



Human Brain Project



EBRAINS

SGA3 RP1 Review

March 2022

Showcase 2 – Improving epilepsy surgery with
the Virtual BigBrain



Showcase 2: Improving epilepsy surgery with the Virtual BigBrain

Objective: Develop a more precise estimation of the epileptogenic zone in drug resistant epilepsy patients.

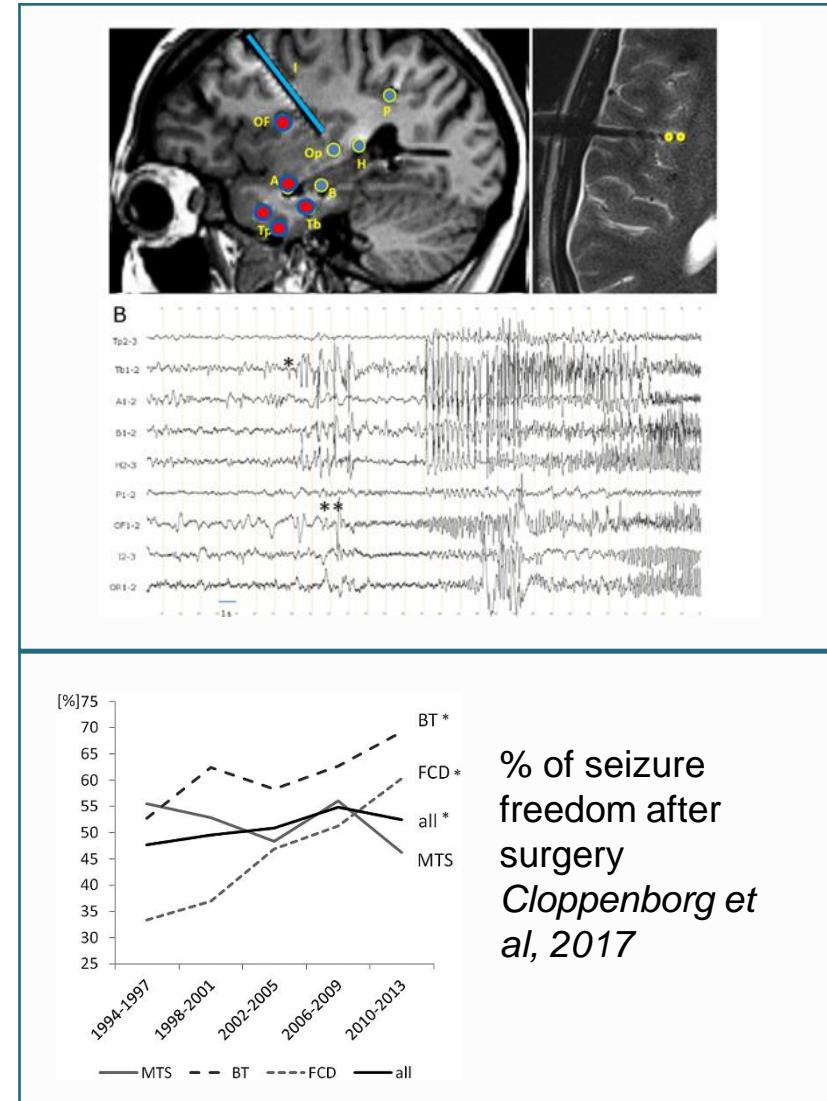
Motivation: Drug resistant focal epilepsies are severe diseases (1% of the world population, high morbidity and mortality). Epilepsy surgery is the only potential curative treatment and consists in the removal of the most epileptogenic brain regions. Failures (complete or partial) exist in about 40% of all patients (particularly in extra temporal lobe epilepsy).

M21 D1.2: DEMO2 of Showcase 2

Only on EBRAINS: Simulation with EBRAINS Simulation services, models to be constrained with EBRAINS Data and Atlas services.

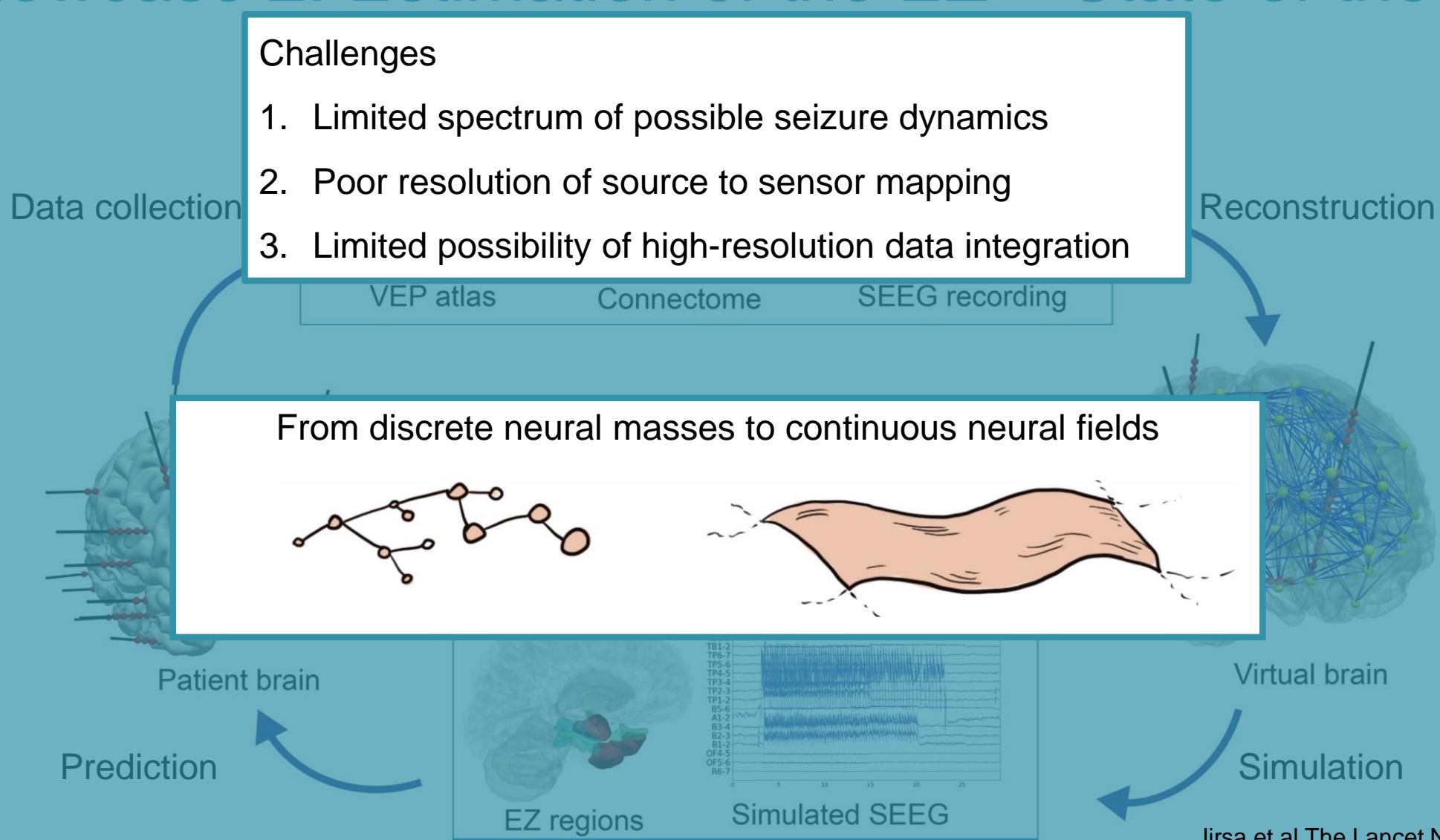
Outputs: Workflow in EBRAINS implementing high-resolution brain simulation.

Applications: Clinical neuroscience.



