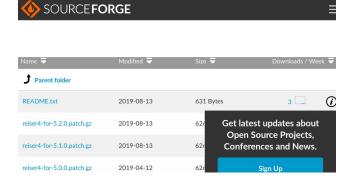
Build a new kernel

Grab the latest stable release available from kernel . org, Grab some patch e.g. (exemplī grātiā) support for Reiser4 and apply it

I grabbed this one stable 5.2.17 because last patch for the reiser4 was for this version:



Patched using \$patch -p1 < path/to/patch

What make targets are interesting to you and why?

It is possible to get the targets with \$make help:

```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:/usr/src/linux$ make help
Cleaning targets:

    Remove most generated files but keep the config and

 clean
                    enough build support to build external modules
                  - Remove all generated files + config + various backu
 mrproper
p files
                  - mrproper + remove editor backup and patch files
 distclean
Configuration targets:
                  - Update current config utilising a line-oriented pro
 config
gram
 nconfig
                  - Update current config utilising a ncurses menu base
d program
                  - Update current config utilising a menu based progra
 menuconfig
m
                  - Update current config utilising a Qt based front-en
 xconfig
                  - Update current config utilising a GTK+ based front-
 gconfig
end
 oldconfig

    Update current config utilising a provided .config

as base
```

Although all of them are pretty interesting and helpful I find config family and install the most useful, because we can control the building process through it.

Use your distribution's . config as a starting point and the olddefconfig target. Bonus: use Slackware-current's or another distros' config as a starting point, even on CentOS or Ubuntu

Used configs grabbed configs from here:

https://mirrors.slackware.com/slackware/slackware-14.2/source/k/config-x86_64/config-gene ric-4.4.14.x64

Make sure some options are enabled either built-in or as module:

Found missing options using this script Added them to the .config file with =y

Also enable your patched feature and show how you did it

Added line in .config file : CONFIG_REISER4_FS=y

How many cores do you have available?

4 cores:

```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~$ lscpu
Architecture: x86_64
CPU op-mode(s): 32-bit, 64-bit
Byte Order: Little Endian
CPU(s):
On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3
Thread(s) per core: 1
Core(s) per socket: 4
Socket(s):
Vendor ID:
                     GenuineIntel
CPU family:
Model:
                      142
Model name:
                      Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-8550U CPU @ 1.80GHz
Stepping:
                      10
CPU MHz:
                     1991.999
                      3983.99
BogoMIPS:
Hypervisor vendor: KVM
Virtualization type: full
L1d cache:
                       32K
L1i cache:
                      32K
                      256K
L2 cache:
L3 cache:
                      8192K
```

Build the kernel with -jCORES+1, deploy it and install its afferent modules

Used:

\$make -j 4

\$ sudo make modules install

\$ sudo make install

In what booting mode is your computer, BIOS/CSM or EFI? How did you find out? What boot-loader are you currently using? Eventually add your new kernel in the boot-menu

Used \$[-d /sys/firmware/efi] && echo UEFI || echo BIOS to determine if booting mode, the output in my case is bios:

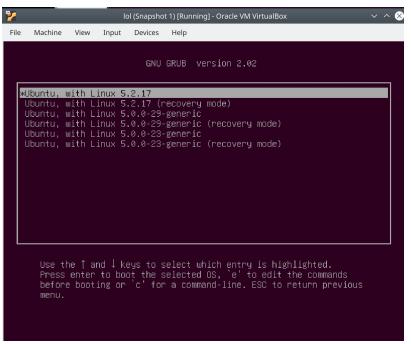
```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~$ [ -d /sys/firmware/efi ] && echo UEFI || echo BIOS
BIOS
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~$
```

Bootloader:

```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~$ grub-install --version
grub-install (GRUB) 2.02-2ubuntu8.13
```

Change grub config: \$ sudo update-initramfs -c -k 5.2.15 \$ sudo update-grub

New kernel is in the GRUB menu:



Check that you're now running the newly built kernel

```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~/Downloads$ uname -mrs
Linux 5.2.17 x86_64
```

• Validate the features you added e.g. as for Reiser4, dd if =/dev/ zero of= fakedisk . sparse bs=1M count=0 seek=1000 will emulate a one gigabyte disk as thin provisioning, similarly to what the QCOW2 format allows.

```
banana@banana-VirtualBox:~/Downloads$ dd if=/dev/zero of=fakedisk.spars
e bs=1M count=0 seek=1000
0+0 records in
0+0 records out
0 bytes copied, 0,000288664 s, 0,0 kB/s
```

• Bonus x2: -or- switch to another boot-loader, and according to your booting mode, BIOS/CSM vs EFI. Which one did you choose? What problems are you facing? Your system does not boot anymore? You messed up? Show the errors and how far you went

Firstly I did something wrong and OS did not boot, however I created a new VM and managed to remove grub and instal lilo.

\$sudo apt-get remove --purge --autoremove grub*
\$sudo apt-get install lilo
\$sudo liloconfig
\$sudo lilo

