绝密★寒假返校考试结束前

A. Two.

浙江省新阵地教育联盟 2025 届第二次联考

英语试题卷

命题:安吉高级中学 蔡萍兰、吴 欢 磨题:路桥中学 方 醒 嵊州中学 汪碧柳 校稿:殷沈华

第Ⅰ卷

71 T U	
第一部分: 听力(共两节,满分30分)	
第一节: (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)	
听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、	B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。
听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读了	
1. What does the woman dislike about the restaurant?	7/C: 10011HV03
A. The poor service. B. The size of the dishes.	C. The high prices.
2. When did the man have his first Lego set?	<i>S</i> F
A. When he started working.	
B. When he was at college.	
C. When he was in high school.	
3. What does the man probably want to buy?	
A. A computer. B. A bike.	C. A car.
4. Why does the man apologize to Judith?	
A. He kept her waiting.	
B. He got off work early.	
C. He forgot to inform her.	
5. Where did the man find his pen?	
A. On the shelf. B. On the desk.	C. On the floor.
第二节: (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)	医上尾丛丛
听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从	
选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题	,每小题 5 杪钟; 听完后,各小
题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。	
听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。	
6. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?	
A. Teacher and student. B. Friends.	C. Parent and child.
7. Where do the speakers plan to meet up?	
A. At a supermarket. B. At a restaurant.	C. At a cinema.
听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。	
8. Who is Naomi?	
A. Charlotte's roommate. B. Mrs. Brown's child.	C. Mrs. Smith's daughter.
9. What will Mrs. Smith probably do?	
A. Spare one room for Charlotte.	
B. Fill out Naomi's application form.	
C. Provide Naomi with accommodations.	
10. How does Mrs. Smith feel at the end of the conversation? A. Relieved. B. Worried.	C. Annoved
所第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。	C. Annoyed.
11. How many children does the woman have?	

C. Four.

B. Three.

12. What is the woman's attitude toward the man's suggestion at first?

A. Understanding. B. Supportive.

C. Hesitant.

13. What type of party does the woman decide to throw?

A. A birthday party.

B. A dance party.

C. A dinner party.

听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

14. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a teacher's office.

B. In an admission office.

C. In a doctor's office.

15. What problem does the man have?

A. He has serious heart problems.

B. He often feels a sharp pain in his neck.

C. He's suffering from stress and anxiety.

16. Why does the man keep his problem from his parents?

A. He is afraid of making them angry.

B. He doesn't want to disappoint them.

C. He is too proud to show his weakness.

17. What does the woman suggest trying first?

A. Talking to her parents. B. Exercising. C. Getting more rest.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What is the main topic of the talk?

A. The effect of AI use on language skills.

B. The possibilities of AI use in training brains.

C. The breakthrough of AI use in reading minds.

19. Where did the research take place?

A. At Oxford University.

B. At the University of Texas.

C. At Osaka University.

20. Who is likely to benefit most from the research?

A. Filmmakers.

B. Language teachers.

C. People who are unable to speak.

第二部分:阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节: (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Museums have changed. We'll always have the Met in New York and the Louvre in Paris, but nowadays you'll find a museum for absolutely everything and everyone. Here are some interesting museums.

Museum of Bad Art (Boston, Massachusetts)

The mission of MOBA is to collect, exhibit and celebrate art that will be shown in no other venue. Highlights include *Lucy in the Field with Flowers*, a painting found in 1993 leaning against a trash barrel, waiting for garbage collection. This painting was the first of the MOBA collection. A low point—and a must-see—is the painting *Our Lady of Perpetual Housework*.

The Mob Museum (Las Vegas, Nevada)

This 1933 former U.S. post office and federal courtroom was bought by the city of Las Vegas in 2002 for \$1, with the condition it be used for something cultural...like a museum. Officially the National Museum of Organized Crime and Law Enforcement, this museum tells a visual story of the war between the mob and the police. The museum ends its tour by inviting you into a fully operational—and legal—speakeasy.

International Tennis Hall of Fame (Newport, Rhode island)

This museum was built on the site of the first United States National Lawn Tennis Championships in 1881 (which grew into the U.S. Open in New York). A highlight is a Kings Court for "court tennis," first played by monks and kings dating back to 1538. In this ancient game, the ball can bounce off the walls and windows and still be in play. There are only 10 such courts in North America, as they cost approximately \$3 million to make.

