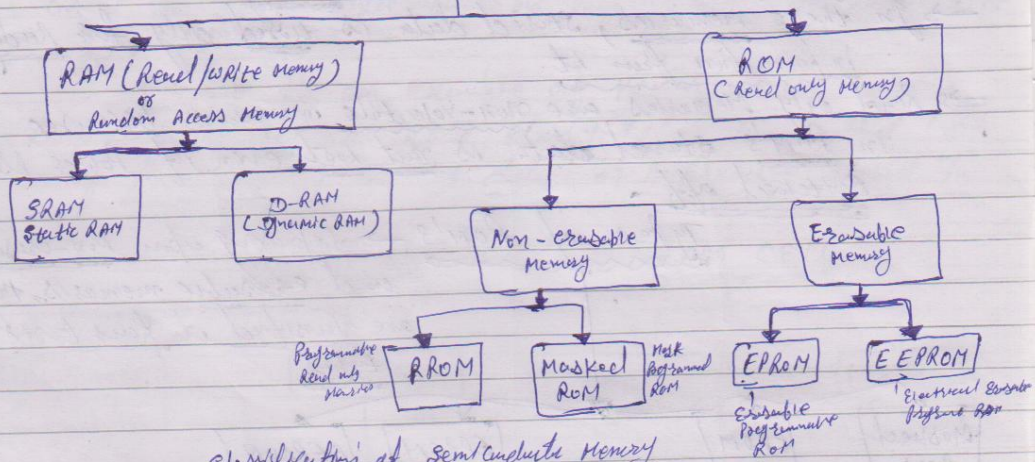


Semiconductor memory classification as follows:



Classification of Semiconductor Memory

RAM → In these types of memories, the data stored in any location can be Read or write at any time during the operation. also known as R/W memory.

→ are volatile memories, because in RAM's stored data is lost when power is switched off.

Types of RAM

(i) Static RAM

→ The data will remain stored permanently as long as they are supplied with power. These chips are complex because it uses more transistors and other devices to store a bit of information in SRAM.

→ The basic memory cell used for the SRAM is flip flop.

→ Single SRAM make the use of six transistors.

→ SRAM has an access time of 80-150 ns. faster than DRAM.

(ii) Dynamic RAM

→ The data will not remain stored permanently even if the power is supplied.

→ The basic memory cell used for DRAM is capacitor.

→ Single DRAM take the use of four MOS transistors.

→ DRAM is slower than SRAM which has only 80 nsec access time.

→ It consume low power.