

User Guide

AMD GPU Performance API

Contents		
1. Intro	ductionduction	2
2. Usag	ge	2
2.1.	Dynamically Loaded Library on Windows	2
2.2.	Shared-Object Library on Linux	2
2.3.	Registering a Logging Callback	
2.4.	Initializing GPUPerfAPI	
2.5.	Obtaining Available Counters	3
2.6.	Retrieving Information about the Counters	4
2.7.	Enabling Counters	
2.8.	Disabling Counters	4
2.9.	Multi-Pass Profiling	5
2.10.	Sampling Counters	5
2.11.	Counter Results	6
2.12.	Result Buffering	7
2.13.	Closing GPUPerfAPI	7
Exar	nple Code	8
3.1.	Startup	8
3.2.	Render Loop	8
3.3.	On Exit	9
4. Cour	nter Groups	9
5. Cour	nter Descriptions	13
	Functions	
7. Utility	y Function	49

1. Introduction

The GPU Performance API (GPUPerfAPI, or GPA) is a powerful tool to help analyze the performance and execution characteristics of applications using the GPU.

This API:

- Supports DirectX11, OpenGL, OpenGLES, OpenCL, and HSA on GCNbased Radeon™ graphics cards and APUs
- Supports Microsoft Windows as a dynamically loaded library.
 - DirectX11, OpenGL, OpenGLES and OpenCL only
- Supports Linux as a shared-object library:
 - Targeting Ubuntu (14.04 and later) and RHEL (7 and later), distributions
 - OpenCL, OpenGL, OpenGLES and HSA only
- Provides derived counters based on raw HW performance counters.
- Manages memory automatically no allocations required.
- Requires Radeon Software Crimson Edition 16.2.1 or later (Driver Packaging Version 16.15 or later).

2. Usage

2.1. Dynamically Loaded Library on Windows

To use the GPUPerfAPI library on Windows,

- 1. Include the header file GPUPerfAPI.h.
- 2. Include the header file GPUPerfAPIFunctionTypes.h.
- 3. Define instances of each of the function types.
- 4. Call LoadLibrary(...) on the GPUPerfAPI.dll for your chosen API.
- 5. For each function in GPUPerfAPI, call GetProcAddress(...).
- 6. Use the functions to profile your application.

2.2. Shared-Object Library on Linux

To use the GPUPerfAPI shared library on Linux,

- 1. Include the header file GPUPerfAPI.h.
- Include the header file GPUPerfAPIFunctionTypes.h.
- 3. Define instances of each of the function types.
- 4. Call dlopen(...) on libGPUPerfAPI.so for your chosen API.
- 5. For each function in GPUPerfAPI, call dlsym(...).
- 6. Use the functions to profile your application.

2.3. Registering a Logging Callback

An entrypoint is available for registering an optional callback function which GPUPerfAPI will use to report back additional information about errors, messages, and/or API usage. In order to use this feature, you must define a static function with the following signature in your application:

```
void MyLoggingFunction( GPA_Logging_Type messageType, const char*
message);
```

The function may be registered using the following GPUPerfAPI entrypoint:

```
GPA_Status GPA_RegisterLoggingCallback( GPA_Logging_Type loggingType,
GPA LoggingCallbackPtrType pCallbackFuncPtr );
```

You will only receive callbacks for message types that you choose to receive, and the message type is passed into your logging function so that you may handle them differently if desired (perhaps errors are output to cerr or display an assert, while messages and trace information is output to your normal log file). The messages passed into your logging function will not have a newline at the end, allowing for more flexible handling of the message.

2.4. Initializing GPUPerfAPI

The API must be initialized before the rendering context or device is created, so that the driver can be prepared for accessing the counters. For HSA, GPA_Initialize must be called prior to the first call to hsa_init().

```
GPA Status GPA Initialize();
```

After the context or device is created, the counters can be opened on the given context.

```
GPA Status GPA OpenContext( void* pContext );
```

The supplied context must either point to a DirectX device, be the handle to the OpenGL rendering context, the OpenCL command queue handle, or the HSA queue. The return value indicates whether or not the current hardware is supported by GPUPerfAPI. See the API Functions section for more information on individual entry points and return values.

2.5. Obtaining Available Counters

To determine the number of available counters, call:

```
GPA Status GPA GetNumCounters( gpa uint32* pCount );
```

To retrieve the name of a counter, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_GetCounterName( gpa_uint32 index, const char** ppName );
```

To retrieve the index for a given counter name, call:

2.6. Retrieving Information about the Counters

To retrieve a description about a given counter, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_GetCounterDescription( gpa_uint32 index, const char** ppDescription );

To retrieve the data type of the counter( gpa_float32, gpa_float64, gpa_uint32, gpa_uint64), Call:

GPA_Status GPA_GetCounterDataType( gpa_uint32 index, GPA_Type* pDataType );
```

To retrieve the usage type of the counter (percentage, byte, milliseconds, ratio, items, etc), call:

2.7. Enabling Counters

By default, all counters are disabled and must be explicitly enabled. To enable a counter given its index, call:

```
GPA Status GPA EnableCounter( gpa uint32 index );
```

To enable a counter given its name, call:

```
GPA Status GPA EnableCounterStr( const char* pCounter );
```

To enable all available counters, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_EnableAllCounters();
```

2.8. Disabling Counters

Disabling counters can reduce data collection time. To disable a counter given its index, call:

```
GPA Status GPA DisableCounter( gpa uint32 index );
```

To disable a counter given its name, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_DisableCounterStr( const char* pCounter );
```

To disable all enabled counters, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_DisableAllCounters();
```

2.9. Multi-Pass Profiling

The set of counters that can be sampled concurrently is dependent on the hardware and the API. Not all counters can be collected at once (in a single pass). A pass is defined as a set of operations to be profiled. To query the number of passes required to collect the current set of enabled counters, call:

```
GPA_Status GPA_GetPassCount( gpa_uint32* pNumPasses );
```

If multiple passes are required, the set of operations executed in the first pass must be repeated for each additional pass. If it is impossible or impractical to repeat the operations to be profiled, select a counter set requiring only a single pass. For sets requiring more than one pass, results are available only after all passes are complete.

2.10. Sampling Counters

A profile with a given set of counters is called a *Session*. The counter selection cannot change within a session. GPUPerfAPI generates a unique ID for each session, which later is used to query the results of the session. Sessions are identified by begin/end blocks:

```
GPA_Status GPA_BeginSession( gpa_uint32* pSessionID );
GPA Status GPA EndSession();
```

More than one *pass* may be required, depending on the set of enabled counters. A single session must contain all the passes needed to complete the counter collection. Each pass is also identified by begin/end blocks:

```
GPA_Status GPA_BeginPass();
GPA Status GPA EndPass();
```

Each pass, and each session, can contain one or more *samples*. Each sample is a data point for which a set of counter results is returned. All enabled counters are collected within begin/end blocks:

