Lists Chapter 8 © 2017 Pearson Education, Hoboken, NJ. All rights reserved

- Things you make lists of
 - Chores
 - Addresses
 - Groceries
- Lists contain items of the same type
- Operations
 - Count items
 - Add, remove items
 - Retrieve

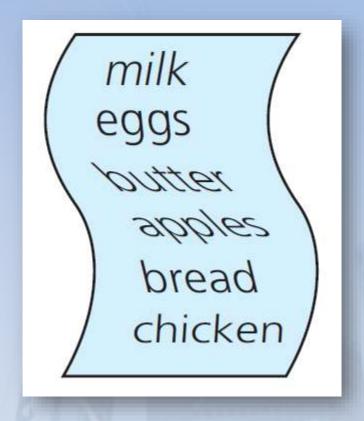


Figure 8-1 A grocery list

List

```
+isEmpty(): boolean
+getLength(): integer
+insert(newPosition: integer, newEntry: ItemType): boolean
+remove(position: integer): boolean
+clear(): void
+getEntry(position: integer): ItemType
+replace(position: integer, newEntry: ItemType): ItemType
```

FIGURE 8-2 UML diagram for the ADT list

- Definition: ADT List
 - Finite number of objects
 - Not necessarily distinct
 - Same data type
 - Ordered by position as determined by client

Axioms for ADT List

```
1. (List()).isEmpty() = true
2. (List()).getLength() = 0
3. aList.getLength() = (aList.insert(i, item)).getLength() - 1
4. aList.getLength() = (aList.remove(i)).getLength() + 1
5. (aList.insert(i, item)).isEmpty() = false
6. (List()).remove(i) = false
7. (aList.insert(i, item)).remove(i) = true
8. (aList.insert(i, item)).remove(i) = aList
9. (List()).getEntry(i) => error
10. (aList.insert(i, item)).getEntry(i) = item
11. aList.getEntry(i) = (aList.insert(i, item)).getEntry(i + 1)
12. aList.getEntry(i + 1) = (aList.remove(i)).getEntry(i)
13. (List()).replace(i, item) => error
14. (aList.replace(i, item)).getEntry(i) = item
```

Using the List Operations

Displaying the items on a list.

Using the List Operations

```
// Replaces the ith entry in the list aList with newEntry.
// Returns true if the replacement was successful; otherwise return false.
replace(aList, i, newEntry)
{
    success = aList.remove(i)
    if (success)
        success = aList.insert(i, newEntry)
    return success
}
```

Replacing an item.

```
/** Interface for the ADT list
    Ofile ListInterface h */
 3
    #ifndef LIST INTERFACE_
    #define LIST INTERFACE
    template<class ItemType>
    class ListInterface
 9
10
    public:
11
      /** Sees whether this list is empty.
12
       @return True if the list is empty; otherwise returns false. */
13
      virtual bool isEmpty() const = 0;
14
15
      /** Gets the current number of entries in this list.
16
17
       @return The integer number of entries currently in the list. */
      virtual int getLength() const = 0;
18
```

```
/** Inserts an entry into this list at a given position.
20
        @pre None.
21
        @post If 1 <= position <= getLength() + 1 and the insertion is
22
           successful, newEntry is at the given position in the list,
23
           other entries are renumbered accordingly, and the returned
24
           value is true.
25
        @param newPosition The list position at which to insert newEntry.
26
        @param newEntry The entry to insert into the list.
27
        @return True if the insertion is successful, or false if not. */
28
       virtual bool insert(int newPosition, const ItemType& newEntry) = 0;
29
30
31
       /** Removes the entry at a given position from this list.
        @pre None.
32
        @post If 1 <= position <= getLength() and the removal is successful,</pre>
33
           the entry at the given position in the list is removed, other
34
           items are renumbered accordingly, and the returned value is true.
35
        @param position The list position of the entry to remove.
36
        @return True if the removal is successful, or false if not. */
37
38
       virtual bool remove(int position) = 0;
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```

```
39
      /** Removes all entries from this list.
40
      @post The list contains no entries and the count of items is 0. */
41
     virtual void clear() = 0;
42
43
      /** Gets the entry at the given position in this list.
44
      @pre 1 <= position <= getLength().</pre>
45
      @post The desired entry has been returned.
46
      Oparam position The list position of the desired entry.
47
      @return The entry at the given position. */
48
49
      virtual ItemType getEntry(int position) const = 0;
50
```

```
/** Replaces the entry at the given position in this list.
51
       @pre 1 <= position <= getLength().</pre>
52
       @post The entry at the given position is newEntry.
53
       Oparam position The list position of the entry to replace.
54
       @param newEntry The replacement entry.
55
       @return The replaced entry. */
56
      virtual ItemType replace(int position, const ItemType& newEntry) = 0;
57
58
         Destroys this list and frees its assigned memory. */
59
      virtual ~ListInterface() { }
60
   }; // end ListInterface
   #endif
62
```

