

REPORT

Heat distribution problem

Basics of Computer Simulation

Prepared by: Balganym Tulebayeva Checked by: Assel Akzhalova This program follows the static heat equation to determine heat dissipation within a defined area, room.

How it works:

- 1. The program will prompt the user for the size of the room N x N
- 2. The program will then prompt the user for the number of iterations to be taken into account, as the program calculates heat dissipation within the room
- 3. The program will then calculate the temperatures
- 4. The program will then output the initial and then the final temperatures within the room

Code review:

```
//define fireplace area
double fire_start, fire_end;
fire_start = 0.4 * N;
fire_end = 0.6 * N;

//declare temperature of fireplace
for (i = fire_start; i < fire_end; i++) {
    h[0][0][i] = 100.0;
}</pre>
```

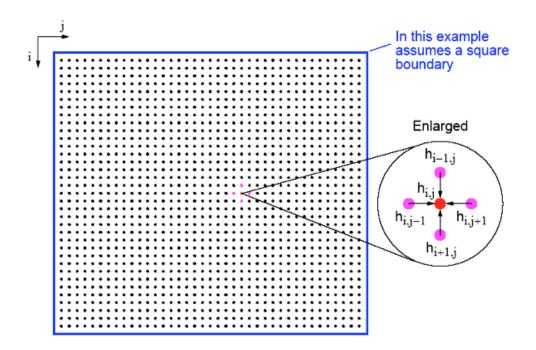
```
//initialize all walls to temperature of 20C
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {
        h[0][0][i] = 20.0;
        h[0][i][0] = 20.0;
        h[0][N - 1][i] = 20.0;
        h[0][i][N - 1] = 20.0;
        h[0][i][j] = 20.0;
}</pre>
```

Divide area into fine mesh of points, $h_{i,j}$.

Temperature at an inside point taken to be average of temperatures of four neighboring points. Convenient to describe edges by points.

Temperature of each point by iterating the equation:

$$h_{i,j} = \frac{h_{i-1,j} + h_{i+1,j} + h_{i,j-1} + h_{i,j+1}}{4}$$



Result: (visualized by HTML and css gradient):

