experiment should be conducted to observe both the market and technical feasibility of a screensaver which employs both visual and auditory stimuli. If this experiment goes well, auditory features may either be incorporated into the current product, or a new screensaver may be created which would better showcase the potential of an audio-visual screensaver.

All of the surveys conducted may be found in the appendix.

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Nystrom, Robert (2014). *Game programming patterns*. United States: Genever Benning. ISBN: 978-0990582908.

Vries, Joey de (2016). *Learn OpenGL*. [Online; accessed 7th of May 2019]. URL: <https://learnopengl.com/Advanced-OpenGL/Instancing>.

Glossary

Assimp Open Asset Import Library is a cross-platform 3D model import library which aims to provide a common application programming interface for different 3D asset file formats.. 14, 15

Atmospheric Scattering Atmospheric scattering, in the context of computer graphics, refers to the modeling and emulation of the process by which light particles are scattered by particles in the atmosphere. Scattering from these particles leads to the blue color of our sky at noon, and its orange color at dawn and dusk. 1

Component (Design Pattern) Allow a single entity to span multiple domains without coupling the domains to each other. (Nystrom, 2014). 9

Coupling In software engineering, coupling is the degree of interdependence between software modules; a measure of how closely connected two routines or modules are. Low coupling is often a sign of a well-structured computer system and a good design, and when combined with high cohesion, supports the general goals of high readability and maintainability.. 10

Flyweight (Design Pattern) A flyweight is an object that minimizes memory usage by sharing as much data as possible with other similar objects; it is a way to use objects in large numbers when a simple repeated representation would use an unacceptable amount of memory. (Gamma, 1995). 10

GLSL GLSL (GLslang) is a short term for the official OpenGL Shading Language. GLSL is a C/C++ similar high level programming language for several parts of the graphic card. With GLSL you can code (right up to) short programs, called shaders, which are executed on the GPU. 10

OpenGL a cross-language, cross-platform API standard for rendering 2D and 3D vector graphics. The API is used to interact with a graphics processing unit, to achieve hardware-accelerated rendering. 3, 10

Participating Media Participating media are materials which may absorb, emit and/or scatter light. Participating media usually consist of many particles suspended in the air. 13

Physically Based Rendering In its broadest sense, physically based rendering refers to the usage of physics equations to accurately emulate the trajectories of photons when in contact with materials. An example of a physically based lighting model is the Cook-Torrance model, as opposed to the old, non-physically based Blinn-Phong model. 1

Shader a type of computer program originally run on graphics card to do shading, aka lighting simulation. However, shaders now perform a variety of tasks, and the term now refers to a category of computer programs that are designed to be interpreted and run by the graphics card. 3, 10, 11

Volumetric Clouds Volumetric clouds are rendered using the technique of volumetric raymarching over real-time generated volumes that are designed to emulate the shapes and behaviours of clouds. 1

Volumetric Raymarching Volumetric raymarching is a graphics technique used to accurately render participating media, such as smoke, fog and clouds. 1, 13