```
GPA Status GPA BeginSample( gpa uint32 sampleID );
```

```
GPA Status GPA EndSample();
```

Each sample must have a unique identifier within the pass so that the results of the individual sample can be retrieved. If multiple passes are required, use the same identifier for the first sample of each pass; each additional sample must use its unique identifier, thus relating the same sample from each pass.

The following example collects a set of counters for two data points:

```
BeginSession
  BeginPass
    BeginSample(1)
    <Operations for data point 1>
    EndSample
    BeginSample(2)
    <Operations for data point 2>
    EndSample
    EndPass
EndSession
```

If multiple passes are required:

```
BeginSession
 BeginPass
   BeginSample(1)
     <Operations for data point 1>
   EndSample
   BeginSample(2)
     <Operations for data point 2>
   EndSample
 EndPass
 BeginPass
   BeginSample( 1 )
     <Identical operations for data point 1>
   EndSample
   BeginSample(2)
      <Identical operations for data point 2>
   EndSample
 EndPass
EndSession
```

2.11. Counter Results

Results for a session can be retrieved after EndSession has been called and before the counters are closed. The unique sessionID provided by GPUPerfAPI can be used to query if the session is available, without stalling the pipeline to wait for the results:

Similarly, the sampleID that was provided at each BeginSample call can be used to check if individual sample results are available without stalling the pipeline:

Once the results are available, the following calls can be used to retrieve the results. These are blocking calls, so if you are continuously collecting data, it is important to call these as few times as possible to avoid stalls and overhead.

```
GPA Status GPA GetSampleUInt32 ( gpa uint32 sessionID,
                                gpa_uint32 sampleID,
                                gpa uint32 counterID,
                                gpa uint32* pResult );
GPA Status GPA GetSampleUInt64( gpa uint32 sessionID,
                                gpa uint32 sampleID,
                                gpa uint32 counterID,
                                gpa uint64* pResult );
GPA Status GPA GetSampleFloat32( gpa uint32 sessionID,
                                 gpa uint32 sampleID,
                                 gpa uint32 counterID,
                                 gpa float32* pResult );
GPA_Status GPA_GetSampleFloat64( gpa_uint32 sessionID,
                                 gpa uint32 sampleID,
                                 gpa uint32 counterID,
                                 gpa float64* pResult );
```

2.12. Result Buffering

The GPUPerfAPI buffers an API-dependent number of sessions (at least four). When more sessions are sampled, the oldest session results are replaced by new ones. Usually, this is not an issue, because the availability of results is checked regularly by your application. Ensure that your application checks the results more frequently than the number of buffered session. This prevents previous sessions from becoming unavailable. If a session is unavailable, GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND is returned.

2.13. Closing GPUPerfAPI

To stop the currently selected context from using the counters, call:

```
GPA Status GPA CloseContext();
```

After your application has released all rendering contexts or devices, GPUPerfAPI must disable the counters so that performance of other applications is not affected. To do so, call:

```
GPA Status GPA Destroy();
```

3. Example Code

This sample shows the code for:

- Initializing the counters.
- Sampling all the counters for two draw calls every frame.
- Writing out the results to a file when they become available.
- Shutting down the counters.

3.1. Startup

Open the counter system on the current Direct3D device, and enable all available counters. If using OpenGL, the handle to the GL context should be passed into the OpenContext function; for OpenCL, the command queue handle should be supplied.

```
GPA_Initialize();
D3D11CreateDeviceAndSwapChain( . . . &g_pd3dDevice );
GPA_OpenContext( g_pd3dDevice );
GPA_EnableAllCounters();
```

3.2. Render Loop

At the start of the application's rendering loop, begin a new session, and begin the GPA pass loop to ensure that all the counters are queried. Sample one or more API calls before ending the pass loop and ending the session. After the session results are available, save the data to disk for later analysis.

```
static gpa_uint32 currentWaitSessionID = 1;

gpa_uint32 sessionID;

GPA_BeginSession( &sessionID );

gpa_uint32 numRequiredPasses;

GPA_GetPassCount( &numRequiredPasses );

for ( gpa_uint32 i = 0; i < numRequiredPasses; i++ )
{
    GPA_BeginPass();

    GPA_BeginSample( 0 );
        <API function call>
    GPA_EndSample();

    GPA_BeginSample( 1 );
        <API function call>
```

```
GPA EndSample();
   GPA EndPass();
GPA EndSession();
bool readyResult = false;
if ( sessionID != currentWaitSessionID )
   GPA Status sessionStatus;
   sessionStatus = GPA IsSessionReady( &readyResult,
                                       currentWaitSessionID );
   while ( sessionStatus == GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND )
      // skipping a session which got overwritten
      currentWaitSessionID++;
      sessionStatus = GPA IsSessionReady( &readyResult,
                                          currentWaitSessionID );
   }
}
if ( readyResult )
   WriteSession(currentWaitSessionID,
                "c:\\PublicCounterResults.csv");
   currentWaitSessionID++;
}
```

3.3. On Exit

Ensure that the counter system is closed before the application exits.

