GEANT-4 GPU Port:

Design Document: Detailed Design

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1 Introduction

1.1 Revision History

All major edits to this document will be recorded in the table below.

Table 1: Revision History

Description of Changes	Author	Date
Set up sections and filled out Introduction section	Matthew	2015-12-15
Added sections for Errors and Key Algorithms	Stuart	2016-01-08

1.2 Document Structure & Template

The design documentation for the project is broken into two main documents.

The system architecture document details the system architecture, including an overview of the modules that make up the system, analysis of aspects that are likely and unlikely to change, reasoning behind the high-level decisions, and a table showing how each requirement is addressed in the proposed design.

This detailed design document covers the specifics of several key modules in the project. For each module, an MIS is given fully detailing the interface of the module. Then, the methods for handling errors within the module are discussed, and finally the main algorithms and data structures used by the module are presented.

1.3 List of Tables

Table #	Title
1	Revision History
2	G4NeutronHPDataPoint – access program syntax
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1.4 Technologies and Languages

Geant4 is developed entirely in C++. The project will use C++ as the interface between the GPU code and the existing Geant4 codebase. All GPU code will use

CUDA, as discussed in the system architecture document. Other technologies used are CMake for the build system (see section 5.1).

1.5 Notes

Geant4 uses its own basic types for standard C++ types (G4int, G4bool, G4double, etc). These types are currently just `typedefs` to the respective type as defined in the system libraries.

The modules G4NeutronHPDataPoint and G4ParticleVector described below are existing modules of Geant4. All methods and state variables are pre-existing, and will be replicated on the GPU. The interface of the modules will not change.

This document contains two different implementations for G4ParticleVector. Both implementations use the same implementation for G4NeutronHPDataPoint.

2 G4NeutronHPDataPoint

2.1 Description

This class encapsulates all of the data as well as the setter and getter methods that each data point in G4ParticleVector's list of data requires. Two private variables are used to store the xSection and the energy of the data point.

2.2 MIS (Module Interface Specification)

2.2.1 Access Program Syntax

Table 2: G4NeutronHPDataPoint – access program syntax

Routine Name	Input	Output	Exceptions
G4NeutronHPDataPoint			
G4NeutronHPDataPoint	G4double, G4double		
operator = [=? [added operator —MP] —DS]	G4NeutronHPDataPoint		
GetX		G4double	
GetY		G4double	
SetX	G4double		
SetY	G4double		
SetData	G4double, G4double		

[commented out energy and Xsec functions since X and Y do the exact same thing. Our code no longer has those functions —MP]

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2.2.2 Access Program Semantics

Note that hyphens in routine names and inputs are just for line breaks due to the table size. The actual routine names and inputs do not have hyphens.

Table 3: NeutronHPDataPoint – access program semantics

Routine Name	Input	Semantics
G4NeutronHPDataPoint		instantiates the class, setting `energy` and `xSec` to 0
G4NeutronHPDataPoint	G4double, G4double	instantiates the class with the inputted `energy` and `xSec`
operator =	G4NeutronHP-DataPoint	sets the `energy` and `xSec` of the instance to those of the input
GetX		returns the `energy` of the instance
GetY		returns the `xSec` of the instance
SetX	G4double	sets `energy` of instance to the argument
SetY	G4double	sets `xSec` of instance to the argument
SetData	G4double, G4double	sets instance's `energy` and `xSec` to the passed arguments

[commented out energy and Xsec functions since X and Y do the exact same thing. Our code no longer has those functions —MP]

2.2.3 State Variables

The following variables maintain state for the class, and are all private to the module.

Table 4: G4NeutronHPDataPoint – state variables

Variable	Type	Description
`energy`	G4double	the energy of the particle
`xSec`	G4double	the cross-section of the particle

2.2.4 Environment Variables

There are no environment variables for this module.

2.2.5 Assumptions

It can be assumed that the class will be initialized. As such, all getter methods will return a non-null value.

2.3 Error Handling

This module does not handle errors explicitly.

2.4 Key Algorithms

This module represents data, and as such does not contain any algorithms.