Chapter 5

Appendix

5.1 Designs

5.1.1 Clouds Screensaver Context Diagram

Clouds Screensaver Context Diagram

By James Balajan

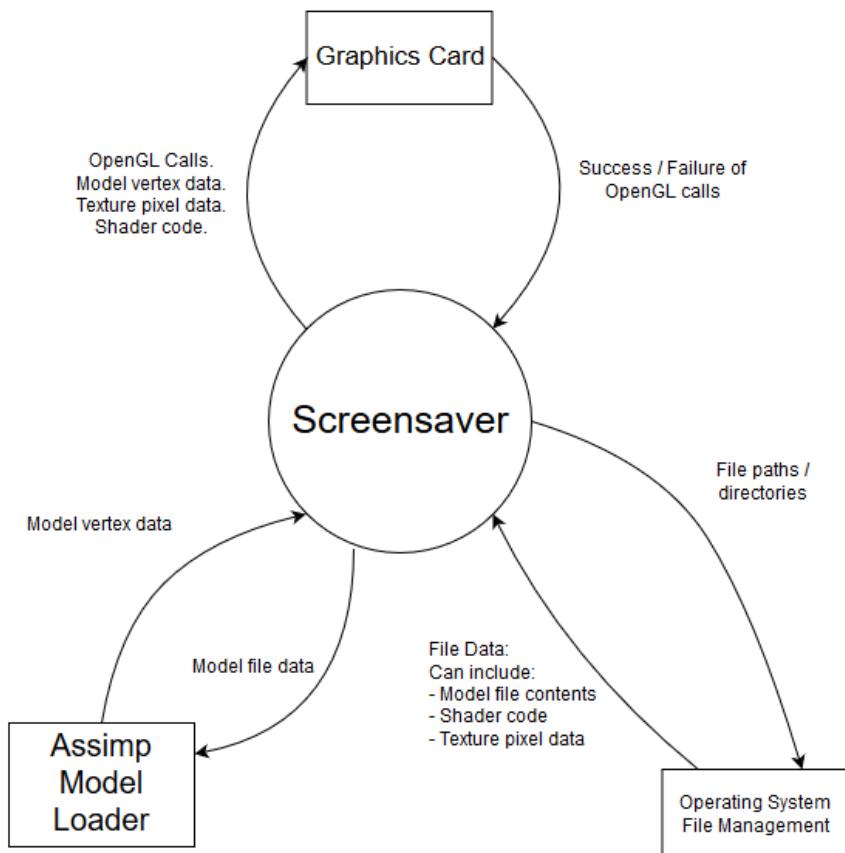


Figure 5.1: Clouds Screensaver Context Diagram

5.1.2 Clouds Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

Clouds Screensaver DFD

By James Balajan

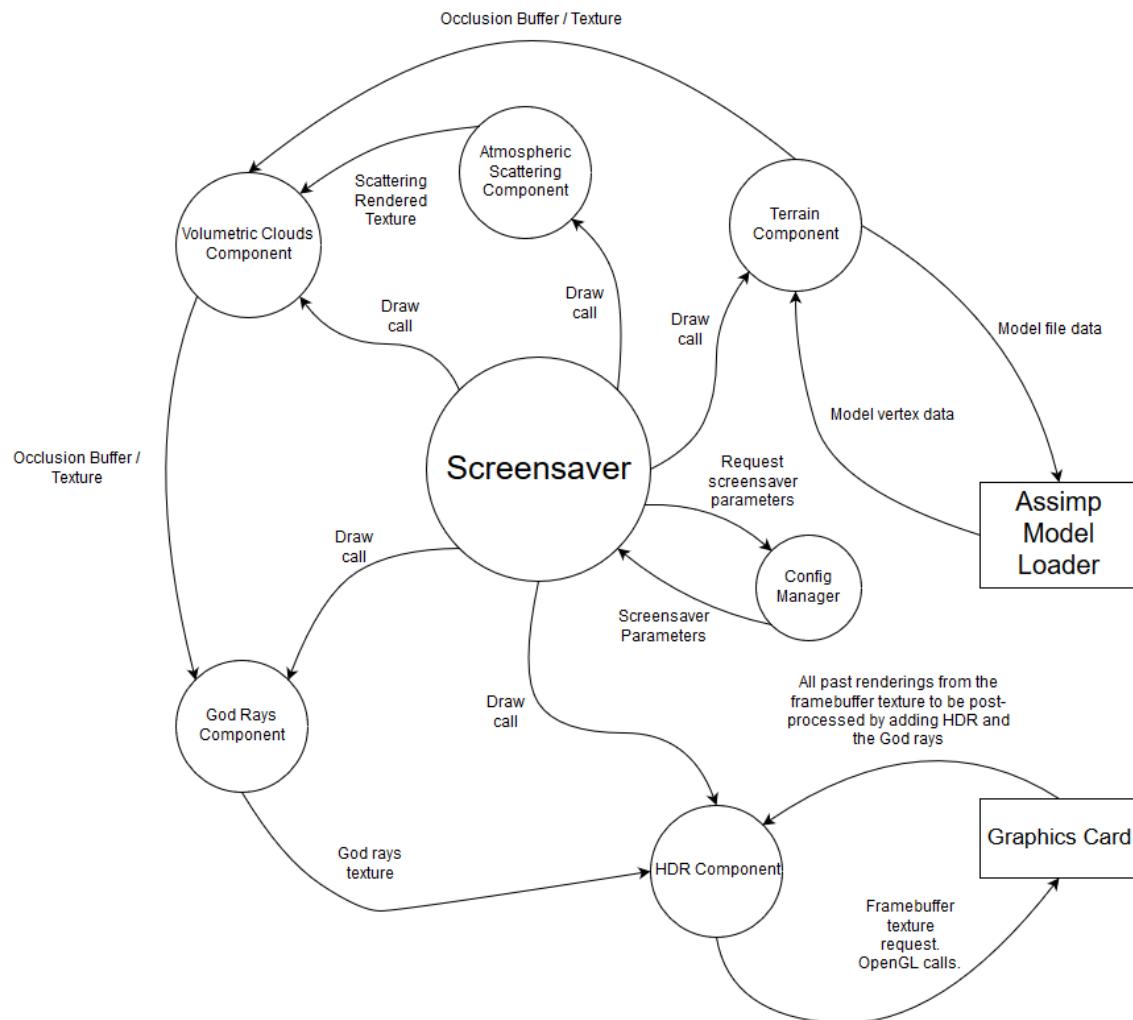


Figure 5.2: Clouds Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

5.1.3 Clouds Screensaver Structure Chart

Clouds Screensaver Structure Chart

By James Balajan

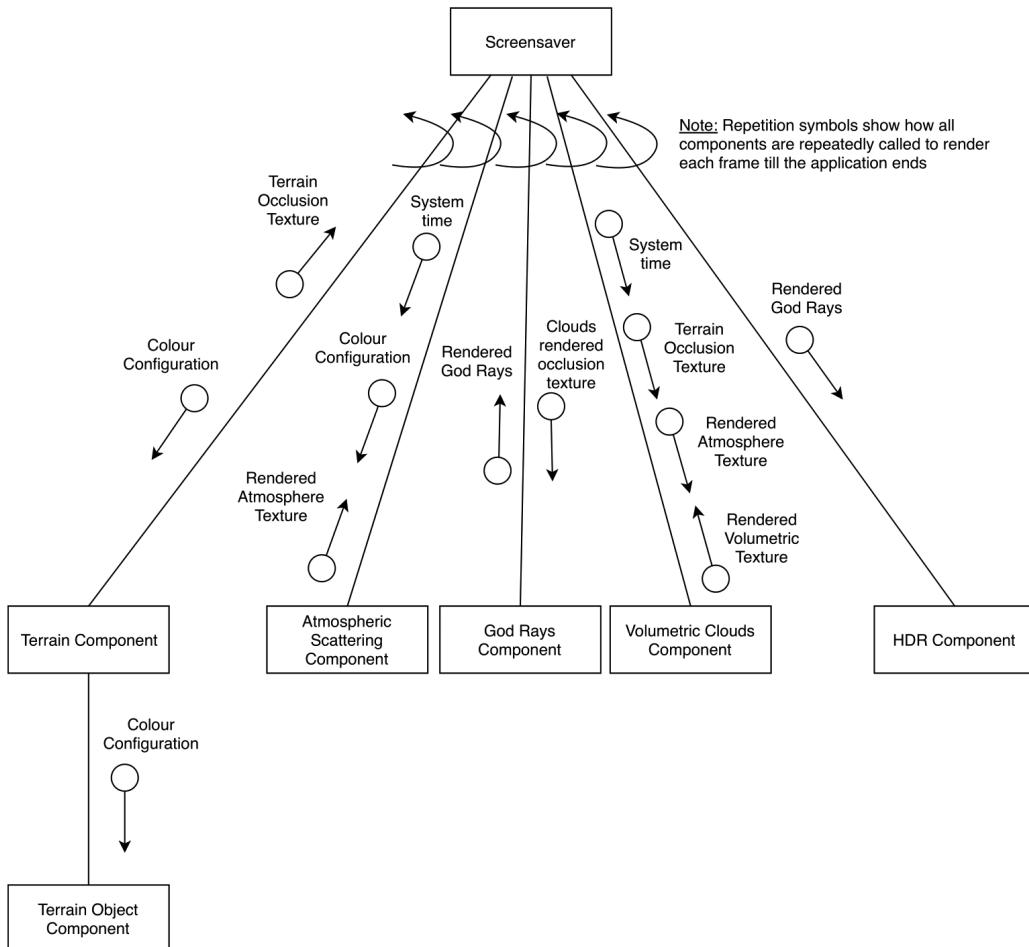
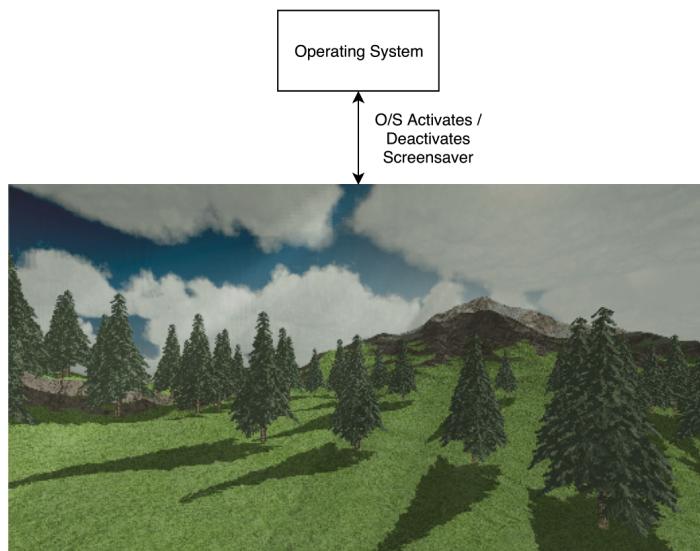


Figure 5.3: Clouds Screensaver Structure Chart

5.1.4 Clouds Screensaver Storyboard

Clouds Screensaver Story Board

By James Balajan



Screensaver main screen. Displays a mountain with trees on it and some clouds. This screen stays active till the operating system deactivates the screensaver

