1. What is the output of the following C++ program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int a = 9;
    double b = 5.2;
    float c = 29.5;
    string str = "C++";
    char ch = 'a';
    cout<<"a="<<a<<" b="<<b<<" c="<<c;
    cout<<" ch='"<<ch<<"' str="<<str<<endl;</pre>
    a = b;
    b = c;
    ch = ch + 3;
    cout<<"a="<<a<<" b="<<b<<" c="<<c;</pre>
    cout<<" ch='"<<ch<<"' str="<<str<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

2. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    int x = 5, y=5, z;
    x = ++x;
    y = --y;
    z = x + ++x;
    cout<<x<<" "<<y<<" "<<z;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
   int x = 10;
   int& ref = x;
   ref = 20;
   cout << "x = " << x << endl;
   x = 30;
   cout << "ref = " << ref << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

4. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int f(int &x, int c) {
    c = c - 1;
    if (c == 0)
        return 1;
    x = x + 1;
    return x + c;
}

int main(){
    int x = 5;
    cout<<f(x, x)<<endl;
    cout<<x<endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

5. Choose the right option.

```
int* x, y;
```

- a. x is a pointer to an integer, and y is an integer
- b. Both x and y are pointers to an integer
- c. y is a pointer to an integer, and x is an integer

6. Which of the following is illegal?

```
a. int *px;
b. int *px = 10;
c. int x, *y;
d. int x=10; int* px=&x;
e. int x=2; int* px=&x; *px = 20;
```

7. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int x = 90;
   int *y = &x;
   int &r = x;
   int* &p = y;
   cout<<r<<endl;
   cout<<*p<<enld;
}</pre>
```