```
GPA_CloseContext();
g_pd3dDevice->Release();
GPA_Destroy();
```

4. Counter Groups

The counters exposed through GPU Performance API are organized into groups to help provide clarity and organization to all the available data. Below is a collective list of counters from all the supported hardware generations. Some of the counters may not be available depending on the hardware being profiled.

It is recommended you initially profile with counters from the Timing group to determine whether the profiled calls are worth optimizing (based on GPUTime value), and which parts of the pipeline are performing the most work. Note that because the GPU is highly parallelized, various parts of the pipeline can be active at the same time; thus, the "Busy" counters probably will sum over 100 percent. After identifying one or more stages to investigate further, enable the

corresponding counter groups for more information on the stage and whether or not potential optimizations exist.

Group	Counters
Timing ³	CSBusy
	CSTime
	DepthStencilTestBusy
	DSBusy
	DSTime
	GPUBusy
	GPUTime
	GSBusy
	GSTime
	HSBusy
	HSTime
	PrimitiveAssemblyBusy
	PSBusy
	PSTime
	TessellatorBusy
	TexUnitBusy
	VSBusy
	VSTime
VertexShader ³	VSSALUBusy
	VSSALUInstCount
	VSVALUBusy
	VSVALUInstCount
	VSVerticesIn
HullShader ³	HSPatches
	HSSALUBusy
	HSSALUInstCount
	HSVALUBusy
	HSVALUInstCount
GeometryShader ³	GSPrimsIn
	GSSALUBusy
	GSSALUInstCount
	GSVALUBusy
	GSVALUInstCount
District Assessed 1.3	GSVerticesOut
PrimitiveAssembly ³	ClippedPrims
	CulledPrims
	PAStalledOnRasterizer
DomainShader ³	PrimitivesIn
DomainShader	DSSALUBusy DSSALUBastCount
	DSSALUInstCount DSVALUBURY
	DSVALUBusy

	DSVALUInstCount
	DSVerticesIn
PixelShader ³	PSExportStalls
i ixeloriadei	PSPixelsOut
	PSSALUBusy
	PSSALUInstCount
	PSVALUBusy PSVALUBatCount
Tandama Ha 43	PSVALUInstCount Taxabase Asia at taxabase
TextureUnit ³	TexAveAnisotropy
	TexTriFilteringPct
0 11	TexVolFilteringPct
General ¹	FlatVMemInsts
	GDSInsts
	SALUBusy
	SALUInsts
	SFetchInsts
	VALUBusy
	VALUInsts
	VALUUtilization
	VFetchInsts
	VWriteInsts
	Wavefronts
ComputeShader ³	CSALUStalledByLDS
	CSCacheHit
	CSFetchInsts
	CSFetchSize
	CSFlatLDSInsts
	CSFlatVMemInsts
1	CSGDSInsts
	CSGDSInsts CSLDSBankConflict
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUItilization CSVFetchInsts CSVWriteInsts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUItilization CSVFetchInsts CSVWriteInsts CSWavefronts
	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUItilization CSVFetchInsts CSVWriteInsts CSWavefronts CSWriteSize
DepthAndStencil ³	CSLDSBankConflict CSLDSInsts CSMemUnitBusy CSMemUnitStalled CSSALUBusy CSSALUInsts CSThreadGroups CSThreads CSVALUBusy CSVALUBusy CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUInsts CSVALUItilization CSVFetchInsts CSVWriteInsts CSWavefronts

I and the second	HiZTilesAccepted
	PostZQuads
	PostZSamplesFailingS
	PostZSamplesFailingZ
	PostZSamplesPassing
	PreZQuadsCulled
	PreZSamplesFailingS
	PreZSamplesFailingZ
	PreZSamplesPassing
	PreZTilesDetailCulled
	ZUnitStalled
CalarDffar3	
ColorBuffer ³	CBMemRead
	CBMemWritten
	CBSlowPixelPct
GlobalMemory ¹	FetchSize
	CacheHit
	MemUnitBusy
	MemUnitStalled
	WriteSize
	WriteUnitStalled
LocalMemory ¹	FlatLDSInsts
,	LDSBankConflict
	LDSInsts
D3D11 ²	CInvocations
	CPrimitives
	CSInvocations
	Convocations
	D3DGPLITime
	D3DGPUTime DSInvocations
	DSInvocations
	DSInvocations GSInvocation
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3 PrimsStorageNeed
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3 PrimsStorageNeed PrimsStorageNeed_S0
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3 PrimsStorageNeed PrimsStorageNeed_S0 PrimsStorageNeed_S1
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3 PrimsStorageNeed PrimsStorageNeed_S1 PrimsStorageNeed_S2
	DSInvocations GSInvocation GSPrimitives HSInvocations IAPrimitives IAVertices Occlusion OcclusionPredicate OverflowPred OverflowPred_S0 OverflowPred_S1 OverflowPred_S2 OverflowPred_S3 PrimsStorageNeed PrimsStorageNeed_S0 PrimsStorageNeed_S1

PrimsWritten_S0
PrimsWritten S1
PrimsWritten S2
PrimsWritten S3
PSInvocations
VSInvocations

¹ Exposed only by the OpenCL and HSA versions of the GPU Performance API

5. Counter Descriptions

The GPU Performance API supports many hardware counters and attempts to maintain the same set of counters across all supported graphics APIs and all supported hardware generations. In some cases, this is not possible because either features are not available in certain APIs or the hardware evolves through the generations. The following table lists all the supported counters, along with a brief description that can be queried through the API. To clearly define the set of counters, they have been separated into sections based on which APIs contain the counters and the hardware version on which they are available.

OpenCL and HSA Counter Descriptions

Counter	Description
CacheHit	The percentage of fetches from the video memory that hit the data cache. Value range: 0% (no hit) to 100% (optimal).
FetchSize	The total kilobytes fetched from the video memory. This is measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account.
FlatLDSInsts ¹	The average number of FLAT instructions that read from or write to LDS executed per work item (affected by flow control).
FlatVMemInsts ¹	The average number of FLAT instructions that read from or write to the video memory executed per work item (affected by flow control). Includes FLAT instructions that read from or write to scratch.
GDSInsts	The average number of GDS read or GDS write instructions executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
LDSBankConflict	The percentage of GPUTime LDS is stalled by bank conflicts.
LDSInsts	The average number of LDS read or LDS write instructions executed per work item (affected by flow control). On 2 nd Generation GCN-based hardware, this

² Exposed only by the DirectX11 version of the GPU Performance API

³ Exposed only by the DirectX11, OpenGL and OpenGLES versions of the GPU Performance API

	value excludes FLAT instructions that read from or write to LDS.
MemUnitBusy	The percentage of GPUTime the memory unit is active. The result includes the stall time (MemUnitStalled). This is measured with all extra fetches and writes and any cache or memory effects taken into account. Value range: 0% to 100% (fetch-bound).
MemUnitStalled	The percentage of GPUTime the memory unit is stalled. Try reducing the number or size of fetches and writes if possible. Value range: 0% (optimal) to 100% (bad).
SALUBusy	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are processed. Value range: 0% (bad) to 100% (optimal).
SALUInsts	The average number of scalar ALU instructions executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
SFetchInsts	The average number of scalar fetch instructions from the video memory executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
VALUBusy	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are processed. Value range: 0% (bad) to 100% (optimal).
VALUInsts	The average number of vector ALU instructions executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
VALUUtilization	The percentage of active vector ALU threads in a wave. A lower number can mean either more thread divergence in a wave or that the work-group size is not a multiple of 64. Value range: 0% (bad), 100% (ideal - no thread divergence).
VFetchInsts	The average number of vector fetch instructions from the video memory executed per work-item (affected by flow control). On 2 nd Generation GCN-based hardware, this value excludes FLAT instructions that fetch from video memory.
VWriteInsts	The average number of vector write instructions to the video memory executed per work-item (affected by flow control). On 2 nd Generation GCN-based hardware, this value excludes FLAT instructions that write to video memory.
Wavefronts	Total wavefronts.
WriteSize	The total kilobytes written to the video memory. This is measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account.
WriteUnitStalled	The percentage of GPUTime Write unit is stalled.

 $^{^{1}}$ Only available on 2^{nd} generation Graphics Core Next based AMD Radeon $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$ Graphics Cards or newer

OpenGL and DirectX Counter Descriptions

Counter	Description
CBMemRead	Number of bytes read from the color buffer.
CBMemWritten	Number of bytes written to the color buffer.
CBSlowPixelPct	Percentage of pixels written to the color buffer using a
	half-rate or quarter-rate format.
CInvocations	Number of primitives that were sent to the rasterizer.
ClippedPrims	The number of primitives that required one or more
	clipping operations due to intersecting the view volume or
	user clip planes.
CPrimitives	Number of primitives that were rendered.
CSALUStalledByLDS	The percentage of GPUTime ALU units are stalled by the
	LDS input queue being full or the output queue being not
	ready. If there are LDS bank conflicts, reduce them.
	Otherwise, try reducing the number of LDS accesses if
	possible. Value range: 0% (optimal) to 100% (bad).
CSBusy	The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has compute
	shader work to do.
CSCacheHit	The percentage of fetches from the global memory that
005 + 11 +	hit the texture cache.
CSFetchInsts	Average number of fetch instructions executed in the CS
005.4.4.0	per execution. Affected by the flow control.
CSFetchSize	The total kilobytes fetched from the video memory. This
	is measured with all extra fetches and any cache or
CCFlott DCInoto1	memory effects taken into account.
CSFlatLDSInsts ¹	The average number of FLAT instructions that read from
	or write to LDS executed per work item (affected by flow control).
CSFlatVMemInsts ¹	The average number of FLAT instructions that read from
Cor latvivierimists	or write to the video memory executed per work item
	(affected by flow control). Includes FLAT instructions that
	read from or write to scratch.
CSGDSInsts	The average number of instructions to/from the GDS
	executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
CSInvocations	Number of times a compute shader was invoked.
CSLDSBankConflict	The percentage of GPUTime the LDS is stalled by bank
	conflicts.
CSLDSInsts	The average number of LDS read/write instructions
	executed per work-item (affected by flow control).
CSMemUnitBusy	The percentage of GPUTime the memory unit is active.
	The result includes the stall time (MemUnitStalled). This
	is measured with all extra fetches and writes and any
	cache or memory effects taken into account. Value
	range: 0% to 100% (fetch-bound).
CSMemUnitStalled	The percentage of GPUTime the memory unit is stalled.
	Try reducing the number or size of fetches and writes if
	possible. Value range: 0% (optimal) to 100% (bad).

CSSALUBusy	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
	processed. Value range: 0% (bad) to 100% (optimal).
CSSALUInsts	The average number of scalar ALU instructions executed
	per work-item (affected by flow control).
CSThreadGroups	Total number of thread groups.
CSThreads	The number of CS threads processed by the hardware.
CSTime	Time compute shaders are busy in milliseconds.
CSVALUBusy	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
	processed. Value range: 0% (bad) to 100% (optimal).
CSVALUInsts	The average number of vector ALU instructions executed
	per work-item (affected by flow control).
CSVALUUtilization	The percentage of active vector ALU threads in a wave.
	A lower number can mean either more thread divergence
	in a wave or that the work-group size is not a multiple of
	64. Value range: 0% (bad), 100% (ideal - no thread
	divergence).
CSVFetchInsts	The average number of vector fetch instructions from the
	video memory executed per work-item (affected by flow
	control).
CSVWriteInsts	The average number of vector write instructions to the
	video memory executed per work-item (affected by flow
	control).
CSWavefronts	The total number of wavefronts used for the CS.
CSWriteSize	The total kilobytes written to the video memory. This is
	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or
CSWriteUnitStalled	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account.
CSWriteUnitStalled	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled.
CSWriteUnitStalled CulledPrims	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad).
	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include
	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad).
	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU
CulledPrims	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUInstCount¹	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in the DS. Affected by flow control.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUBusy¹ DSTime	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in the DS. Affected by flow control. Time domain shaders are busy in milliseconds.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUInstCount¹	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in the DS. Affected by flow control. Time domain shaders are busy in milliseconds. The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUBusy¹ DSTime DSVALUBusy¹	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in the DS. Affected by flow control. Time domain shaders are busy in milliseconds. The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are being processed by the DS.