- 21. What do we know about the Museum of Bad Art?
 - A. Its collections are all masterpieces.
 - B. It is the most popular museum in Boston.
 - C. It aims to show art not displayed elsewhere.
 - D. It only exhibits paintings found near trash barrels.
- 22. Why was the former U.S. post office and federal courtroom sold for just \$1?
 - A. Because the building was in bad condition.
 - B. Because the building was linked with illegal activities.
 - C. Because the owner wanted to give it away for charity.
 - D. Because the city agreed to use it for cultural purposes.
- 23. Where might this passage be taken from?

A. A travel magazine.

B. A sports brochure.

C. A history textbook.

D. A research paper.

B

When Hurricane Douglas came barreling toward Oahu in 2020, David Sischo quickly packed up and drove to higher ground. But he wasn't shifting his family. He was shifting snails.

Sischo works with some of the rarest endangered species on the planet, kāhuli — Hawaii's native tree snails. The colorful, jewel-like snails were once so abundant. It's said they were like Christmas ornaments covering the trees. Almost all of the 750 different species were found only in Hawaii. Today, more than half of those species are gone, the extinctions happening in the span of a human lifetime. Sischo and his team with Hawaii's Department of Land and Natural Resources have the heavy task of saving what's left.

To <u>stave off</u> extinction, 40 species of snails, each about the size of a dime, live in human care inside an unremarkable trailer near Honolulu. For some, it's the only place where they're found, their wild populations having completely disappeared. "Most people, when they think endangered species going extinct, they think of pandas and tigers and elephants, but imagine having 40 different species that are all as rare as pandas are," Sischo says.

This winter, one species of snail will inch toward an auspicious milestone. It will be released in a special enclosure in the mountains of Oahu, one that has been painstakingly prepared to give the snails the best chance of survival in their natural environment.

Still, the outlook for Hawaii's snails is uncertain, symbolizing a new era in the conservation of endangered species. Around the world, plants and animals are being brought into enclosure as a last-ditch effort against extinction. But as the climate heats up and invasive species continue to spread, many have no clear path to return to nature in the near term. That could mean they stay in human care. In the face of the biodiversity crisis, many wildlife biologists say there's no other choice. "These are biological treasures that are irreplaceable," Sischo says. "It is now or never. What we manage to keep on Earth will be what the next generation is able to put back."

- 24. What was David's primary concern when Hurricane Douglas approached?
 - A. The safety of his family.

B. The protection of rare tree snails.

C. The withdrawal of local residents.

D. The observation of the hurricane.

D. Prevent.

C. Witness.

- 25. What's the present state of kāhuli?
 - A. They are now more abundant than ever.
 - B. All 750 species are still thriving in Hawaii.
 - C. They are in a critical situation of extinction.
 - D. They can be found in various parts of the world.
- 26. What does the phrase "stave off" in Paragraph 3 most probably mean?

A. Clarify. B. Accelerate. 27. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. The future of Hawaii's snails is promising.
- B. The biodiversity crisis is easy to deal with.
- C. The ways to protect endangered species are numerous.
- D. The conservation of endangered species is challenging.

(

Has someone ever told you something that made you doubt your own memory or judgment? If so, you may be a victim of gaslighting. "Gaslighting" is a kind of psychological abuse to gain power over others by purposely making other people think they're wrong even when they're right. The term comes from Patrick Hamilton's play in 1938. Lead character Jack Manningham seeks to convince his wife Bella that she is going crazy, by saying she is imagining the dimming of the gas light in their home, when it was actually he who lowered the brightness of the light.

Gaslighting is initially used to talk about what happens in romantic relationships. However, many individuals also experience gaslighting at work. In fact, a recent survey has found that 58% of the respondents said they have experienced gaslighting at work. It's unsurprising since gaslighting usually involves a power relationship and a need to control others. In the workplace, the dynamics between a boss and his employee can be the perfect breeding ground for this type of behavior. Your boss may tell you to handle an assignment in a certain way, but when you do, he gets annoyed and says it isn't what he wants. It makes you feel like your memory is faulty.

