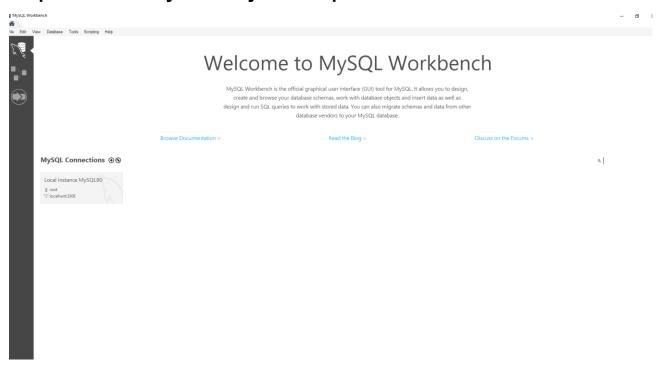
Databases Homework 2

Strus Dmytro

Domain: Technology transfer, 42

Step 1.1: Install MySQL on your computer

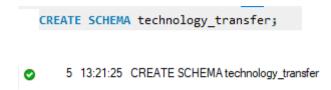


Step 1.2: Review the sources of useful information

Done

Step 1.3: Develop the logical data model for your domain variant and

Step 1.4: Develop and execute DDL queries





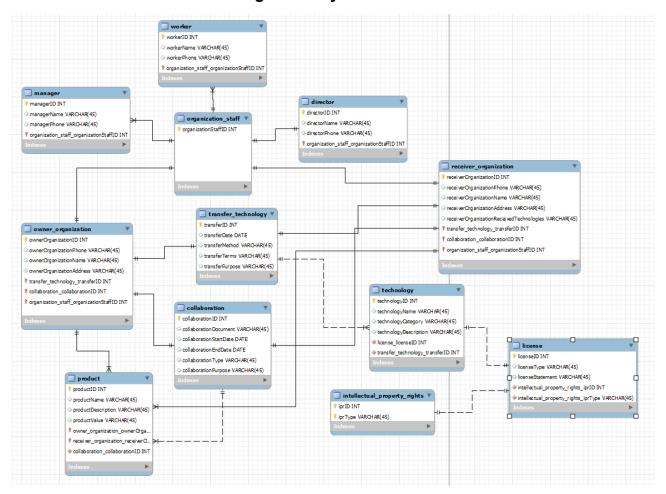
Created tables with SQL queries (example of one table)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `technology_transfer`.`transfer_technology` (
    `transferID` INT NOT NULL,
    `transferDate` DATE NULL,
    `transferMethod` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
    `transferTerms` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
    `transferPurpose` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`transferID`))
ENGINE = InnoDB
```

All created tables

