Day 3

HTML & CSS

↳ <div> tag.

<div> </div>

no use

↓

change it to important using CSS

CSS

What is CSS?

It is used to style your respective web page.

Types of CSS → 3

1). Inline → Written within the tag.

✓ 2). Internal → Written within the page.

✓ 3). External → It is written seperately.

↳ <link>

selectors → 4

→ class → .

→ id → #

→ Tag (element) → Tag

→ Universal → *

. link {

text-decoration : none.

}

~~#~~ style1 { }

<a href = " " class = " link style1 "

<div> </div>

div {

height : 100px ;

width : 100px ;

}

Styling priorities

→ ① internal → Priority2
② inline → Priority1

→ ① external → Priority2
② inline → Priority1

→ ① internal → } No priority unless
② external → } we see the codebase

→ <link type="stylesheet" href="external.css">

<style>

<style>

</style>

<link type="stylesheet href="external.css">

① internal : Priority2

① internal : Priority1
② external : Priority2

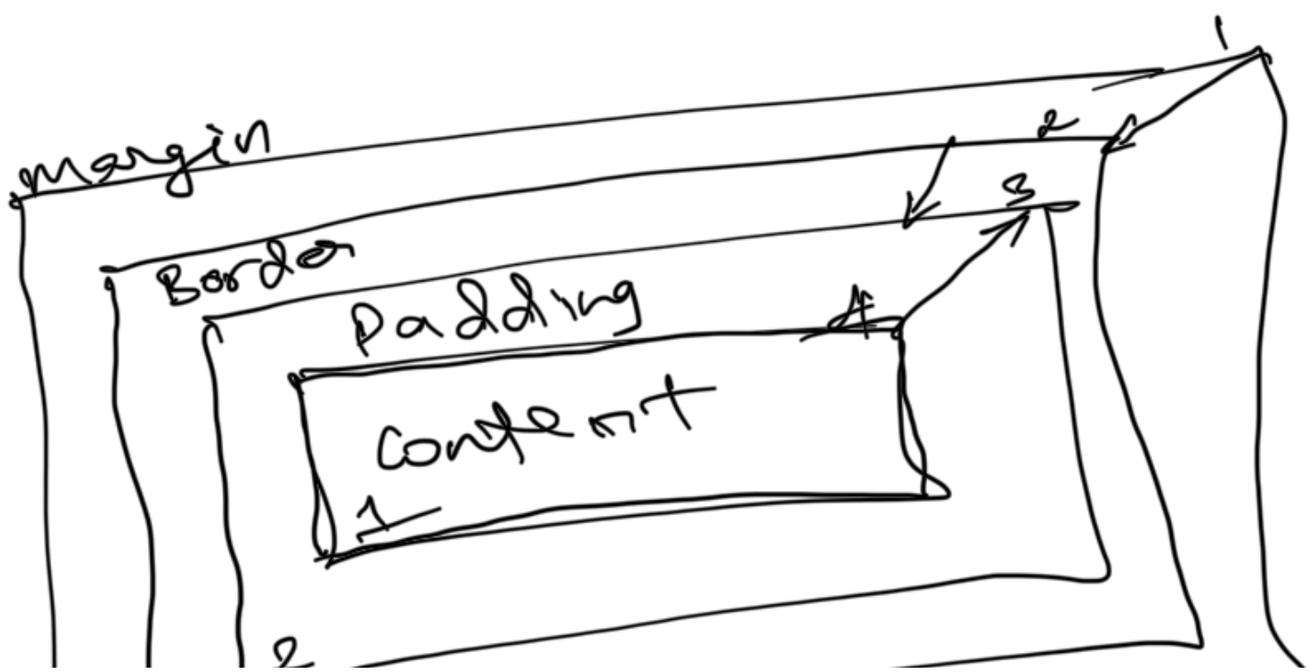
① internal : Priority2
② external : Priority3
③ inline : Priority1

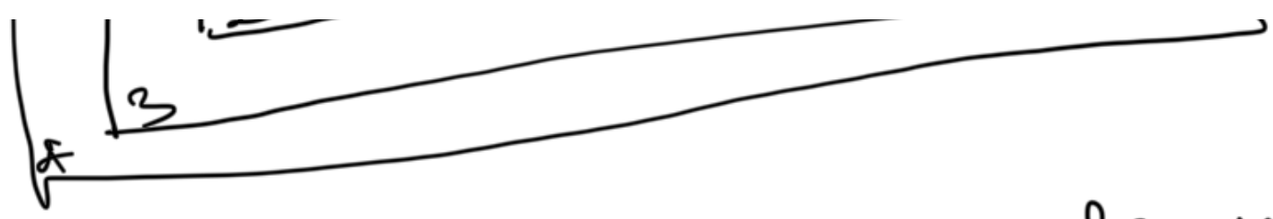
② external : Priority1

① internal : Priority3.
② external : Priority2
③ inline : Priority1

Intermediate CSS

BoxModel
General term : Frontend ✓
Precise term : Information / Content ✓





① Is your padding coming towards your content or outwards & the content? outwards.