% of seizure freedom after surgery
Cloppenborg et al, 2017

Showcase 2: Estimation of the EZ – State of the art

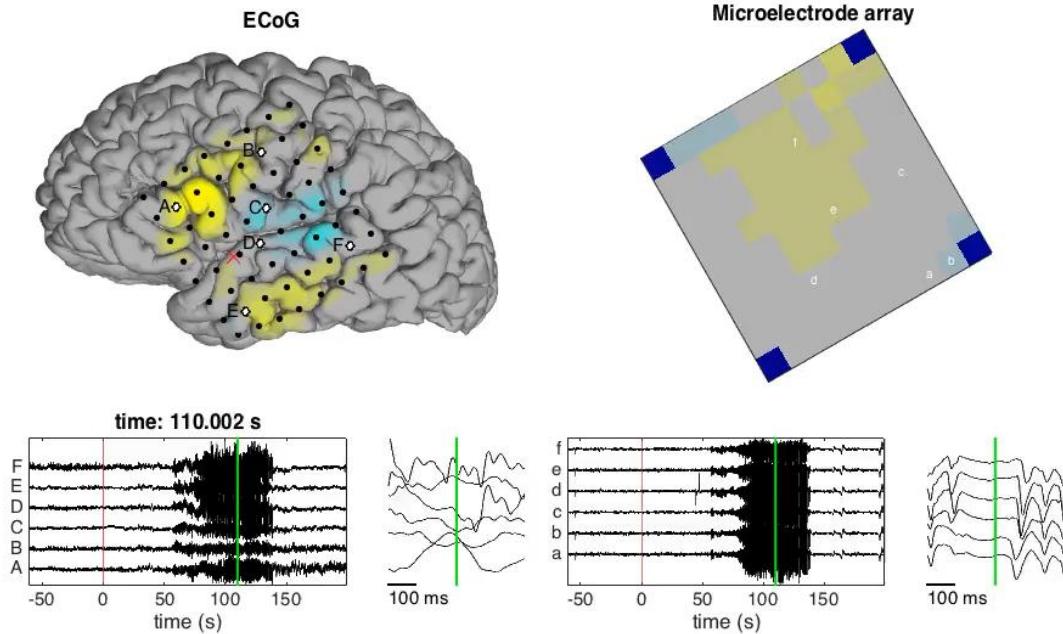


Jirsa et al *The Lancet Neurology* (in revision)

Showcase 2: Why neural fields in epilepsy ?

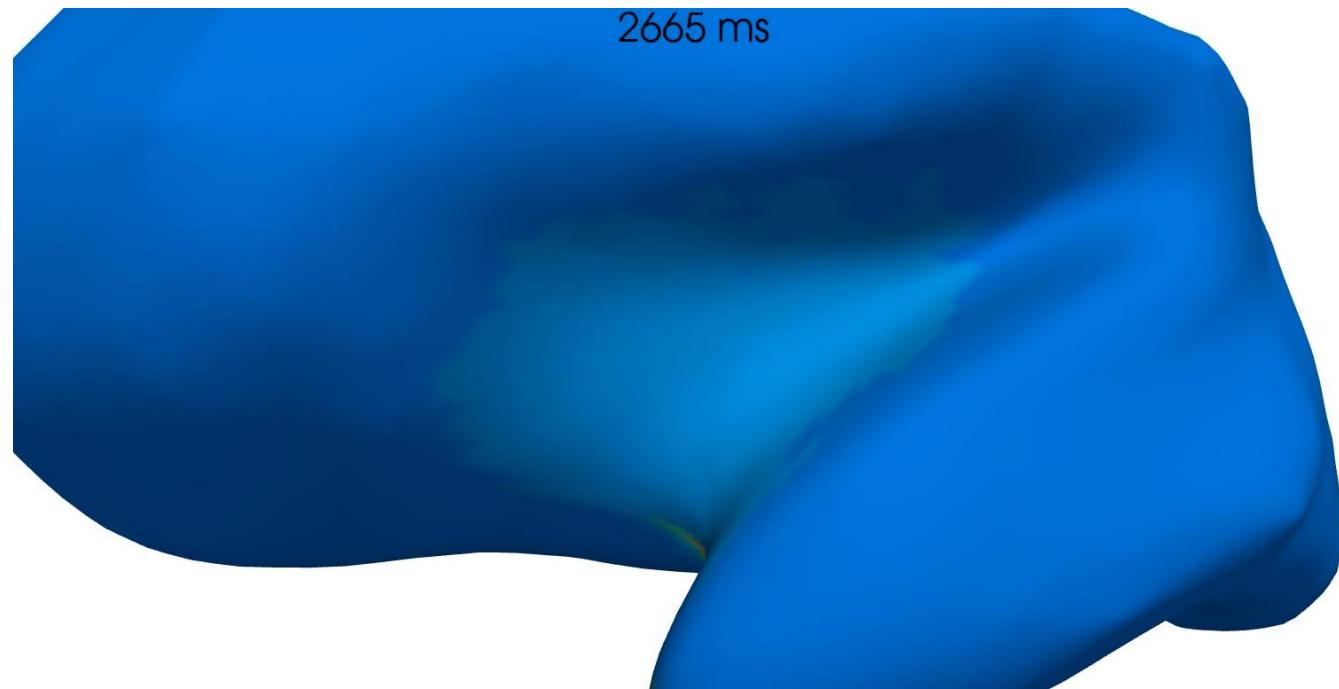
Improved representation of spatio-temporal seizure dynamics.

