

Backstepping (GAS)

10/26/p.4

First stabilize zD

BS ex 1

$$\dot{y} = v$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + yz = 0 \leftarrow zD$$

add zero

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + yz + y_d z - y_d z = 0$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + z(y_d) = z(y_d - y) \equiv z \tilde{y}_d$$

select $y_d = z^2$, p. 74 ex. 3.14

$$\text{then } \ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + z^3 = z \tilde{y}_d$$

$$V_0 = \left(\frac{1}{2} \dot{z}^2 + \frac{1}{4} z^4 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{y}_d z^2 = V_0 + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{y}_d z^2$$

\uparrow from p. 74

$$\dot{V}_0 = \dot{z} \ddot{z} + z^3 \dot{z} + \tilde{y}_d \dot{z} z^2$$

$$= \dot{z} (-\dot{z}^3 - z^3 + z \tilde{y}_d) + z^3 \dot{z} + \tilde{y}_d (y_d - y) z^2$$

$$= -\dot{z}^4 - \dot{z} z^3 + z \dot{z} \tilde{y}_d + z^3 \dot{z} + \tilde{y}_d (z \dot{z} z - v)$$

$$= -\dot{z}^4 + \tilde{y}_d (z \dot{z} + 2z \dot{z} - v)$$

$$\text{select } v = 3z \dot{z} + \tilde{y}_d$$

then

$$\dot{V}_0 = -\dot{z}^4 - \tilde{y}_d^2$$

$$\text{Barbalat} \Rightarrow \dot{V} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\dot{V} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \dot{z} \rightarrow 0 + \tilde{y}_d \rightarrow 0 \quad 10/26/15$$

$$y \rightarrow y_d = z^2$$

to Dynamics

$$\dot{y} = 3z\dot{z} + \tilde{y}_d = 3z\dot{z} + (y_d - y)$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + yz = 0$$

goes to

$$\dot{y} = 0$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + z^3 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} z \rightarrow 0 \\ \dot{z} \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{LaSalle ext.} \Rightarrow y, z, \dot{z} \rightarrow 0$$

BS ex. 2 54L + 260

NMP system

10/26/15

$$\dot{y} = v$$
$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 + yz = 0 \leftarrow z=0, \text{ unstable}$$

add 0

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 + y_d z = z(y_d - y) \equiv z \tilde{y}_d$$

$$\tilde{y}_d = y_d - y$$

$$\text{select } y_d = 2z^4$$

$$\text{then } \ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 = z \tilde{y}_d$$

c.f. p. 74 $\ddot{x} + b(\dot{x}) + c(x) = 0$

$$\text{where } b(\dot{x}) = \dot{x}^4 > 0$$

$$c(x) = x^6 > 0$$

$$\text{select } V_0 = \frac{1}{2} \dot{z}^2 + \frac{1}{6} z^6 \quad \text{from p. 74}$$

$$V = V_0 + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{y}_d^2 = \frac{1}{2} \dot{z}^2 + \frac{1}{6} z^6 + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{y}_d^2$$

$$\dot{V} = \dot{z} \ddot{z} + \dot{z}^4 + \tilde{y}_d \dot{\tilde{y}}_d$$

$$= \dot{z}(-\dot{z}^3 - z^5 + z \tilde{y}_d) + \dot{z}^4 + \tilde{y}_d (\dot{y}_d - \dot{y})$$

$$= -\dot{z}^4 - \dot{z} z^5 + z \dot{z} \tilde{y}_d + \dot{z} z^5 + \tilde{y}_d (8z^3 \dot{z} - v)$$

$$\dot{V} = -\dot{z}^4 + \tilde{y}_d (z \dot{z} + 8z^3 \dot{z} - v)$$

v comes into \dot{V}

10/26/P-7

Select $V = 8z^3 \dot{z} + z \dot{z} + \underbrace{\tilde{y}_d}_{+(2z^4 - y)}$

$$V = 8z^3 \dot{z} + z \dot{z} + 2z^4 - y$$

then

$$\dot{V} = -\dot{z}^4 - \tilde{y}_d^2$$

Barbalat $\Rightarrow \dot{V} = 0$

because \ddot{V} bdd

$$\Rightarrow \dot{V} \rightarrow 0 \text{ UUB}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{z} \rightarrow 0, \tilde{y}_d \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 2z^4$$

$$\Rightarrow V \rightarrow 0$$

backto dynamics

$$\dot{y} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 + 2z^5 = 0$$

$$\ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 + z^5 = 0 \Rightarrow z, \dot{z} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0$$

