```
In [85]: %pylab inline import pandas import seaborn
```

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

Loading Dataset Into Memory

```
In [3]: data = pandas.read_csv('Desktop/Anushka/Uber_data_analytics_Python/Ube
r-dataset.csv')
```

In [7]: data.tail()

Out[7]:

	Date/Time	Lat	Lon	Base
564511	4/30/2014 23:22:00	40.7640	-73.9744	B02764
564512	4/30/2014 23:26:00	40.7629	-73.9672	B02764
564513	4/30/2014 23:31:00	40.7443	-73.9889	B02764
564514	4/30/2014 23:32:00	40.6756	-73.9405	B02764
564515	4/30/2014 23:48:00	40.6880	-73.9608	B02764

Data Preparation

Converting datetime and adding some useful columns

```
In [17]: data['Date/Time'] = data['Date/Time'].map(pandas.to_datetime)
```

In [18]: data.tail()

Out[18]:

	Date/Time	Lat	Lon	Base
564511	2014-04-30 23:22:00	40.7640	-73.9744	B02764
564512	2014-04-30 23:26:00	40.7629	-73.9672	B02764
564513	2014-04-30 23:31:00	40.7443	-73.9889	B02764
564514	2014-04-30 23:32:00	40.6756	-73.9405	B02764
564515	2014-04-30 23:48:00	40.6880	-73.9608	B02764

In [19]: def get_dom(dt): #creating seperate column for day of the month i.e. D OM

return dt.day

data['dom']=data['Date/Time'].map(get_dom) #getting the day of the mon

In [20]: data.tail()

Out[20]:

	Date/Time	Lat	Lon	Base	dom
564511	2014-04-30 23:22:00	40.7640	-73.9744	B02764	30
564512	2014-04-30 23:26:00	40.7629	-73.9672	B02764	30
564513	2014-04-30 23:31:00	40.7443	-73.9889	B02764	30
564514	2014-04-30 23:32:00	40.6756	-73.9405	B02764	30
564515	2014-04-30 23:48:00	40.6880	-73.9608	B02764	30

Out[27]:

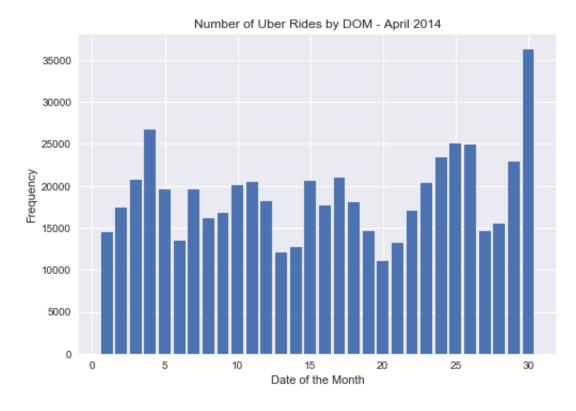
	Date/Time	Lat	Lon	Base	dom	weekday	hour
564511	2014-04-30 23:22:00	40.7640	-73.9744	B02764	30	2	23
564512	2014-04-30 23:26:00	40.7629	-73.9672	B02764	30	2	23
564513	2014-04-30 23:31:00	40.7443	-73.9889	B02764	30	2	23
564514	2014-04-30 23:32:00	40.6756	-73.9405	B02764	30	2	23
564515	2014-04-30 23:48:00	40.6880	-73.9608	B02764	30	2	23

Data Analysis

Analysing the Day of the Month Data (Histogram)

```
In [33]: hist(data.dom, bins=30, rwidth=.8, range=(0.5, 30.5))
    xlabel('Date of the Month')
    ylabel('Frequency')
    title('Number of Uber Rides by DOM - April 2014')
```