Figure 5.4: Clouds Screensaver Storyboard

5.1.5 Mandelbrot Screensaver Context Diagram

Mandelbrot Screensaver Context Diagram

By James Balajan

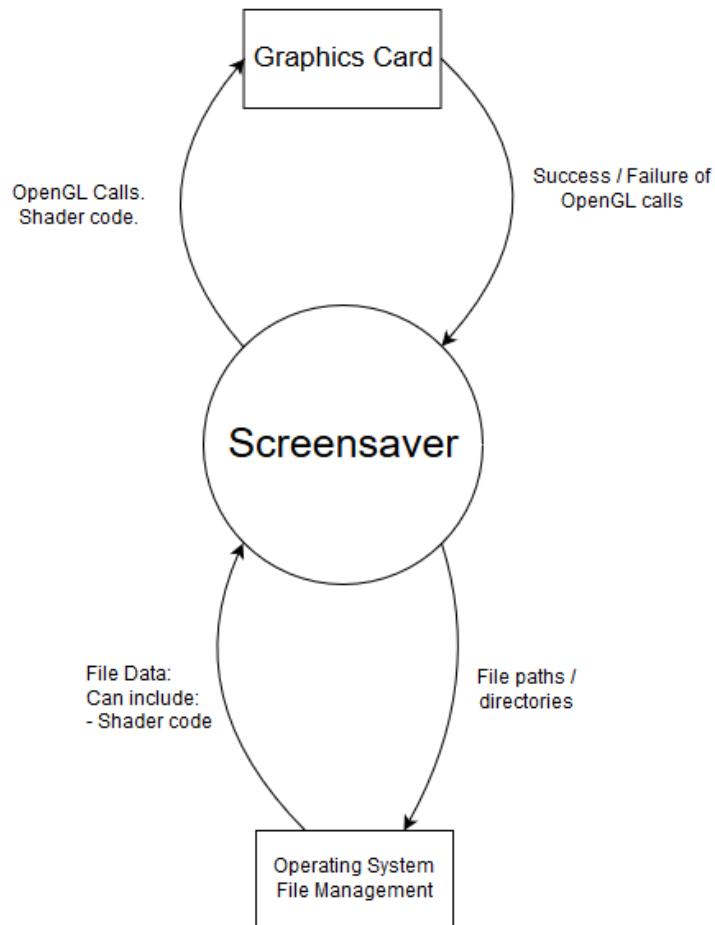


Figure 5.5: Mandelbrot Screensaver Context Diagram

5.1.6 Mandelbrot Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

Mandelbrot Screensaver DFD

By James Balajan

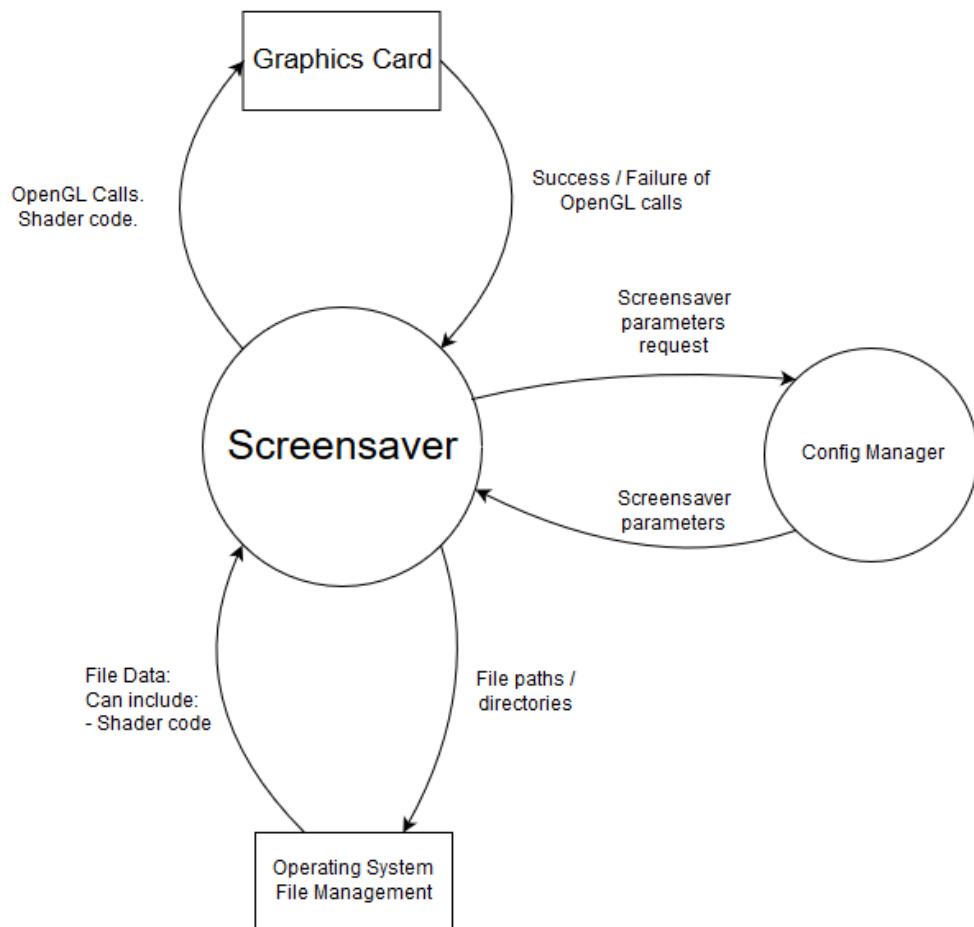


Figure 5.6: Mandelbrot Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

5.1.7 Mandelbrot Screensaver Structure Chart

Mandelbrot Screensaver Structure Chart

By James Balajan

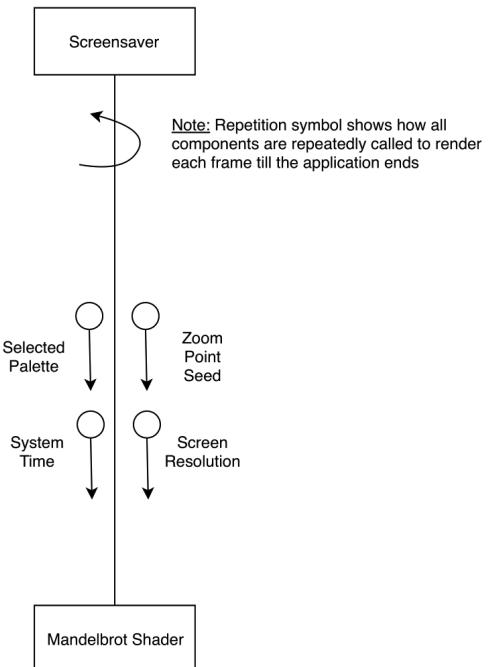
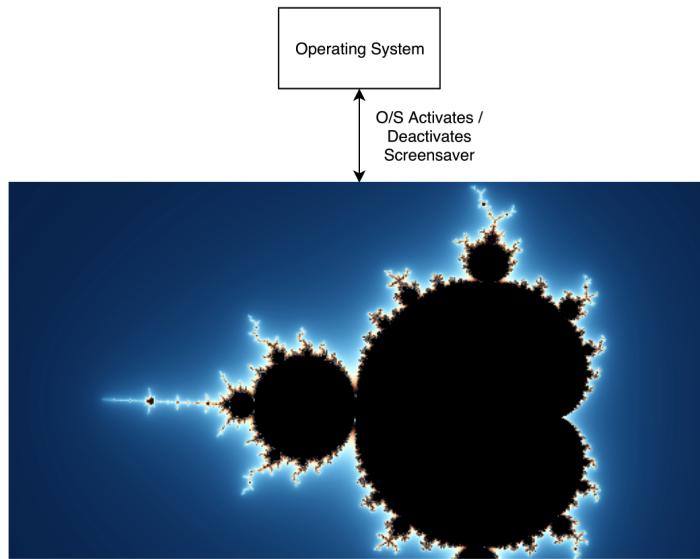


Figure 5.7: Mandelbrot Screensaver Structure Chart

5.1.8 Mandelbrot Screensaver Storyboard

Mandelbrot Screensaver Story Board

By James Balajan



Screensaver main screen. Displays the famous mathematical mandelbrot fractal, zooming in on various points of interest. This screen stays active till the operating system deactivates the screensaver.

