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@link https://github.com/ZwEin27/Hierarchical-Clustering/blob/master/hclust.py
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sys
import math
import os
import heapq
import itertools
import pdb
D = [(170,57,32),(190,95,28),(150,45,35),(168,65,29),(175,78,26),(185,90,32),
(171,65,28),(155,48,31),(165,60,27),(182,80,30),(175,69,28),(178,80,27),
(160,50,31),(170,72,30)
def get_data(data, label):
 Xlist = list()
  for x in data:
    Xlist.append(np.asarray(x))
  X = np.asarray(Xlist)
  print(label+':')
  print(X)
  print('\n')
  return X
def euclidean_distance(self, row_A, row_B):
  dist = 0.0
  diffList = list()
  for i in range(len(row_A[0])):
    diff = 0.0
    diff = row_A[0][i] - row_B[i]
    diffList.append(diff)
    dist += (diff)**2
  dist = math.sgrt(dist)
  return round(dist, self.precision)
class Hierarchical_Clustering:
  def __init__(self, ipt_data, k, linkage='single'):
    self.input_file_name = ipt_data
    self.k = k
    self.dataset = None
    self.linkage = linkage
    self.dataset_size = 0
    self.dimension = 0
    self.heap = []
    self.clusters = []
    #self.gold_standard = {}
  def initialize(self):
    """ Initialize and check parameters
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    # check file exist and if it's a file or dir
    if not os.path.isfile(self.input_file_name):
      self.quit("Input file doesn't exist or it's not a file")
    self.dataset, self.clusters = self.load_data(self.input_file_name)
    self.dataset_size = len(self.dataset)
    if self.dataset_size == 0:
      self.quit("Input file doesn't include any data")
    if self.k == 0:
      self.quit("k = 0, no cluster will be generated")
    if self.k > self.dataset_size:
    self.quit("k is larger than the number of existing clusters")
    self.dimension = len(self.dataset[0]["data"])
    if self.dimension == 0:
      self.quit("dimension for dataset cannot be zero")
  def euclidean_distance(self, data_point_one, data_point_two):
    euclidean distance: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euclidean_distance
    assume that two data points have same dimension
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    size = len(data_point_one)
    result = 0.0
    for i in range(size):
      f1 = float(data_point_one[i]) # feature for data one
      f2 = float(data_point_two[i]) # feature for data two
      tmp = f1 - f2
result += pow(tmp, 2)
    result = math.sqrt(result)
    return result
  def compute_pairwise_distance(self, dataset):
    result = []
    dataset_size = len(dataset)
    for i in range(dataset_size-1):
                                       # ignore last i
      for j in range(i+1, dataset_size): # ignore duplication
        dist = self.euclidean_distance(dataset[i]["data"], dataset[j]["data"])
        # duplicate dist, need to be remove, and there is no difference to use t
uple only
        # leave second dist here is to take up a position for tie selection
        result.append( (dist, [dist, [[i], [j]]]) )
    return result
 def build_priority_queue(self, distance_list):
    if self.linkage == 'single':
      heapq.heapify(distance_list)
    elif self.linkage == 'complete':
      heapq._heapify_max(distance_list)
    else:
      print("error - heapq not properly assigned.")
    self.heap = distance_list
    return self.heap
  def compute_centroid_two_clusters(self, current_clusters, data_points_index):
    size = len(data_points_index)
    dim = self.dimension
    centroid = [0.0]*dim
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for index in data_points_index:
    dim_data = current_clusters[str(index)]["centroid"]
    for i in range(dim):
      centroid[i] += float(dim data[i])
  for i in range(dim):
    centroid[i] /= size
  return centroid
def compute_centroid(self, dataset, data_points_index):
  size = len(data_points_index)
  dim = self.dimension
  centroid = [0.0]*dim
  for idx in data_points_index:
    dim_data = dataset[idx]["data"]
    for i in range(dim):
      centroid[i] += float(dim_data[i])
  for i in range(dim):
    centroid[i] /= size
  return centroid
def hierarchical_clustering(self):
  Main Process for hierarchical clustering
  dataset = self.dataset
  current clusters = self.clusters
  old_clusters = []
  heap = hc.compute_pairwise_distance(dataset)
  heap = hc.build_priority_queue(heap)
 while len(current_clusters) > self.k:
    if self.linkage == 'single':
    dist, m_item = heapq.heappop(heap) # get min distance
elif self.linkage == 'complete':
      dist, m_item = heapq._heappop_max(heap) # get max distance
      print("error - heapq not properly assigned.")