Out[33]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11dcbc390>



```
In [35]: #for k, rows in data.groupby('dom'):
    # print((k, len(rows)))

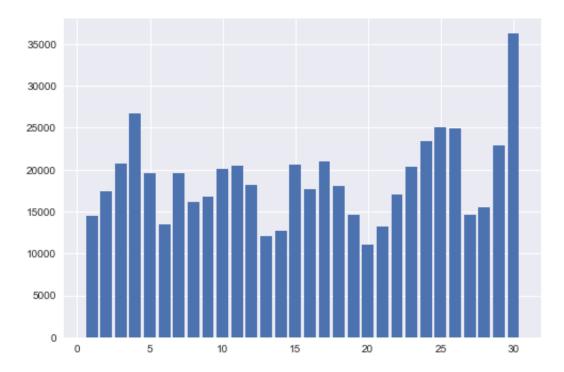
def count_rows(rows):
    return len(rows)

by_date = data.groupby('dom').apply(count_rows)
by_date
```

Out[35]:	dom	
ouc[33]:	1	14546
	2	17474
	3	20701
	4	26714
	5	19521
	6	13445
	7	19550
	8	16188
	9	16843
	10	20041
	11	20420
	12	18170
	13	12112
	14	12674
	15	20641
	16	17717
	17	20973
	18	18074
	19	14602
	20	11017
	21	13162
	22	16975
	23	20346
	24	23352
	25	25095
	26	24925
	27	14677
	28	15475
	29	22835
	30	36251
	dtype	: int64

In [40]: bar(range(1,31),(by_date))

Out[40]: <Container object of 30 artists>

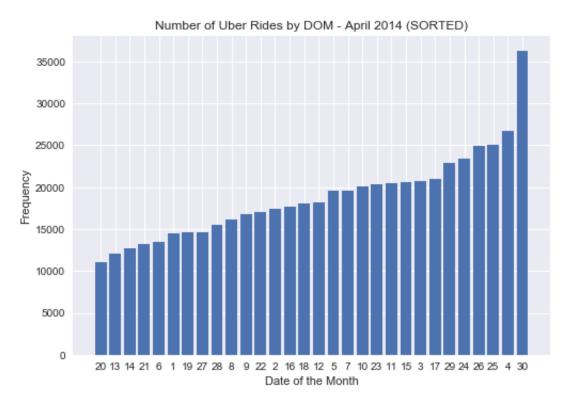


In [42]: by_date_sorted = by_date.sort_values()
 by_date_sorted

	_	
Out[42]:	dom	
	20	11017
	13	12112
	14	12674
	21	13162
	6	13445
	1	14546
	19	14602
	27	14677
	28	15475
	8	16188
	9	16843
	22	16975
	2	17474
	16	17717
	18	18074
	12	18170
	5	19521
	7	19550
	10	20041
	23	20346
	11	20420
	15	20641
	3	20701
	17	20973
	29	22835
	24	23352
	26	24925
	25	25095
	4	26714
	30	36251
	dtype	: int64

```
In [45]: bar(range(1, 31), by_date_sorted)
    xticks(range(1,31),by_date_sorted.index)
    xlabel('Date of the Month')
    ylabel('Frequency')
    title('Number of Uber Rides by DOM - April 2014 (SORTED)')
;
```

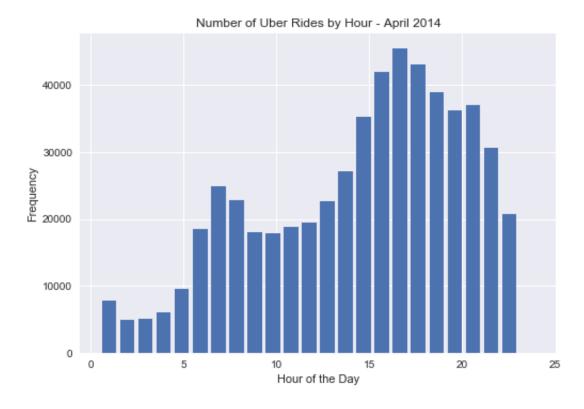
Out[45]: ''



