# **Array-Based Implementations**

Chapter 3

# The Approach

- An ADT is
  - A collection of data ... and ...
  - A set of operations on that data
- Specifications indicate
  - What ADT operations do
  - But not how to implement
- First step for implementation
  - Choose data structure

# The Approach

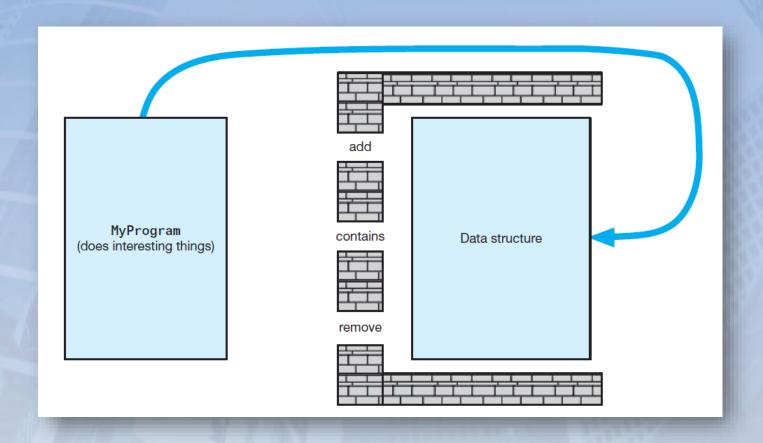


FIGURE 3-1 Violating the wall of ADT operations

#### Core Methods

- Poor approach
  - Define entire class and attempt test
- Better plan Identify, then test basic (core) methods
  - Create the container (constructors)
  - Add items
  - Display/list items
  - Remove items

# Using Fixed-Size Arrays

- Must keep track of array elements used, available
- Decide if first object goes in element 0 or 1
- Consider if the add method places elements in consecutive elements of array
- What happens when add method has used up final available element?

# Array-Based Implementation of ADT Bag

```
+getCurrentSize(): integer
+isEmpty(): boolean
+add(newEntry: ItemType): boolean
+remove(anEntry: ItemType): boolean
+clear(): void
+getFrequencyOf(anEntry: ItemType): integer
+contains(anEntry: ItemType): boolean
+toVector(): vector
```

Core ArrayBag methods

# Array-Based Implementation of ADT Bag

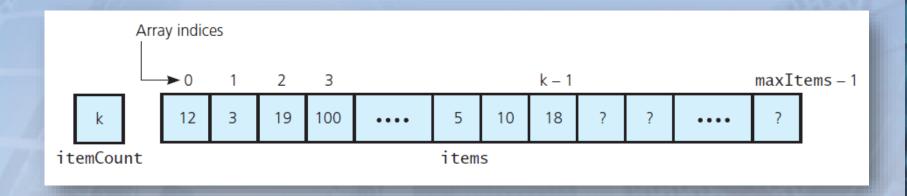


FIGURE 3-2 An array-based implementation of the ADT bag

#### The Header File

```
/** Header file for an array-based implementation of the ADT bag.
     @file ArrayBag.h */
   #ifndef ARRAY BAG
    #define ARRAY BAG
   #include "BagInterface.h"
 8
    template<class ItemType>
9
    class ArrayBag : public BagInterface<ItemType>
10
11
    private:
12
      static const int DEFAULT CAPACITY = 6; // Small size to test for a full bag
13
      ItemType items[DEFAULT_CAPACITY]; // Array of bag items
14
      int itemCount:
                                         // Current count of bag items
15
      int maxItems;
                                         // Max capacity of the bag
16
17
18
      // Returns either the index of the element in the array items that
```

#### LISTING 3-1 The header file for the class ArrayBag

#### The Header File

```
18
       // Returns either the index of the element in the array items that
       // contains the given target or -1, if the array does not contain
19
20
       // the target.
       int getIndexOf(const ItemType& target) const;
21
22
    public:
23
      ArrayBag();
24
       int getCurrentSize() const;
25
       bool isEmpty() const;
26
       bool add(const ItemType& newEntry);
27
       bool remove(const ItemType& anEntry);
28
29
       void clear();
       bool contains(const ItemType& anEntry) const;
30
       int getFrequencyOf(const ItemType& anEntry) const;
31
       vector<ItemType> toVector() const;
32
    }; // end ArrayBag
33
34
    #include "ArrayBag.cpp"
35
    #endif
36
```

#### LISTING 3-1 The header file for the class ArrayBag

```
template < class ItemType>
bool ArrayBag < ItemType>::add(const ItemType& newEntry)
{
   bool hasRoomToAdd = (itemCount < maxItems);
   if (hasRoomToAdd)
   {
      items[itemCount] = newEntry;
      itemCount++;
   } // end if

   return hasRoomToAdd;
} // end add</pre>
```

#### The method add

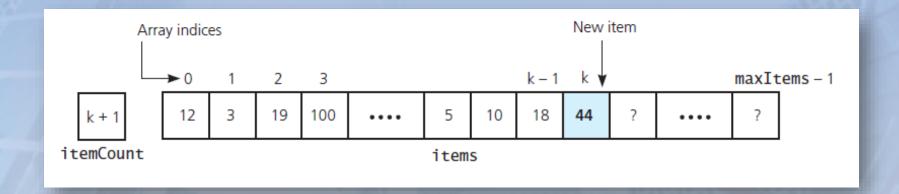


FIGURE 3-3 Inserting a new entry into an array-based bag

```
template < class ItemType >
vector < ItemType > ArrayBag < ItemType > ::toVector() const
{
    vector < ItemType > bagContents;
    for (int i = 0; i < itemCount; i++)
        bagContents.push_back(items[i]);
    return bagContents;
} // end toVector</pre>
```

The method to Vector

```
template < class ItemType>
int ArrayBag < ItemType>::getCurrentSize() const
{
    return itemCount;
} // end getCurrentSize

template < class ItemType>
bool ArrayBag < ItemType>::isEmpty() const
{
    return itemCount == 0;
} // end isEmpty
```

#### Methods getCurrentSize and isEmpty

#### Testing the Core Methods

```
#include <iostream>
                         #include <string>
                         #include "ArrayBag.h"
                         using std::cout;
                          using std::endl:
                          void displayBag(ArrayBag<std::string>& bag)
                                         cout << "The bag contains " << bag.getCurrentSize()</pre>
          9
                                                                  << " items:" << endl:
      10
                                         std::vector<std::string> bagItems = bag.toVector();
      11
                                         int numberOfEntries = (int)bagItems.size();
      13
                                         for (int i = 0; i < numberOfEntries; i++)</pre>
                                                        cout << bagItems[i] << " ";
                                          } // end for
      17
                                         cout << endl << endl:
                          } // end displayBag
      20
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```

LISTING 3-2 A program that tests the core methods of the class *ArrayBag* 

# Testing the Core Methods

```
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                void bagTester(ArrayBag<std::string>& bag)
22
                           cout << "isEmpty: returns " << bag.isEmpty()</pre>
23
                                               << "; should be 1 (true)" << endl;
24
                            displayBag(bag);
25
26
                            std::string items[] = {"one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "one"};
27
                            cout << "Add 6 items to the bag: " << endl:
28
                            for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
29
30
                                      bag.add(items[i]);
31
                            } // end for
32
33
                           displayBag(bag):
34
                           cout << "isEmpty: returns " << bag.isEmpty()</pre>
                                              << "; should be 0 (false)" << endl;
36
                           cout << "getCurrentSize: returns " << bag.getCurrentSize()</pre>
37
                                              << "; should be 6" << endl;
38
                            cout << "Try to add another entry: add(\"extra\") returns "
39
                                              << bag.add("extra") << endl;
40
                } // end bagTester
41
42
```

# LISTING 3-2 A program that tests the core methods of the class *ArrayBag*

#### Testing the Core Methods

```
int main()
43
44
        ArrayBag<std::string> bag;
45
        cout << "Testing the Array-Based Bag:" << endl;</pre>
46
        cout << "The initial bag is empty." << endl;</pre>
47
        bagTester(bag);
48
        cout << "All done!" << endl;</pre>
49
50
        return 0:
51
       // end main
52
   Output
   Testing the Array-Based Bag:
   The initial bag is empty.
   isEmpty: returns 1; should be 1 (true)
   The bag contains 0 items:
   Add 6 items to the bag:
   The bag contains 6 items:
   one two three four five one
```

LISTING 3-2 A program that tests the core methods of the class *ArrayBag* 

# Implementing More Methods

```
template < class ItemType >
int ArravBaq < ItemType > :: qetFrequencyOf(const ItemType& anEntry) const
{
   int frequency = 0;
   int curIndex = 0; // Current array index
   while (curIndex < itemCount)
   {
      if (items[curIndex] == anEntry)
      {
          frequency++;
      } // end if

          curIndex++; // Increment to next entry
      } // end while
    return frequency;
} // end getFrequencyOf</pre>
```

#### Method getFrequencyOf

# Implementing More Methods

```
template <class ItemType>
bool ArrayBag<ItemType>::contains(const ItemType& anEntry) const
{
   bool isFound = false;
   int curIndex = 0; // Current array index
   while (!isFound && (curIndex < itemCount))
   {
      isFound = (anEntry == items[curIndex]);
      if (!isFound)
            curIndex++; // Increment to next entry
   } // end while
   return isFound;
} // end contains</pre>
```

Possible implementation of method contains

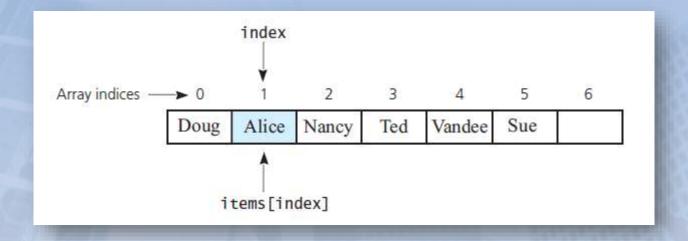


FIGURE 3-4 The array items after a successful search for the string "Alice"

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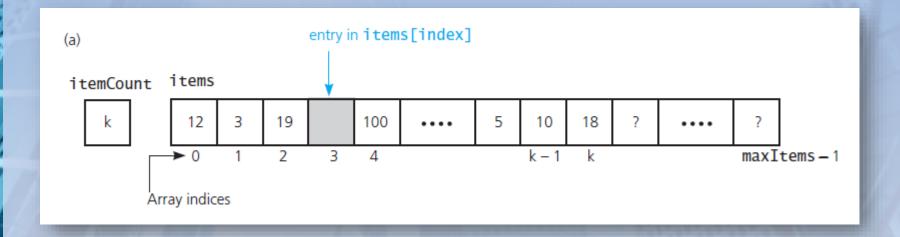


FIGURE 3-5 (a) A gap in the array items after the entry in *items[index]* and decrementing *itemCount*;

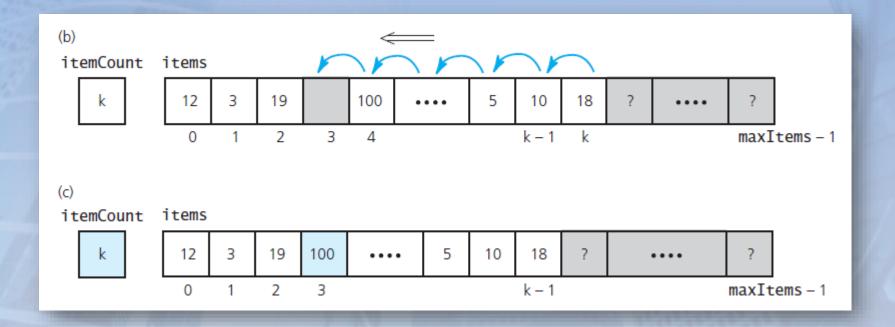


FIGURE 3-5 (b) shifting subsequent entries to avoid a gap; (c) the array after shifting

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```
template<class ItemType>
int ArrayBag<ItemType>::getIndexOf(const ItemType& target) const
  bool isFound = false;
  int result = -1;
  int searchIndex = 0:
  // If the bag is empty, itemCount is zero, so loop is skipped
  while (!isFound && (searchIndex < itemCount))</pre>
      isFound = (items[searchIndex] == target);
      if (isFound)
          result = searchIndex;
      else
          searchIndex++;
        // end if
      // end while
   return result:
   // end get IndexOf
```

#### Method getIndexOf

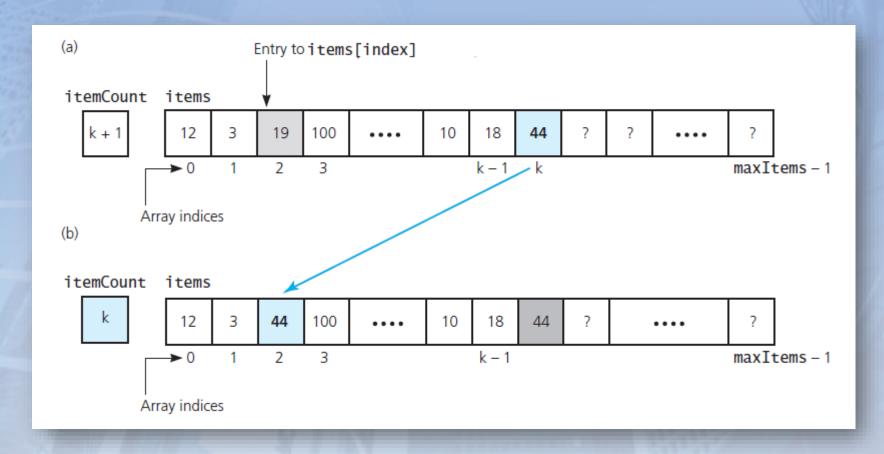


FIGURE 3-6 Avoiding a gap in the array while removing an entry

```
template < class ItemType >
bool ArrayBag < ItemType > :: remove(const ItemType & anEntry)
{
    int locatedIndex = getIndexOf(anEntry);
    bool canRemoveItem = !isEmpty() && (locatedIndex > -1);
    if (canRemoveItem)
    {
        itemCount--;
        items[locatedIndex] = items[itemCount];
    } // end if
    return canRemoveItem;
} // end remove
```

#### Method remove

```
template < class ItemType>
void ArrayBag < ItemType > :: clear()
{
   itemCount = 0;
} // end clear
```

Method clear

# Recursion in the Implementation

```
template<class ItemType>
int ArrayBag<ItemType>::getIndexOf(const ItemType& target, int searchIndex) const
   int result = -1:
   if (searchIndex < itemCount)</pre>
      if (items[searchIndex] == target)
         result = searchIndex:
      else
         result = getIndexOf(target, searchIndex + 1);
         // end if
         end if
   return result:
      end getIndexOf
```

#### Method getIndexOf

# Recursion in the Implementation

```
template<class ItemType>
int ArrayBag<ItemType>::countFrequency(const ItemType& target,
                                        int searchIndex) const
   if (searchIndex < itemCount)</pre>
      if (items[searchIndex] == target)
          return 1 + countFrequency(target, searchIndex + 1);
      else
         return countFrequency(target, searchIndex + 1);
          // end if
      return 0; // Base case
   // end countFrequency
```

#### Method countFrequency

#### Recursion in the Implementation

```
template<class ItemType>
int ArrayBag<ItemType>::countFrequency(const ItemType& target,
                                        int searchIndex) const
   int frequency = 0;
   if (searchIndex < itemCount)</pre>
      if (items[searchIndex] == target)
          frequency = 1 + countFrequency(target, searchIndex + 1);
      else
          frequency = countFrequency(target, searchIndex + 1);
          // end if
          end if
   return frequency;
  // end countFrequency
```

#### Alternative method countFrequency

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