VAR-Seq workflow template: Some Descriptive Title

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background and objectives

This report describes the analysis of a VAR-Seq project studying the genetic differences among several strains ... from organism

1.2 Experimental design

Typically, users want to specify here all information relevant for the analysis of their NGS study. This includes detailed descriptions of FASTQ files, experimental design, reference genome, gene annotations, etc.

2 Load workflow environment

2.1 Load packages and sample data

The systemPipeR package needs to be loaded to perform the analysis steps shown in this report (Girke, 2014).

```
library(systemPipeR)
```

Load workflow environment with sample data into your current working directory. The sample data are described here.

```
library(systemPipeRdata)
genWorkenvir(workflow="varseq")
setwd("varseq")
```

In the workflow environments generated by genWorkenvir all data inputs are stored in a data/ directory and all analysis results will be written to a separate results/ directory, while the systemPipeVARseq.Rnw script and the targets file are expected to be located in the parent directory. The R session is expected to run from this parent directory. Additional parameter files are stored under param/.

To work with real data, users want to organize their own data similarly and substitute all test data for their own data. To rerun an established workflow on new data, the initial targets file along with the corresponding FASTQ files are usually the only inputs the user needs to provide.

If applicable users can load custom functions not provided by systemPipeR. Skip this step if this is not the case.

```
source("systemPipeVARseq_Fct.R")
```

2.2 Experiment definition provided by targets file

The targets file defines all FASTQ files and sample comparisons of the analysis workflow.

```
targetspath <- system.file("extdata", "targetsPE.txt", package="systemPipeR")</pre>
targets <- read.delim(targetspath, comment.char = "#")[,1:5]</pre>
targets
                  FileName1
                                            FileName2 SampleName Factor SampleLong
  ./data/SRR446027_1.fastq ./data/SRR446027_2.fastq
                                                             M1A
                                                                     M1
                                                                         Mock.1h.A
   ./data/SRR446028_1.fastq ./data/SRR446028_2.fastq
                                                             M1B
                                                                     M1
                                                                         Mock.1h.B
3
   ./data/SRR446029_1.fastq ./data/SRR446029_2.fastq
                                                             A1A
                                                                     Α1
                                                                          Avr.1h.A
  ./data/SRR446030_1.fastq ./data/SRR446030_2.fastq
                                                             A1B
                                                                     Α1
                                                                          Avr.1h.B
  ./data/SRR446031_1.fastq ./data/SRR446031_2.fastq
                                                             V1A
                                                                     V1
                                                                          Vir.1h.A
5
  ./data/SRR446032_1.fastq ./data/SRR446032_2.fastq
                                                             V1B
                                                                     V1
                                                                          Vir.1h.B
7
  ./data/SRR446033_1.fastq ./data/SRR446033_2.fastq
                                                             M6A
                                                                     M6 Mock.6h.A
 ./data/SRR446034_1.fastg ./data/SRR446034_2.fastg
                                                             M6B
                                                                     M6 Mock.6h.B
  ./data/SRR446035_1.fastq ./data/SRR446035_2.fastq
                                                             A6A
                                                                     A6
                                                                          Avr.6h.A
10 ./data/SRR446036_1.fastg ./data/SRR446036_2.fastg
                                                             A6B
                                                                     A6
                                                                          Avr.6h.B
11 ./data/SRR446037_1.fastq ./data/SRR446037_2.fastq
                                                             V6A
                                                                     V6
                                                                          Vir.6h.A
12 ./data/SRR446038_1.fastg ./data/SRR446038_2.fastg
                                                                          Vir.6h.B
                                                             V6B
                                                                     V6
13 ./data/SRR446039_1.fastq ./data/SRR446039_2.fastq
                                                            M12A
                                                                    M12 Mock.12h.A
14 ./data/SRR446040_1.fastg ./data/SRR446040_2.fastg
                                                                    M12 Mock.12h.B
                                                            M12B
15 ./data/SRR446041_1.fastq ./data/SRR446041_2.fastq
                                                            A12A
                                                                    A12 Avr.12h.A
16 ./data/SRR446042_1.fastq ./data/SRR446042_2.fastq
                                                            A12B
                                                                    A12 Avr.12h.B
17 ./data/SRR446043_1.fastq ./data/SRR446043_2.fastq
                                                            V12A
                                                                    V12 Vir.12h.A
18 ./data/SRR446044_1.fastq ./data/SRR446044_2.fastq
                                                            V12B
                                                                    V12 Vir.12h.B
```

3 Read preprocessing

3.1 Read quality filtering and trimming

The following removes reads with low quality base calls (here Phred scores below 20) from all FASTQ files.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/trimPE.param", mytargets="targetsPE.txt")[1:4] # Note: subsetting!
filterFct <- function(fq, cutoff=20, Nexceptions=0) {
    qcount <- rowSums(as(quality(fq), "matrix") <= cutoff)
    fq[qcount <= Nexceptions] # Retains reads where Phred scores are >= cutoff with N exceptions
}
preprocessReads(args=args, Fct="filterFct(fq, cutoff=20, Nexceptions=0)", batchsize=100000)
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_PEtrim.txt", overwrite=TRUE)
```

3.2 FASTQ quality report

The following seeFastq and seeFastqPlot functions generate and plot a series of useful quality statistics for a set of FASTQ files including per cycle quality box plots, base proportions, base-level quality trends, relative k-mer diversity, length and occurrence distribution of reads, number of reads above quality cutoffs and mean quality distribution. The results are written to a PDF file named fastqReport.pdf.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="bwa.param", mytargets="targets.txt")
fqlist <- seeFastq(fastq=infile1(args), batchsize=100000, klength=8)
pdf("./results/fastqReport.pdf", height=18, width=4*length(fqlist))</pre>
```

```
seeFastqPlot(fqlist)
dev.off()
```

Figure 1: QC report for 18 FASTQ files.

4 Alignments

4.1 Read mapping with BWA

The NGS reads of this project are aligned against the reference genome sequence using the highly variant tolerant short read aligner BWA (Li, 2013; Li and Durbin, 2009). The parameter settings of the aligner are defined in the bwa.param file.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="bwa.param", mytargets="targets.txt")
sysargs(args)[1] # Command-line parameters for first FASTQ file</pre>
```

Runs the alignments sequentially (e.g. on a single machine)

```
bampaths <- runCommandline(args=args)</pre>
```

Alternatively, the alignment jobs can be submitted to a compute cluster, here using 72 CPU cores (18 qsub processes each with 4 CPU cores).

Check whether all BAM files have been created

```
file.exists(outpaths(args))
```

4.2 Read mapping with gsnap

An alternative variant tolerant aligner is gsnap from the *gmapR* package (Wu and Nacu, 2010). The following code shows how to run this aligner on multiple nodes of a comute cluster that uses Torque as scheduler.

```
library(gmapR); library(BiocParallel); library(BatchJobs)
gmapGenome <- GmapGenome(reference(args), directory="data", name="gmap_tair10chr", create=TRUE)</pre>
```

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="gsnap.param", mytargets="targetsPE.txt")
f <- function(x) {
    library(gmapR); library(systemPipeR)
    args <- systemArgs(sysma="gsnap.param", mytargets="targetsPE.txt")
    gmapGenome <- GmapGenome(reference(args), directory="data", name="gmap_tair10chr", create=FALSE)
    p <- GsnapParam(genome=gmapGenome, unique_only=TRUE, molecule="DNA", max_mismatches=3)
    o <- gsnap(input_a=infile1(args)[x], input_b=infile2(args)[x], params=p, output=outfile1(args)[x])
}
funs <- makeClusterFunctionsTorque("torque.tmpl")
param <- BatchJobsParam(length(args), resources=list(walltime="20:00:00", nodes="1:ppn=1", memory="6gb"),
register(param)
d <- bplapply(seq(along=args), f)
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_gsnap_bam.txt")</pre>
```

4.3 Read and alignment stats

The following generates a summary table of the number of reads in each sample and how many of them aligned to the reference.

```
read_statsDF <- alignStats(args=args)
write.table(read_statsDF, "results/alignStats.xls", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

4.4 Create symbolic links for viewing BAM files in IGV

The symLink2bam function creates symbolic links to view the BAM alignment files in a genome browser such as IGV. The corresponding URLs are written to a file with a path specified under urlfile, here IGVurl.txt.

```
symLink2bam(sysargs=args, htmldir=c("~/.html/", "somedir/"),
    urlbase="http://biocluster.ucr.edu/~tgirke/",
    urlfile="./results/IGVurl.txt")
```

5 Variant calling

The following performs variant calling with GATK, BCFtools and *VariantTools* in parallel mode on a compute cluster (McKenna et al., 2010; Li, 2011). If a cluster is not available, the runCommandline() function can be used to run the variant calling with GATK and BCFtools for each sample sequentially on a single machine, or callVariants in case of *VariantTools*. Typically, the user would choose here only one variant caller rather than running several ones.

5.1 Variant calling with GATK

The following creates in the inital step a new targets file (targets_bam.txt). The first column of this file gives the paths to the BAM files created in the alignment step. The new targets file and the parameter file gatk.param are used to create a new SYSargs instance for running GATK. Since GATK involves many processing steps, it is executed by a bash script gatk_run.sh where the user can specify the detailed run parameters. All three files are expected to be located in the current working directory. Samples files for gatk.param and gatk_run.sh are available in the subdirectory ./inst/extdata/ of the source file of the systemPipeR package. Alternatively, they can be downloaded directly from here.

5.2 Variant calling with BCFtools

The following runs the variant calling with BCFtools. This step requires in the current working directory the parameter file sambcf_run.sh.

5.3 Variant calling with VariantTools