CulledPrims D3DGPUTime DepthStencilTestBusy DSBusy DSInvocations DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUBusy¹ DSSALUInstCount¹ DSTime	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or memory effects taken into account. The percentage of GPUTime the Write unit is stalled. Value range: 0% to 100% (bad). The number of culled primitives. Typical reasons include scissor, the primitive having zero area, and back or front face culling. Time spent in GPU Percentage of GPUTime spent performing depth and stencil tests. The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has domain shader work to do. Number of times a domain shader was invoked. The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are being processed by the DS. Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in the DS. Affected by flow control. Time domain shaders are busy in milliseconds. The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are

DSVerticesIn	The number of vertices processed by the DS.
GPUBusy	The percentage of time GPU was busy
GPUTime	Time, in milliseconds, this API call took to execute on the
	GPU. Does not include time that draw calls are
	processed in parallel.
GSBusy	The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has geometry
	shader work to do.
GSInvocations	Number of times a geometry shader was invoked.
GSPrimitives	Number of primitives output by a geometry shader.
GSPrimsIn	The number of primitives passed into the GS.
GSSALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
	being processed by the GS.
GSSALUInstCount ¹	Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in
	the GS. Affected by flow control.
GSTime	Time geometry shaders are busy in milliseconds.
GSVALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
	being processed by the GS.
GSVALUInstCount ¹	Average number of vector ALU instructions executed in
	the GS. Affected by flow control.
GSVerticesOut	The number of vertices output by the GS.
HiZQuadsCulled	Percentage of quads that did not have to continue on in
	the pipeline after HiZ. They may be written directly to the
	depth buffer, or culled completely. Consistently low
	values here may suggest that the Z-range is not being
	fully utilized.
HiZTilesAccepted	Percentage of tiles accepted by HiZ and will be rendered
	to the depth or color buffers.
HSBusy	The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has hull shader
	work to do.
HSInvocations	Number of times a hull shader was invoked.
HSPatches	The number of patches processed by the HS.
HSSALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
110001111111111111111111111111111111111	being processed by the HS.
HSSALUInstCount ¹	Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in
LIOT	the HS. Affected by flow control.
HSTime	Time hull shaders are busy in milliseconds.
HSVALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
110)///1111/22/22 24	being processed by the HS.
HSVALUInstCount ¹	Average number of vector ALU instructions executed in
LA Duine Mine	the HS. Affected by flow control.
IAPrimitives	Number of primitives read by the input assembler.
IAVertices	Number of vertices read by input assembler.
Occlusion	Get the number of samples that passed the depth and
O d d disc D d li	stencil tests.
OcclusionPredicate	Did any samples pass the depth and stencil tests?

OverflowPred	Determines if any of the streaming output buffers overflowed.
OverflowPred S0	Determines if the stream 0 buffer overflowed.
OverflowPred S1	Determines if the stream 1 buffer overflowed.
OverflowPred S2	Determines if the stream 2 buffer overflowed.
OverflowPred_S3	Determines if the stream 3 buffer overflowed.
PAStalledOnRasterizer	Percentage of GPUTime that primitive assembly waits for
1 / Ctalled Officasterizer	rasterization to be ready to accept data. This roughly
	indicates the percentage of time the pipeline is
	bottlenecked by pixel operations.
PostZQuads	Percentage of quads for which the pixel shader will run
1 0312 Quad3	and may be PostZ tested.
PostZSamplesFailingS	Number of samples tested for Z after shading and failed
' "	stencil test.
PostZSamplesFailingZ	Number of samples tested for Z after shading and failed
	Z test.
PostZSamplesPassing	Number of samples tested for Z after shading and
	passed.
PreZQuadsCulled	Percentage of quads rejected based on the detailZ and
	earlyZ tests.
PreZSamplesFailingS	Number of samples tested for Z before shading and
	failed stencil test.
PreZSamplesFailingZ	Number of samples tested for Z before shading and
	failed Z test.
PreZSamplesPassing	Number of samples tested for Z before shading and
	passed.
PreZTilesDetailCulled	Percentage of tiles rejected because the associated prim
	had no contributing area.
PrimitiveAssemblyBusy	Percentage of GPUTime that primitive assembly (clipping
	and culling) is busy. High values may be caused by
	having many small primitives; mid to low values may
	indicate pixel shader or output buffer bottleneck.
PrimitivesIn	The number of primitives received by the hardware.
PrimsStorageNeed	Primitives not written to the SO buffers due to limited
	space.
PrimsStorageNeed_S0	Primitives not written to stream 0 due to limited space.
PrimsStorageNeed_S1	Primitives not written to stream 1 due to limited space.
PrimsStorageNeed_S2	Primitives not written to stream 2 due to limited space.
PrimsStorageNeed_S3	Primitives not written to stream 3 due to limited space.
PrimsWritten	Number of primitives written to the stream-output buffers.
PrimsWritten_S0	Number of primitives written to the stream 0 buffer.
PrimsWritten_S1	Number of primitives written to the stream 1 buffer.
PrimsWritten_S2	Number of primitives written to the stream 2 buffer.
PrimsWritten_S3	Number of primitives written to the stream 3 buffer.
PSBusy ⁷	The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has pixel shader

	work to do.
PSExportStalls	Percentage of GPUTime that PS output is stalled. Should
·	be zero for PS or further upstream limited cases; if not
	zero, indicates a bottleneck in late z testing or in the color
	buffer.
PSInvocations	Number of times a pixel shader was invoked.
PSPixelsOut	The number of pixels exported from shader to color
	buffers. Does not include killed or alpha-tested pixels. If
	there are multiple render targets, each receives one
	export, so this is 2 for 1 pixel written to two RTs.
PSSALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
-	being processed by the PS.
PSSALUInstCount ¹	Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in
	the PS. Affected by flow control.
PSTime	Time pixel shaders are busy in milliseconds.
PSVALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
,	being processed by the PS.
PSVALUInstCount ¹	Average number of vector ALU instructions executed in
	the PS. Affected by flow control.
TessellatorBusy	The percentage of time the tessellation engine is busy.
TexAveAnisotropy	The average degree (between 1 and 16) of anisotropy
	applied. The anisotropic filtering algorithm only applies
	samples where they are required (there are no extra
	anisotropic samples if the view vector is perpendicular to
	the surface), so this can be much lower than the
	requested anisotropy.
TexTriFilteringPct	Percentage of pixels that received trilinear filtering. Note
3	that not all pixels for which trilinear filtering is enabled
	receive it (for example, if the texture is magnified).
TexUnitBusy	Percentage of GPUTime the texture unit is active. This is
	measured with all extra fetches and any cache or
	memory effects taken into account.
TexVolFilteringPct	Percentage of pixels that received volume filtering.
VSBusy ⁷	The percentage of time the ShaderUnit has vertex
1 2 2 3.3,	shader work to do.
VSInvocations	Number of times a vertex shader was invoked.
VSSALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime scalar ALU instructions are
,	being processed by the VS.
VSSALUInstCount ¹	Average number of scalar ALU instructions executed in
	the VS. Affected by flow control.
VSTime	Time vertex shaders are busy in milliseconds.
VSVSALUBusy ¹	The percentage of GPUTime vector ALU instructions are
	being processed by the VS.
VSVALUInstCount ¹	Average number of vector ALU instructions executed in
	the VS. Affected by flow control.
VSVerticesIn	The number of vertices processed by the VS.

ZUnitStalled	Percentage of GPUTime the depth buffer spends waiting
	for the color buffer to be ready to accept data. High
	figures here indicate a bottleneck in color buffer
	operations.

¹ Available on 2nd generation Graphics Core Next based AMD Radeon™ Graphics Cards or newer

6. API Functions

Begin Sampling Pass

Syntax

GPA Status GPA BeginPass()

Description

It is expected that a sequence of repeatable operations exist between <code>BeginPass</code> and <code>EndPass</code> calls. If this is not the case, activate only counters that execute in a single pass. The number of required passes can be determined by enabling a set of counters, then calling <code>GPA_GetPassCount</code>. Loop the operations inside the <code>BeginPass/EndPass</code> calls over

GPA GetPassCount result number of times.

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLING_NOT_STARTED: GPA_BeginSession must be called before this call to initialize the profiling session.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_PASS_ALREADY_STARTED: GPA_EndPass must be called to finish the previous pass before a new pass can be started.

Begin a Sample Using the Enabled Counters

Syntax

GPA Status GPA BeginSample(gpa uint32 sampleID)

Description

Multiple samples can be done inside a BeginSession/EndSession sequence. Each sample computes the values of the counters between BeginSample and EndSample. To identify each sample, the user must provide a unique sampleID as a parameter to this function. The number must be unique within the same BeginSession/EndSession sequence. The BeginSample must be followed by a call to EndSample before BeginSample is called again.

Parameters sampleID

Any integer, unique within the BeginSession/EndSession sequence, used to retrieve the sample results.

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR PASS NOT STARTED: GPA BeginPass must be called before this call to mark the start of a profile pass.

GPA STATUS ERROR SAMPLING NOT STARTED: GPA BeginSession must be called before this call to initialize the profiling session.

GPA STATUS ERROR SAMPLE ALREADY STARTED: GPA EndSample must be called to finish the previous sample before a new sample can be started.

GPA STATUS ERROR FAILED: Sample could not be started due to internal error.

GPA STATUS ERROR PASS ALREADY STARTED: GPA EndPass must be called to finish the previous pass before a new pass can be started.

Begin Profile Session with the Currently Enabled Set of Counters

Syntax GPA Status GPA BeginSession(gpa uint32* pSessionID)

Description

This must be called to begin the counter sampling process. A unique sessionID is returned, which later is used to retrieve the counter values. Session identifiers are integers and always start from 1 on a newly opened context. The set of enabled counters cannot be changed inside a BeginSession/EndSession Sequence.

Parameters psessionID The value to be set to the session identifier.

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pSessionID parameter. A reference to a gpa_uint32 value is expected.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NO_COUNTERS_ENABLED: No counters were enabled for this session.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLING_ALREADY_STARTED: GPA_EndSession must be called in order to finish the previous session before a new session can be started.

GPA_STATUS_OK: On success.

Close the Counters in the Currently Active Context

Syntax GPA Status GPA CloseContext()

Description Counters must be reopened with GPA_OpenContext before using

GPUPerfAPI again.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLING_NOT_ENDED: GPA_EndSession must be called in order to finish the previous session before the counters can be closed

Undo any Initialization Needed to Access Counters

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_Destroy()

Description Calling this function after the rendering context or device has been

released is important so that counter availability does not impact the

performance of other applications.

Returns GPA STATUS FAILED: An internal error occurred.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Disable All Counters

Syntax GPA Status GPA DisableAllCounters()

Description Subsequent sampling sessions do not provide values for any disabled

counters. Initially, all counters are disabled and must be enabled explicitly.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR CANNOT CHANGE COUNTERS WHEN SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be disabled if a session is active.

Disable a Specific Counter

Syntax GPA Status GPA DisableCounter(gpa uint32 index)

Description Subsequent sampling sessions do not provide values for any disabled

counters. Initially, all counters are disabled and must be enabled explicitly.

Parameters index The index of the counter to disable. Must lie between 0 and