Analyzing by Hour (Histogram)

```
In [48]: hist(data.hour, bins=24, rwidth=.8, range=(.5, 24))
    xlabel('Hour of the Day')
    ylabel('Frequency')
    title('Number of Uber Rides by Hour - April 2014')
```

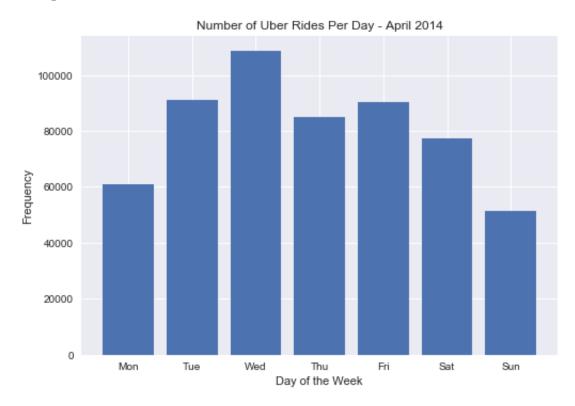
Out[48]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11e1ee828>



Analyzing by Weekday (Histogram)

```
In [59]: hist(data.weekday, bins=7, range=(-.5,6.5), rwidth=.8)
    xticks(range(7), 'Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun'.split())
    xlabel('Day of the Week')
    ylabel('Frequency')
    title('Number of Uber Rides Per Day - April 2014')
```

Out[59]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11fd4eac8>

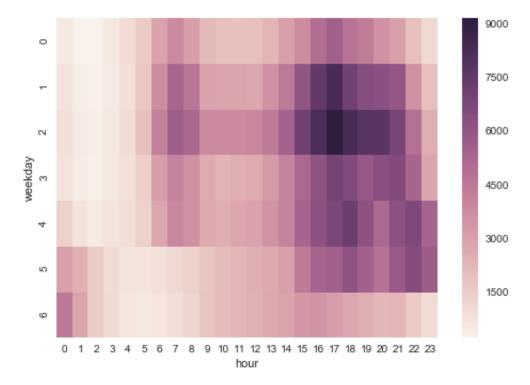


Analysis of Hour and DOW (CROSS ANALYSIS)

In [64]: by_cross=data.groupby('weekday hour'.split()).apply(count_rows).unstac
k()

In [65]: seaborn.heatmap(by_cross)

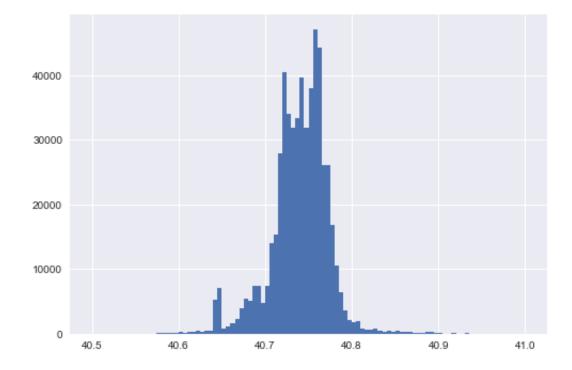
Out[65]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x11fd89f98>



Analysis by Latitude and Longitude

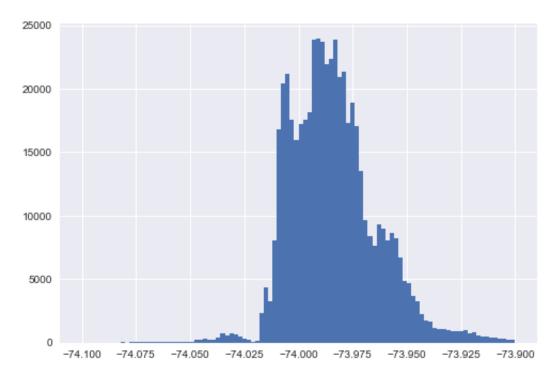
```
In [66]: hist(data['Lat'],bins=100, range = (40.5,41))
;
```

