

The Sum-of-products (SOP)

- When two or more multiple terms are sum, the resulting expression is a sum of product(SOP).

- For example :

- $$F = A + B C$$

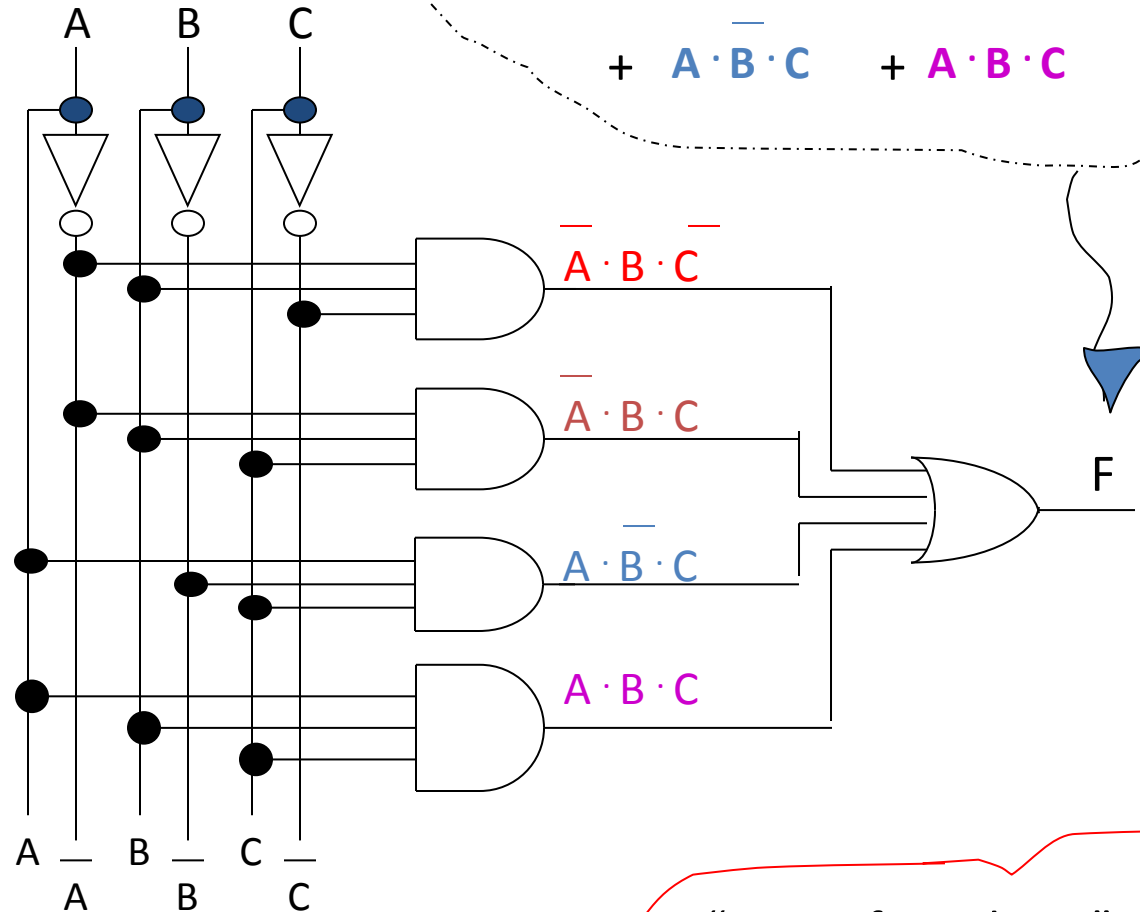
- It can be obtained from the truth table directly by considering those input combinations that produce a logic '1' at the output

$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} + \overline{A} \overline{B} C + \overline{A} B \overline{C} + \overline{A} B C + A \overline{B} \overline{C}$$

A	B	C	F	Standard SOP
0	0	0	0	$\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C}$
0	0	1	0	$\overline{A} \overline{B} C$
0	1	0	1	$\overline{A} B \overline{C}$
0	1	1	0	$\overline{A} B C$
1	0	0	1	$A \overline{B} \overline{C}$
1	0	1	1	$A \overline{B} C$
1	1	0	1	$A B \overline{C}$
1	1	1	1	$A B C$

