

RenderWare Graphics

White Paper

Using Unicode

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1. Introduction

Unicode is a character code set, much like ASCII, except it encodes beyond the 127 ASCII characters. It has been designed to provide a unique code to all characters used in major languages around the globe.

ASCII characters are supported in Unicode, with the first 127 characters matching that of the ASCII character set.

For more information on Unicode, see <http://www.unicode.org>

RenderWare uses Unicode Transformation Format-8 (UTF-8) for its font metric files. UTF-8 is a method of encoding Unicode character codes while remaining compatible with ASCII. Unicode can use either 2 or 4 bytes to encode a single character. Obviously, this can cause confusion when mixed with single byte ASCII characters. UTF-8 provides a way of encoding multi-byte characters with single byte characters.

For more information on UTF-8 and how it encodes Unicode characters, see <http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~mgk25/unicode.html#unicode>

Metrics 1

If you look at the specification for the metrics1 type font (described in the API Reference) you'll understand that this file does not need to be encoded using UTF-8. Since it lists Unicode code points in a numerical form (as unsigned decimal), you can use regular text files. Thus, the following is the start of a metrics type 1 font:

```
METRICS1
unicode-met1.png
5
19968  0      0      32    40
19969  33     0      65    40
19970  66     0      98    40
19971  99     0     131    40
19972 132     0     164    40
19973 165     0     197    40
19974 198     0     230    40
19975 231     0     263    40
19976 264     0     296    40
19977 297     0     329    40
19978 330     0     362    40
```

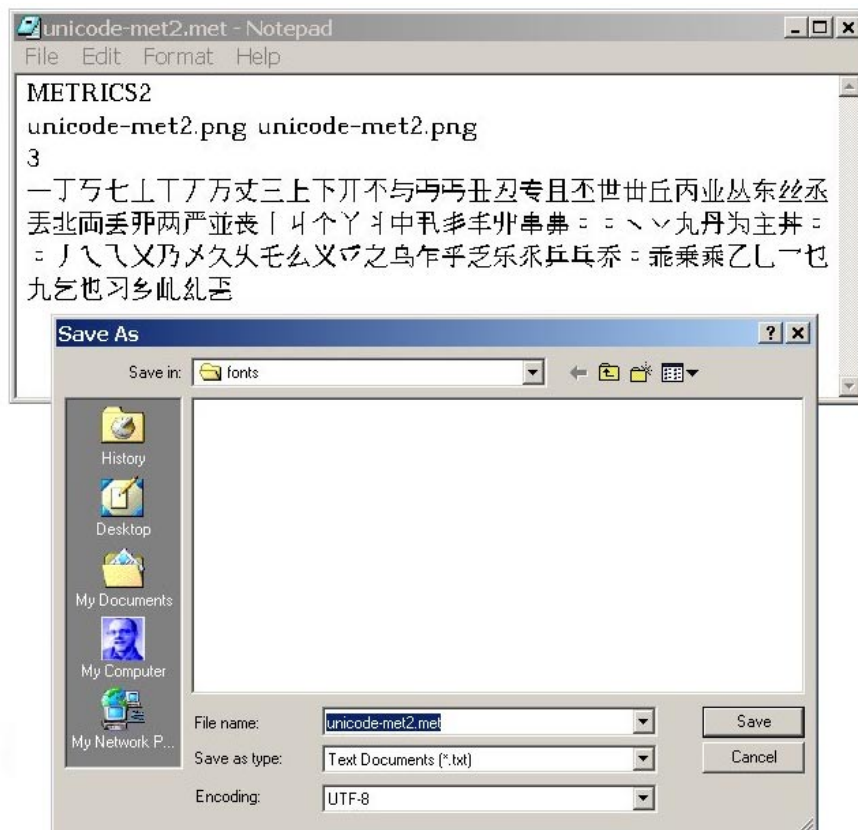
The numbers in the first column are the first characters in the CJK Unified Ideographs section of the Unicode specification. ("CJK" stands for Chinese, Japanese and Korean.)

Note that the `makefont` utility that is shipped with the SDK cannot, currently, generate characters outside of the range 32..127. Future versions might have this restriction removed. This utility seems to place a comment at the end of each line, and can cause font reading to fail sometimes. If you have problems, try removing these comments.

So, metrics type 1 files should be relatively easy to create. One point that must be considered, however, is that the `makefont` utility cannot be used to generate artwork that your title can ship with, unless you own the copyright on the font file you are rasterizing. For example, rasterizing a Windows font and using this in your game will break your license agreement with Microsoft. We provide `makefont` only to help developers generate stand-in artwork and to assist with debugging.

Metrics 2

Metrics type 2 fonts are more tricky. You already know that these have to be UTF-8 encoded. The reason for this is that the characters that are used in the texture are written into the metrics file. As it happens, in western versions of Windows, Notepad can create UTF-8 encoded files. When you save your file, select the UTF-8 encoding type. See the picture below:



Unfortunately, this process creates a file on disk that contains 3 header bytes (that, presumably, are used by Microsoft to store the fact that the file is UTF-8 encoded.) Before you can use your UTF-8 encoded file with the `Rt2d` library, you will have to strip off these bytes. One approach is to load the file into DevStudio as a binary file, and then delete the first 3 characters.

There is no easy way to enter the Unicode characters into Notepad using a regular keyboard. One approach is to use the Windows Character Map (*Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> System Tools -> Character Map*). In testing, a small macro was written to enter characters:

```
Sub InsertUnicode()
'
' InsertUnicodeMacro
' Macro created 21/03/03
'
    For i = 19968 To 20068
        Selection.InsertSymbol CharacterNumber:=i, Unicode:=True
    Next
End Sub
```

This just takes the first 101 characters in the CJK range and inserts them into a Word document. If you select a font that has these characters, for example, the shareware Code2000 font (see <http://home.att.net/~jameskass>) you can cut and paste these characters into Notepad. Naturally, you need to tell Notepad to use the same font (under *Format→Fonts...*). Following this procedure allows you to create the .met font description.