```
library(gmapR); library(BiocParallel); library(BatchJobs)
args <- systemArgs(sysma="vartools.param", mytargets="targets_gsnap_bam.txt")</pre>
f <- function(x) {</pre>
    library(VariantTools); library(gmapR); library(systemPipeR)
    args <- systemArgs(sysma="vartools.param", mytargets="targets_gsnap_bam.txt")</pre>
    gmapGenome <- GmapGenome(systemPipeR::reference(args), directory="data", name="gmap_tair10chr", create
    tally.param <- TallyVariantsParam(gmapGenome, high_base_quality = 23L, indels = TRUE)
    bfl <- BamFileList(infile1(args)[x], index=character())</pre>
    var <- callVariants(bfl[[1]], tally.param)</pre>
    sampleNames(var) <- names(bfl)</pre>
    writeVcf(asVCF(var), outfile1(args)[x], index = TRUE)
funs <- makeClusterFunctionsTorque("torque.tmpl")</pre>
param <- BatchJobsParam(length(args), resources=list(walltime="20:00:00", nodes="1:ppn=1", memory="6gb"),</pre>
register(param)
d <- bplapply(seq(along=args), f)</pre>
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_vartools.txt")
```

6 Filter variants

The function filterVars filters VCF files based on user definable quality parameters. It sequentially imports each VCF file into R, applies the filtering on an internally generated VRanges object and then writes the results to a new subsetted VCF file. The filter parameters are passed on to the corresponding argument as a character string. The function applies this filter to the internally generated VRanges object using the standard subsetting syntax for two dimensional objects such as: vr[filter,]. The parameter files (filter_gatk.param, filter_sambcf.param and filter_vartools.param), used in the filtering steps, define the paths to the input and output VCF files which are stored in new SYSargs instances.

6.1 Filter variants called by GATK

The below example filters for variants that are supported by $\ge x$ reads and $\ge 80\%$ of them support the called variants. In addition, all variants need to pass $\ge x$ of the soft filters recorded in the VCF files generated by GATK. Since the toy data used for this workflow is very small, the chosen settings are unreasonabley relaxed. A more reasonable filter setting is given in the line below (here commented out).

```
library(VariantAnnotation)
args <- systemArgs(sysma="filter_gatk.param", mytargets="targets_gatk.txt")
filter <- "totalDepth(vr) >= 2 & (altDepth(vr) / totalDepth(vr) >= 0.8) & rowSums(softFilterMatrix(vr))>=1
# filter <- "totalDepth(vr) >= 20 & (altDepth(vr) / totalDepth(vr) >= 0.8) & rowSums(softFilterMatrix(vr))
filterVars(args, filter, varcaller="gatk", organism="A. thaliana")
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
```

6.2 Filter variants called by BCFtools

The following shows how to filter the VCF files generated by *BCFtools* using similar parameter settings as in the previous filtering of the GATK results.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="filter_sambcf.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf.txt")
filter <- "rowSums(vr) >= 2 & (rowSums(vr[,3:4])/rowSums(vr[,1:4]) >= 0.8)"
# filter <- "rowSums(vr) >= 20 & (rowSums(vr[,3:4])/rowSums(vr[,1:4]) >= 0.8)"
filterVars(args, filter, varcaller="bcftools", organism="A. thaliana")
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
```

6.3 Filter variants called by VariantTools

The following shows how to filter the VCF files generated by *VariantTools* using similar parameter settings as in the previous filtering of the GATK results.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="filter_vartools.param", mytargets="targets_vartools.txt")
filter <- "(values(vr)\n.read.pos.ref + values(vr)\n.read.pos) >= 2 & (values(vr)\n.read.pos / (values(vr)\n.read.pos / (values(vr)\fin.read.pos) >= 20 & (values(vr)\fin.read.pos / (values(\filter\Vars(\args, filter, varcaller="vartools", organism="A. thaliana")
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
```

7 Annotate filtered variants

The function variantReport generates a variant report using utilities provided by the *VariantAnnotation* package. The report for each sample is written to a tabular file containing genomic context annotations (e.g. coding or non-coding SNPs, amino acid changes, IDs of affected genes, etc.) along with confidence statistics for each variant. The parameter file annotate_vars.param defines the paths to the input and output files which are stored in a new SYSargs instance.

7.1 Annotate filtered variants called by GATK