(GPA GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE: The supplied index does not

identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR CANNOT CHANGE COUNTERS WHEN SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be disabled if a session is active.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_ENABLED: The supplied index does identify an available counter, but the counter was not previously enabled, so it cannot be disabled.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Disable a Specific Counter Using the Counter Name (Case Insensitive)

Syntax GPA Status GPA DisableCounterStr(const char* pCounter)

Description Subsequent sampling sessions do not provide values for any disabled

counters. Initially, all counters are disabled and must be enabled explicitly.

Parameters pcounter The name of the counter to disable.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCounter parameter.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_CHANGE_COUNTERS_WHEN_SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be disabled if a session is active.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_FOUND: A counter with the specified name could not

be found.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_ENABLED: The supplied index does identify an available counter, but the counter was not previously enabled, so it cannot be disabled.

Enable All Counters

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_EnableAllCounters()

Description Subsequent sampling sessions provide values for all counters. Initially, all

counters are disabled and must explicitly be enabled by calling a function

that enables them.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_CHANGE_COUNTERS_WHEN_SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be disabled if a session is active.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Enable a Specific Counter

Syntax GPA Status GPA EnableCounter(gpa uint32 index)

Description Subsequent sampling sessions provide values for enabled counters.

Initially, all counters are disabled and must explicitly be enabled by calling

this function.

Parameters index The index of the counter to enable. Must lie between 0 and

(GPA GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE: The supplied index does not

identify an available counter.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_CHANGE_COUNTERS WHEN SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be enabled if a session is active.

GPA STATUS ERROR ALREADY ENABLED: The specified counter is already

enabled.

Enable a Specific Counter Using the Counter Name (Case Insensitive)

Syntax GPA Status GPA EnableCounterStr(const char* pCounter)

Description Subsequent sampling sessions provide values for enabled counters.

Initially, all counters are disabled and must explicitly be enabled by calling

this function.

Parameters pcounter The name of the counter to enable.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCounter parameter.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_CANNOT_CHANGE_COUNTERS_WHEN_SAMPLING: Counters

cannot be disabled if a session is active.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: A counter with the specified name could not

be found.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_ALREADY_ENABLED: The specified counter is already

enabled.

End Sampling Pass

Syntax

GPA Status GPA EndPass()

Description

It is expected that a sequence of repeatable operations exist between <code>BeginPass</code> and <code>EndPass</code> calls. If this is not the case, activate only counters that execute in a single pass. The number of required passes can be determined by enabling a set of counters and then calling <code>GPA_GetPassCount</code>. Loop the operations inside the <code>BeginPass/EndPass</code> calls the number of times specified by the <code>GPA_GetPassCount</code> result. This is necessary to capture all counter values because counter combinations sometimes cannot be captured simultaneously.

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_PASS_NOT_STARTED: GPA_BeginPass must be called to start a pass before a pass can be ended.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLE_NOT_ENDED: GPA_Endsample must be called to finish the last sample before the current pass can be ended.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_VARIABLE_NUMBER_OF_SAMPLES_IN_PASSES: The current pass does not contain the same number of samples as the previous passes. This can only be returned if the set of enabled counters requires multiple passes.

End Sampling Using the Enabled Counters

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_EndSample()

Description BeginSample must be followed by a call to EndSample before BeginSample is

called again.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLE_NOT_STARTED: GPA_BeginSample must be called

before trying to end a sample.

GPA STATUS ERROR FAILED: An internal error occurred while trying to end

the current sample.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

End Profiling Session

Syntax GPA Status GPA EndSession()

Description Ends the profiling session so that the counter results can be collected.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SAMPLE_NOT_STARTED: GPA_BeginSample must be called

before trying to end a sample.

 ${\tt {\tt GPA_STATUS_ERROR_FAILED:}} \ \, \textbf{An internal error occurred while trying to end}$

the current sample.

Get the Counter Data Type of the Specified Counter

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetCounterDataType(

gpa_uint32 index,
GPA Type* pCounterDataType)

Description Retrieves the data type of the counter at the supplied index.

Parameters index The index of the counter. Must lie between 0 and

(GPA_GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

pCounterDataType The value that holds the data type upon successful

execution.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied index does not

identify an available counter.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCounterDataType parameter.

Get Description of the Specified Counter

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetCounterDescription(

gpa_uint32 index,
GPA Type* pDescription)

Description Retrieves a description of the counter at the supplied index.

Parameters index The index of the counter. Must lie between 0 and

(GPA_GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

pDescription The value that holds the description upon successful

execution.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied index does not

identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pDescription parameter.

Get Index of a Counter Given its Name (Case Insensitive)

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetCounterIndex(

const char* pCounter,
gpa uint32* pIndex)

Description Retrieves a counter index from the string name. Useful for searching the

availability of a specific counter.

Parameters pcounter The name of the counter to get the index for.

pIndex Holds the index of the requested counter upon successful

execution.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCounter Or pIndex parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: A counter with the specified name could not

be found.

Get the Name of a Specific Counter

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetCounterName(

gpa_uint32 index,
const char** ppName)

Description Retrieves a counter name from a supplied index. Useful for printing

counter results in a readable format.

Parameters index The index of the counter name to query. Must lie between 0

and (GPA GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

ppName The value that holds the name upon successful execution.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

ppName parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: A counter with the specified name could not

be found.

Get the Usage of a Specific Counter

GPA Usage Type* pCounterUsageType)

Description Retrieves the usage type (milliseconds, percentage, etc) of the counter at

the supplied index.

Parameters index The index of the counter name to guery. Must lie

between 0 and (GPA GetNumCounters result - 1),

inclusive.

pCounterUsageType The value that holds the usage upon successful

execution.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE: The supplied index does not

identify an available counter.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCounterUsageType parameter.

Get a String with the Name of the Specified Counter Data Type

Syntax

GPA Status GPA GetDataTypeAsStr(GPA Type counterDataType, const char** ppTypeStr)

Description Typically used to display counter types along with their name (for example, counterDataType Of GPA TYPE UINT64 returns "gpa uint64").

Parameters counterDataType The type to get the string for.

ppTypeStr

The value set to contain a reference to the name of

the counter data type.

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: An invalid counterDataType parameter was

supplied.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

ppTypeStr parameter.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Get the Device Description

Syntax

GPA Status GPA GetDeviceDesc(const char** ppDesc)

Description Gets the device description associated with the current context.

Parameters ppDesc

Address of the variable that is set to the device description if GPA STATUS OK is returned. This is not modified if an error is

returned.

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the ppDesc parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: The device description is unavailable.

Get the Device Identifier

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetDeviceID (gpa uint32* pDeviceID)

Description Gets the device identifier associated with the current context.

Parameters pDeviceID Address of the variable that is set to the device identifier if

GPA STATUS OK is returned. This is not modified if an error is

returned.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pDeviceID parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: The device identifier is unavailable.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Get the Number of Enabled Counters

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetEnabledCount(gpa uint32* pCount)

Description Retrieves the number of enabled counters.

Parameters pCount Address of the variable that is set to the number of enabled

counters if GPA STATUS OK is returned. This is not modified if

an error is returned.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pCount parameter.

Get the Index for an Enabled Counter

Syntax

GPA Status GPA GetEnabledIndex(

gpa uint32 enabledNumber, gpa uint32* pEnabledCounterIndex)

Description For example, if GPA GetEnabledCount returns 3, then call this function with enabledNumber equal to 0 to get the counter index of the first enabled counter. The returned counter index can then be used to look up the counter name, data type, usage, etc.

Parameters enabledNumber

The number of the enabled counter for which to get the counter index. Must lie between 0 and (GPA GetEnabledCount result - 1), inclusive.

pEnabledCounterIndex

Contains the index of the counter.

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pEnabledCounterIndex parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied enabledNumber is outside the range of enabled counters.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Get the Number of Counters Available

Syntax

GPA Status GPA GetNumCounters (gpa uint32* pCount)

Description

Retrieves the number of counters provided by the currently loaded GPUPerfAPI library. Results can vary based on the current context and available hardware.

Parameters pCount

Address of the variable that is set to the number of counters if GPA STATUS OK is returned. This is not modified if an error is returned.

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pCount parameter.

Get the Number of Passes Required for the Currently Enabled Set of Counters

Syntax GPA Status GPA GetNumCounters (gpa uint32* pNumPasses)

Description This represents the number of times the same sequence must be

repeated to capture the counter data. On each pass a different

(compatible) set of counters is measured.

Parameters pNumPasses Holds the number of required passes upon successful

execution.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pNumPasses parameter.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Get the Number of Samples a Specified Session Contains

gpa_uint32* pSamples)

Description This is useful if samples are conditionally created and a count is not

maintained by the application.

Parameters sessionID The session for which to get the number of samples.

pSamples The number of samples contained within the session.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA_OpenContext must be called

before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

pSamples parameter.

 ${\tt GPA_STATUS_ERROR_SESSION_NOT_FOUND:} \ \ \textbf{The supplied} \ {\tt sessionID} \ \ \textbf{does} \ \ \textbf{not}$

identify an available session.

Get A Sample of Type 32-bit Float

Syntax