3 G4ParticleVector – Implementation 1

3.1 Description

This module stores a large vector of data points (G4NeutronHPDataPoint). It includes functions for setting the data points, retrieving them, and calculating information over them (such as the integral).

3.2 MIS (Module Interface Specification)

Note that hyphens in routine names, inputs, outputs, and exceptions are just for line-breaks due to the table size. The actual routine names, inputs, outputs, and exceptions do not have hyphens.

3.2.1 Access Program Syntax

Table 5: G4ParticleVector – access program syntax

Routine Name	Input	Output	Exceptions
G4ParticleVector			
G4ParticleVector	G4int		
=	G4ParticleVector&	G4ParticleVector&	
+	G4ParticleVector&, G4ParticleVector&	G4ParticleVector&	
SetVerbose	G4int		
Times	G4double		
SetPoint	G4int, G4NeutronHPDataPoint		
SetData	G4int, G4double,G4double		
SetX	G4int, G4double		
SetY	G4int, G4double		
GetXsec	G4int	G4double	
GetXsec	G4double	G4double	

GetXsec	G4double,G4int	G4double
GetX	G4int	G4double
GetVectorLength		G4int
GetPoint	G4int	const G4NeutronHPDataPoint&
InitInterpolation	istream	
Init	istream,G4int, G4double, G4double	
Init	istream, G4double,G4double	
ThinOut	G4double	
SetLabel	G4double	
GetLabel		G4double
CleanUp		
Sample		G4double
Debug		G4double *
Merge	G4ParticleVector *, G4ParticleVector *	
Merge	G4InterpolationScheme, G4double, G4ParticleVector *, G4ParticleVector *	
SampleLin		G4double
IntegrateAndNormalise		
Integrate		
GetIntegral		G4double
SetInterpolationManager	const G4InterpolationManager &	
SetInterpolationManager	G4InterpolationManager &	
SetScheme	G4int,const G4InterpolationScheme &	
GetScheme	G4int	G4InterpolationScheme
GetMeanX		G4double
GetBlocked		vector<G4double>
GetBuffered		vector<G4double>
Get15percentBorder		G4double
Get50percentBorder		G4double

Check	G4int	G4Hadronic-Exception

3.2.2 Access Program Semantics

Note that hyphens in routine names and inputs are just for linebreaks due to the table size. The actual routine names and inputs do not have hyphens.

Table 6: G4ParticleVector – access program semantics

Routine Name	Input	Description
G4ParticleVector		Instantiates the class with no parameters
G4ParticleVector	G4int	Instantiates the class with the number of points to consider as the parameter
=	G4ParticleVector&	Sets the current instance to the passed instance
+	G4ParticleVector&, G4ParticleVector&	Returns the vector addition of the two passed vectors
SetVerbose	G4int	sets the verbosity to the input
Times	G4double	Multiplies all points y-values and integrals from `theData` by the input
SetPoint	G4int, G4NeutronHP-DataPoint	sets point at passed index to the passed point
SetData	G4int, G4double, G4double	sets point at passed index with given values
SetX	G4int, G4double	sets `x` value of point at passed index to passed value
SetY	G4int, G4double	sets `y` value of point at passed index to passed value
GetXsec	G4int	returns `y` value of point at passed index
GetXsec	G4double	returns `y` value of point with lowest xSection above passed double
GetX	G4int	returns `x` value of point at passed index
GetVectorLength		returns number of points
GetPoint	G4int	returns point at passed index
InitInterpolation	istream	sends the passed data file to the interpolation manager

