

Cloud watch

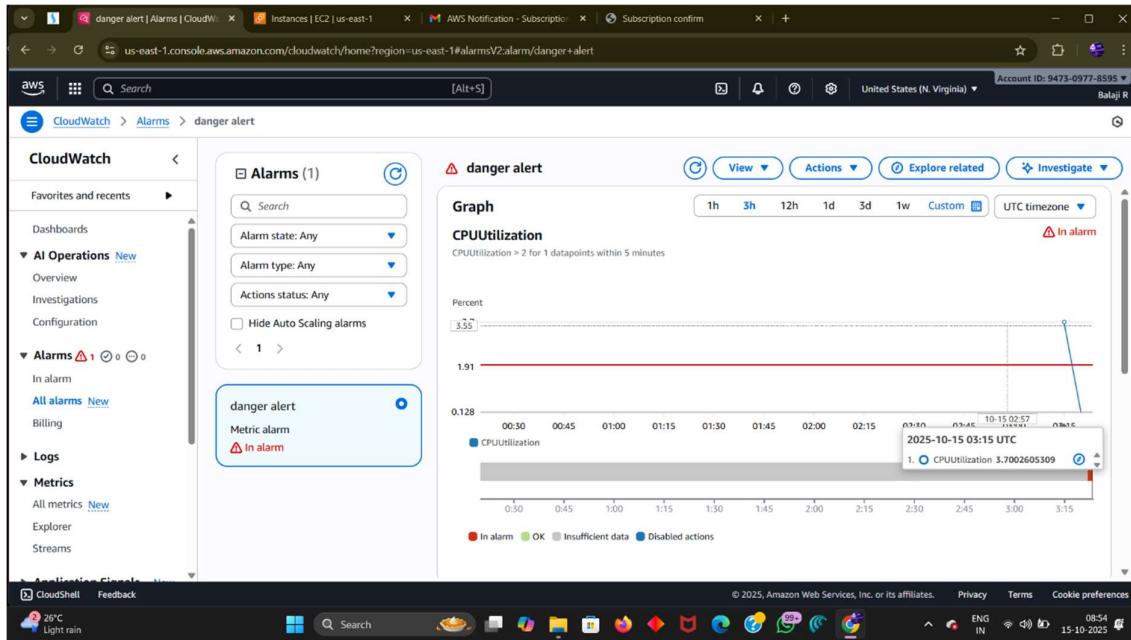
First create one linux instance and search cloud watch

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. On the left, there's a sidebar with options like Dashboard, EC2 Global View, Events, Instances (selected), Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, Images (AMIs, AMI Catalog), and Elastic Block Store (Volumes, Snapshots). The main area displays 'Instances (1/1) Info'. A search bar at the top says 'Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive)' with filters for Name, Instance ID, Instance state, Instance type, Status check, Alarm status, Availability Zone, and Public. A table lists one instance: 'cloud' (Instance ID: i-01ede18c9d403bf7d, State: Running, Type: t3.micro, Status: 5/5 checks passed, AZ: us-east-1c, Public: ec2-54-91-180-109.compute-1.amazonaws.com). Below the table, the instance details for 'i-01ede18c9d403bf7d (cloud)' are shown across several tabs: Details (selected), Status and alarms, Monitoring, Security, Networking, Storage, and Tags. Under 'Details', it shows the Instance ID (i-01ede18c9d403bf7d), Public IPv4 address (54.91.180.109), Private IPv4 address (172.31.24.169), Instance state (Running), and Public DNS (ec2-54-91-180-109.compute-1.amazonaws.com).

Create alarm you can create a sns topic in the alarm and copy the instance id and paste

