# Running Geant4 Functions on a GPU Discussion of Results

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# Brief Project Overview

Take an existing particle simulation toolkit - Geant4 - and have some functions run on a GPU device to improve performance.

#### What is Geant4

- Geant4 is a toolkit that is meant to simulate the passage of particles through matter.
- It has been developed over the years through collaborative effort of many different institutions and individuals.
- Geant4's diverse particle simulation library has a wide variety of applications including
  - High energy physics simulations
  - Space and radiation simulations
  - Medical physics simulations

Introduction Features Conclusion Brief Project Overview Explanation of Terms Scope Purpose

#### Demonstration

Demonstration - Running Geant4 on the CPU

#### What is GP-GPU

- General-purpose graphic processing unit computing is a re-purposing of graphics hardware
- Allows GPUs to perform computations that would typically be computed on the CPU
- If a particular problem is well suited to parallelization,
   GP-GPU computing can greatly increase performance

## Scope

- Make current CPU functions available for use on GPU
  - Add appropriate prefixes to function definitions
  - Make use of multiple parallel threads to execute each function
- Ensure correctness of each GPU available function by matching results to the corresponding CPU function
- Compare performance of GPU available functions to CPU functions

# Purpose

- Determine if target functions are suitable to parallelization
- Increase performance of functions when run on GPU
- Decrease time required to run simulations involving ported functions

#### **Features**

- GPU acceleration available on an "opt-in" basis
- Easy to enable/disable GPU acceleration
- Same results whether acceleration enabled or disabled

# Easily Enable/Disable GPU Acceleration

- Existing projects can use GPU acceleration without having to change any code
- Flag during build phase enables/disables GPU acceleration
- No new functions to learn <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>implementation 1 only

# Accelerating Module on GPU

## Why G4ParticleHPVector

- Represents empirically-found probabilities of collisions for different particles based on their energy
- Identified as starting point by relevant stakeholders
  - Used heavily in simulations run by stakeholders
- Seems well-suited to parallelization
  - Based on large vector of 2D points
  - Performs calculations over this vector
  - Sorted by x-value (particle energy)

## Two Implementations

- Forward all calls to existing G4ParticleHPVector interface to a GPU-based implementation of the module
  - Store data vector in GPU memory
  - Copy results back to the CPU to return to the caller
- 2 Add new methods to G4ParticleHPVector interface that are well-suited to GPU computing
  - Copy data vector to GPU memory on method call
  - Existing G4ParticleHPVector methods unchanged, continue to run on CPU

### Impl. 1: Existing Module in GPU Memory

Calls to G4ParticleHPVector forwarded to new GPU-based class

#### Pros:

- + Do not have to maintain a copy of the vector on the CPU
- + Do not have to maintain a hashed vector
- + Reduces how much is being copied to the GPU

#### Cons:

All methods are run on the GPU

#### Implementation - Times

### Implementation - GetXSec

## Implementation - SampleLin

# Performance Results Summary

- Most methods slower on GPU until ~10,000 entries in data vector
- Most commonly-used methods significantly slower on GPU, even with large data vector
  - Lots of data accesses
- Many problems in vector class not well-suited to parallelism

#### Performance Results - Times

Multiplies each point in vector by factor

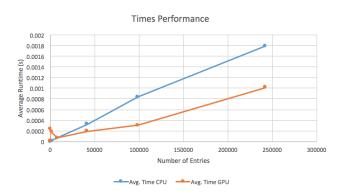


Figure: Runtime vs. Number of Data Points - Times

#### Performance Results - GetXSec

# Performance Results - SampleLin

#### Performance Results – System Tests

#### Performance Discussion

### Impl. 2: Add New GPU-Accelerated Methods to Interface

Add new methods to G4ParticleHPVector interface that are well-suited to parallelism

#### Pros:

- + Only methods that run faster on the GPU are implemented
- + Not forced to run methods that run slowly on GPU

#### Cons:

- Will have to maintain two copies of the vector
- More copying the vector to and from the GPU

#### Implementation - GetXSecList

# Performance Results Summary

#### Performance Results - GetXSecList

## Performance Results – System Tests

#### Performance Discussion

Introduction Features Conclusion

Impl. 1: Existing Module in GPU Memory

Impl. 2: Add New GPU-Accelerated Methods to Interface

Accuracy / Testing

# Accuracy

## **Testing**

- Comparing test results and performance with GPU acceleration enabled and disabled
- Testing framework based on two phases, one program for each phase
  - GenerateTestResults: Run unit tests and save results to file
  - 2 AnalyzeTestResults: Compare results files from CPU and GPU runs
- Run GenerateTestResults once for GPU acceleration enabled, once with it disabled

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# Summary of Results

#### Recommendations