Real patient epilepsy



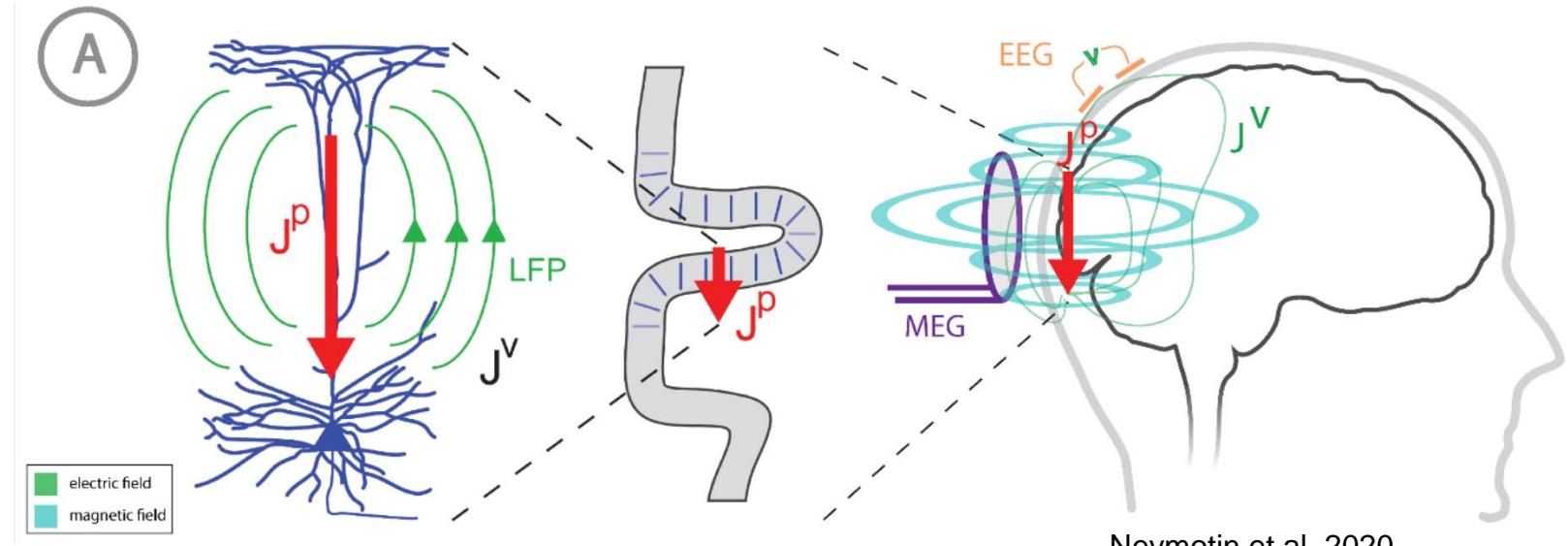
Martinet et al. 2016

Simulated epilepsy

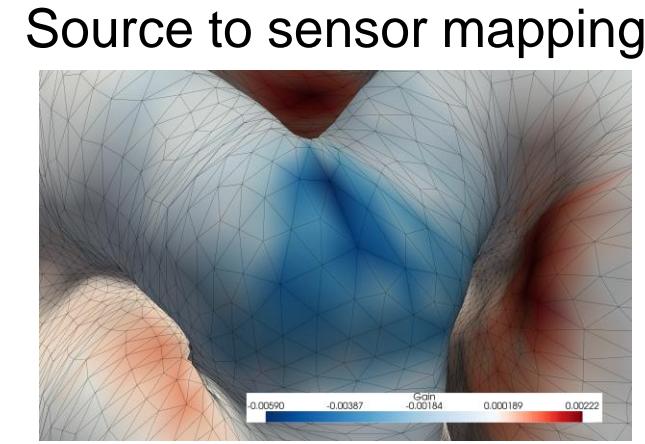
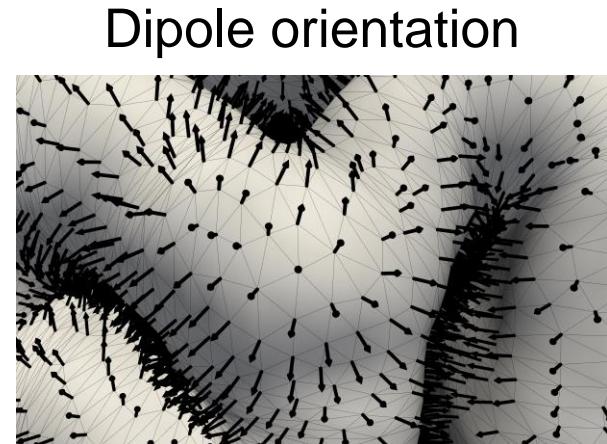
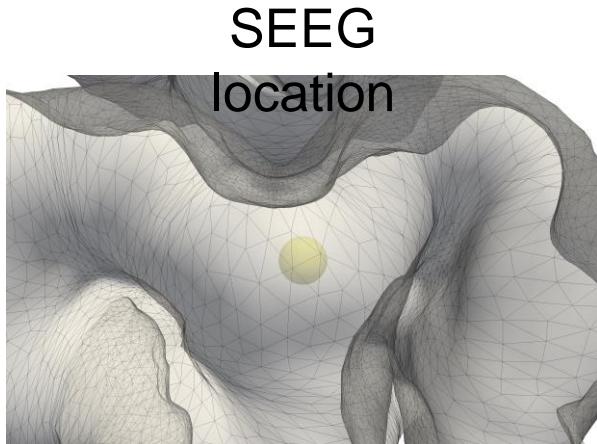


Showcase 2: Why neural fields in epilepsy ?

Orientation and distance of the electrical source matters, for an accurate source to sensor mapping.

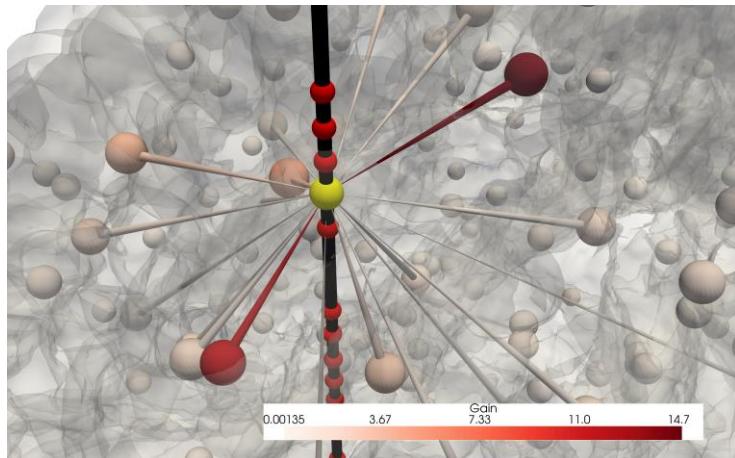
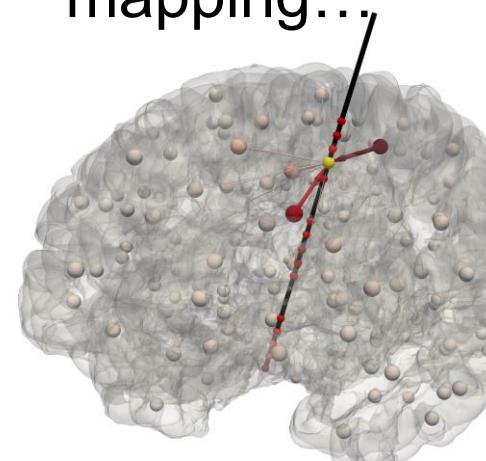


Neymotin et al. 2020

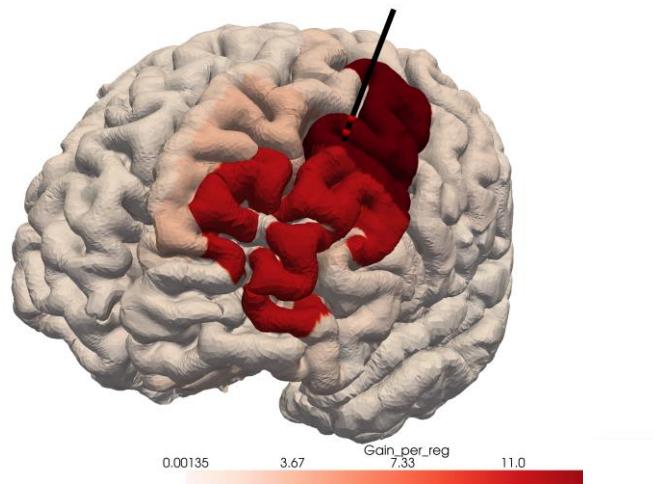


Showcase 2: Why neural fields in epilepsy ?

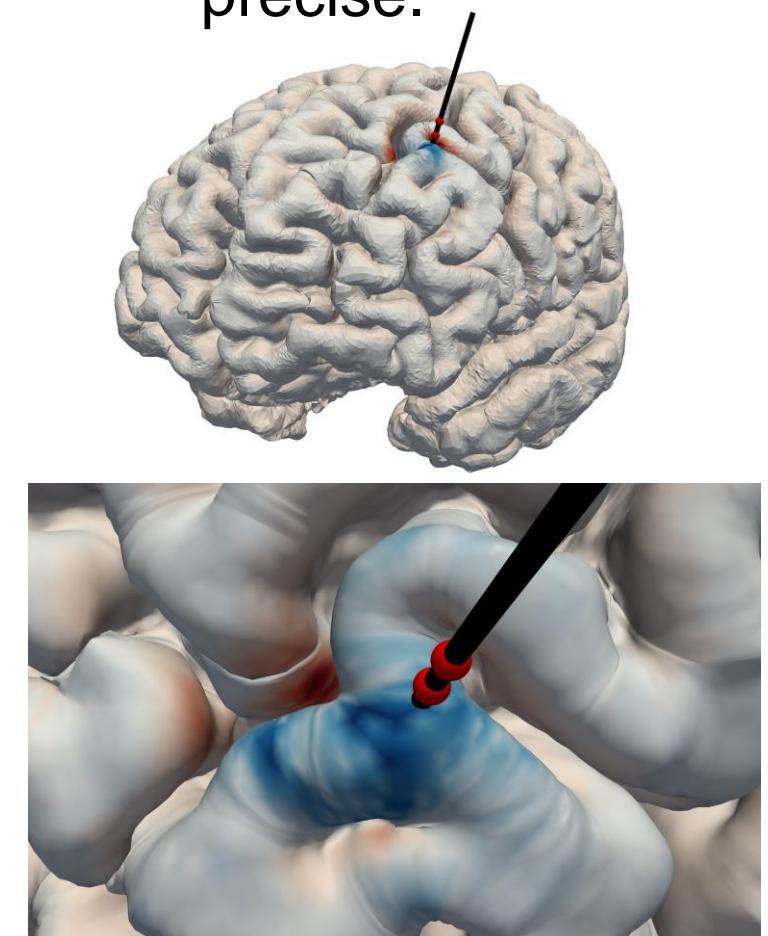
Current source to sensor mapping...



... and its representation on the surface, when actually...

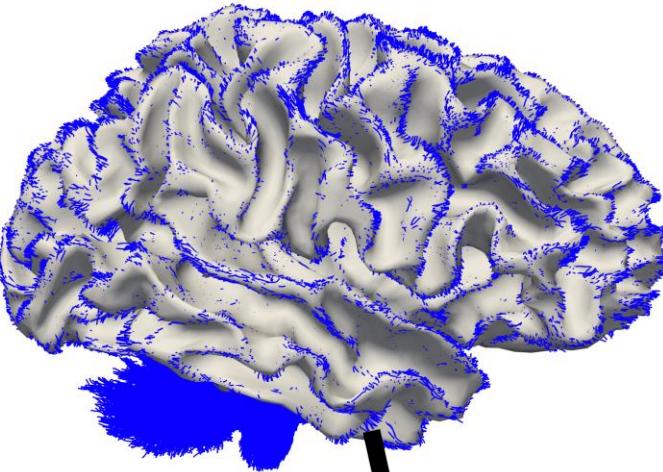


... neural fields are more precise.