```
GPA Status GPA GetSampleFloat32(
                               gpa uint32 sessionID,
                              gpa uint32 sampleID,
                              gpa uint32 counterIndex,
                               gpa float32* pResult )
```

Description This function blocks further processing until the result is available. Use GPA IsSampleReady to test for result availability without blocking.

Parameters sessionID The session identifier with the sample for which to

retrieve the result.

The sample identifier for which to get the result. sampleID

The counter index for which to get the result. counterIndex

Holds the counter result upon successful execution. pResult

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied counterindex does not identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT ENABLED: The specified counterindex does not identify an enabled counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pResult parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTER NOT OF SPECIFIED TYPE: The supplied counterIndex identifies a counter that is not a gpa float32.

Get A Sample of Type 64-bit Float

Syntax

```
GPA Status GPA GetSampleFloat64(
                              gpa uint32 sessionID,
                              gpa uint32 sampleID,
                              gpa uint32 counterIndex,
                              gpa float64* pResult )
```

Description This function blocks further processing until the result is available. Use GPA IsSampleReady to test for result availability without blocking.

Parameters sessionID The session identifier with the sample for which to

retrieve the result.

The sample identifier for which to get the result. sampleID

The counter index for which to get the result. counterIndex

Holds the counter result upon successful execution. pResult

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied counterindex does not identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT ENABLED: The specified counterindex does not identify an enabled counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pResult parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTER NOT OF SPECIFIED TYPE: The supplied counterIndex identifies a counter that is not a gpa float 64.

Get A Sample of Type 32-bit Unsigned Integer

Syntax