Figure 5.8: Mandelbrot Screensaver Storyboard

5.1.9 Metaballs Screensaver Context Diagram

Metaballs Screensaver Context Diagram

By James Balajan

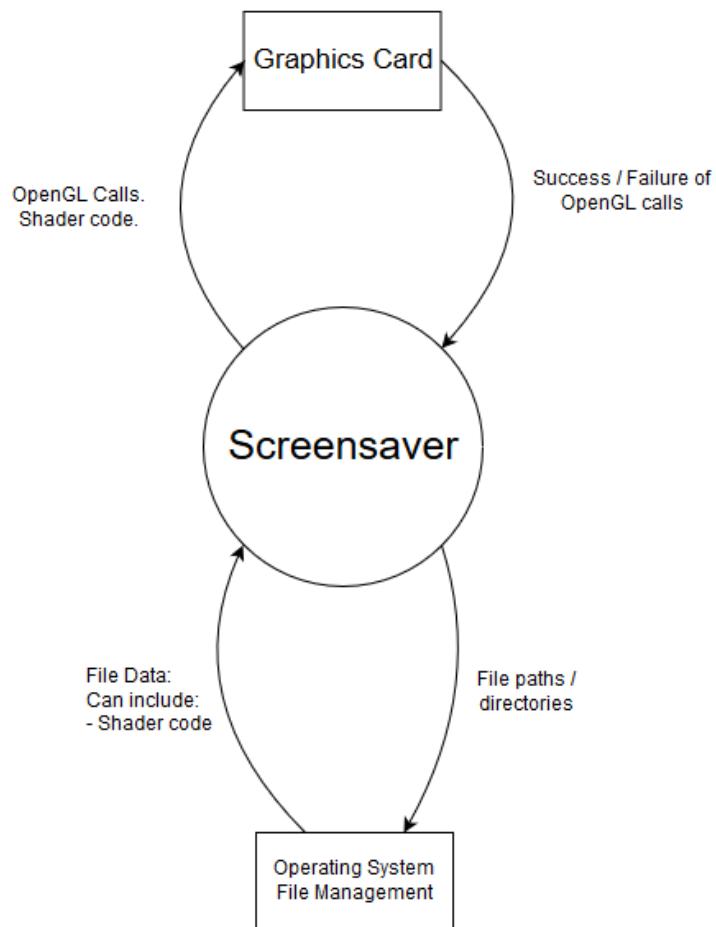


Figure 5.9: Metaballs Screensaver Context Diagram

5.1.10 Metaballs Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

Metaballs Screensaver DFD

By James Balajan

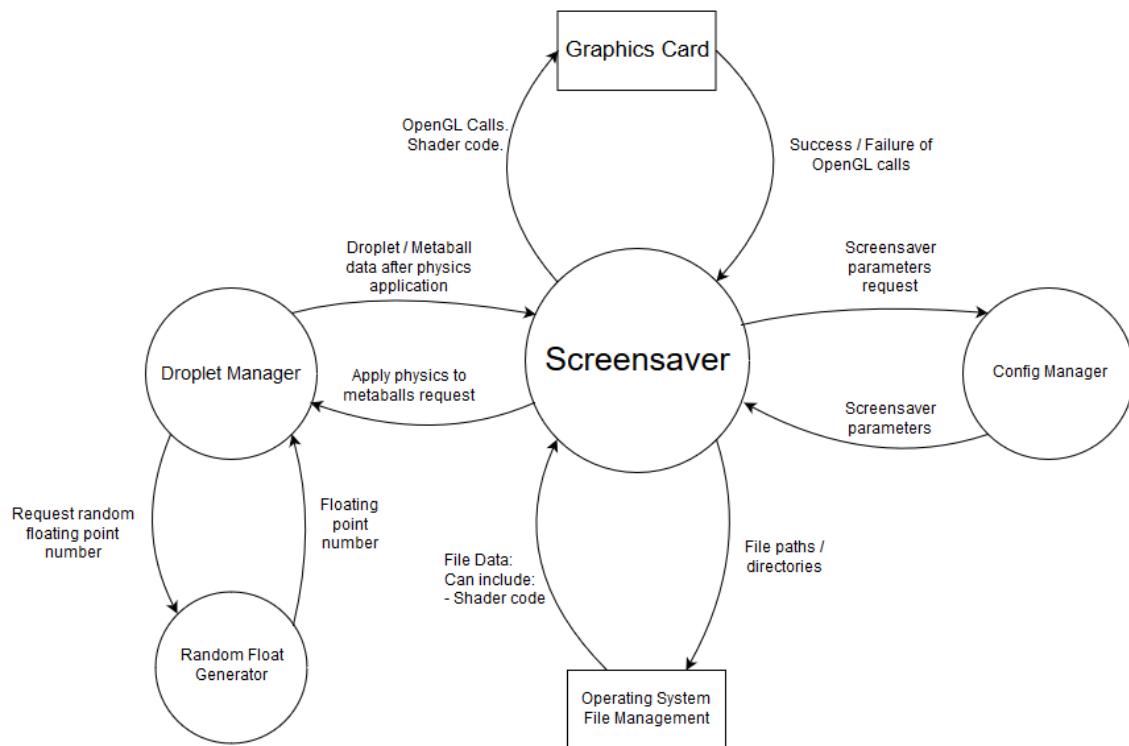


Figure 5.10: Metaballs Screensaver Data Flow Diagram

5.1.11 Metaballs Screensaver Structure Chart

Metaballs Screensaver Structure Chart

By James Balajan

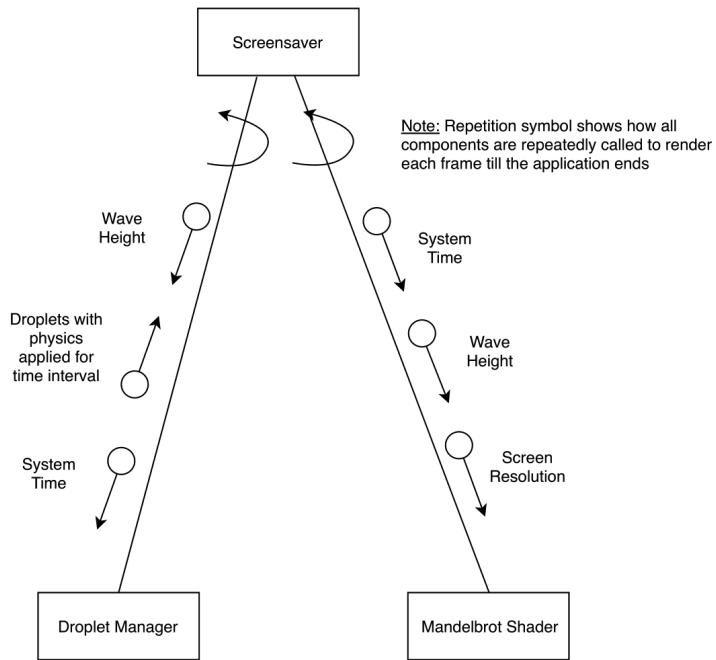
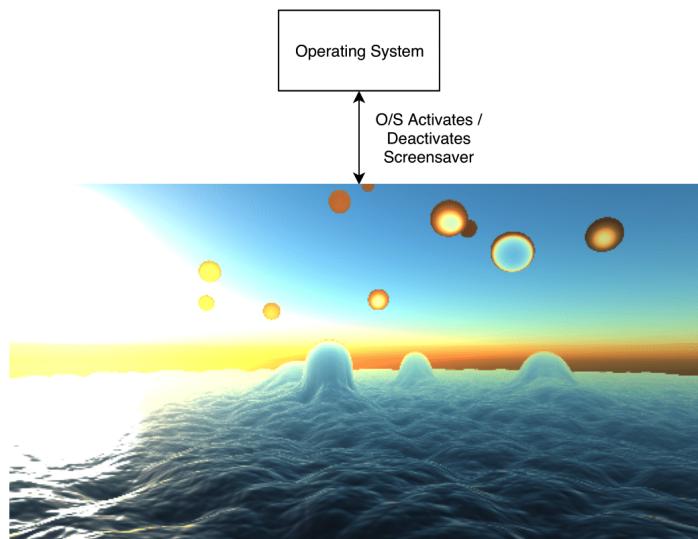