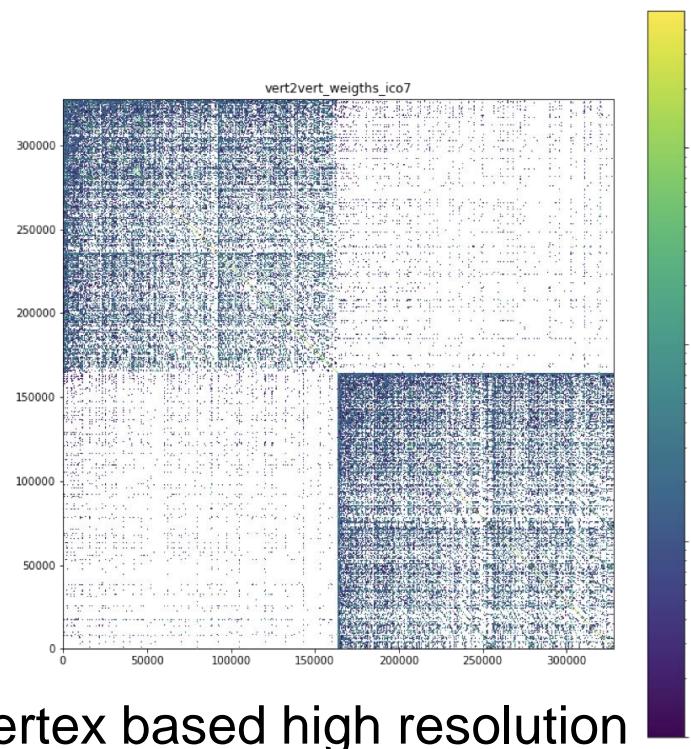
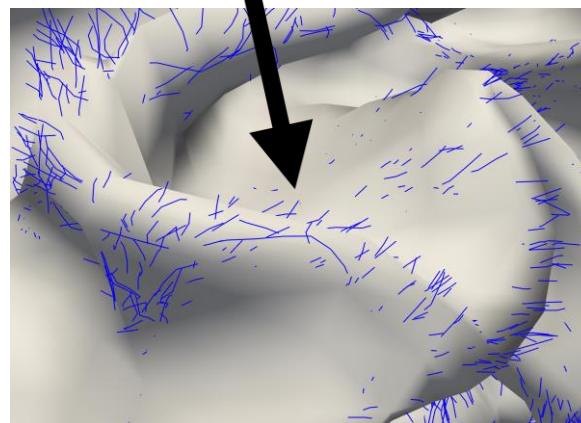


Showcase 2: Why neural fields in epilepsy ?

Integration of high-resolution data

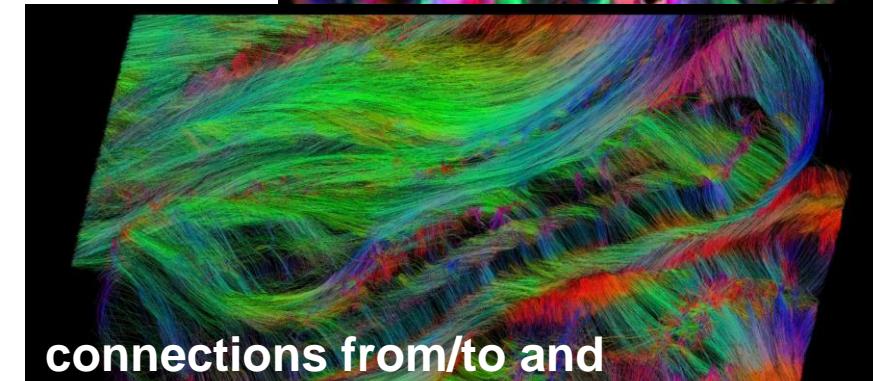
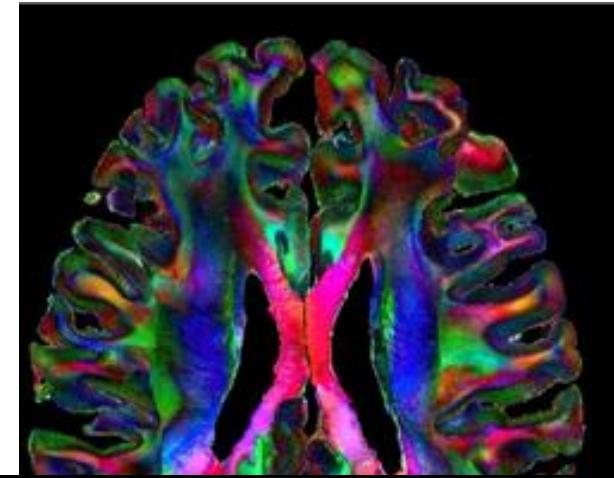


In-vivo patient specific imaging (~2mm³)



Vertex based high resolution connectome is atlas independent

CHENONCEAU post-mortem high-resolution (200 µm) imaging

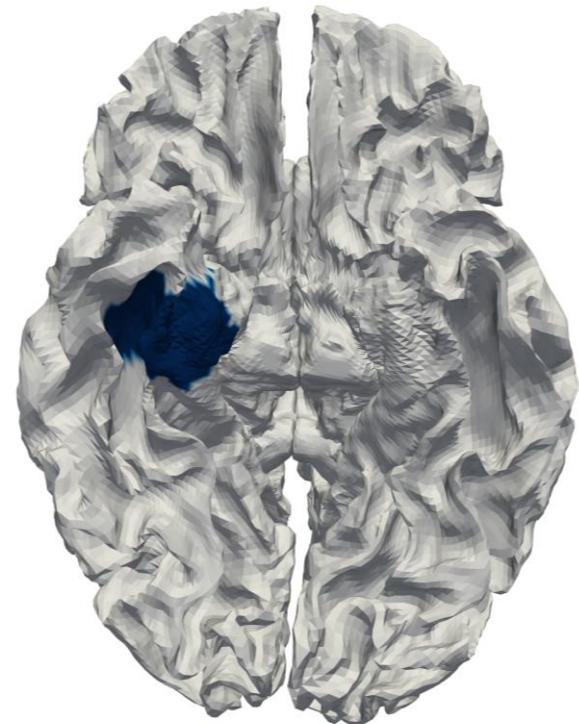


connections from/to and within the hippocampus

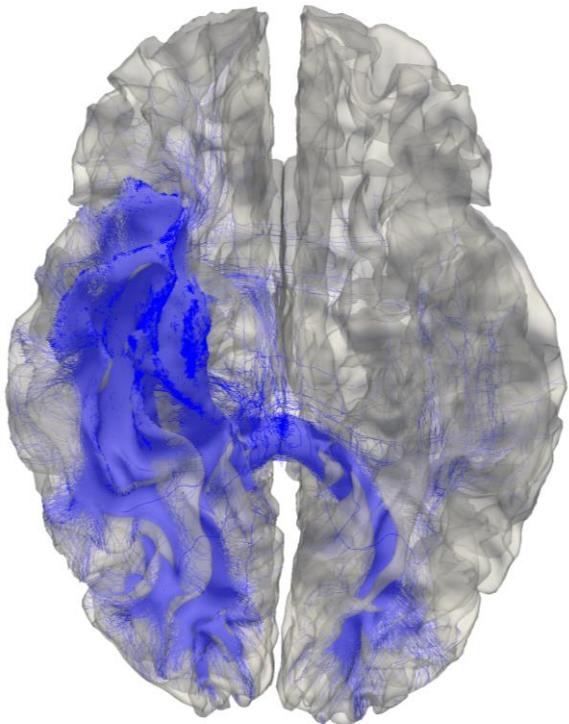
Poupon et al.