```
    5 13:57:35 DROP DATABASE technology_transfer
    6 13:57:45 CREATE SCHEMA technology_transfer
    7 13:58:01 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'.' transfer_technology' ( 'transferID' INT NOT NULL, 'transferDate' DATE NULL, 'transferMetho...
    8 13:58:17 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'.' organization_staff' ( 'organizationStaffID' INT NOT NULL, 'PRIMARY KEY ('organizationStaffID'...
    9 13:58:42 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'.' manager' ( 'managerID' INT NOT NULL, 'directorName' VARCHAR(45) NULL, 'directorPhone' V...
    10 13:58:53 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'.' worker' ( 'workerID' INT NOT NULL, 'workerName' VARCHAR(45) NULL, 'workerPhone' V...
    11 13:59:03 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'.' worker' ( 'workerID' INT NOT NULL, 'workerName' VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL, 'workerPhone' V...
    12 13:59:15 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. intellectual_property_rights' ( 'prID' INT NOT NULL, 'prType' VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL, PRI...
    13 13:59:28 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. owner_organization' ( 'ownerOrganizationID' INT NOT NULL, 'collaborationDocument' VARCHAR(45) NUL...
    14 13:59:45 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. owner_organization' ( 'ownerOrganizationID' INT NOT NULL, 'collaborationDocument' VARCHAR(45) NUL...
    15 13:59:48 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. owner_organization' ( 'ownerOrganizationID' INT NOT NULL, 'ownerOrganizationPhone' VARC...
    16 13:59:59 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. product( 'productID' INT NOT NULL, 'productName' VARCHAR(45) NULL, 'productDescript...
    17 14:00:10 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'technology_transfer'. iccenser_organization' ( 'iccenser_organizationID' INT NOT NULL, 'productName' VARCHAR(45) NULL, 'productDescript...
    18 14:00:50 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'techno
```

ER diagram in MySQL workbench



I have made some changes from my HW1 in relations in order to get working databases with logic primary and foreign keys. Also I merged transfer and technology_transfer into one entity transfer_technology because dividing it into 2 entities don't make a lot of sense and add more troubles in this case

In this step I created tables, databases, made logical schema with corresponding primary and foreign keys and proper datatypes. In next step I will populate my databases and execute some DDL queries.

Step 1.5: Develop and execute DDL queries and

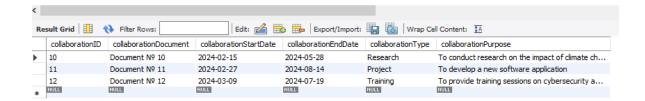
Step: 1.5.1 Populate Your Database

To populate my database I run next SQL query with already created csv file via excel

- 1 LOAD DATA INFILE 'D:/Programing/kurs 2/semester 2/databases/hw_2/collaboration_table.csv' INTO TABLE collaboration
- 2 FIELDS TERMINATED BY ';'
- 3 LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
- 4 IGNORE 1 LINES;

and got

1 • SELECT * FROM technology_transfer.collaboration;



5 16:32:45 LOAD DATA INFILE 'D:/Programing/kurs 2/semester 2/databases/hw_2/collaboration_table.csv' INTO TABLE collaboration FIELDS TERMINAT...

I repeated this procedure to fill al tables with CSVs

All tables filled with data

	diameter TD	de la	diameter plant	
	directorID	directorName	directorPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	380	Darion	00011	200
	381	Kenpachi	00022	201
	382	Eren	00033	202
	383	Tirion	00044	203
	384	Saya	00055	204
	385	Akaza	00066	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	iprID	iprType
•	3000	Patent
	3001	Utility
	3002	Trade secret
	NULL	NULL

	licenseID	licenseType	licenseStatement	intellectual_property_rights_iprID	intellectual_property_rights_iprType
•	2000	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2001	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2002	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2003	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2004	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2005	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	2006	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	350	Amir	00112	200
	351	Carlos	00222	200
	352	Diego	00434	201
	353	Fernando	00545	202
	354	Gideon	00656	202
	355	Hiroshi	00767	203
	356	Jamal	00876	204
	357	Khaled	00166	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205