Figure 5.11: Metaballs Screensaver Structure Chart

5.1.12 Metaballs Screensaver Storyboard

Metaballs Screensaver Story Board

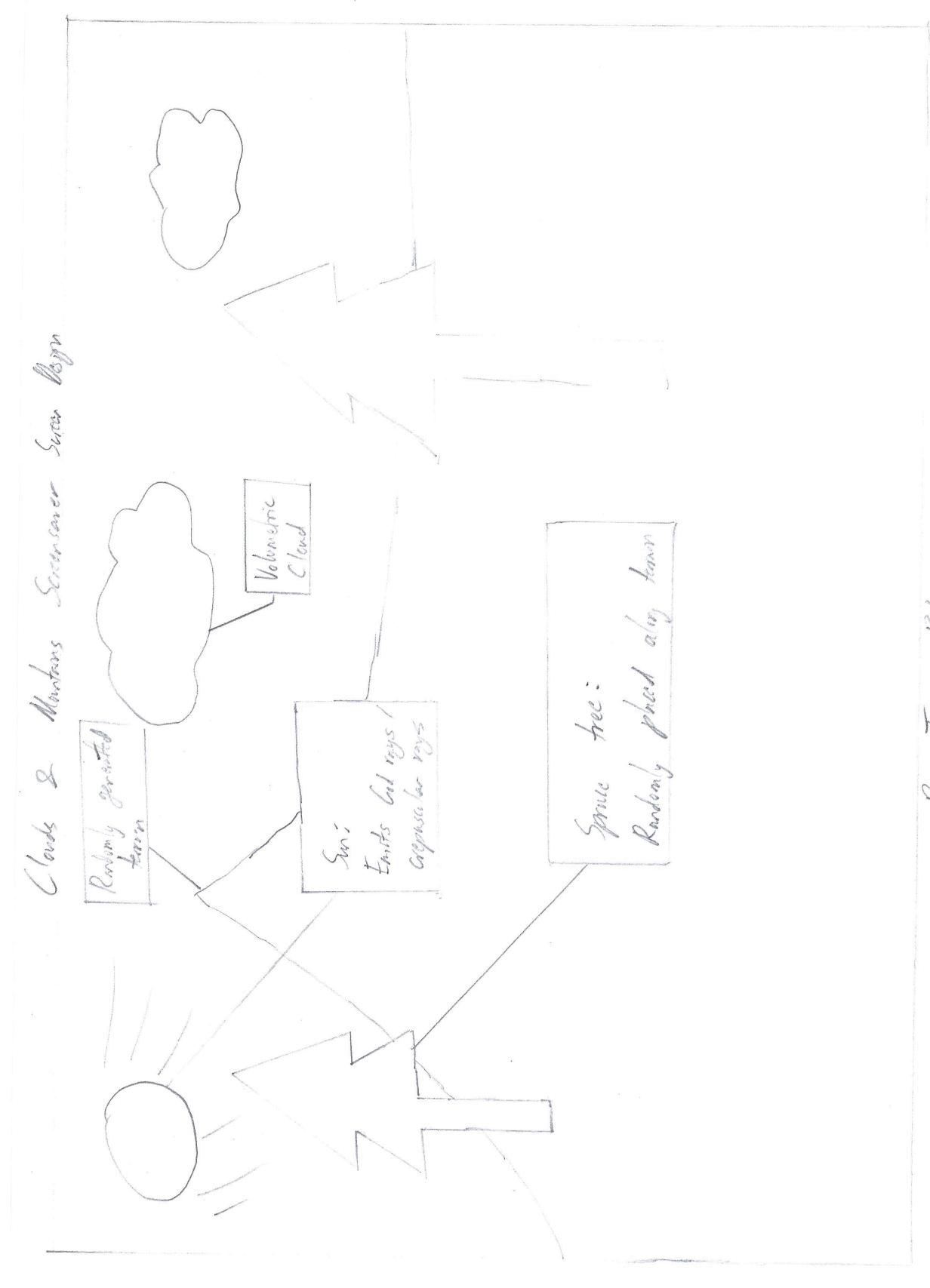
By James Balajan



Screensaver main screen. Displays large water droplets falling from the sky and interacting with an ocean below. This screen stays active till the operating system deactivates the screensaver.

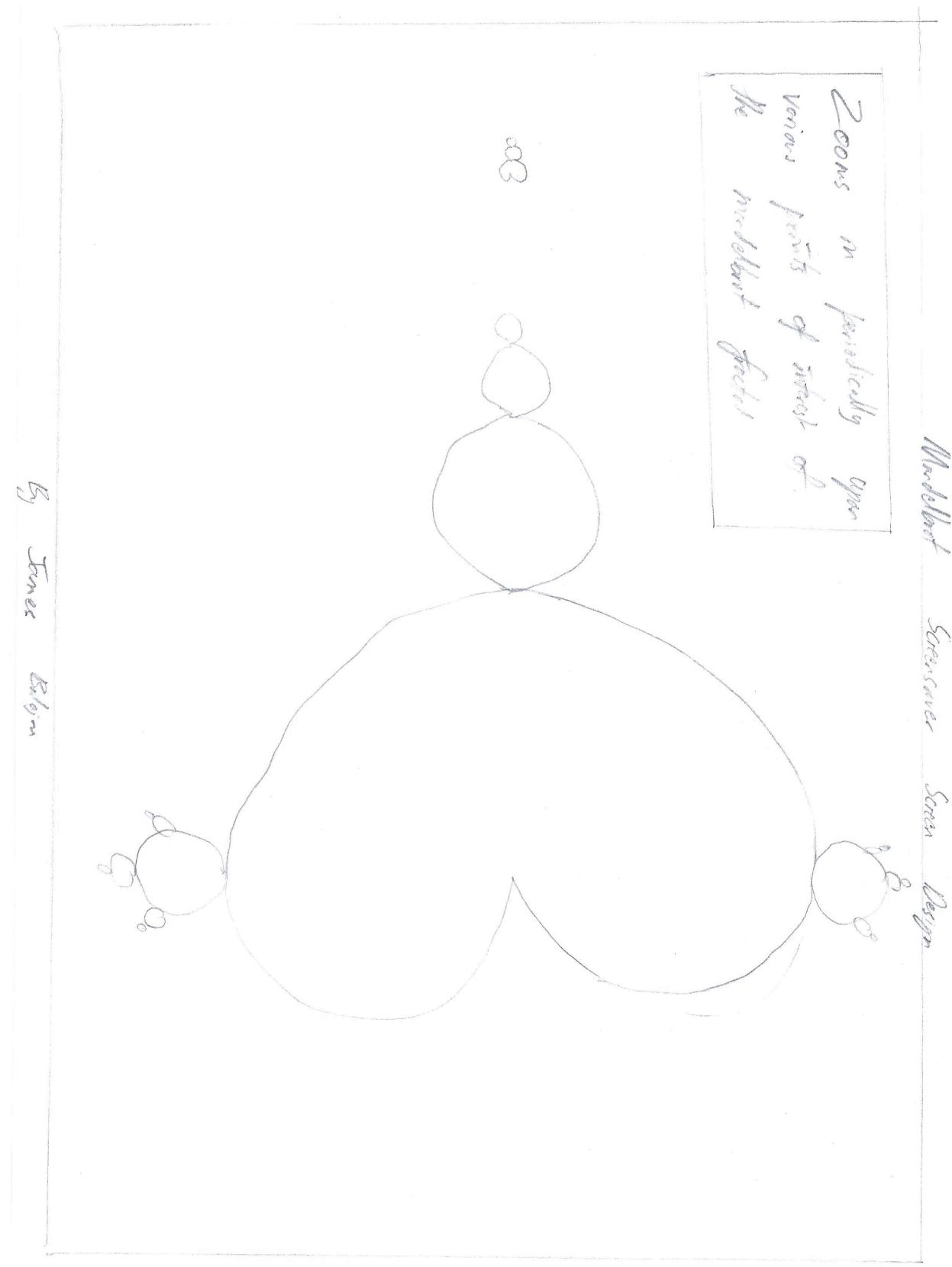
Figure 5.12: Metaballs Screensaver Storyboard