Showcase 2: High resolution connectome

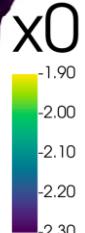
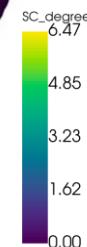
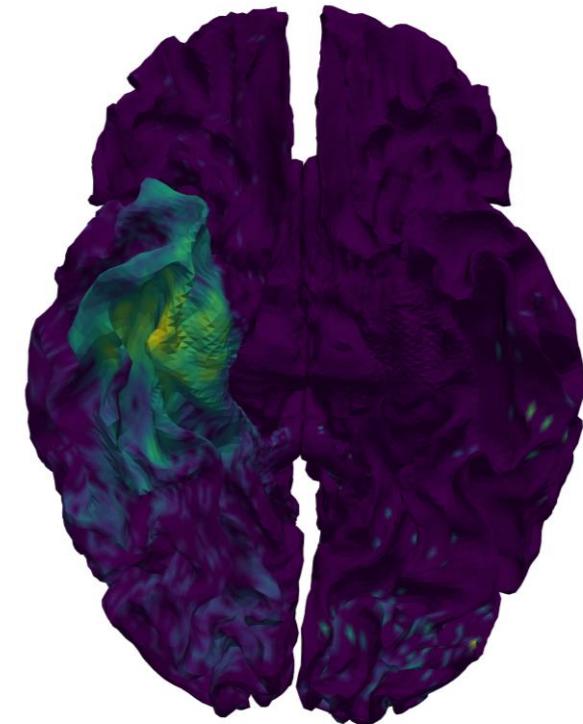
Fibres of the rhinal cortex



