

1. Which of the following is a valid class declaration?
 - a) `class A { int x; };`
 - b) `class B { }`
 - c) `public class A { }`
 - d) `object A { int x; };`

2. The data members and functions of a class in C++ are by default
 - a) protected
 - b) private
 - c) public
 - d) public & protected

3. Wrapping data and its related functionality into a single entity is known as _____
 - a) Abstraction
 - b) Encapsulation
 - c) Polymorphism
 - d) Modularity

4. What does polymorphism in OOPs mean?
 - a) Concept of allowing overriding of functions
 - b) Concept of hiding data
 - c) Concept of keeping things in different modules/files
 - d) Concept of wrapping things into a single unit

5. Which concept allows you to reuse the written code?
 - a) Encapsulation
 - b) Abstraction
 - c) Inheritance
 - d) Polymorphism

6. What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class A
{
    int a;
    A()
    {
        a = 5;
    }
};
```

```
int main()
{
    A obj();
    cout<< obj.a;
}
```

- a) 0
- b) 5
- c) Compile-time exception
- d) Run-time exception

7. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class A
{
    public:
        void show()
        {
            cout<<"A"<<endl;
        }
};

class B: public A
{
    public:
        void show()
        {
            cout<<"B"<<endl;
        }
};

int main(void)
{
    A a;
    a.show();

    B b;
    b.show();

    return 0;
}
```

Output: ?

8. Considering the same class A and B definitions in question 7, what will be the output of the following program?

```
int main(void)
{
    A a;
    a.show();

    B b;
    b.show();

    a = b;
    a.show();

    return 0;
}
```

Output:?

9. Considering the same class A and B definitions in question 7, what will be the output of the following program?

```
int main(void)
{
    A a;
    a.show();

    A* aptr = new B;
    aptr->show();

    return 0;
}
```

Output: ?

10. Note the update int virtual function definition update in class A. What is the output of the same program given in question 9?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class A
{
    public:
        virtual void show()
        {
            cout<<"A"<<endl;
        }
};

class B: public A
{
    public:
        void show()
        {
            cout<<"B"<<endl;
        }
};

int main(void)
{
    A a;
    a.show();

    A* aptr = new B;
    aptr->show();

    return 0;
}
```

Output: ?