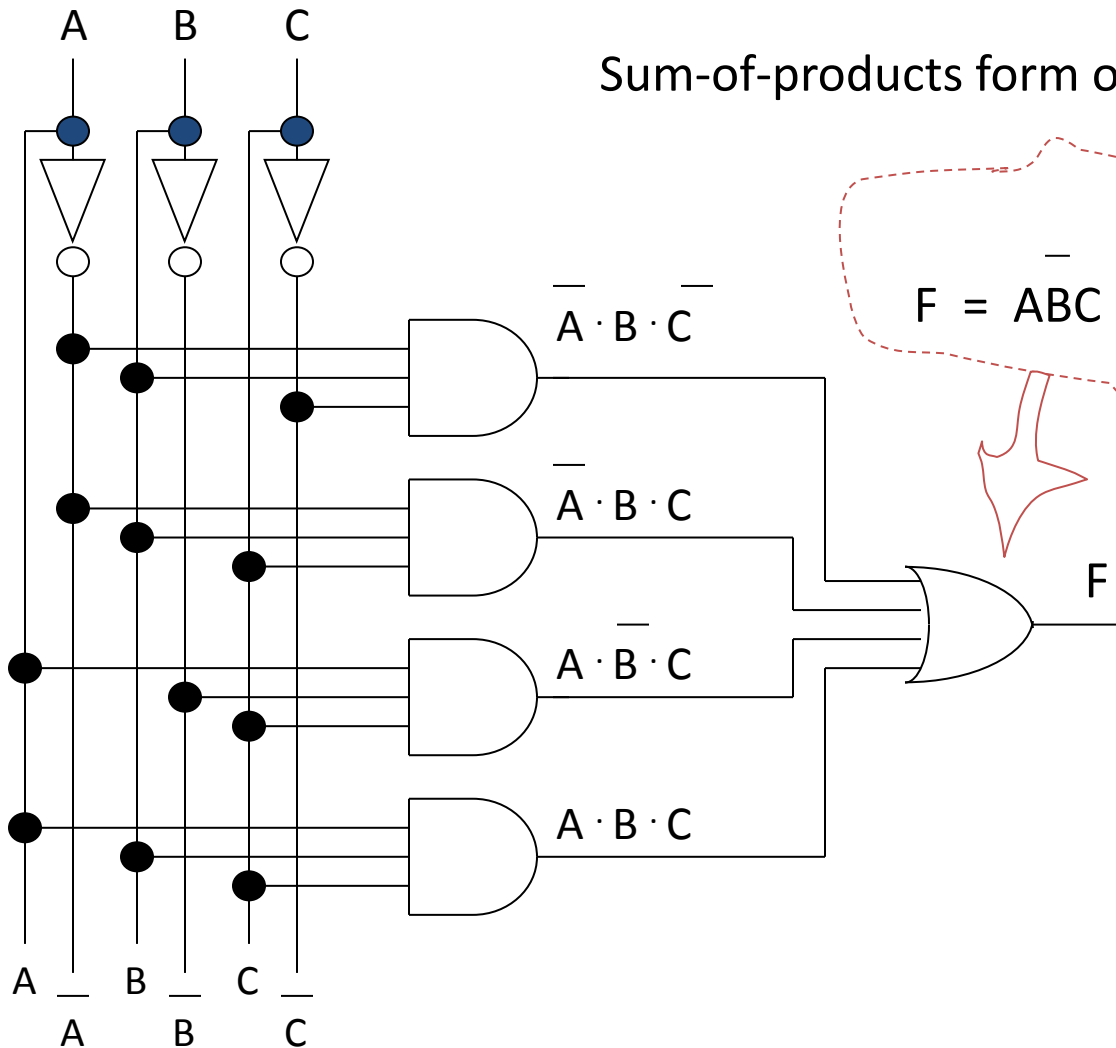
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A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



“Sum-of-products”
form of the logic circuit.

Simplifying logic functions using Boolean algebra rules



$$F = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot C + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C + A \cdot B \cdot C$$