Examples of metrics1 and metrics2 files are displayed below. If you want to experiment using them, you'll need to know that the strings passed to Rt2dFontShow are regular 8-bit character strings. RenderWare knows whether you have loaded Unicode fonts or not. If you are rendering using a Unicode font, the strings passed to Rt2dFontShow are treated as UCS-2 or, put simply, as 16-bit integers. So, to illustrate, the following can be used to generate a suitable string:

```
RwChar s[256];
RwUInt16 *p = (RwUInt16 *)s;
RwUInt16 i;

for (i = 19968; i < 20000; i++)
    *p++ = i;
*p++ = 0;
// now we can do: Rt2dFontShow(f, s, h, &a, b);
```

2. Unicode .met File Examples

The .met and .png files shown below can be downloaded from the RenderWare Support site (FMSS):

- <https://support.renderware.com/kb/upload/unicode-met1.met>
- <https://support.renderware.com/kb/upload/unicode-met1.png>
- <https://support.renderware.com/kb/upload/unicode-met2.met>
- <https://support.renderware.com/kb/upload/unicode-met2.png>

unicode-met1.met

```
METRICS1
unicode-met1.png
5
19968  0  0  32  40 # ' '
19969  33  0  65  40 # ' '
19970  66  0  98  40 # '1'
19971  99  0 131  40 # ' '
19972 132  0 164  40 # ' '
19973 165  0 197  40 # '[0]'
19974 198  0 230  40 # ' '
19975 231  0 263  40 # ' '
19976 264  0 296  40 # ' '
19977 297  0 329  40 # ' '
19978 330  0 362  40 # '
'
19979 363  0 395  40 # '
'
19980 396  0 428  40 # ' '
19981 429  0 461  40 # '
'
19982 462  0 494  40 # ' '
19983  0  41  32  81 # ' '
19984  33  41  65  81 # ' '
19985  66  41  98  81 # ' '
19986  99  41 131  81 # ' '
19987 132  41 164  81 # ' '
19988 165  41 197  81 # ' '
19989 198  41 230  81 # ' '
19990 231  41 263  81 # ' '
19991 264  41 296  81 # ' '
19992 297  41 329  81 # ' '
19993 330  41 362  81
19994 363  41 395  81
19995 396  41 428  81 # ' '
19996 429  41 461  81 # ' '
19997 462  41 494  81 # ' '
```

```

19998  0  82  32 122 # '-'
19999 33  82  65 122 # '.'
20000 66  82  98 122 # '/'
20001 99  82 131 122 # '0'
20002 132 82 164 122 # '1'
20003 165 82 197 122 # '2'
20004 198 82 230 122 # '3'
20005 231 82 263 122 # '4'
20006 264 82 296 122 # '5'
20007 297 82 329 122 # '6'
20008 330 82 362 122 # '7'
20009 363 82 395 122 # '8'
20010 396 82 428 122 # '9'
20011 429 82 461 122 # ':'
20012 462 82 494 122 # ';'
20013  0 123  32 163 # '<'
20014 33 123  65 163 # '='
20015 66 123  98 163 # '>'
20016 99 123 131 163 # '?'
20017 132 123 164 163 # '@'
20018 165 123 197 163 # 'A'
20019 198 123 230 163 # 'B'
20020 231 123 263 163 # 'C'
20021 264 123 296 163 # 'D'
20022 297 123 329 163 # 'E'
20023 330 123 362 163 # 'F'
20024 363 123 395 163 # 'G'
20025 396 123 428 163 # 'H'
20026 429 123 461 163 # 'I'
20027 462 123 494 163 # 'J'
20028  0 205  32 245 # 'K'
20029 33 205  65 245 # 'L'
20030 66 205  98 245 # 'M'
20031 99 205 131 245 # 'N'
20032 132 205 164 245 # 'O'
20033 165 205 197 245 # 'P'
20034 198 205 230 245 # 'Q'
20035 231 205 263 245 # 'R'
20036 264 205 296 245 # 'S'

```

```
20052 297 205 329 245 # 'T'
20053 330 205 362 245 # 'U'
20054 363 205 395 245 # 'V'
20055 396 205 428 245 # 'W'
20056 429 205 461 245 # 'X'
20057 462 205 494 245 # 'Y'
20058   0 246   32 286 # 'Z'
20059  33 246   65 286 # '['
20060  66 246   98 286 # '\'
20061  99 246  131 286 # ']'
20062 132 246  164 286 # '^'
20063 165 246  197 286 # ' '
20064 198 246  230 286 # '`'
20065 231 246  263 286 # 'a'
20066 264 246  296 286 # 'b'
20067 297 246  329 286 # 'c'
20068 330 246  362 286 # 'd'
```

unicode-met1.png

一丁丂七丄丅丆万丈三上下开不与
丐丐丑刃专且丕世卅丘丙业丛东丝
丞丢北而丢邪两严並喪丨ㄣ个丫斗
中乚丰丰丰丰串弗。、、丸丹为主
井。、丿乚乚乚乃メ久久乇么义
之乌乍乎乏乐禾乒乒乔。乖乘乘乙
乚一乚九乞也习乡屾乚

Unicode-Met2

unicode-met2.met

This example displays a list of fonts. To be able to display these fonts, you need to have the relevant fonts installed.

unicode-met2.png

