

products -of- Sum (POS)

When two or more sum terms are multiple, the resulting expression is a product of sum (POS).

For example : $F = (A + B + C) \cdot (A + B + C)$

It can be obtained from the truth table by considering those input combinations that produce a logic '0' at the output

A	B	C	Standard POS	F
0	0	0	$A + B + C$	0
0	0	1	$A + B + \overline{C}$	0
0	1	1	$A + \overline{B} + \overline{C}$	1
0	1	0	$A + \overline{B} + C$	0
1	0	0	$\overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}$	1
1	0	1	$\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C$	1
1	1	0	$\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}$	1
1	1	1	$\overline{A} + B + C$	1

For example :
 $F = (A + B +)$

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$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} + \overline{A} B \overline{C} + A \overline{B} \overline{C}$$

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$$F = (\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C}) (\overline{A} B \overline{C}) (A \overline{B} \overline{C})$$

$$F = (\overline{A} + B + C) (\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C) (\overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C})$$

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A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1