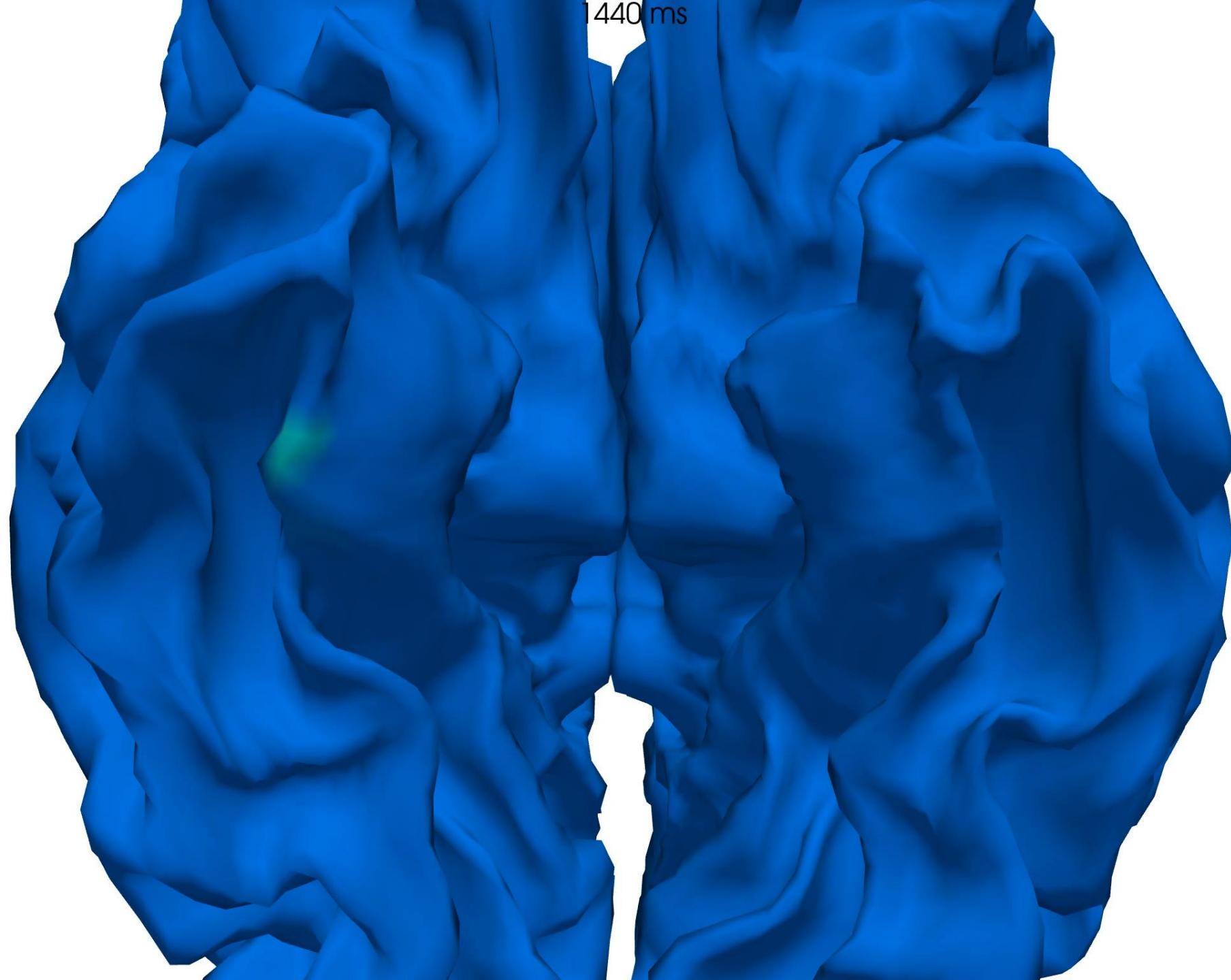
Vertex connectivity strength



EZ

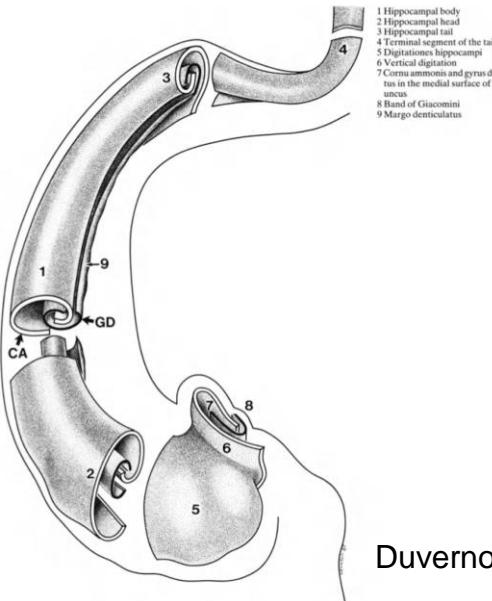


1440 ms



Showcase 2: High resolution virtual BigBrain

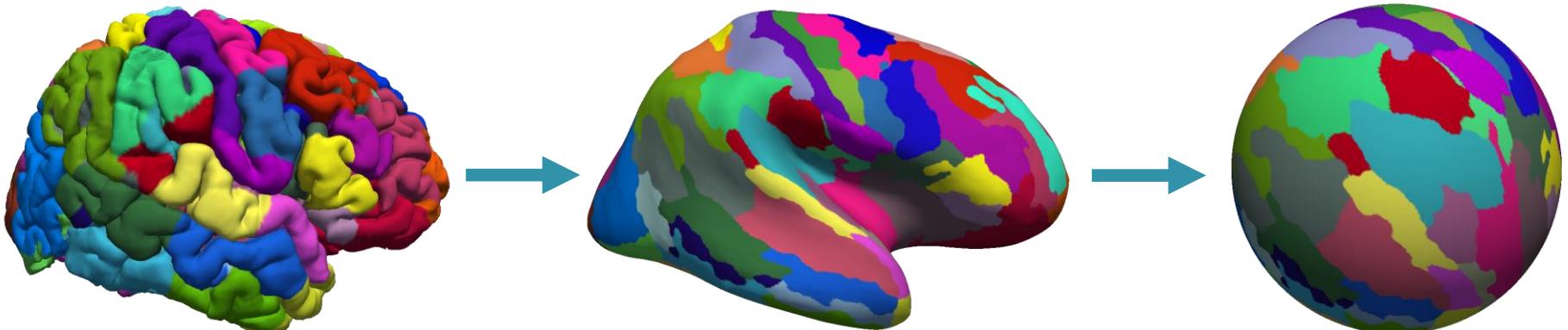
Neural field of the hippocampus



Duvernoy 1988



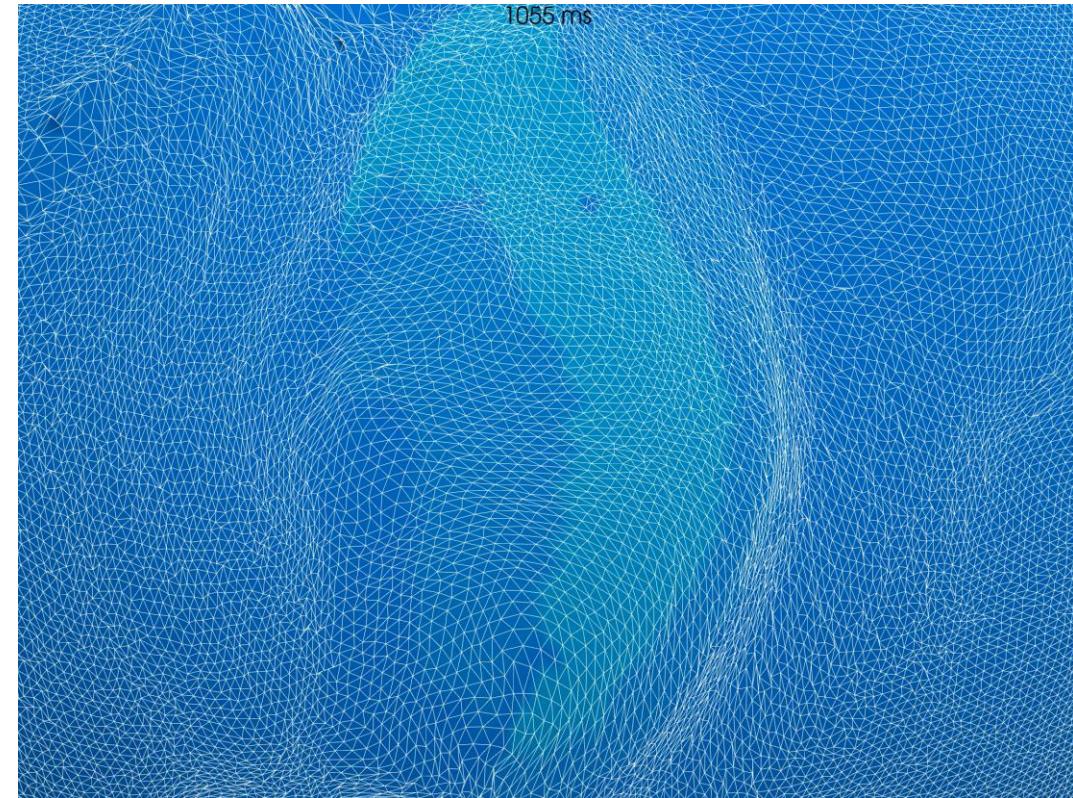
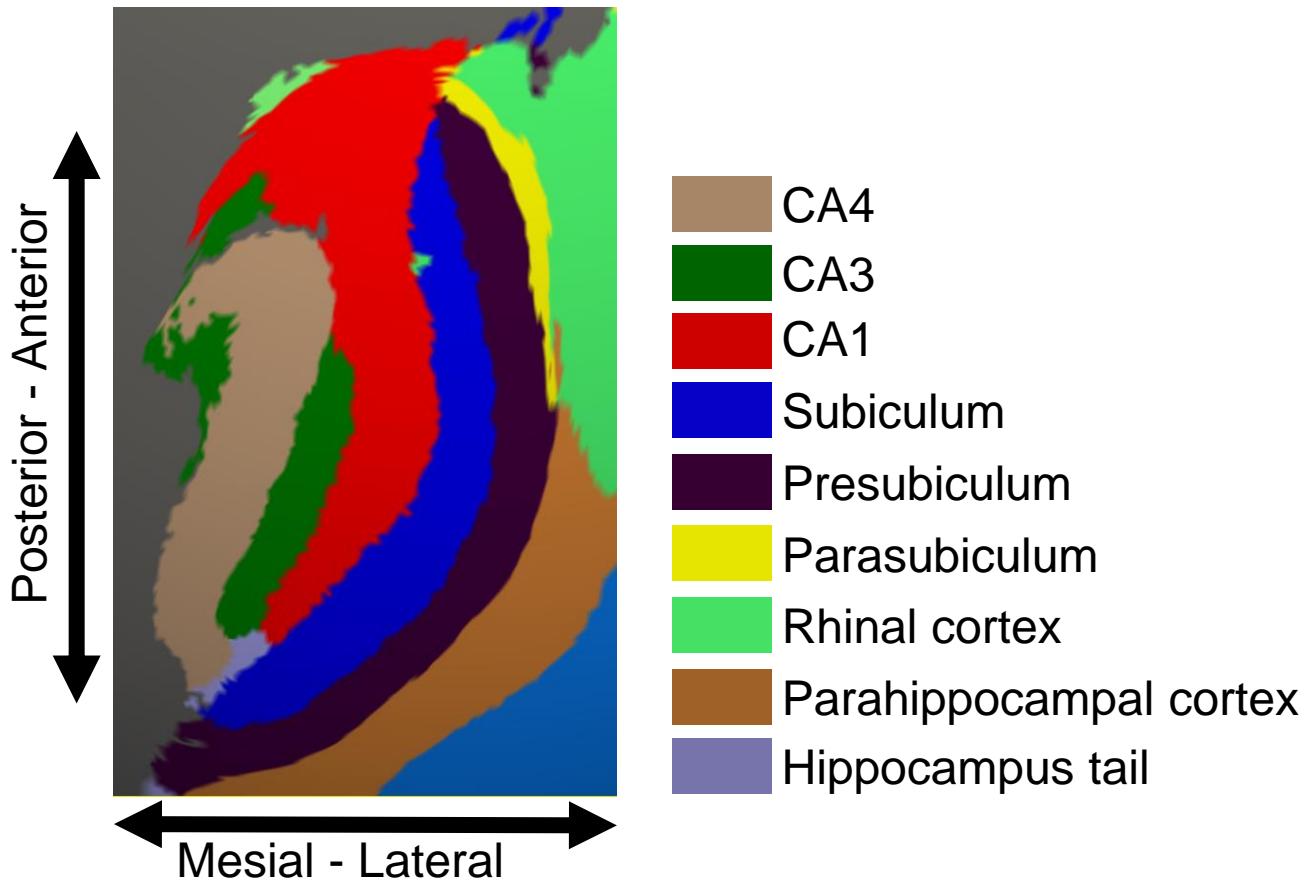
Inflation for better visualisation



Showcase 2: High resolution virtual BigBrain

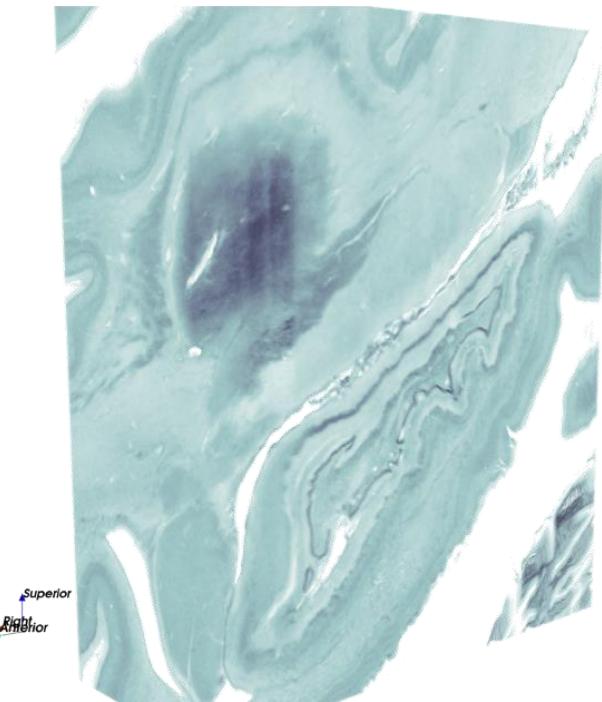
Improved representation of the hippocampal subfields with pathomechanistic relevance.