In order to find out whether your boss's behavior really constitutes gaslighting or he is just a poor communicator, you could write down your experiences and ask yourself what really has happened, what his motives might be, and how your emotion is affected. But always be careful because gaslighters know how to fly under the radar. They are skilled at weakening an employee's confidence and sense of reality in a clever and hard-to-prove way.

To protect yourself, at the end of the conversation with your boss, repeat back what you have heard and follow up with an e-mail restating the main points, documenting the interactions between you two. But don't get your hopes high that this will automatically solve the problem, Robin Stern, author of *The Gaslight Effect*, warns, because it's hard to get a gaslighter to change his behavior pattern. If things don't improve, you may want to consider getting out of the gaslighting situation by looking for a new position.

- 28. Why does the author mention Patrick Hamliton's play in paragraph 1?
 - A. To introduce a famous play in history.
 - B. To show the origin of the term "gaslighting".
 - C. To describe how people go crazy in daily life.
 - D. To explain the relationship between couples.
- 29. Why is gaslighting common in the workplace according to the text?
 - A. Because employees are too sensitive.
- B. Because bosses are poor communicators.
- C. Because employers want to dominate.
- D. Because work assignments are too difficult.
- 30. What is suggested for employees to determine if their boss is gaslighting them?
 - A. E-mailing their boss to ask for documents.
- B. Having an argument with the boss.
- C. Recording and analyzing their experiences.
- D. Making a complaint to the superiors.
- 31. What is the author's purpose in writing this passage?
 - A. To introduce gaslighting's origin and its solutions.
 - B. To highlight gaslighting's harm and its reasons.
 - C. To discuss a survey on gaslighting and its effects.
 - D. To explain gaslighting's definition and its types.

n

Be more productive. That is how ChatGPT, a generative-artificial-intelligence tool from OpenAI, sells itself to workers. But despite industry hopes that the technology will boost productivity across the workforce, not everyone is on board. According to two recent studies, women use ChatGPT between 16 and 20 percentage points less than their male peers, even when they are employed in the same jobs or read the same subject.

The first study, published as a working paper in June, explored ChatGPT at work. Anders Humlum of the University of Chicago and Emilie Vestergaard of the University of Copenhagen surveyed 100,000 Danes across 11 professions in which the technology could save workers time, including journalism, software-developing and teaching. The researchers asked respondents how often they turned to ChatGPT and what might keep them from adopting it.

Across all professions, women were less likely to use ChatGPT than men who worked in the same industry. For example, only a third of female teachers used it for work, compared with half of male teachers. Among software developers, almost two-thirds of men used it while less than half of women did. The gap shrank only slightly, to 16 percentage points, when people in the same firms working on similar tasks were compared. As such, the study concludes that a lack of female confidence may be in part to blame: women who did not use AI were more likely than men to highlight that they needed training to use the technology.

Another potential explanation for the gender imbalance comes from a survey of 486 students at the Norwegian School of Economics (NHH). It also found a gender gap: female students enrolled in the NHH's only undergraduate programme were 18 percentage points less likely to use ChatGPT often. When the researchers separated students by admission grades, it became clear that the gap reflected the behaviour of mid- and high-performing women. Low performers were almost as likely as men to use the technology.

Why might this be? The researchers probed what was going on with some clever follow-up questions. They asked students whether they would use ChatGPT if their professor forbade it, and received a similar distribution of answers. However, with clear approval, everyone, including the better-performing women, reported that they would make use of the technology. In other words, the high-achieving women appeared to put a ban on themselves. "It's the 'good girl' thing," reckons Ms Isaksson. "It's this idea that 'I have to go through this pain, I have to do it on my own and I shouldn't cheat and take short-cuts'."

