Write a program to input a name (as a single character) and marks of three tests as m1, m2, and m3 of a student considering all the three marks have been given in integer format.

240701072

Now, you need to calculate the average of the given marks and print it along with the name as mentioned in the output format section.

All the test marks are in integers and hence calculate the average in integer as well. That is, you need to print the integer part of the average only and neglect the decimal part.

Input format :

Line 1 : Name(Single character)

Line 2 : Marks scored in the 3 tests separated by single space.

Output format :

First line of output prints the name of the student.

Second line of the outp mark.	out prints the average
Constraints	240701072
Marks for each studen 100 (both inclusive)	t lie in the range 0 to
Sample Input 1 :	
A	
3 4 6	
Sample Output 1 :	
А	
4	
Sample Input 2 :	
Т	
738	

# Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
                            240701072
int main()
{
    char e;
    int a,b,c,d;
    scanf("%c",&e);
    scanf("%d %d %d",&b,&c,&d);
    a = (b+c+d)/3;
    printf("%c\n",e);
    printf("%d",a);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	A 3 4 6	A 4	A 4	<b>~</b>
~	T 7 3 8	T 6	T 6	<b>~</b>
~	R 0 100 99	R 66	R 66	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! 🗸

#### 240701072

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00



Some *C* data types, their format specifiers, and their most common bit widths are as follows:

- Int ("%d"): 32 Bit integer
- · Long ("%ld"): 64 bit integer
- · Char ("%c"): Character type
- · Float ("%f"): 32 bit real value
- · Double ("%lf"): 64 bit real value

## Reading

To read a data type, use the following syntax:

scanf("`format\_specifier`", &val)

For example, to read a *character* followed by a *double*:

char ch; 240701072

scanf("%c %lf", &ch, &d);

For the moment, we can ignore the spacing between format specifiers.

## **Printing**

double d;

To print a data type, use the following syntax: printf("`format\_specifier`", val)

For example, to print a *character* followed by a *double*:

a double: char ch = 'd';

printf("%c %lf", ch, d);

use scanf and printf.

double d = 234.432;

**Note:** You can also use *cin* and *cout* instead of *scanf* and *printf*; however, if you are taking a million numbers as input and printing a million lines, it is faster to

## Input Format

Input consists of the following space-

#### **Input Format**

Input consists of the following spaceseparated values: *int, long, char, float,* and *double,* respectively.

#### **Output Format**

Print each element on a new line in the same order it was received as input. Note that the floating point value should be correct up to 3 decimal places and the double to 9 decimal places.

#### Sample Input

3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493

#### Sample Output

3

12345678912345

a

334.230

14049.304930000

#### **Explanation**

Print int 3,

followed by long 12345678912345,

followed by char a,

followed by float 334.23,

followed by double 14049.30493.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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Falling back to raw text area.

## Input Format Input consists of the following spaceseparated values: int, long, char, float, and double, respectively. 240701072 **Output Format** Print each element on a new line in the same order it was received as input. Note that the floating point value should be correct up to 3 decimal places and the double to 9 decimal places. Sample Input 3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493 Sample Output 3 12345678912345 a 334.230 14049.304930000 **Explanation** Print int 3, followed by long 12345678912345, followed by char a, followed by float 334.23, followed by double 14049.30493. Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
                           240701072
{
    int a;
    long b;
    char c;
    float d;
    double e;
    scanf("%d %ld %c %f
%lf",&a,&b,&c,&d,&e);
printf("%d\n%ld\n%c\n%.3f\n%.9lf
\n",a,b,c,d,e);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input
<b>&gt;</b>	3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049
Passe	ed all tests! 🗸

Write a program to print the ASCII value and the two adjacent characters of the given character.

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```
Input
```

Ε

Output

DF

69

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char a;
    scanf("%c",&a);
    printf("%d\n",a);
    printf("%c %c",a-1,a+1);
    return 0;
}
```

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	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Е	69	69	~
		DF	DF	

Passed all tests! <

Finish review