5.1.13 Clouds and Mountains Screensaver Screen Design

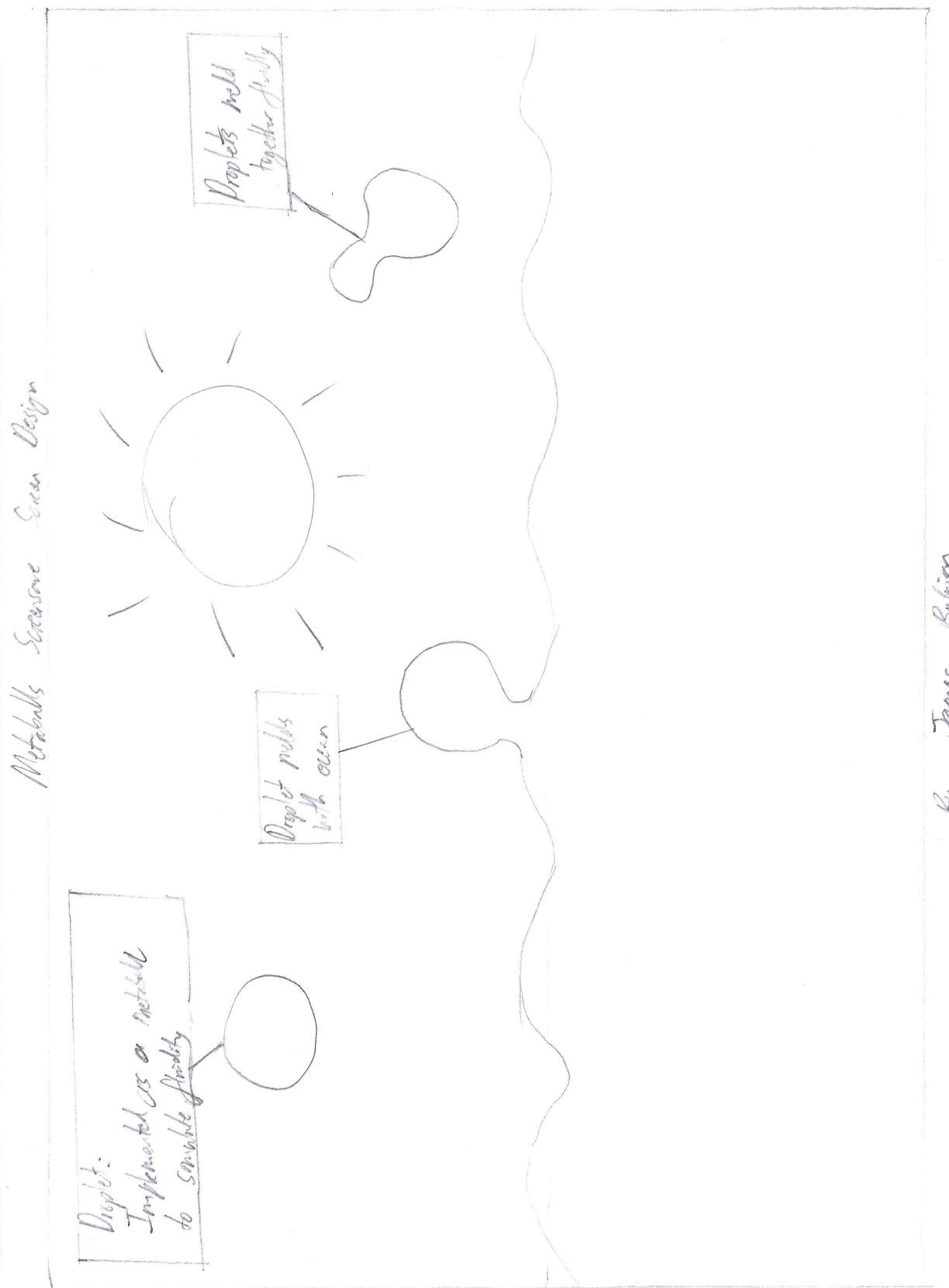


R. James Balajan

5.1.14 Mandelbrot Screensaver Screen Design



5.1.15 Metaballs Screensaver Screen Design



5.1.16 Data Dictionary

Clouds and Mountains Screensaver Data Dictionary

Terrain.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
ridgedMultiFractal	RidgedMulti	Base terrain heightmap noise generator.
amplitudeAdjustedRidge dMulti	Multiply	Multiplies base terrain heightmap by the amplitude of the terrain.
terrainNoise	NoiseMap	Where terrain heightmap is stored
terrainNoiseBuilder	PlaneNoiseMapBuilder	Builds terrain using noise generator and stores it in terrainNoise
terrainNoiseWidth	Integer	Width of terrain noise heightmap
terrainNoiseLength	Integer	Length of terrain noise heightmap
terrainAmpl	Single	Amplitude of terrain heightmap
terrainSmplDist	Single	Distance between each vertex sampled from the heightmap. Determines size of each terrain polygon.
terrainPosition	Vector3	Position of terrain model in world space.
terrainModel	RawModel	Stores the IDs of the VBOs and VAOs of the stored terrain vertex/polygon data in OpenGL for easy drawing.
loader	Loader	Wrapper class to abstract creation of some OpenGL objects.
terrainObjectComponent	TerrainObjectCompon ent	Handles drawing of terrain objects (trees).
heightMapMask	Bitmap	Image which masks the generated terrain heightmap to ensure some patterns always appear.

TerrainComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
camera	Camera	Stores the camera's position and orientation as well as its view and projection matrices.
loader	Loader	Abstracts creation of OpenGL objects
terrain	Terrain	The terrain
earth	EarthManager	Stores properties of earth like radius.
sun	SunManager	Stores properties of sun like light direction and position of sun
model	RawModel	Stores terrain model
objectComponent	TerrainObjectComponent	Manages placement of terrain trees
terrainFrameBufferComponent	TerrainFrameBufferComponent	Manages capturing of drawn terrain to a texture so that post processing may be applied to this texture.
shader	Shader	The terrain shader
shadowShader	Shader	The shader used to draw the shadow map for shadow mapping.
shadowBox	ShadowBox	Manages creation of shadow mapping projection and view matrices so that they may cover the camera view frustum.
amplitude	Single	Terrain amplitude
healthyGrassTexture	Integer	ID of healthy grass OpenGL texture
healthyGrassNormalTexture	Integer	Normal map of healthy grass
grassTexture	Integer	ID of grass OpenGL texture
grassNormalTexture	Integer	Normal map of grass
patchyGrassTexture	Integer	ID of patchy grass OpenGL texture

patchyGrassNormalTexture	Integer	Normal map of patchy grass
rockTexture	Integer	ID of rock OpenGL texture
rnormalTexture	Integer	Normal map of rock
snowTexture	Integer	ID of snow OpenGL texture
snowNormalTexture	Integer	Normal map of snow
depthMapFBO	Integer	ID of shadow mapping frame buffer object
depthMap	Integer	ID of shadow mapping texture
lightProjection	Matrix4	Orthographic projection matrix from sun
lightView	Matrix4	View matrix from sun
terrainModel	Matrix4	Terrain model matrix
quadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad enveloping screen. Used to blit/draw the terrain texture to the screen.
textureBlitterShader	Shader	Shader used to blit the terrain texture to the screen
terrainResolutionWidth	Integer	Width in pixels of the terrain texture.
terrainResolutionHeight	Integer	Height in pixels of the terrain texture.
fogFalloff	Single	Value used to determine how far until fog begins to set in.
SHADOW_WIDTH	Integer	10000
SHADOW_HEIGHT	Integer	10000

TerrainFrameBufferComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
currentFrameTex	Integer	Texture holding the current frame
occlusionTex	Integer	Texture storing whether the terrain occludes the view or not

TerrainObjectComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
objectShader	Shader	Shader for drawing objects
loader	Loader	Encapsulates creation of OpenGL objects
objects	List	List of the objects to be drawn
models	Model	List of possible models to draw
terrAmplitude	Single	Terrain amplitude
terrModelMatrix	Matrix4	Model matrix of terrain
sun	SunManager	Stores sun properties
random	Random	Random number generator
camera	Camera	Stores camera properties
sortedObjectsByDistanceFromCam	Boolean	States if all the objects had been sorted by distance from camera to prevent drawing from overlapping. Set to false when a new object is added to the list, as the list must be resorted. Once sorted set to true.
modelScaleFactors	Double	Size multipliers for each model

ShadowBox.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
OFFSET	Single	Offset value used in shadow box calculation
UP	Vector4	Vector which denotes which direction is up
FORWARD	Vector4	Vector which denotes which direction is forward

SHADOW_DISTANCE	Single	Distance where shadows are calculated
mixX	Single	Minimum frustum vertex X pos
maxX	Single	Maximum frustum vertex X pos
minY	Single	Minimum frustum vertex Y pos
maxY	Single	Maximum frustum vertex Y pos
minZ	Single	Minimum frustum vertex Z pos
maxZ	Single	Maximum frustum vertex Z pos
lightViewMatrix	Matrix4	View matrix of light from which shadows are casted
cam	Camera	The scene camera
nearWidth	Single	Width of the near plane of the camera perspective frustum
nearHeight	Single	Height of the near plane of the camera perspective frustum
farWidth	Single	Width of the far plane of the camera perspective frustum
farHeight	Single	Height of the far plane of the camera perspective frustum

VolumetricCloudsFramebuffer.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
currentFrameTex	Integer	Texture to current drawn frame to be post processed.
lastFrameTex	Integer	Texture to last drawn frame without post processing. Used in temporal reprojection as an optimization.
alphannessTex	Integer	An occlusion texture for the clouds. Shows where the background is occluded by the clouds for screen space god rays to be applied.

VolumetricComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
volumetricShader	Shader	Shader for drawing of volumetric clouds
postProcessClouds	Shader	Shader to post process clouds
quadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad to screen
camera	Camera	Stores camera info
earth	EarthManager	Stores earth parameters
sun	SunManager	Stores sun parameters
temporalProjection	VolumetricCloudsFrameBuffer	Stores lastFrameTex and other relevant info used to undertake the temporal reprojection optimization.
oldViewProjection	Matrix4	Stores previous view projection matrix to be used for temporal reprojection
frameIndex	Integer	Current frame index, used to sample the bayer matrix for temporal reprojection.
perlinWorleyNoiseGen	NoiseGenerator3D	Generates perlin worley noise for cloud volumetric raymarching
worleyNoiseGen	NoiseGenerator3D	Generates worley noise for cloud volumetric raymarching
weatherNoiseGen	NoiseGenerator2D	Generates the weather map, which defines where clouds appear
curlNoiseGen	NoiseGenerator2D	Generates curl noise for adding wisps in the clouds
perlinWorleyNoise	Integer	The perlin worley noise texture
worleyNoise	Integer	The worley noise texture
weatherNoise	Integer	The weather map/noise
curlNoise	Integer	The curl noise
cloudsResolutionWidth	Integer	Width of resolution clouds are drawn to the screen at

cloudsResolutionHeight	Integer	Height of resolution clouds are drawn to the screen at
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GodRaysComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
godRaysWidth	Integer	Width of resolution God rays are drawn at
godRaysHeight	Integer	Height of resolution God rays are drawn at
quadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad to screen
godRaysShader	Shader	Shader to draw screen space God rays
sun	SunManager	Holds parameters of sun
godRaysFrameBufferComponent	GodRaysFrameBuffer Component	Framebuffer to which God rays are drawn to.
camera	Camera	Stores parameters of camera

FrameBufferComponentBase.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
resWidth	Integer	Width in pixels of texture to which framebuffer draws to
resHeight	Integer	Height in pixels of texture to which framebuffer draws to
prevViewportDimensions	Integer(4)	Stores the results of an opengl query for what the previous dimensions of the viewport were, before the viewport dimensions are changed for the framebuffer. Used to revert changes to the viewport.

Mesh.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vertices	List(Of Vertex)	List of vertices of mesh
indices	List(Of Integer)	Indices to the vertex buffer storing which vertex is drawn when. Used to save space on memory used for vertex data, so that vertices for each polygon do not need to be repeated.
textures	List(Of Texture)	List of mesh textures
VBO	Integer	OpenGL vertex buffer object of mesh.
EBO	Integer	OpenGL element buffer object of mesh.

Model.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
texturesLoader	List(Of Texture)	List of the model textures loaded
meshes	List(Of Mesh)	List of the model meshes
directory	String	File path to model
gammaCorrection	Boolean	Is gamma correction enabled
loader	Loader	Abstraction for loading OpenGL objects

ModellInstance.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
model	Model	Model used to draw the instance
modelMatrix	Matrix4	The model matrix of the model
position	Vector3	Position of the model

NoiseGeneratorBase.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
shader	ComputeShader	Shader used to generate the noise on the GPU

RandomFloatGenerator.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
inst	RandomFloatGenerator	Singular static instance of the random float generator. Implements the singleton design pattern.
random	Random	Random number generator

RawModel.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vertexArrayObject	Integer	OpenGL vertex array object of the model
vertexCount	Integer	Number of vertices in the raw model

Shader.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vertexShader	Integer	The vertex shader of the shader program
fragmentShader	Integer	The fragment shader of the shader program

ShaderBase.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
ID	Integer	ID of the shader program

Camera.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
pos	Vector3	Position of camera
lookAt	Vector3	Position camera looks at
view	Matrix4	Camera view matrix
projection	Matrix4	Camera projection matrix
fieldOfView	Single	Camera field of view
NEAR_PLANE	Single	Distance near plane of camera view frustum is from the camera
scrWidth	Single	Width of screen camera draws to
scrHeight	Single	Height of screen camera draws to

EarthManager.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
earthRadius	Single	Stores the radius of the earth

HDRComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition

hdrFBO	Integer	OpenGL ID of high dynamic range FBO
rboDepth	Integer	OpenGL ID of RBO
colorBuffer	Integer	OpenGL ID of texture which stores post-processed HDR texture
hdrShader	Shader	The HDR shader
quadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Renders quad to screen

ScreenQuadRenderer.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vao	Integer	OpenGL id of vertex attribute object
quadVbo	Integer	OpenGL id of the vertex buffer object which stores the quad vertex data
loader	Loader	Abstraction for loading / creating OpenGL objects

Screensaver.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
loader	Loader	Abstraction for loading / creating OpenGL objects
screenQuadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Used by the entirely shader dependent components. Draws a screen covering quad.
scatteringComponent	ScatteringComponent	Atmospheric scattering
volumetricComponent	VolumetricComponent	Volumetric cloud raymarching
terrainComponent	TerrainComponent	Rasterized randomly generated terrain
godRaysComponent	GodRaysComponent	God / crepuscular rays
hdrComponent	HDRComponent	High dynamic range

postProcessClouds	Shader	Shader which applies post processing to the clouds
camera	Camera	Stores camera properties
sun	SunManager	Stores sun properties
earth	EarthManager	Stores earth properties
time	Double	Internal system clock time.

SunManager.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
sunPos	Vector3	Position of the sun in the sky

ScatteringComponent.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
scatteringShader	Shader	Shader for atmospheric scattering
scatteringFrameBufferComponent	ScatteringFrameBuffer Component	Frame buffer for scattering
textureBlitterShader	Shader	Shader for drawing the texture from the FBO to the screen
quadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad to screen
camera	Camera	Stores camera properties
earth	EarthManager	Stores earth properties
sun	SunManager	Stores sun properties
scatteringResWidth	Integer	Width of resolution scattering is drawn to the screen at
scatteringResHeight	Integer	Height of resolution scattering is drawn to screen at

BlitTextureToScreen.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
textureToDraw	sampler2D	Texture to be drawn / blitted to screen

DepthShader.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
texture_diffuse1	sampler2D	Diffuse texture of model being drawn
texture_emmissive1	sampler2D	Emission texture of model being drawn

DepthShader.vert - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
lightSpaceProjection	mat4	Projection matrix from light space
lightSpaceView	mat4	View matrix from light space
model	mat4	Model matrix of drawn object

GodRays.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
lightPositionOnScreen	vec2	Position of light / sun in screen space
occlusionTex	sampler2D	Shows where the background is obstructed from view by the mountains and/or clouds

hdr.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
hdrBuffer	sampler2D	Texture to have high dynamic range applied to from the frame buffer
godRaysTex	sampler2D	Texture which displays the produced God rays alpha map for blending with the hdrBuffer
exposure	float	Exposure the scene experiences. Used in HDR calculations.
resolution	vec2	Resolution hdr is being drawn at

ObjectShader.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
texture_diffuse1	sampler2D	Diffuse texture of model being drawn
texture_emmissive1	sampler2D	Emissive texture of model being drawn
sunColor	vec3	Colour of sun
sunDir	vec3	Direction of light from sun

ObjectShader.vert - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
model	mat4	Model matrix of object being drawn
view	mat4	Camera view matrix
projection	mat4	Camera projection matrix

PostProcessClouds.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
textureToDraw	sampler2D	Texture to be drawn / blitted to screen
resolution	vec2	Resolution the clouds have been rendered at

scattering.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
time	float	System time
resolution	vec2	Resolution atmosphere is rendered at
inverseView	mat4	Inverse camera view matrix
inverseProjection	mat4	Inverse camera projection matrix
sunColor	vec3	Color of sun
sunPos	vec3	Position of sun
EARTH_RADIUS	float	Radius of earth
skyColorTop	vec3	Colour of sky top
skyColorBottom	vec3	Colour of sky bottom

Terrain.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
sunDir	vec3	Direction of sun's light
sunColor	vec3	Color of sun
healthyGrassTex	sampler2D	Healthy grass texture

grassTex	sampler2D	Regular grass texture
patchyGrassTex	sampler2D	Patchy grass texture
rockTex	sampler2D	Rock texture
snowTex	sampler2D	Snow texture
healthyGrassNormalTex	sampler2D	Bump map of healthy grass
grassNormalTex	sampler2D	Bump map of regular grass
patchyGrassNormalTex	sampler2D	Bump map of patchy grass
snowNormalTex	sampler2D	Bump map of snow
rockNormalMap	sampler2D	Bump map of rock
shadowMap	sampler2D	Shadow map of scene
snowHeight	float	Height at which mountains begin to be snowy
grassCoverage	float	Factor which determines what angle at which grass will cover the mountain, and at which rock will.
fogColor	vec3	Colour of fog
fogFalloff	float	Factor which determines at what distance the fog will begin to onset
cameraPos	vec3	Position of camera

Terrain.vert - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
model	mat4	Model matrix of terrain
projectionMatrix	mat4	Camera projection matrix
viewMatrix	mat4	Camera view matrix
lightSpaceProjection	mat4	Light projection matrix. Used in shadow mapping for determining the current fragment's position in relation to the

		shadow map.
lightSpaceView	mat4	Light view matrix. Used in shadow mapping for determining the current fragment's position in relation to the shadow map.