- 32. What do we know about ChatGPT gender usage gap according to the first study?
 - A. It is only found in a few specific professions.
 - B. It is caused by women's less access to high-tech.
 - C. It is partly due to women's lack of confidence.
 - D. It disappears on similar tasks in the same firm.
- 33. What does Paragraph 4 mainly talk about?
 - A. NHH students' ChatGPT use in different cases.
 - B. Comparison of ChatGPT use among NHH students.
 - C. Professors' impact on NHH students' ChatGPT use.
 - D. Reasons for top NHH female students' self-restriction.
- 34. What is the reason for high-achieving women's behavior according to Ms Isaksson?
 - A. They think using ChatGPT is cheating.
 - B. They believe using ChatGPT is painful.
 - C. They fear punishment for using ChatGPT.
 - D. They are not interested in new technology.
- 35. Which of the following would be the best title for the text?
 - A. ChatGPT: A New Productivity Booster
 - B. ChatGPT: A Game-Changer in Education
 - C. The Gender Difference in ChatGPT Usage
 - D. The Impact of ChatGPT on Different Professions
- 第二节: (共5小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

You have to make a speech. You have done your research and now have plenty of ideas bouncing around in your head that you want to get across. The big question you face at this point is how to organize those thoughts. _____ 36 ___ You need to brainstorm some supporting ideas and then figure out how those ideas fit together.

These are just two cases that many people deal with frequently. Some use outlining to flesh out and organize their ideas, but is that the best strategy? _____37____

<u>38</u> This two-dimensional structure is designed to help you remember information because its format is easy for your mind to remember. More than 250 million people worldwide use them, so why don't you have a try and see what they are all about?

What is a mind map? Simply put, it is one's ideas put into the form of a visual diagram that starts with a central idea. Put this idea in a bubble in the middle of a page with lines radiating out to other bubbles that

contain related themes or concepts. <u>39</u> Use words, short phrases or images to express your ideas. And use color-coded bubbles for a visual representation of each branch's connection.

Studies have shown that this technique of using pictures, colors and visual arrangement has improved people's recall and memory of information by 10 to 15 percent. _____40___ Creativity is aroused because of the spatial arrangement, enabling people to make more links and associations on topics of any kind. Additionally, it increases one's productivity because mind mapping makes it easier to learn faster.

So whether you're in charge of a project or writing a research paper, make this technique a core part of your planning process!

- A. But it doesn't stop there.
- B. It should look like a many-legged spider.
- C. This is a common problem that many people face.
- D. It has proven to increase not only productivity and creativity but also memory.
- E. Or perhaps you are planning to write a paper, and all you have is the main topic.
- F. If everyone thought in a linear manner, then the answer would be yes, but most people don't.
- G. Enter mind mapping, a technique that shows how different ideas and facts relate to one another.

第Ⅱ卷

第三部分: 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节: (共15 题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 $A \times B \times C$ 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The side door of the aircraft was opened, and a brisk wind rushed in. Packed tightly like sardines were fourteen silent people. Two of them were my adult children, 41 out at the endless sky.

When we reached an altitude of 14,000 feet, my son's face turned pale as he 42 inched to the opening and fell out of the 43. Something went cold in my heart. But, only seconds later, instructions were being 44, and it was my daughter's turn. Her face, however, was 45, and she laughed and whooped, falling away into the wild blue. For a quick moment, a desperate fear 46 me, and I wondered if that was the last time I would see them. But the thought soon 47 as I felt a strong pull on my pack and was moved into position.

With a big birthday approaching, my children had chosen to surprise me with an unforgettable way to dive into the decade. I'd wanted to 48, but when a woman celebrating her fiftieth wedding anniversary spontaneously decided to 49, I knew I had to do it, too.

Now I was in the $\underline{50}$. I forgot all the instructions as the sheer terror and joy $\underline{51}$. Although it felt like forever, the minute before the parachute (降落傘) opened was memorable. With the earth quickly approaching, I spied my son and daughter running to $\underline{52}$ me. We had an excited three-way $\underline{53}$.

It was a(n) <u>54</u> moment. I could have refused to leave the plane, missing both the extreme thrill of the dive and the unique beauty of the view from the sky. <u>55</u> to the appearance of safety no longer felt like the only option.

41. A. leaving	B. standing	C. staring	D. putting
42. A. cautiously	B. swiftly	C. closely	D. proudly
43. A. wing	B. hole	C. window	D. plane
44. A. overlooked	B. barked	C. interrupted	D. posted
45. A. regretful	B. grateful	C. joyful	D. sorrowful
46. A. overcame	B. refreshed	C. discouraged	D. confused
47. A. crept	B. surged	C. returned	D. passed
48. A. give out	B. set out	C. chicken out	D. work out
49. A. dive	B. divorce	C. withdraw	D. abandon
50. A. jungle	B. air	C. dilemma	D. darkness
51. A. came back	B. faded away	C. died down	D. rolled in
52. A. rescue	B. greet	C. address	D. search

53. A. hugB. exchangeC. matchD. comment54. A. temporaryB. awkwardC. desperateD. symbolic55. A. ClimbingB. StickingC. RespondingD. Dropping

第二节: (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Emei Kung Fu Girls, a female Kung Fu group consisting of nine Gen-Z members who are passionate about traditional Chinese martial arts, has gone viral on China's social media.

Ling Yun, the core member of the group, <u>56</u> is also an inheritor of Emei martial arts, and other members are skilled in Emei Kung Fu techniques. Short <u>57</u> (video) of them performing Emei martial arts have effectively promoted the intangible cultural heritage. In their first promotional video, they wear green uniforms and perform various Emei Kung Fu techniques against the backdrop of Mount Emei in southwest China's Sichuan Province, <u>58</u> (demonstrate) the unique charm of Emei martial arts, which <u>59</u> (date) back to the Spring and Autumn Period.

Ling, who began to learn martial arts at the age of 4, realized that preserving and spreading Emei martial arts culture couldn't rely <u>60</u> (mere) on practitioners' training, and Emei Kung Fu should be promoted in a way that appeals to modern aesthetics <u>61</u> (reach) both domestic and international audiences. Therefore, forming a group of versatile talents who could make Emei martial arts culture thrive in modern society became <u>62</u> priority.

As a result, the Emei Kung Fu Girls group was officially launched at the <u>63</u> (four) Emei Martial Arts Inheritance Conference on April 29, 2024. The group has cracked the code of social media success by carving out its distinctive style. Their costumes strike a perfect balance between practicality and grace and combine traditional elements <u>64</u> modern aesthetics, featuring ink-green and red color schemes, cloud patterns, and <u>65</u> (innovate) cutting techniques.

第四部分: 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你的英国笔友 Tom 对近期申遗成功的中国春节很感兴趣,请你写一封邮件向他介绍春节期间你所经历的一次民俗体验。内容包括:

- 1. 民俗体验过程。
- 2. 体会或感受。

参考词汇: folk-custom 民俗

注意:

- 1. 写作词数应为 80 左右:
- 2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My day started just like all the other days for the past 15 years where I get up, make some coffee, shower, get dressed, and leave for the train station at precisely 7:35 A.M. to arrive at work by 8:30. While on the train, I would always choose a seat away from the crowd so I could read the newspaper in peace and quiet.

At work, I am always burdened with questions from co-workers, suppliers, telephone calls, and then those dreaded meetings, so the last thing I need is some stranger to sit beside me and start small talk.

I don't know why, but for some reason, when I got on the train today, it was unusually full. With hesitation, I sat down in the only seat available beside a middle-aged man who had his head down and seemed to be lost in his thoughts. I was glad that he didn't notice when I sat next to him as he just continued to look down towards the floor.

Shortly after the train left for my 30-minute ride downtown, I found myself wondering what this man was thinking about. What could be so important that he didn't even see me sitting next to him? I tried to forget about it and started to read my paper. However, for some strange reason, this "inner voice" kept

prompting me to talk to this man. I tried to ignore the "voice" as there was no way I was starting a conversation with a complete stranger.

As you probably guessed, I eventually broke down and came up with an excuse to ask him a question. When he raised his head and turned his eyes toward me, I could see that he must have been really upset as he had red eyes and still had some tears rolling down the side of his face, despite his feeble attempt to wipe them away. I can't describe the sadness I felt seeing someone in so much pain.

We talked for about 20 minutes, and in the end, he seemed to be doing better. As we were leaving the train, he thanked me heartily for being an "angel" by taking the time to talk. I never did find out what was making his heart so heavy with pain, but I was glad I listened to the "voice" that day.

注意:

- 1.续写词数应为 150 左右:
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Paragraph1: Several weeks later, I found an envelope on my desk with the word "Angel" written on it.

Paragraph2: Deeply touched yet still shaken, I sat there holding the letter, feeling lucky that I followed my inner voice.