<u>Dashboard</u> / My courses / <u>CS19342-OOPP-2022</u> / <u>08-String, String Buffer</u> / <u>WEEK 08 CODING</u>

Started on Monday, 25 September 2023, 12:55 PM

State Finished

Completed on Tuesday, 10 October 2023, 1:49 PM

Time taken 15 days

Marks 3.00/3.00

Grade 15.00 out of 15.00 (100%)

Name BALAJI S CSD

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given 2 strings input1 & input2.

- · Concatenate both the strings.
- · Remove duplicate alphabets & white spaces.
- · Arrange the alphabets in descending order.

Assumption 1:

There will either be alphabets, white spaces or null in both the inputs.

Assumption 2:

Both inputs will be in lower case.

Example 1:

Input 1: apple

Input 2: orange

Output: rponlgea

Example 2:

Input 1: fruits

Input 2: are good

Output: utsroigfeda

Example 3:

Input 1: ""

Input 2: ""

Output: null

For example:

Input	Result
apple orange	rponlgea
fruits are good	utsroigfeda
	null

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
    import java.util.*;
import java.util.Arrays;
 2
 3
 4
    public class Utopia
 5 •
 6
        public static void main(String[] args)
 7
 8
            try{
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 9
10
            String n1 = scanner.nextLine();
            String n2 = scanner.nextLine();
11
12
            String temp = n1 + n2;
                                                     // appleorange
13
            char ch[] = temp.toCharArray();
            String x = "";
14
            if(temp == null)
15
16
            {
17
                 System.out.println("null");
18
            }
            else{
19
20
             for(int i = 0;i<temp.length();i++)</pre>
21 ,
            {
22
                 if(x.indexOf(ch[i]) == -1)
23
                     x += ch[i];
```

```
25
            char a[] = x.toCharArray();
26
            Arrays.sort(a);
            for(int i = a.length-1;i>=0;i--)
27
28
            {
29
                System.out.print(a[i]);
30
31
            }
32
            }
}
33
34
            catch(Exception e)
35 •
                System.out.println("null");
36
37
            }
38
39
40
    }
41
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	apple orange	rponlgea	rponlgea	~
~	fruits are good	utsroigfeda	utsroigfeda	~
~		null	null	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Radha has been given a set of words and has been asked to find the count of ordered words in it. An ordered word is a word in which the letters appear in same or increasing order of their ASCII value. Please help Radha to find a solution for this.

Return 0 if there are no ordered words in the input String.

Note:

- 1. input1 contains words separated by a single whitespace.
- 2. The words can contain both upper and lower case alphabets.
- 3. ASCII value comparison should be done by considering the cases.

Example 1:

input1: accept Van

output: 2

Explanation:

In input1, accept and Van both are ordered words.

Hence, output is 2.

Example 2:

input1: World

output: 0

Explanation:

In input1, World is not an ordered word.

Hence, output is 0.

For example:

Input	Result	
accept Van	2	
World	0	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
 2 ▼
    import java.util.*;
    public class Demo
 3
 4
 5
        public static void main(String args[])
 6
 7
            Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
 8
            String s=sc.nextLine();
            String arr[]=s.split(" ");
 9
10
            if(arr.length>1)
11
            {
                 if(arr[0].compareTo(arr[1])>0)
12
13
                 System.out.println("2");
14
15
                 System.out.println("0");
16
17
            }
18
            else
19
            {
                 System.out.println("0");
20
21
            }
22
        }
23
    }
24
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	accept Van	2	2	~
~	World	0	0	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question $\bf 3$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a String input1, which contains many number of words separated by: and each word contains exactly two lower case alphabets, generate an output based upon the below 2 cases.

Note:

- 1. All the characters in input 1 are lowercase alphabets.
- 2. input 1 will always contain more than one word separated by :
- 3. Output should be returned in uppercase.

Case 1:

Check whether the two alphabets are same.

If yes, then take one alphabet from it and add it to the output.

Example 1:

input1 = ww:ii:pp:rr:oo

output = WIPRO

Explanation:

word1 is ww, both are same hence take w

word2 is ii, both are same hence take i

word3 is pp, both are same hence take p

word4 is rr, both are same hence take r

word5 is oo, both are same hence take o

Hence the output is WIPRO

Case 2:

If the two alphabets are not same, then find the position value of them and find maximum value - minimum value.

Take the alphabet which comes at this (maximum value - minimum value) position in the alphabet series.

Example 2"

input1 = zx:za:ee

output = BYE

Explanation

word1 is zx, both are not same alphabets

position value of z is 26

position value of x is 24

max - min will be 26 - 24 = 2

Alphabet which comes in 2nd position is b

Word2 is za, both are not same alphabets

position value of z is 26

position value of a is 1

max - min will be 26 - 1 = 25

Alphabet which comes in 25th position is y

word3 is ee, both are same hence take e

Hence the output is BYE

For example:

Input	Result	
ww:ii:pp:rr:oo	WIPRO	
zx:za:ee	BYE	



```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
   1 v import java.util.*;
       public class Naruto
   3 •
       {
   4
           public static void main(String[] args)
   5
   6
               Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
   7
               String name = scanner.nextLine();
   8
               String[] s = name.split(":");
               for(int i = 0;i<s.length;i++)</pre>
   9
  10
                  String x = s[i].toUpperCase();
  11
  12
                  char a = x.charAt(0);
                  char b = x.charAt(1);
  13
  14
                  if(a == b)
  15 •
                  {
  16
  17
                      System.out.print(a);
                  }
  18
  19
                  else
  20
  21
                       int i1 = a;
  22
                       int i2 = b;
                      int diff = 0;
  23
                      char result = '\0';
  24
  25
                       if(i1>i2)
  26
  27
                           diff = i1 - i2 + 64;
                           result = (char) diff;
  28
  29
                           System.out.print(result);
  30
                       }
  31
  32
  33
               }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	ww:ii:pp:rr:oo	WIPRO	WIPRO	~
~	zx:za:ee	BYE	BYE	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

34 35

36 37 38 }

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ WEEK_08_MCQ

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STRINGS EXTRA ►