```
GPA Status GPA GetSampleUInt32(
```

gpa uint32 sessionID, gpa uint32 sampleID, gpa uint32 counterIndex, gpa uint32* pResult)

Description This function blocks further processing until the result is available. Use GPA IsSampleReady to test for result availability without blocking.

Parameters sessionID

The session identifier with the sample for which to

retrieve the result.

The sample identifier for which to get the result. sampleID

The counter index for which to get the result. counterIndex

Holds the counter result upon successful execution. pResult

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied counterindex does not identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT ENABLED: The specified counterindex does not identify an enabled counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pResult parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTER NOT OF SPECIFIED TYPE: The supplied counterIndex identifies a counter that is not a gpa uint32.

Get A Sample of Type 64-bit Unsigned Integer

Syntax

```
GPA Status GPA GetSampleUInt64(
                               gpa uint32 sessionID,
                               gpa uint32 sampleID,
```

gpa uint32 counterIndex, gpa uint64* pResult)

Description This function blocks further processing until the result is available. Use GPA IsSampleReady to test for result availability without blocking.

Parameters sessionID

The session identifier with the sample for which to

retrieve the result.

The sample identifier for which to get the result. sampleID

The counter index for which to get the result. counterIndex

Holds the counter result upon successful execution. pResult

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_NOT_OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied counterindex does not identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT ENABLED: The specified counterindex does not identify an enabled counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the pResult parameter.

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTER NOT OF SPECIFIED TYPE: The supplied counterIndex identifies a counter that is not a gpa uint64.

Gets a String Version of the Status Value

Syntax const char* GPA GetStatusAsStr(GPA Status status)

Description This is useful for converting the status into a string to print in a log file.

Parameters status The status for which to get a string value.

Returns A string version of the status value, or "Unknown Error" if an unrecognized

value is supplied; does not return NULL.

Get a String with the Name of the Specified Counter Usage Type

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_GetUsageTypeAsStr(
GPA_Usage_Type counterUsageType,

Description Typically used to display counters along with their usage (for example,

counterUsageType Of GPA USAGE TYPE PERCENTAGE returns "percentage").

const char** ppTypeStr)

Parameters counterUsageType The usage type for which to get the string.

The value set to contain a reference to the name of

the counter usage type.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NOT_FOUND: An invalid counterUsageType parameter

was supplied.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: A null pointer was supplied as the

ppTypeStr parameter.

Checks if a Counter is Enabled

Syntax GPA Status GPA IsCounterEnabled (gpa uint32 counterIndex)

Description Indicates if the specified counter is enabled.

Parameters counterIndex The index of the counter. Must lie between 0 and

(GPA GetNumCounters result - 1), inclusive.

Returns GPA STATUS ERROR INDEX OUT OF RANGE: The supplied counterindex does

not identify an available counter.

GPA STATUS ERROR NOT FOUND: The counter is not enabled.

GPA STATUS OK: On success.

Initialize the GPUPerfAPI for Counter Access

Syntax GPA Status GPA Initialize()

Description For DirectX 11, in order to access the counters, UAC may also need to be

disabled and / or your application must be set to run with administrator

privileges.

Returns GPA STATUS FAILED: If an internal error occurred. UAC or lack of

administrator privileges may be the cause.

Determines if an Individual Sample Result is Available

Syntax

