Documentation for "Burger Center" Website

PREPARED FOR

Procto

PREPARED BY

Harsh Raj 200303125083

200303125083@paruluniverssity.ac.in

Dear Procto Team,

I hope this message finds you well. I wanted to inform you that I have completed the HTML/CSS task for the Frontend Development division as part of the assignment. I have created a simple webpage that includes a header, navigation bar, main content area, and a footer. The webpage is styled using CSS to make it visually appealing and responsive.

I have thoroughly enjoyed working on this task, and it has been a great learning experience for me. I have attached the necessary files and code for your review.

Thank you for providing me with this opportunity to showcase my skills, and I look forward to the next steps in the evaluation process.

Thanking You,

Harsh Raj

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	1
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
PROJECT OVERVIEW	3
FOLDER STRUCTURE	3
HTML STRUCTURE	3
CSS STYLING	4
JAVASCRIPT FUNCTION	4
RESPONSIVE DESIGN	4
EXTERNAL RESOURCES	4
HOW TO USE	4
CONCLUSION	5

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The "Burger Center" Website

In my project, the "Burger Center" website, I aimed to dive into the essential components of a web platform. My focus was on dissecting the website's structure, its adaptability across various devices, and what contributed to its visual appeal.

Simplicity in HTML for Accessibility and SEO

To begin, let's discuss the foundational HTML code of the site. I organised it thoughtfully, using HTML5 elements such as <header>, <nav>, <main>, and <footer> to create distinct sections within the webpage. This structuring wasn't just about aesthetics; it was also about improving accessibility for users.

I extended the use of semantic HTML to the navigation bar, employing the <nav> element to encapsulate navigation links. To further enhance the semantic value of the code, I utilised unordered lists () for navigation menus and list items () to represent individual menu items. This meticulous approach to content structuring made the website more comprehensible.

Adaptability to Different Screen Sizes

Moving on, let's consider how the "Burger Center" website adapts to various screens. I designed it to be flexible, ensuring that it looked and functioned seamlessly across a range of devices.

To achieve this, I harnessed the power of media queries and CSS flexbox properties. Media queries allowed me to apply specific CSS rules based on the width of the viewport, guaranteeing that the website remained functional and visually appealing on screens of different sizes. Carefully chosen breakpoints facilitated smooth transitions between different layouts, ensuring that content remained legible and navigation intuitive.

CSS flexbox played a pivotal role in creating flexible and adaptable layouts. It simplified the alignment and distribution of content within different sections of the webpage. My code ensured that content was centered, proportionally distributed, and aesthetically pleasing, regardless of the screen size. Notably, this commitment to responsive design was evident in the navigation bar, where flex properties enabled menu items to adjust gracefully to varying screen widths.

Balancing Aesthetics and Functionality

While my primary focus was on structure and responsiveness, I also considered the visual appeal of the "Burger Center" website. I made deliberate choices in selecting color schemes, font families, and the integration of subtle visual elements to enhance its overall charm.

CSS styles were consistently applied throughout the website, resulting in a harmonious visual experience. Gradients, drop shadows, and responsive images were tastefully employed to add depth and dimension to the design. I optimised images for web display, striking a balance between quality and loading speed. This approach ensured that the website not only looked good but also performed efficiently.

In conclusion, the analysis of my "Burger Center" website's HTML and CSS code underscores its excellence in semantic markup, responsive design, and aesthetic appeal. The meticulous use of semantic HTML elements improved accessibility, while the application of responsive design principles guaranteed a smooth user experience across diverse devices. The focus on visual elegance through well-considered CSS styling elements further elevated the website's overall appeal. This analysis emphasises the significance of having a structured, flexible, and visually appealing web presence in today's digital landscape.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

The "Burger Center" website is developed using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript. It consists of the following sections:

Header: Contains a logo and navigation menu.

Main Content: Includes an introductory section about the burgers, a section about the restaurant, popular dishes, a new product banner, and a newsletter subscription section.

Footer: Displays contact information, address, and social media links.

FOLDER STRUCTURE

- index.html
- styles/
- style.css
- res/
- (images and icons)
- -readme.md

HTML STRUCTURE

- <!DOCTYPE html> declaration specifying the document type.
- <html> element with the lang attribute set to "en" for English language.
- <head> section containing metadata, title, external CSS and font imports, and favicon.
- <body> element containing the main content of the website.
- Various sections such as header, main content, about us, popular dishes, new product banner, and newsletter sections.
- Semantic HTML elements used for better accessibility and SEO (e.g., <header>, <nav>,
 <section>, <footer>).
- JavaScript function for mobile navigation (myFunction()).

CSS STYLING

- CSS styles are defined in the external styles/style.css file.
- Styling applied to achieve a visually appealing design.
- Media queries used for responsive design.

- CSS classes and IDs are used to target specific elements for styling.
- Font imports and icon styling from external sources.

JAVASCRIPT FUNCTION

- The JavaScript function myFunction() is responsible for toggling the display of the navigation menu on small screens.
- It is triggered by clicking the "hamburger" icon in the mobile navigation bar.

RESPONSIVE DESIGN

- The website is designed to be responsive and adapt to various screen sizes.
- Media queries are used in the CSS to adjust layout and styling for different devices (e.g., smartphones, tablets, desktops).
- Elements are repositioned and resized to ensure readability and usability on smaller screens.

EXTERNAL RESOURCES

- External resources include:
 - Font Awesome icons for the navigation menu.
 - Google Fonts for custom fonts.
- Favicon and various image assets are stored in the res/ directory.

HOW TO USE

If you've downloaded the ZIP file containing the project source code, follow these steps to set up and run the "Burger Center" website on your local machine:

- 1. **Clone or Download:** If you haven't already, unzip the downloaded ZIP file and place the project folder in a directory of your choice.
- 2. **Open the Project**: Using a code editor of your choice (e.g., Visual Studio Code, Sublime Text), open the project folder.

3. View in a Web Browser:

- Locate the 'index.html' file within the project folder.

- Right-click on `index.html` and select "Open with" to choose your preferred web browser.
- Alternatively, you can simply double-click on `index.html` to open it in your default web browser.
- 4. **Explore the Website:** You should now see the "Burger Center" website in your web browser. Interact with the navigation menu, check out the different sections, and experience the responsive design.

Github Link: https://github.com/Bandtox/front-end-Procto.git

CONCLUSION

The "Burger Center" website is a well-structured and visually appealing webpage that fulfills the requirements of the Frontend Development Task. It is designed to be responsive and user-friendly across different devices. The use of semantic HTML elements, CSS for styling, and JavaScript for functionality ensures a seamless user experience.