GAS

ex BS3 Recursive Backstep 10/26/p. 8
SLP-261

$$1) \quad \dot{x} + x^2 y^5 z e^{xy} = (x^4 + 2)u$$

$$2) \quad \dot{y} + y^3 z^2 - x = 0$$

$$3) \quad \ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 + yz = 0$$

$$\text{fb lin 1)} \quad \dot{x} = (x^4 + 2)u - x^2 y^5 z e^{xy} \equiv v_1$$

$$u = \frac{1}{x^4 + 2} \left(v_1 + x^2 y^5 z e^{xy} \right)$$

inner fb lin. loop.

$$1) \quad \text{then } \dot{x} = v_1$$

$$2) \quad \dot{y} + y^3 z^2 = x + x_d - x_d \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{same as ex} \\ \text{BS2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$3) \quad \ddot{z} + \dot{z}^3 - z^5 + yz = 0$$

$$\text{select } x_d = y^3 z^2 - y + 2z^4 + 8z^3 \dot{z} + z \ddot{z}$$

$$= y^3 z^2 + v_0 \leftarrow \text{from ex BS 2}$$

$$\text{then } \dot{y} = -y + 2z^4 + 8z^3 \dot{z} + z \ddot{z} + (x - x_d)$$

$$= \underbrace{-\ddot{x}}_{\text{"}} z$$

$$\text{select } v_d = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \dot{z}^2 + \frac{1}{6} z^6}_{v_0} + \frac{1}{2} (y - 2z^4)^2$$

$$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{from ex BS 2}} \quad (y - y_d)^2 = \tilde{y}_d^2$$

$$v = v_0 + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{x}_d^2$$

10/26/p.9

$$\dot{V}_1 = \dot{z}\ddot{z} + z^5\ddot{z} + \tilde{y}_d\dot{\tilde{y}}_d + \tilde{x}_d\dot{\tilde{x}}_d$$

$$= -\dot{z}^4 - \dot{z}\ddot{z}^5 + z\ddot{z}\tilde{y}_d + \dot{z}z^5 + \tilde{y}_d(\dot{y}_d - \dot{y}) + \tilde{x}_d(\dot{x}_d - \dot{x})$$

$$= -\dot{z}^4 - \dot{z}\ddot{z}^5 + z\ddot{z}\tilde{y}_d + \dot{z}z^5 + \tilde{y}_d(8z^3\dot{z} - v_0 + \tilde{x}_d) + \tilde{x}_d(\dot{x}_d - v_1) \\ = -\dot{z}^4 + \tilde{y}_d(z\ddot{z} + 8z^3\dot{z} - v_0) + \tilde{x}_d(\dot{x}_d - v_1 + \tilde{y}_d) \\ = -\dot{z}^4 - \tilde{y}_d^2 + \tilde{x}_d(\dot{x}_d - v_1 + \tilde{y}_d)$$

recall $v_0 = 8z^3\dot{z} + z\ddot{z} + \underbrace{\tilde{y}_d}_{(2z^4 - y)}$ from BS2

$$x_d = y^3 z^2 + v_0$$

$$\text{set } v_1 = \tilde{y}_d + \underbrace{\dot{\tilde{x}}_d}_{-\tilde{x}_d} = \dot{x}_d - \tilde{x}_d + \tilde{y}_d$$

$$v_1 = \dot{x}_d - (x_d - x) + (2z^4 - y)$$

then,

$$V_1 = -\dot{z}^4 - \tilde{y}_d^2 - \tilde{x}_d^2$$

now use LaSalle