Init	istream, G4int, G4double, G4double	initializes class and `theHash`
Init	istream, G4double,G4double	initializes class and `theHash`
ThinOut	G4double	removes unnecessary points and rehashes
SetLabel	G4double	sets the label value to passed number
GetLabel		returns the label of the current instance
CleanUp		clears all data
Sample		performs samples of `X` according to interpolation scheme
Debug		returns `theIntegral`
Merge	G4ParticleVector*, G4ParticleVector*	interpolate between labels, continue in unknown areas by subtraction of the last difference
Merge	G4Interpolation-Scheme, G4double, G4ParticleVector*, G4ParticleVector*	interpolate between labels according to passed G4InterpolationScheme, cut at passed G4double, continue in unknown areas by subtraction of the last difference.
SampleLin		samples `X` according to distribution `Y`, linear
IntegrateAndNormalise		calculates the integral for every data point and normalizes each
Integrate		calculates the integral for every data point
GetIntegral		linearly interpolates over `theIntegral`
SetInterpolation-Manager	G4Interpolation-Manager&	sets `theManager` to the input
SetScheme	G4int, G4Interpolation-Scheme&	appends the passed G4Interpolation-Scheme to `theManager`
GetScheme	G4int	returns the current G4Interpolation-Scheme associated with `theManager`
GetMeanX		returns the average `x` value of all data points
GetBlocked		returns the current value of `theBlocked`
GetBuffered		returns the current value of `theBuffered`
Get15percentBorder		gets the integral from each data point to the last data point and returns the first one within 15% of the last data point
Get50percentBorder		gets the integral from each data point to the last data point and returns the first one within 50% of the last data point

Check	G4int	checks that passed index is greater than the number of points, throwing an exception if not

[commented out energy and Xsec functions since X and Y do the exact same thing. Our code no longer has those functions —MP] [We do not need the hash function since it was used to make cpu execution faster, which we are porting to the gpu —MP]

3.2.3 State Variables

The following variables maintain state for the class, and are all private to the class. Note that hyphens in variable names and types are just for line breaks due to the table size. The actual variable names and types do not have hyphens.

Table 7: G4ParticleVector – state variables

Variable	Type	Description
`theLin`	G4NeutronHP-Interpolator	the linear interpolator for sampling data
`totalIntegral`	G4double	integral over all data points from `theData`
`theData`	G4NeutronHP-DataPoint*	array of G4NeutronHPDataPoint, stores all data points in vector
`theManager`	G4Interpolation-Manager	manages the interpolation schemes, knows how to interpolate data
`theIntegral`	G4double*	array of integrals where `theIntegral[i]` is the integral of all data points from `theData` up until i
`nEntries`	G4int	the number of data points to consider when performing calculations over `theData`
`nPoints`	G4int	the number of data points in `theData`
`label`	G4double	number tagging class instance
`theInt`	G4Neutron-Interpolator	the interpolator for sampling data (may not be linear)
`Verbose`	G4int	verbosity level, some statements will only print to console with higher values
`isFreed`	G4int	only used for debugging, 1 if class has been destructed 0 otherwise
`maxValue`	G4double	maximum value of `Xsec` or `Y` passed in Set-Data, SetY, or SetXSec so far. Initialized to `-DBL_MAX` (min representable double).
`theBlocked`	vector <G4double>	deprecated: vector still exists in class but data never added to it
`theBuffered`	vector <G4double>	stores buffer of samples to speed up sampling the vector
`the15percent-BorderCash`	G4double	the X value of the first data point with an integral no more than 15% smaller than the integral of the last data point
`the50percent-BorderCash`	G4double	the X value of the first data point with an integral no more than 50% smaller than the integral of the last data point

3.2.4 Environment Variables

There are no environment variables for this module.

3.2.5 Assumptions

It can be assumed that the module will be initialized before other functions are called.

3.3 Error Handling

The `Check` method throws a G4HadronicException on error, however it is the only function to do so in the module. In the other functions, erroneous input is not handled explicitly beyond control statement checks that will assume default values for any invalid parameters.

3.4 Key Algorithms

There are a variety of algorithms used in the module. When porting to the GPU, the same algorithms will be modified to run in parallel. In general, this consists of taking array traversals and running the procedures executed sequentially at the same time on different cores of the GPU.

4 G4ParticleVector – Implementation 2

4.1 Description

Instead of storing and maintaining everything on the GPU, only functions which are well suited to run on the GPU are implemented. The data vector will be stored and maintained on the CPU in this implementation and will be sent to the GPU for processing results.

4.2 MIS (Module Interface Specification)

Note that hyphens in routine names, inputs, outputs, and exceptions are just for line-breaks due to the table size. The actual routine names, inputs, outputs, and exceptions do not have hyphens.

