

EE1390 MATRIX PROJECT

ME18BTECH11035,MS18BTECH11017

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1 MATRIX PROBLEM

⌈GEOMETRICAL FORM)

Question: Given $2x - y + 2z = 2$, $x - 2y + z = -4$, $x + y + kz = 4$
then the value of 'k' such that the system of
equation has NO solution

MATRIX APPROACH: The equations given
to us are :

$$2x - y + 2z = 2$$

$$x - 2y + z = -4$$

$$\text{and } x + y + kz = 4$$

Each equation represents a plane and the
point of intersection is determined by finding
the point of intersection of the lines obtained
by the intersection of any two of the three
planes.

The problem can be written in matrix form
as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & k \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

where $\mathbf{X} =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

SOLUTION: we know that a given system
doesn't contain any solution if the determi-
nant of the coefficient matrix is zero

$$\Rightarrow \det(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & k \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

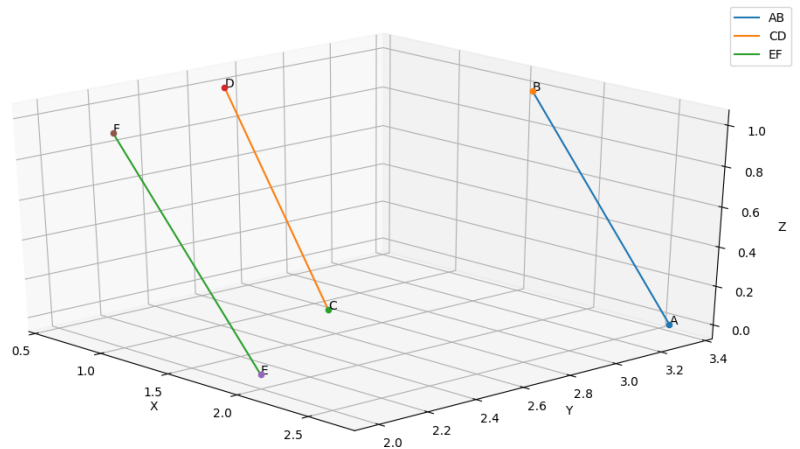
$$\Rightarrow 3k - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow k = 1$$

GRAPHICAL VERIFICATION

Now the solution is verified using a graph which is plotted in python we plot each of the lines which is obtained by the intersection of any two planes and we can clearly see that, **k=1** the lines clearly don't intersect.

Therefore, the system of equations doesn't have any solution

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for k=1

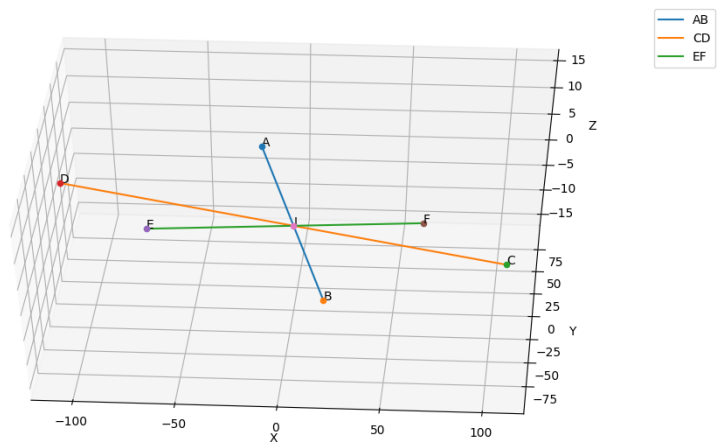


Figure 1: for $k=2$