Hippocampus on the inflated sphere

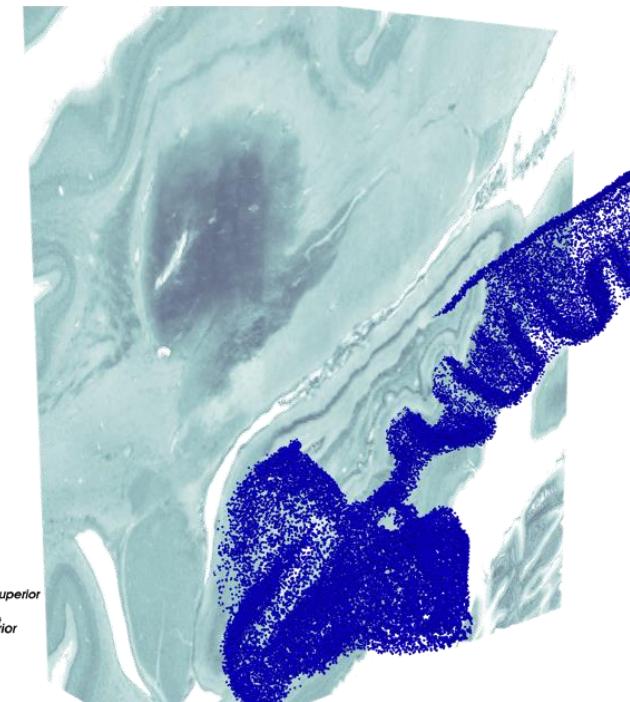


Showcase 2: TVB-NEST Co-simulation

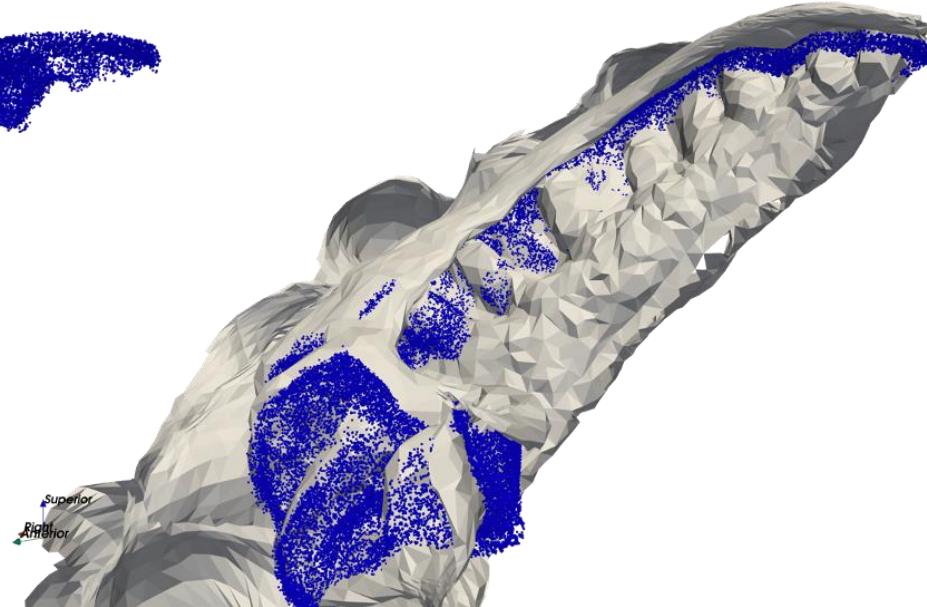
From annotated microscopic
BigBrain data ...



... to placement of NEST
spiking neural networks in
CA1...



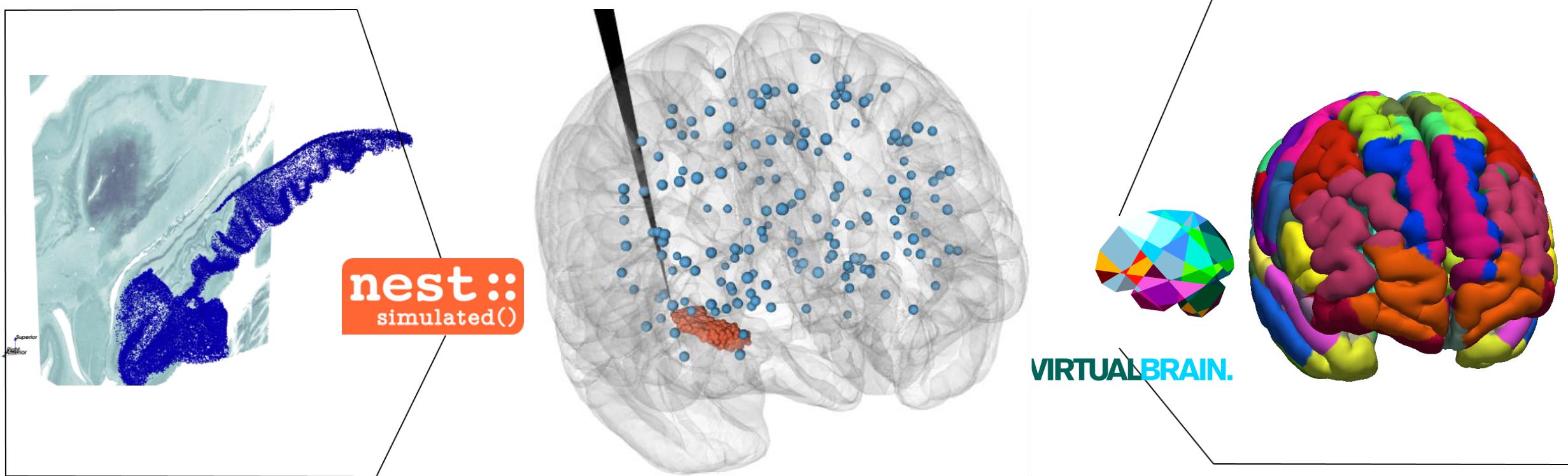
... to a connection of spiking neurons
to points on the neural field of TVB.



Dekraker et al. 2020
Amunts et al. 2013

Showcase 2: TVB-NEST Co-simulation

Allows the implementation of hypothesised epilepsy pathomechanism on the microscale and spatio-temporal seizure dynamics on the macroscale.



Step1_setup.... (auto-U : 3) - Ju X +

https://lab.ch.ebrains.eu/user/triebjp/lab/workspaces/auto-U/tree/shared/SGA3 D1.2 Showcase 2/co_simulation/notebook/Step1_setup_cosimulation.ipynb 133 % Autres marque-pages

Débuter avec Firefox File Edit View Run Kernel Git Tabs Settings Help Mem: 430 / 2048 MB

+ Filter files by name

Step1_setup_cosimulation.ipynb Step2_run_cosimulation.ipynb Step3_visualisation.ipynb Python 3 (ipykernel)

[1]: %capture
!pip install pyunicorn --upgrade
!pip install tqdm
!pip install tvb-data

[2]: %pylab inline
Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

[3]: %capture
import os
import sys
import numpy as np
numpy.set_printoptions(linewidth=150)

sys.path.append(os.getcwd())
from helper_functions.get_url import get_file, get_url, get_list_file
from helper_functions.run_cosimulation import Co_simulation_hippocampus_TVB
from helper_functions.plot_data import plot_CA1, plot_connectome_weight, plot_connectome_tracklength, brain_surface, get_context

Token for the authentication

[4]: bearer_token = clb_oauth.get_token()

Run jobs for setup the environment for the co-simulation :

- The first job makes the folder and download the data from the bucket and the scripts and parameters files from the wiki (transfert_file)
- The second job creates the parameters files for the simulations and visualizations and also create the configuration file for BSB (Brain Scaffold Builder) for the simulation of CA1 network

[5]: # setup the cosimulation on the cluster (2 jobs)
cosimulation = Co_simulation_hippocampus_TVB(token=bearer_token, path_local=os.getcwd()+'simulation_1/', host='DAINT-CSCS', pro

Simple 1 \$ 0 Python 3 (ipykernel) | Idle

Mode: Command 133 % Ln 1, Col 1 Step1_setup_cosimulation.ipynb



Showcase 2 : Implementation

Brain data



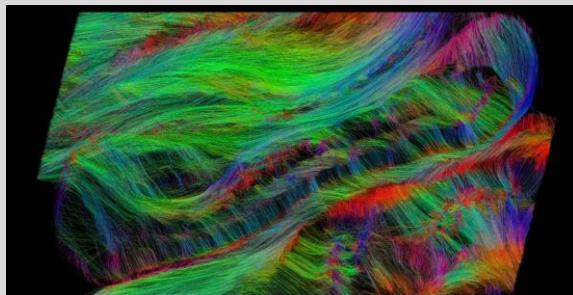
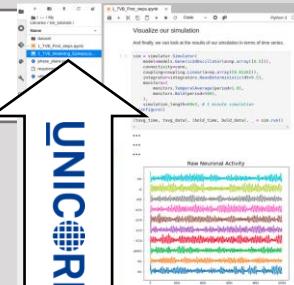
EBRAINS
Human Brain Atlas

Modeling



EBRAINS
Collaboratory

Interactive computing



Atlas services
Knowledge Graph
High resolution imaging data



Personalization & data fusion



EBRAINS
Simulation services



FENIX RI High Performance Computing

Sensitive Data (WIP)