    # pair_dist = m_item[0]
    pair_data = m_item[1]
                                                          pair data points, merge two at a time
    #pdb.set_trace()
# judge if include old cluster
    if not self.valid_heap_node(m_item, old_clusters):
      continue
    print('> merging '+str(m_item[1][0][0])+' & '+str(m_item[1][1][0]) \setminus
      +' with distance of '+str(rnd(m_item[0], 3)))
    new cluster = {}
    new_cluster_elements = sum(pair_data, [])
    new_cluster_cendroid = self.compute_centroid(dataset, new_cluster_elements
    new_cluster_elements.sort()
    new_cluster.setdefault("centroid", new_cluster_cendroid)
    new_cluster.setdefault("elements", new_cluster_elements)
    for pair_item in pair_data:
  old_clusters.append(pair_item)
      del current_clusters[str(pair_item)]
    self.add_heap_entry(heap, new_cluster, current_clusters)
    current_clusters[str(new_cluster_elements)] = new_cluster
  current_clusters = sorted(current_clusters)
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return current_clusters
  def valid_heap_node(self, heap_node, old_clusters):
    pair_dist = \overline{heap_node[0]}
    pair_data = heap_node[1]
    for old_cluster in old_clusters:
      if old_cluster in pair_data:
        return False
    return True
 def add_heap_entry(self, heap, new_cluster, current_clusters):
    for ex_cluster in current_clusters.values():
      new_heap_entry = []
      dist = self.euclidean_distance(ex_cluster["centroid"], new_cluster["centro
id"])
      new_heap_entry.append(dist)
      new_heap_entry.append([new_cluster["elements"], ex_cluster["elements"]])
      heapq.heappush(heap, (dist, new_heap_entry))
 def evaluate(self, current_clusters):
    gold_standard = self.gold_standard
    current_clustes_pairs = []
    for (current_cluster_key, current_cluster_value) in current_clusters.items()
      tmp = list(itertools.combinations(current_cluster_value["elements"], 2))
      current_clustes_pairs.extend(tmp)
    tp_fp = len(current_clustes_pairs)
    gold_standard_pairs = []
    for (gold_standard_key, gold_standard_value) in gold_standard.items():
      tmp = list(itertools.combinations(gold_standard_value, 2))
      gold_standard_pairs.extend(tmp)
    tp_fn = len(gold_standard_pairs)
    tp = 0.0
    for ccp in current clustes pairs:
      if ccp in gold_standard_pairs:
        tp += 1
    if tp_fp == 0:
      precision = 0.0
    else:
      precision = tp/tp_fp
    if tp_fn == 0:
      precision = 0.0
      recall = tp/tp_fn
    return precision, recall
  ''' Helper Functions
  def load_data(self, input_file_name):
    load data and do some preparations
    input_file = open(input_file_name, 'r')
    dataset = []
    clusters = {}
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gold_standard = {}
    id = 0
    for line in input_file:
      line = line.strip('\n')
      row = str(line)
      row = row.split(",")
      iris_class = row[-1]
      data = \{\}
      data.setdefault("id", id)
                                  # duplicate
      data.setdefault("data", row[:-1])
data.setdefault("class", row[-1])
      dataset.append(data)
      clusters_key = str([id])
      clusters_setdefault(clusters_key, {})
      clusters[clusters_key].setdefault("centroid", row[:-1])
      clusters[clusters_key].setdefault("elements", [id])
      #gold_standard.setdefault(iris_class, [])
      #gold_standard[iris_class].append(id)
      id += 1
    return dataset, clusters #, gold_standard
 def quit(self, err_desc):
    raise SystemExit('\n'+ "PROGRAM EXIT: " + err_desc + ', please check your in
put' + '\n')
 def loaded_dataset(self):
    use for test only
    return self.dataset
  def display(self, current_clusters):
    print()
    print('final clusters:')
    clusters = current_clusters
    for cluster in clusters:
      print(cluster)
def get_clusters(clus_set):
  clusters = list()
    for cluster in clus_set:
    clus = clus.replace(']','')
clus = clus.replace(' ','')
    clusList = clus.split(',')
    clusList = [ int(n) for n in clusList]
    clusters.append(clusList)
  return clusters
def rnd(num, precision):
  return math.floor(num * 10**precision)/10**precision
def get_GT(y):
 pdb.set_trace()
  return v
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Main Method
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if __name__ == '__main__':