Box Model → content will not move outwards

padding: 10 px →

② Margin: 5px → Towards your Content

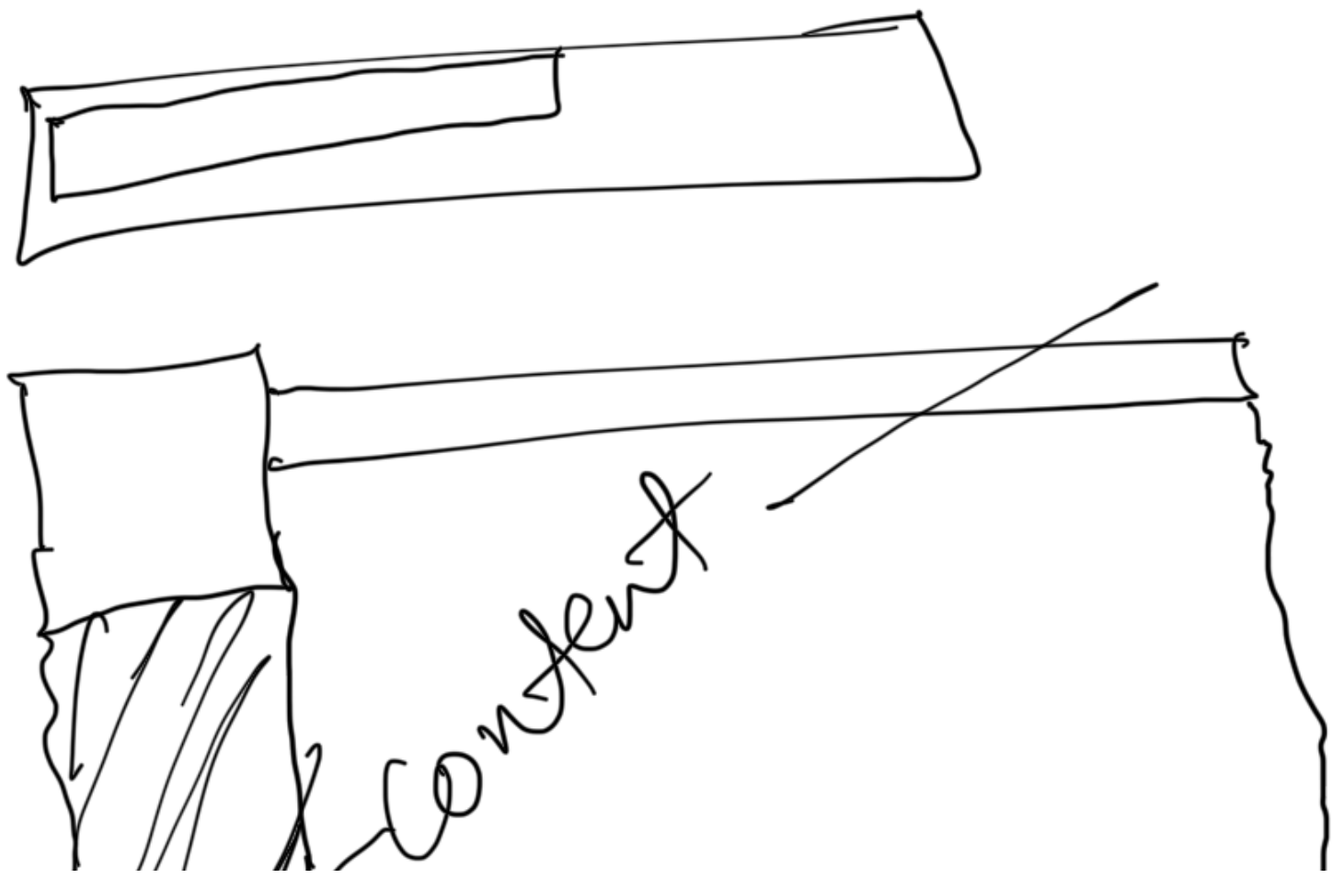
③ Border: 5px solid grey → Towards your content

Positioning

① relative ✓
② absolute ✓

(B) fix

position: Fixed ⇒ It is going to fix the position of the content.

position: relative ⇒

position: absolute ⇒ can't be worked independently. This absolute is dependent on your relative position.