HDC HIP



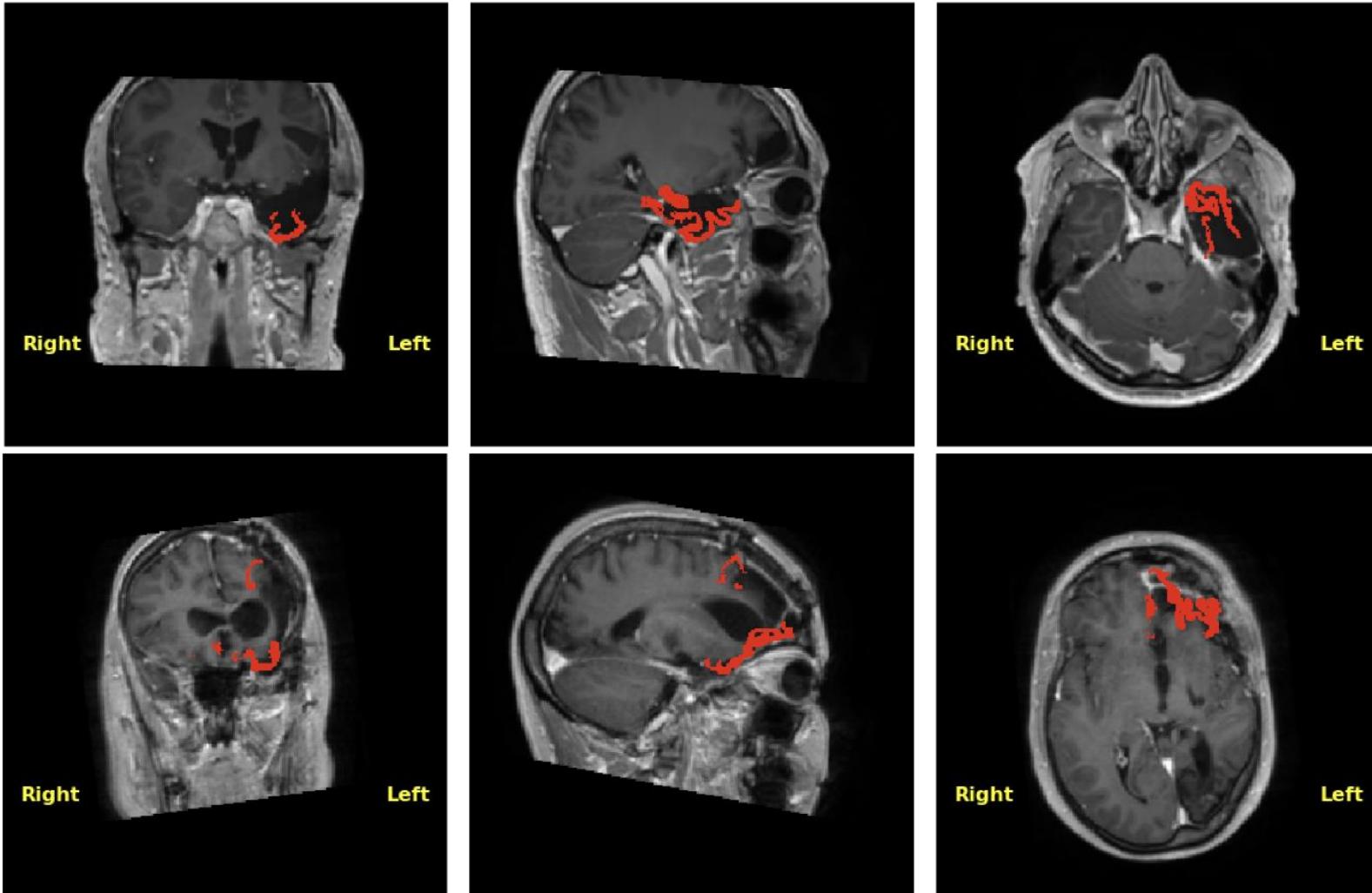
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Showcase 2: Inference – State of the art

Good overlap with resection
in seizure-free patients



Less overlap with resection
in non-seizure-free patients



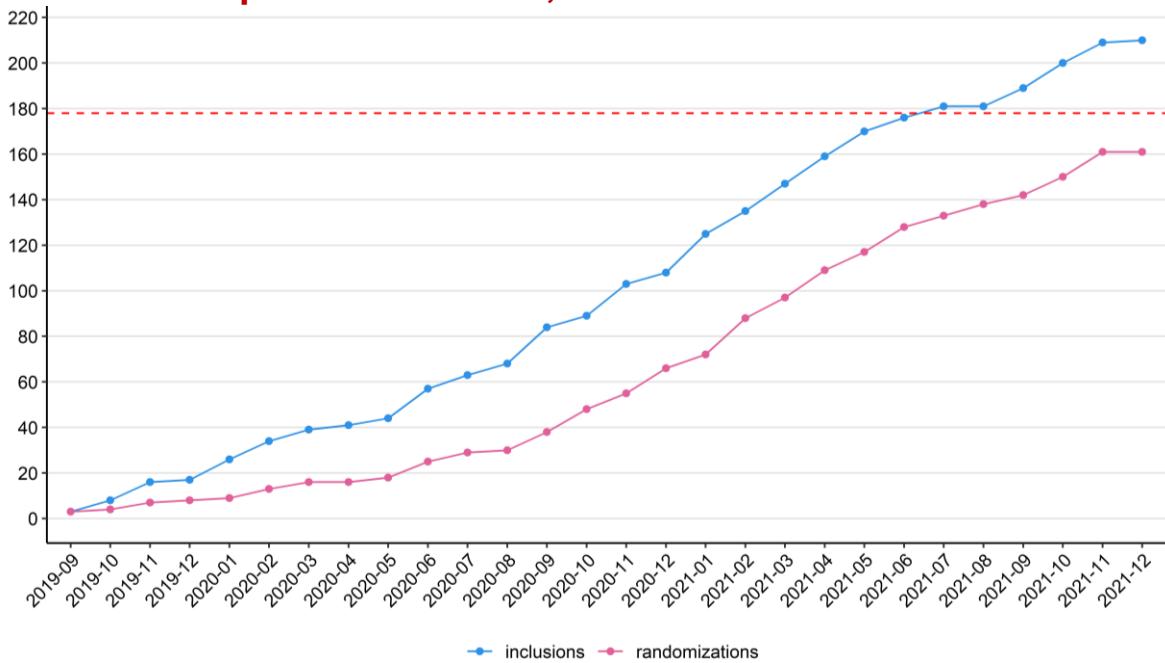
Showcase 2 : Estimation of the EZ – State of the art

Clinical trial EPINOV ongoing in France (13 epilepsy centers, 400 prospective patients in total)

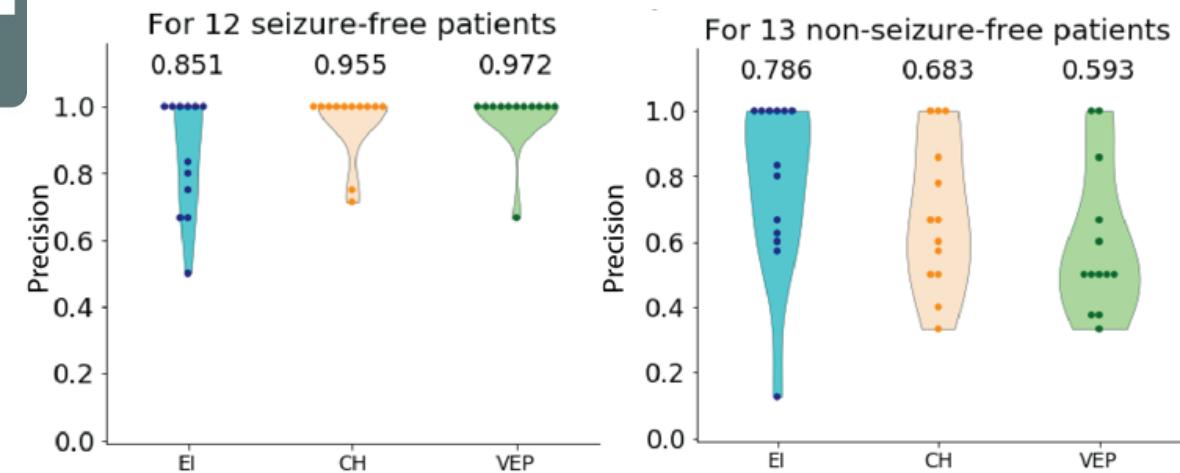


Patient inclusion

12/2021: 210 patients included, data of 161 have been randomized



State of the art applied to a cohort of epilepsy patients retrospectively.





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Thank you