 data = get_data(D, 'dataset')
 Y = get_data(Y, 'target')
fset_1 = data[:, [0,1]]
 fset_2 = data[:, [0,2]]
 fset_3 = data[:, [1,2]]
 figure, (plt1, plt2, plt3) = plt.subplots(1,3)
 plt1.scatter(fset_1[:,0], fset_1[:,1], color='b')
 plt1.set_xlabel('Height')
 plt1.set_ylabel('Weight')
 plt2.scatter(fset_2[:,0], fset_2[:,1], color='r')#, title='Height vs. Age')
 plt2.set_xlabel('Height')
 plt2.set_ylabel('Age')
 plt3.scatter(fset_3[:,0], fset_3[:,1], color='g')#, title='Weight vs. Age')
 plt3.set_xlabel('Weight')
 plt3.set_ylabel('Age')
 figure.suptitle('Feature Correlation')
 plt.savefig('./p01_fig01.png')
 figure.show()
 input_data = './dataset.dat'
colors = ['b', 'r', 'g', 'c', 'm']
 print()
 print()
 print('>>>> minimum or single linkage hierarchial clustering <<<<')</pre>
 figure_hcmin, (plthcmin1, plthcmin2, plthcmin3, plthcmin4) = plt.subplots(1,4)
 figure_hcmin.suptitle('Min or Single Linkage HC')
 # plot the groundtruth data
 for x in range(len(fset_1)):
   if Y[x] == 'M': color = 'r'
else: color = 'b'
   plthcmin1.scatter(fset_1[x,0], fset_1[x,1], color=color)
 plthcmin1.set_title('Ground-Truth')
 #plthcmin1.legend(loc='upper right', shadow=True)
 plthcmin1.set_ylabel('Weight')
 plthcmin1.set_xlabel('Height')
 k=2
 print()
 print(' |--> k:', k)
 # make the clusters
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hc = Hierarchical_Clustering(input_data, k)
hc.initialize()
current_clusters = hc.hierarchical_clustering()
hc.display(current_clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmin2.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmin2.set_title('k:2')
plthcmin2.set_xlabel('Height')
k=3
print()
print('
        |--> k:', k)
# make the clusters
hc = Hierarchical_Clustering(input_data, k)
hc.initialize()
current_clusters = hc.hierarchical_clustering()
hc.display(current_clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmin3.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmin3.set_title('k:3')
plthcmin3.set_xlabel('Height')
k=4
print()
print(' |--> k:', k)
# make the clusters
hc = Hierarchical_Clustering(input_data, k)
hc.initialize()
current clusters = hc.hierarchical clustering()
hc.display(current_clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmin4.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmin4.set_title('k:4')
plthcmin4.set_xlabel('Height')
figure hcmin.show()
plt.savefig('./p01_fig02_min.png')
print()
print()
print('>>>> maximum or complete linkage hierarchial clustering <<<<<')</pre>
figure_hcmax, (plthcmax1, plthcmax2, plthcmax3, plthcmax4) = plt.subplots(1,4)
figure_hcmax.suptitle('Max or Complete Linkage HC')
# plot the groundtruth data
for x in range(len(fset_1)):
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if Y[x] == 'M': color = 'r'
  else: color = 'b'
  plthcmax1.scatter(fset_1[x,0], fset_1[x,1], color=color)
plthcmax1.set_title('Ground-Truth')
#plthcmax1.legend(loc='upper right', shadow=True)
plthcmax1.set_ylabel('Weight')
plthcmax1.set_xlabel('Height')
k=2
print()
print(' |--> k:', k)
# make the clusters
hc = Hierarchical_Clustering(input_data, k, linkage='complete')
hc.initialize()
current_clusters = hc.hierarchical_clustering()
hc.display(current clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmax2.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmax2.set_title('k:2')
plthcmax2.set_xlabel('Height')
k=3
print()
print(' |--> k:', k)
# make the clusters
hc = Hierarchical_Clustering(input_data, k, linkage='complete')
hc.initialize()
current_clusters = hc.hierarchical_clustering()
hc.display(current_clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmax3.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmax3.set_title('k:3')
plthcmax3.set_xlabel('Height')
k=4
print()
print('
        |--> k:', k|
# make the clusters
hc = Hierarchical Clustering(input data, k, linkage='complete')
hc.initialize()
current clusters = hc.hierarchical clustering()
hc.display(current_clusters)
clusters = get_clusters(current_clusters)
# plot the clusters generated in previous step
for i, cluster in enumerate(clusters):
  color = colors[i]
  for n in cluster:
    plthcmax4.scatter(fset_1[n,0], fset_1[n,1], color=color)
plthcmax4.set_title('k:4')
plthcmax4.set_xlabel('Height')
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figure_hcmax.show()
plt.savefig('./p01_fig03_max.png')
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