4.2.1 Access Program Syntax

Table 8: G4ParticleVector – access program syntax

Routine Name	Input	Output	Exceptions
SetInterpolationManager	const G4InterpolationManager &		
SetInterpolationManager	G4InterpolationManager &		
GetXsecList	G4double, G4int, G4ParticleHPDataPoint*, G4int		

[commented out energy and Xsec functions since X and Y do the exact same thing. Our code no longer has those functions —MP] [We do not need the hash function since it was used to make cpu execution faster, which we are porting to the gpu —MP]

4.2.2 Access Program Semantics

Note that hyphens in routine names and inputs are just for linebreaks due to the table size. The actual routine names and inputs do not have hyphens.

Table 9: G4ParticleVector – access program semantics

Routine Name	Input	Description
SetInterpolation-Manager	G4Interpolation-Manager&	sets `theManager` to the input
GetXsecList	G4double, G4int, G4ParticleHPDataPoint*, G4int	Takes a list of energies and finds their corresponding xSecs

[commented out energy and Xsec functions since X and Y do the exact same thing. Our code no longer has those functions —MP] [We do not need the hash function since it was used to make cpu execution faster, which we are porting to the gpu —MP]

4.2.3 State Variables

The following variables maintain state for the class, and are all private to the class. Note that hyphens in variable names and types are just for line breaks due to the table size. The actual variable names and types do not have hyphens.
[no longer use theHash since it was a object used to speed up cpu computions, which has been ported to GPU —MP]

Table 10: G4ParticleVector – state variables

Variable	Type	Description
theManager	G4Interpolation-Manager	manages the interpolation schemes, knows how to interpolate data
theInt	G4Neutron-Interpolator	the interpolator for sampling data (may not be linear)

4.2.4   Environment Variables

There are no environment variables for this module.

4.2.5   Assumptions

It can be assumed that the module will be initialized before other functions are called.

4.3   Error Handling

The `Check` method throws a G4HadronicException on error, however it is the only function to do so in the module. In the other functions, erroneous input is not handled explicitly beyond control statement checks that will assume default values for any invalid parameters.

4.4   Key Algorithms

There are a variety of algorithms used in the module. When porting to the GPU, the same algorithms will be modified to run in parallel. In general, this consists of taking array traversals and running the procedures executed sequentially at the same time on different cores of the GPU.

5   CMake Files

5.1   Description

The current build system used by Geant4 is CMake, consisting of *CMakeLists* text files in each source code directory detailing the files to compile and link, and further compiler directives. The user calls the `cmake` program with arguments (such as *useCuda*) for the build to generate the necessary makefiles. Support for CUDA and the *nvcc* CUDA compiler are built in to CMake. Although not a module in the traditional sense, CMake will still be the basis for enabling and disabling GPU functionality, and was included for that reason.

5.2 MIS (Module Interface Specification)

5.2.1 Access Program Syntax

CUDA support is built in to CMake, as such no new access programs or public macros will be created.

5.2.2 Access Program Semantics

CUDA support is built in to CMake, as such no new access programs or public macros will be created.

5.2.3 State Variables

Table 11: CMake Files – state variables

Variable	Type	Description
useCuda	Boolean	if set to true, the makefiles generated by CMake will include directives to compile and link the CUDA code and will execute ported procedures on the GPU. Default is false.

5.2.4 Environment Variables

- CUDA source files (.cu) containing the GPU code. CMake files will contain directives to compile and link the CUDA files.

- Source code from Geant4 project, such as the G4ParticleVector.cpp file. The relevant source code files will be compiled and linked as per CMake directives to the CUDA files listed above.

5.2.5 Assumptions

It is assumed the user has CMake installed, as it is required for Geant4.

5.3 Error Handling

If user the tries to enable CUDA without compatible hardware, CMake will detect this and output a fatal error message. The user will not be able to enable CUDA unless they have compatible hardware. If the user is using an older version of CMake (before 2.8) that does not support CUDA compilation, a fatal error message will be outputted.

5.4 Key Algorithms

CMake is the existing build system for generating make files for the project. As such, there are no key algorithms to document.