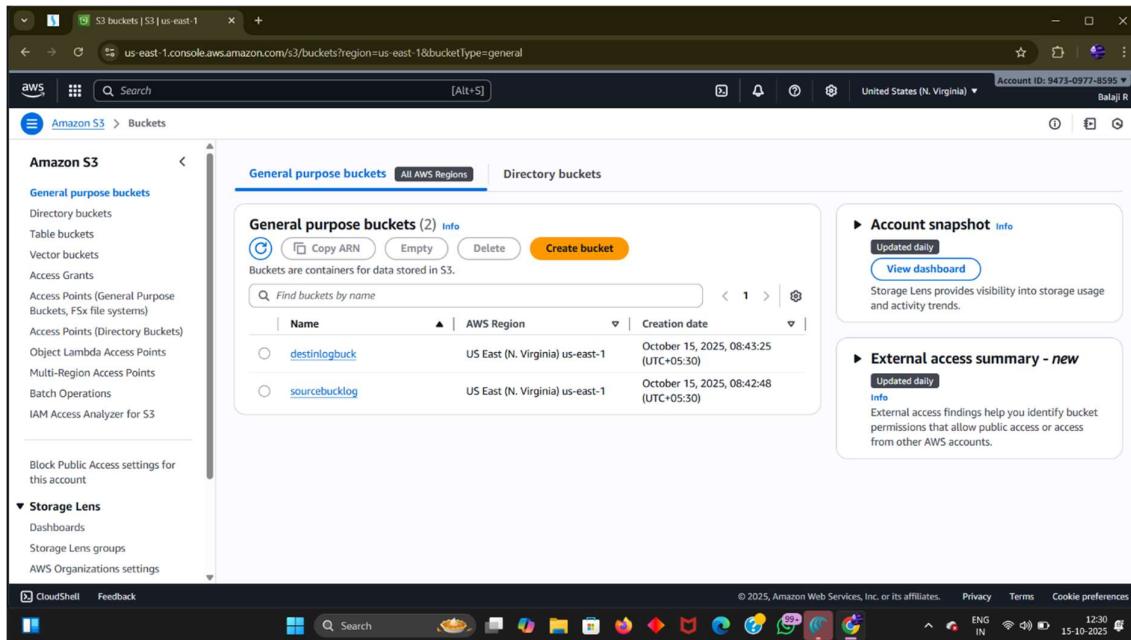
The screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch Alarms page. On the left, there's a sidebar with options like Favorites and recents, Dashboards, AI Operations (Overview, Investigations, Configuration), Alarms (New, In alarm, All alarms, Billing), Logs, and Metrics (All metrics, Explorer, Streams). The main area displays 'Alarms (1)'. A search bar at the top allows filtering by Name, State, Last state update (UTC), Conditions, and Actions. A table lists one alarm: 'danger alert' (State: In alarm, Last state update: 2025-10-15 03:22:04, Condition: CPUUtilization > 2 for 1 datapoints within 5 minutes, Actions: Actions enabled). The bottom of the screen shows the Windows taskbar with various pinned icons.

Now if the cpu utilization hits high automatically we get notification



Server Access Logging

Create two bucket as source and destination in source bucket go to properties in the server access login click enable



You get the output after 45 mins in destination.

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links like 'General purpose buckets', 'Storage Lens', and 'CloudShell'. The main area is titled 'destinlogbuck' and shows a table of objects. The table has columns for Name, Type, Last modified, Size, and Storage class. Most objects are of type '-' and are stored in the 'Standard' storage class. The file names consist of a prefix followed by a timestamp and a long hex string.

Create the user and block the access for the one bucket

Create one-iam user copy the arn and in chrome search aws policy generator choose s3 in principle paste the iam arn and click deny copy the s3 bucket arn and paste.. and copy te policy and paste it in bucket policy

This screenshot shows the AWS S3 console for the 'sourcebucklog' bucket. The 'Permissions' tab is active, and a green success message box says 'Successfully edited bucket policy.' Below it, the 'Bucket policy' section displays a JSON policy. The policy includes a single statement that denies access ('Effect: Deny') to an IAM user ('Principal: arn:aws:iam::947309778595:user/testingba') for all actions ('Action: *') on all resources ('Resource: *').

Login the user and search s3 you see the output

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various S3 features: General purpose buckets, Directory buckets, Table buckets, Vector buckets, Access Grants, Access Points (General Purpose Buckets, FSx file systems), Access Points (Directory Buckets), Object Lambda Access Points, Multi-Region Access Points, Batch Operations, IAM Access Analyzer for S3, and Block Public Access settings for this account. Below this is a section for Storage Lens, which includes Dashboards, Storage Lens groups, and AWS Organizations settings.

The main content area is titled "General purpose buckets" and shows a table of buckets. One row in the table is highlighted with a red border, indicating an error. The error message reads: "Error" and "Access Denied". There is a link "Diagnose with Amazon Q" next to it. The table has columns for Name, AWS Region, and Creation date. A search bar at the top of the table says "Find buckets by name".

On the right side of the page, there are two boxes: "Account snapshot" and "External access summary - new". Both boxes have "Updated daily" status indicators and "View dashboard" links. The "Account snapshot" box also includes a note about Storage Lens providing visibility into storage usage and activity trends.

At the bottom of the page, there are standard footer links: CloudShell, Feedback, © 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates., Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences. On the far right, there are system status icons for ENG IN, 13:10, and 15-10-2025.