Out[66]: ''



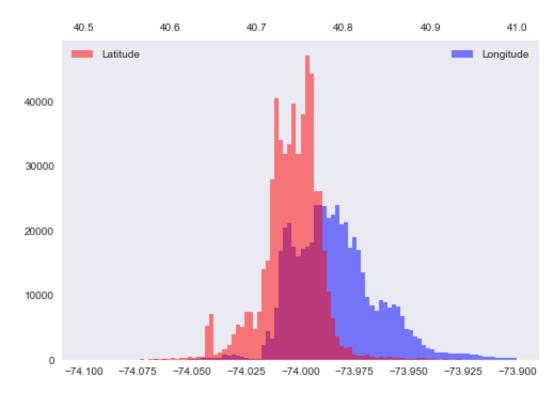
```
In [68]: hist(data['Lon'],bins=100, range = (-74.1,-73.9))
;
```

Out[68]: '



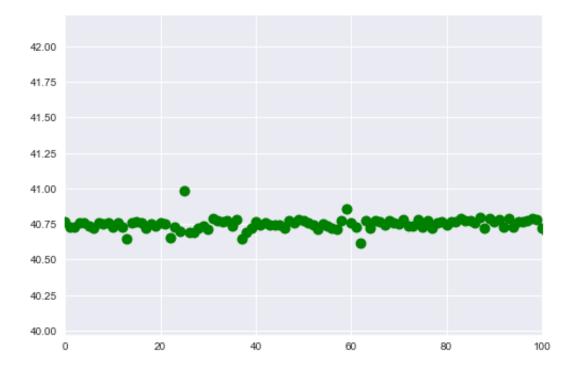
```
In [79]: hist(data['Lon'],bins=100, range = (-74.1,-73.9), color='b', alpha=.5,
label='Longitude')
grid()
legend(loc='best')
twiny()
hist(data['Lat'],bins=100, range = (40.5,41), color='r', alpha=.5, lab
el='Latitude')
grid()
legend(loc='upper left')
;
```

Out[79]: ''



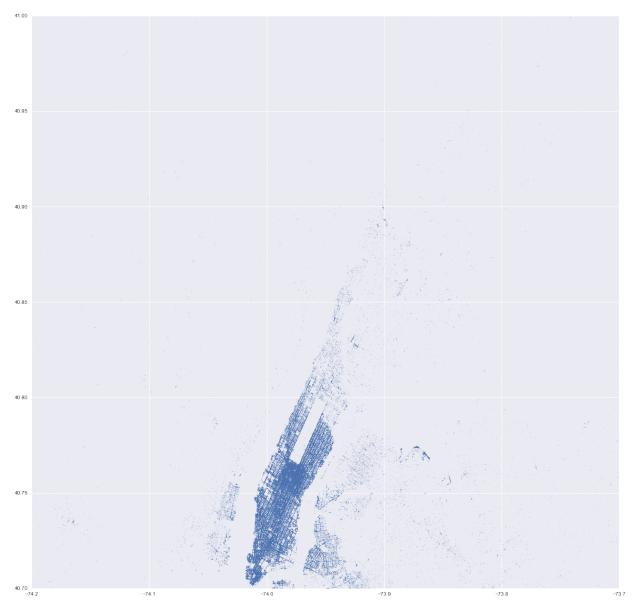
```
In [80]: plot(data['Lat'], '.', ms=20, color='green')
    xlim(0,100)
```

Out[80]: (0, 100)



```
In [84]: figure(figsize=(20,20))
    plot(data['Lon'], data['Lat'],'.', ms=1, alpha=.5)
    xlim(-74.2, -73.7)
    ylim(40.7, 41)
```

Out[84]: (40.7, 41)



In []: