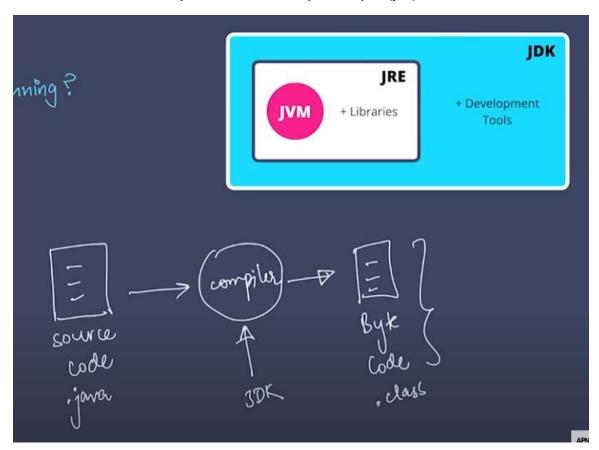
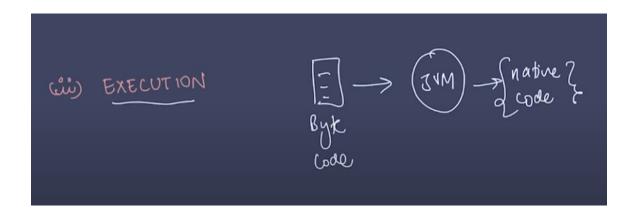
1) Compilation:

source code converted to byte code with the help of compiler(jdk)



2) Execution

Byte code is then converted to native code(understandable by machine)



Functions and Methods:

```
Java Class 1

1. Function

2. Class

void main () {

void main () {

yoid main () {

}

}
```

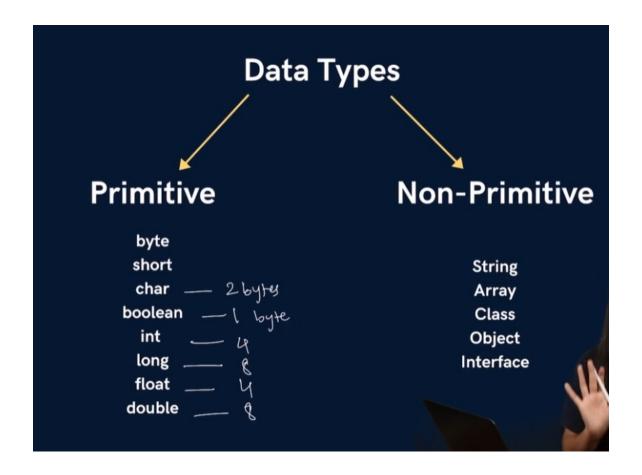
void: empty (does not return anything), here main is the function.

class is the entity which contains multiple functions. In java code , in class main function is the first function which gets executed .

* Difference between Print and Println : (Print) prints the output in same line

Println: Statement inside println is printed and then program moves to next line.

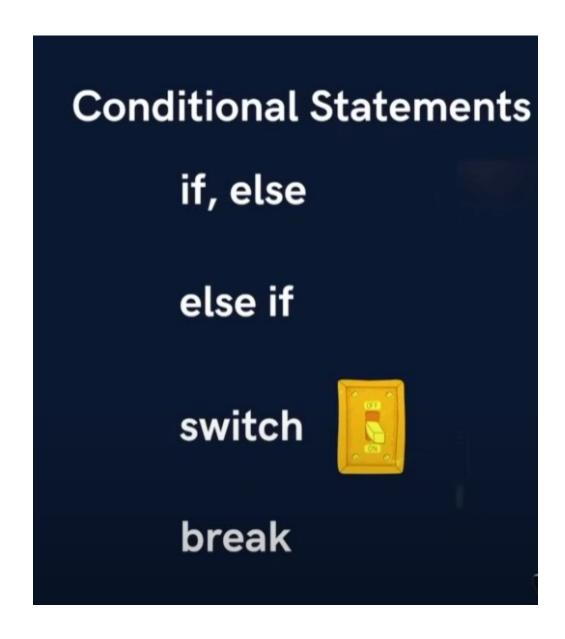
\n : print in next line





* Taking Inputs in java : we take help of Scanner class :

Conditional Statements:



Switch Case:

```
switch (variable) {
case 1:
             break;
case 2:
             stt 2;
             break;
case 3:
             stt 3;
default: stt 4;
```

If case 1 becomes true, it then breaks out after case 1, else proceeds to case 2 for execution and so on

Loops:

```
Loops
for Loop
while Loop
do while Loop
```

```
for(initialisation; condition; updation) {
//do something
}
```

```
while(condition) {

//do something
}
```

```
//do something

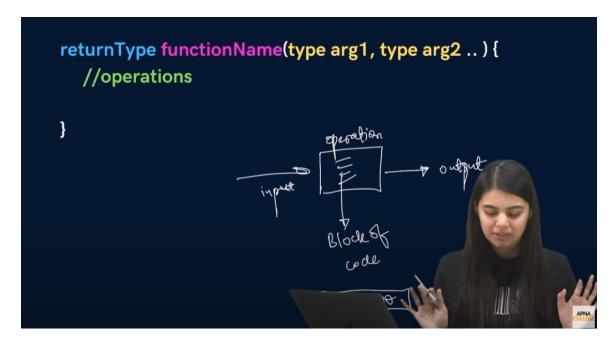
while(condition);
```

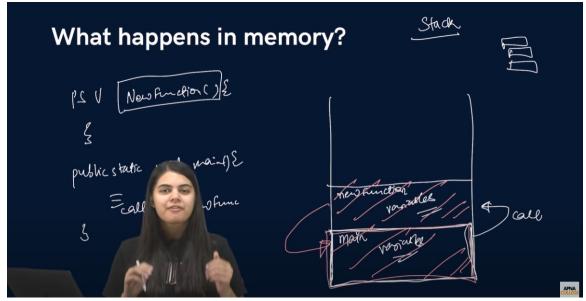
perform the statements till the while condition is satisfied.

Whether what may be the condition, statement is executed minimum once.

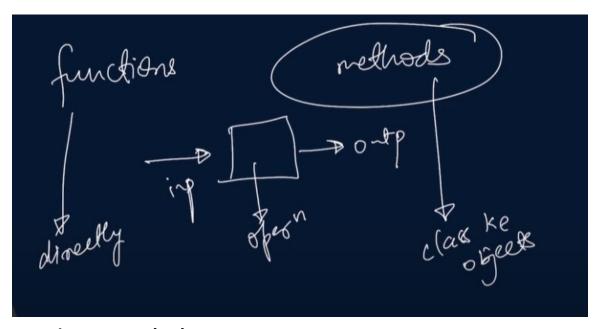
Functions and Methods:

Block of code, Which -performs some opertaion by taking input and gives some output.





In memory: in first stackframe, main function variable are stored, when some function is called, one more stackframe is created for new function, when this new function returns value to main function, it gets removed and after execution of main function, first stackframe also goes off.



Functions vs Methods: Functions are called directly while methods are called by creating objects of class.