```
GPA Status GPA IsSampleReady(
                              bool* pReadyResult,
                               gpa uint32 sessionID,
                              gpa uint32 sampleID )
```

Description After a sampling session, results may be available immediately or take time to become available. This function indicates when a sample can be read. The function does not block further processing, permitting periodic polling. To block further processing until a sample is ready, use a GetSample* function instead. It can be more efficient to determine if the data of an entire session is available by using GPA IsSessionReady.

Parameters pReadyResult The value that contains the result of the ready sample.

True if ready.

The session containing the sample. sessionID

The sample identifier for which to guery availability. sampleID

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: The supplied preadyresult parameter is null.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

GPA STATUS ERROR SAMPLE NOT FOUND IN ALL PASSES: The requested sampleID is not available in all the passes. There can be a different number of samples in the passes of a multi-pass profile, but there shouldn't be.

Determines if All Samples Within a Session are Available

Syntax GPA Status GPA IsSessionReady(

> bool* pReadyResult, gpa uint32 sessionID)

Description After a sampling session, results may be available immediately or take time to become available. This function indicates when the results of a session can be read. The function does not block further processing, permitting periodic polling. To block further processing until a sample is ready, use a GetSample* function instead.

Parameters pReadyResult The value that indicates if the session is ready.

> The session for which to determine availability. sessionID

Returns

GPA STATUS ERROR COUNTERS NOT OPEN: GPA OpenContext must be called before this call to initialize the counters.

GPA STATUS ERROR NULL POINTER: The supplied preadyresult parameter is null.

GPA STATUS ERROR SESSION NOT FOUND: The supplied sessionID does not identify an available session.

Open the Counters in the Specified Context

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_OpenContext(void* pContext)

Description Opens the counters in the specified context for profiling. Call this function

after GPA_Initialize() and after the rendering / compute context has

been created.

Parameters pcontext The context for which to open counters. Typically, a device

pointer, handle to a rendering context, or a command queue.

Returns GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: The supplied pContext parameter is

NULL.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_COUNTERS_ALREADY_OPEN: The counters are already

open and do not need to be opened again.

GPA STATUS ERROR FAILED: An internal error occurred while trying to open

the counters.

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_HARDWARE_NOT_SUPPORTED: The current hardware or driver is not supported by GPU Performance API. This may also be returned if GPA_Initialize() was not called before the supplied context was created.

Register Optional Callback for Additional Information

Syntax GPA_Status GPA_RegisterLoggingCallback(

GPA_Logging_Type loggingType,
GPA LoggingCallbackPtrType pCallbackFuncPtr)

Description

Registers an optional callback function that will be used to output additional information about errors, messages, and API usage (trace). Only one callback function can be registered, so the callback implementation should be able to handle the different types of messages. A parameter to the callback function will indicate the message type being received. Messages will not contain a newline character at the end of the message.

Parameters loggingType

Identifies the type of messages for which to receive

callbacks.

pCallbackFuncPtr Pointer to the callback function.

Returns

GPA_STATUS_ERROR_NULL_POINTER: The supplied pCallbackFuncPtr parameter is NULL and loggingType is not GPA_LOGGING_NONE.

GPA_STATUS_OK: On success. Also, if you register to receive messages, a message will be output to indicate that the "Logging callback registered successfully."

7. Utility Function

The following is an example of how to read the data back from the completed session and how to save the data to a comma-separated value file (.csv).

```
#pragma warning( disable : 4996 )
/// Given a sessionID, query the counter values and save them to a file
void WriteSession( gpa uint32 currentWaitSessionID,
                   const char* filename )
{
  static bool doneHeadings = false;
  gpa uint32 count;
  GPA GetEnabledCount( &count );
  FILE* f;
   if (!doneHeadings)
      const char* name;
      f = fopen( filename, "w" );
      assert( f );
      fprintf( f, "Identifier, " );
      for (gpa uint32 counter = 0 ; counter < count ; counter++ )</pre>
         gpa uint32 enabledCounterIndex;
         GPA GetEnabledIndex( counter, &enabledCounterIndex );
         GPA GetCounterName( enabledCounterIndex, &name );
         fprintf( f, "%s, ", name );
      fprintf(f, "\n");
      fclose( f );
      doneHeadings = true;
   }
   f = fopen( filename, "a+" );
  assert(f);
  gpa uint32 sampleCount;
  GPA GetSampleCount( currentWaitSessionID, &sampleCount );
   for (gpa uint32 sample = 0 ; sample < sampleCount ; sample++ )</pre>
```

```
fprintf( f, "session: %d; sample: %d, ", currentWaitSessionID,
               sample );
      for (gpa uint32 counter = 0 ; counter < count ; counter++ )</pre>
         gpa uint32 enabledCounterIndex;
         GPA GetEnabledIndex( counter, &enabledCounterIndex );
         GPA Type type;
         GPA GetCounterDataType( enabledCounterIndex, &type );
         if ( type == GPA TYPE UINT32 )
            gpa uint32 value;
            GPA GetSampleUInt32 ( currentWaitSessionID,
                                 sample, enabledCounterIndex, &value );
            fprintf( f, "%u,", value );
         else if ( type == GPA TYPE UINT64 )
            gpa uint64 value;
            GPA GetSampleUInt64( currentWaitSessionID,
                                 sample, enabledCounterIndex, &value );
            fprintf( f, "%I64u,", value );
         else if ( type == GPA TYPE FLOAT32 )
            gpa float32 value;
            GPA GetSampleFloat32( currentWaitSessionID,
                                  sample, enabledCounterIndex, &value );
            fprintf( f, "%f,", value );
         else if ( type == GPA TYPE FLOAT64 )
            gpa float64 value;
            GPA GetSampleFloat64( currentWaitSessionID,
                                  sample, enabledCounterIndex, &value );
            fprintf( f, "%f,", value );
         }
         else
            assert(false);
     fprintf(f, "\n");
   }
  fclose( f );
#pragma warning( default : 4996 )
```

Contact

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