```
library("GenomicFeatures")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana")</pre>
```

7.2 Annotate filtered variants called by BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana")</pre>
```

7.3 Annotate filtered variants called by VariantTools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana")</pre>
```

8 Combine annotation results among samples

To simplify comparisons among samples, the combineVarReports function combines all variant annotation reports referenced in a SYSargs instance (here args). At the same time the function allows to consider only certain feature types of interest. For instance, the below setting filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous") will include only nonsysynonymous variances listed in the Consequence column of the annotation reports. To omit filtering, one can use the setting filtercol="All"

8.1 Combine results from GATK

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_gatk.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

8.2 Combine results from BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_sambcf.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

8.3 Combine results from VariantTools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_vartools.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

9 Summary statistics of variants

The function varSummar counts the number of variants for each feature type included in the anntation reports.

9.1 Summary for GATK

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_gatk.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t")</pre>
```

9.2 Summary for BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_sambcf.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t")</pre>
```

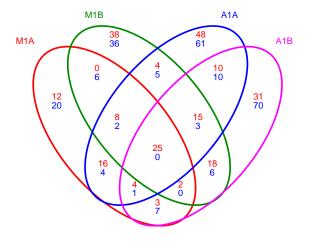
9.3 Summary for VariantTools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_vartools.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t"</pre>
```

10 Venn diagram of variants

The venn diagram utilities defined by the *systemPipeR* package can be used to identify common and unique variants reported for different samples and/or variant callers. The below generates a 4-way venn diagram comparing four sampes for each of the two variant callers.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
varlist <- sapply(names(outpaths(args))[1:4], function(x) as.character(read.delim(outpaths(args)[x])$VARID
vennset_gatk <- overLapper(varlist, type="vennsets")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
varlist <- sapply(names(outpaths(args))[1:4], function(x) as.character(read.delim(outpaths(args)[x])$VARID
vennset_bcf <- overLapper(varlist, type="vennsets")
pdf("./results/vennplot_var.pdf")
vennPlot(list(vennset_gatk, vennset_bcf), mymain="", mysub="GATK: red; BCFtools: blue", colmode=2, ccol=c(dev.off()</pre>
```



GATK: red: BCFtools: blue

Figure 2: Venn Diagram for 4 samples from GATK and BCFtools.

11 Version Information

toLatex(sessionInfo())

- R version 3.2.1 (2015-06-18), x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
- Locale: C
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, parallel, stats, stats4, utils
- Other packages: Biobase 2.29.1, BiocGenerics 0.15.6, BiocParallel 1.3.51, Biostrings 2.37.8, DBI 0.3.1, GenomeInfoDb 1.5.15, GenomicAlignments 1.5.13, GenomicRanges 1.21.21, IRanges 2.3.19, RSQLite 1.0.0, Rsamtools 1.21.17, S4Vectors 0.7.16, ShortRead 1.27.5, SummarizedExperiment 0.3.7, XVector 0.9.4, knitr 1.11, systemPipeR 1.3.39
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): AnnotationDbi 1.31.17, AnnotationForge 1.11.19, BBmisc 1.9, BatchJobs 1.6, BiocStyle 1.7.7, Category 2.35.1, GO.db 3.2.1, GOstats 2.35.1, GSEABase 1.31.3, GenomicFeatures 1.21.21, MASS 7.3-44, Matrix 1.2-2, RBGL 1.45.1, RColorBrewer 1.1-2, RCurl 1.95-4.7, Rcpp 0.12.0, XML 3.98-1.3, annotate 1.47.4, base64enc 0.1-3, biomaRt 2.25.1, bitops 1.0-6, brew 1.0-6, checkmate 1.6.2, colorspace 1.2-6, digest 0.6.8, edgeR 3.11.2, evaluate 0.7.2, fail 1.2, formatR 1.2, futile.logger 1.4.1, futile.options 1.0.0, genefilter 1.51.0, ggplot2 1.0.1, graph 1.47.2, grid 3.2.1, gtable 0.1.2, highr 0.5, hwriter 1.3.2, lambda.r 1.1.7, lattice 0.20-33, latticeExtra 0.6-26, limma 3.25.15, magrittr 1.5, munsell 0.4.2, pheatmap 1.0.7, plyr 1.8.3, proto 0.3-10, reshape2 1.4.1, rjson 0.2.15, rtracklayer 1.29.24, scales 0.3.0, sendmailR 1.2-1, splines 3.2.1, stringi 0.5-5, stringr 1.0.0, survival 2.38-3, tools 3.2.1, xtable 1.7-4, zlibbioc 1.15.0

12 Funding

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