# CREATING A DELTA TABLE USING MICROSOFT FABRIC

This below shows a simple way of creating a table and saving it as a Delta format

## **Create Delta Tables**

With apache spark, you can create a delta table which will be stored in underlining Parquet files for the table

#### 1. Create Delta Table from Dataframe

One of the easiest way of creating a delta table in Spark is to save a dataframe in the **delta format** 

```
In [2]: # First let's load a file into a dataframe
    df = spark.read.load('Files/measles.csv', format = 'csv', header = True)
# Then save the dataframe as a delta format
    df.write.format("delta").saveAsTable("MyDeltaTable")
```

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```
You can also create a table as an external tables, where the relational table definition in the metastore is mapped to an alternative file storage location

"""

df.write.format('delta').saveAsTable("myexternalsample", path = "Files/externaltable")

# The above can also be modified as a fully qualified path for astorage location df.write.format("delta").saveAsTable("myexternalsample", path = "abffff://my_store_url #here deleting an external table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of the same and table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of table from the lakehouse **does not** delete the associated of table from the lakehouse **does not**
```

## Creating table metadata

## 1. DeltaTableBuilder API Approach

This will enables spark to create a table based on one's specification

```
In [5]:
    from delta.tables import *

    DeltaTable.create(spark) \
        .tableName("products") \
        .addColumn("Productsid", "INT") \
        .addColumn("ProductName", "STRING") \
        .addColumn("Category", "STRING") \
```

```
.addColumn("Price", "FLOAT") \
.execute()
```

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### 2. Spark SQL Approach

This will enables spark **SQL CREATE TABLE STATEMENT** to create a table based on one's specification

```
In [ ]:
         %%sq1
         CREATE TABLE testsales
             Orderid INT NOT NULL,
             OrderDate TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
             CustomerName STRING,
             SalesTotal FLOAT NOT NULL
         USING DELTA
         -- The above is a manage table
In [ ]:
         %%sql
         -- To create an external table, use the below SQL statement
         CREATE TABLE MyExternalTableTest
         USING DELTA
         LOCATION 'Files/mydataFolder'
In [ ]:
```

## **Save Data in Delta Format**

# **Working with Delta Tables in Spark**

## 1. Using Spark SQL

```
In [ ]: spark.sql("INSERT INTO products VALUES (1, 'Widget', 'Accessories', 2.99)")
# Alternatively you can use the %%sql to call Spark SQL
```

#### 2. Using the Delta API

```
In []:
    from delta.tables import *
    from pyspark.sql.functions import *

# Create a DeltaTable object
    delta_path = "Files/mytable"
    deltaTable = DeltaTable.forPath(spark, delta_path)

# Update the table (reduce price of accessories by 10%)
    deltaTable.update(
        condition = "Category == 'Accessories'",
        set = { "Price": "Price * 0.9" })
```

In [ ]:

## 3. Use time travel to work with table versioning

```
In [4]:
         %%sal
         DESCRIBE HISTORY sales
        StatementMeta(, 830ddfff-3726-4f5e-b6a6-39a5bd6b4fd7, 6, Finished, Available)
        <Spark SQL result set with 1 rows and 15 fields>
Out[4]:
In [ ]:
         %%sq1
         DESCRIBE HISTORY 'Files/mytable'
         -- use the above code for an external tables history
In [ ]:
         # You can also specify a specific delta file version into a dataframe using VersionAsOf
         df = spark.read.format("delta").option("versionAsOf", 0).load(delta_path)
In [ ]:
         # Alternatively, use timestampAsOf option
         df = spark.read.format("delta").option("timestampAsOf", '2022-01-01').load(delta path)
```

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