volumetric.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
lightColor	vec3	Sun light's colour
sunDir	vec3	Direction of sunlight
EARTH_RADIUS	float	Radius of earth
time	float	System time
resolution	vec2	Resolution clouds are being rendered at
cameraPos	vec3	Position of camera
inverseView	mat4	Inverse camera view matrix
inverseProjection	mat4	Inverse camera projection matrix
inverseViewProjection	mat4	Inverse camera combined view projection matrix
oldViewProjection	mat4	Last frame's combined view projection matrix
cloudNoise	sampler3D	Perlin-worley noise texture which is raymarched to give the clouds' characteristic fluffy shape
worleyNoise	sampler3D	Worley noise texture is used to create pockets in the clouds
weatherTexture	sampler2D	Texture determines cloud types and positions in the sky
curlNoise	sampler2D	Curl noise texture to give the clouds their characteristic wisps

lastFrame	sampler2D	Previous frame used for temporal reprojection
lastFrameAlphanness	sampler2D	Previous frame alphaness used for temporal reprojection
terrainOcclusion	sampler2D	Used for excluding fragments which won't be seem from being calculated as an optimization
background	sampler2D	Background texture for blending with clouds
framelter	int	Frame iteration counter for temporal reprojection
CLOUDS_AMBIENT_COLOR_TOP	vec3	Ambient color of tops of clouds
CLOUDS_AMBIENT_COLOR_BOTTOM	vec3	Ambient color of bottoms of clouds

Mandelbrot Screensaver Data Dictionary

Screensaver.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
time	Double	System time
mandelbrotShader	Shader	Shader for drawing mandelbrot fractal
screenQuadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad to screen
zoomPointSeed	Integer	Randomises the zoom point the screensaver starts on
NUM_FRACTAL_ZOOM_POINTS	Integer	Number of different points on fractal to zoom into

Mandelbrot.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
iResolution	vec3	Resolution screensaver is rendered at
iTime	float	System time
zoomPointSeed	int	Randomises the zoom point the screensaver starts on
selectedPalette	int	Palette user selected to draw mandelbrot fractal in

Shader.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vertexShader	Integer	The vertex shader of the shader program
fragmentShader	Integer	The fragment shader of the shader program

ShaderBase.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
ID	Integer	ID of the shader program

ScreenQuadRenderer.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vao	Integer	OpenGL id of vertex attribute object

quadVbo	Integer	OpenGL id of the vertex buffer object which stores the quad vertex data
loader	Loader	Abstraction for loading / creating OpenGL objects

Note: Shader.vb, ShaderBase.vb & ScreenQuadRenderer.vb are the same as in the clouds screensaver

Metaballs Screensaver Data Dictionary

metaballs.frag - Language GLSL

Uniform Variable	Data Type	Definition
iResolution	vec3	Resolution screensaver is rendered at
iTime	float	System time
waveHeight	float	Amplitude of the waves
dropletCenters	Array of vec3	Stores center of each droplet / metaball which falls down
dropletRadii	Array of float	Stores radius of each droplet / metaball which falls down

Screensaver.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
time	Double	System time
waveHeight	Single	Height of waves
metaballsShader	Shader	Shader for metaballs
screenQuadRenderer	ScreenQuadRenderer	Draws quad to screen

dropletManager	DropletManager	Stores the details of every droplet and applies physics to them
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DropletManager.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
droplets	List(Of Droplet)	Stores information about every droplet
GRAVITY	Single	The gravitational acceleration applied to every droplet
prevUpdateTime	Single	System time at previous physics update. Used to determine time difference since previous physics update to perform physics calculations.
numberOfDroplets	Integer	Number of droplets
spawnBoxWidth	Single	Width of the box in which droplets may spawn
spawnBoxLength	Single	Length of the box in which droplets may spawn
spawnBoxHeight	Single	Height of the box in which droplets may spawn
spawnBoxCentre	Vector3	Position of the spawn box

Shader.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vertexShader	Integer	The vertex shader of the shader program
fragmentShader	Integer	The fragment shader of the shader program

ShaderBase.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
ID	Integer	ID of the shader program

ScreenQuadRenderer.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
vao	Integer	OpenGL id of vertex attribute object
quadVbo	Integer	OpenGL id of the vertex buffer object which stores the quad vertex data
loader	Loader	Abstraction for loading / creating OpenGL objects

RandomFloatGenerator.vb - Language VB.NET

Variable	Data Type	Definition
inst	RandomFloatGenerator	Singular static instance of the random float generator. Implements the singleton design pattern.
random	Random	Random number generator

Note: RandomFloatGenerator.vb, ScreenQuadRenderer.vb, Shader.vb & ShaderBase.vb are the same as in the clouds screensaver

5.2 Survey Responses

5.2.1 Julia Balajan - Survey Response

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Julia Balajan

Date: 5/5/19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

No concerns

Perhaps, making colours of the grass & sky a bit brighter would make it more appealing

Q3. Would you use the mandelbrot fractal screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

Q4. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

No concerns

Q5. Would you use the metaballs screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

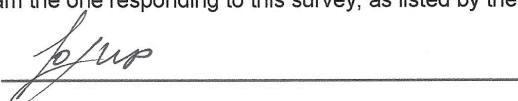
Q6. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

No concerns

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature:



5.2.2 Ms Saki - Survey Response

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Ms Saki

Date: 03/05/19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

Yes No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

I like the clouds/day/night rising & falling,
a slow pace pace!, peaceful music to go
with it will make it a complete experience.

Q3. Would you use the mandelbrot fractal screensaver on your computer?

Yes No

Q4. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

No concerns - visually stunning & therapeutic.

Q5. Would you use the metaballs screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

Q6. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

This one is my favorite & here I would add some enigmatic music.

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: *James Balajan*

5.2.3 Arjun Malik - Survey Response 1

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: ARJUN MALIK

Date: 12.03.19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

More natural looking clouds,

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: Arjun Malik

5.2.4 Arjun Malik - Survey Response 2

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: ARJUN MALIK

Date: 03.05.19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

Yes / No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

It would be nice if in the future a feature was added allowing the adjustment of the rate at which the clouds move.

Q3. Would you use the mandelbrot fractal screensaver on your computer?

Yes / No

Q4. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

No concerns, perhaps some feature mentioned above could be added in the future.

Q5. Would you use the metaballs screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) / No

Q6. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

NA

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: James Balajan

5.2.5 Samuel Stacy - Survey Response 1

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Sam Stacy

Date: 13/03/19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

- Clouds are too blocky and seem unrealistic because of a black outline on the clouds.

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: Sam S.

5.2.6 Samuel Stacy - Survey Response 2

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Sam Stacy

Date: Friday - 03/05/19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

- Shadow movement not smooth → makes the screen saver seem laggy
 - Would be cool if the skyline changed colour, as if the sun was setting
-
-

Q3. Would you use the mandelbrot fractal screensaver on your computer?

(Yes) No → Just not my style / personal preference

Q4. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

N/A

Q5. Would you use the metaballs screensaver on your computer?

Yes / No

Q6. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

*Transition from water to sky seems a bit
strange / unrealistic*

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: Sam S.

5.2.7 Julian Peen - Survey Response 1

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Julian Peen

Date: 12.3.19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes / No)

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

Improved graphics. I suggest normal mapping the ground, and
removing the black borders around the clouds.

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: JPeen

5.2.8 Julian Peen - Survey Response 2

SDD Major Project Survey for James Balajan's Screensaver Suite

Name: Julian Peen

Date: 3/5/19

Q1. Would you use the clouds and mountains screensaver on your computer?

(Yes / No)

Q2. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

Better graphics settings /optimization

Potentially a user-defined setting of quality

Better treetextures

Q3. Would you use the mandelbrot fractal screensaver on your computer?

(Yes / No)

Q4. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

N/A

Q5. Would you use the metaballs screensaver on your computer?

(Yes / No)

Q6. What are some concerns that you have with the screensaver in its current state or some features that you would like to see added?

Optimization

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey

I verify that I am the one responding to this survey, as listed by the name field above.

Signature: JReen