	359	Elijah	00429	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	-
	organizationStaffID
•	200
	201
	202
	203
	204
	205
	NULL

	ownerOrganizationID	ownerOrganizationPhone	ownerOrganizationName	ownerOrganizationAddress	transfer_technology_transferID	collaboration_collaborationID	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	50	12312322	Samsung	199 Everland-ro Pogok-eup Cheoin-gu Yongin-si	1	10	200
	51	22556346	Blizzard	16215 Alton Pkwy Irvine	2	11	201
	52	58486884		66 Hudson Boulevard East New York	3	12	202
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	HULL	NULL

	productID	productName	productDescription	productValue	owner_organization_ownerOrganizationID	receiver_organization_receiverOrganizationID	collaboration_collaborationII
-	400	Proccesor exynos	Proccesor for smartphones	Better experience of smartphones usage	50	53	10
	401	Gorrila glass	For protection smartphones displays	Better protection of phones	50	53	10
	402	Oculus rift	Headset for immersive gaming	Improves game experience	51	54	11
	403	Unity	Game engine for 2-D, 3-D, VR	Based on it developed tons of games	51	54	11
	404	Unreal engine	Game engine for AAA-quality games	For very realistic graphics	51	54	11
	405	Pfizer vaccine	Protection against viruses	Saved a lot of health and even lifes	52	55	12
	406	Hamilton microlab STAR	Robotic liquid handling system	Useful in automatization pharmacy	52	55	12
	407	Autoinjectors	Automatically devices	Used in pre-measured dose of vaccine injections	52	55	12
		Biomek i-Series	Automated workstation for liquid handling	Drug discovery, sample processing	52	55	12
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

			core 🔚 🗪 🗠 l cuboud	ampoint and and a track our contains	<u>***</u>			
	receiverOrganizationID	receiverOrganizationPhone	receiverOrganizationName	receiverOrganizationAddress	receiver Organization Received Technologies	transfer_technology_transferID	collaboration_collaborationID	organization_staff_organizationS
>	53	64564577	Apple	One Apple Park Way Cupertino	Operating systems, proccesors, glasses	1	10	203
	54	53255463	Steam	10400 NE 4th St. Bellevue WA 98004	Virtual reality, game engines	2	11	204
	55	88566685	BioNTech	An der Goldgrube 12, D-55131 Mainz	Vaccines researches, pharmacy robotics	3	12	205
	NULL	NULL	HULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

(last column is organizationStaffID)

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1004	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	2
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	transferID	transferDate	transferMethod	transferTerms	transferPurpose
•	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph
	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	workerID	workerName	workerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	300	Bob	01111	200
	301	Robert	02222	200
	302	Ruslan	03333	201
	303	Gaus	04444	201
	304	Tom	05555	202
	305	Joseph	01234	202
	306	William	02444	203
	307	James	06555	203
	308	Christopher	07457	204
	309	John	08877	204
	310	Arman	06766	205
	312	Sarah	07867	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

So once I created all tables, I will test and execute some DML queries

Some of them I already mentioned, which is creating database and tables and also I used another query with changing datatype from varchar(45) to varchar (256) because column was to short to write some text there

I can also select all data from table

SELECT * FROM technology_transfer.technology;



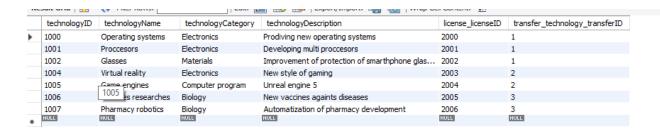
And using alter add also new column e.g. add year of finding this technology

- 1 ALTER TABLE technology
- 2 ADD COLUMN technologyYear DATE;



Then drop it





I can drop also full database

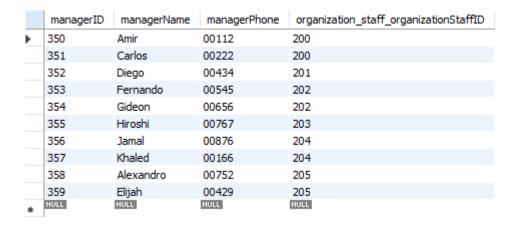


But it would a be bad idea...

Step: 1.5.2 Select Data

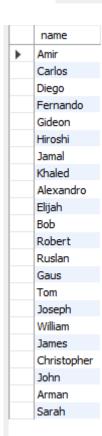
Develop the queries that implement the following RA operations, one query per operation

 Union – query which is used to combine the results of two or more SELECT statements into a single result set (combine the results of two queries, removing duplicates). E.g. we can select some column - names from table worker and table manager which both have different names and results will be all these names in a set.



	workerID	workerName	workerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	300	Bob	01111	200
	301	Robert	02222	200
	302	Ruslan	03333	201
	303	Gaus	04444	201
	304	Tom	05555	202
	305	Joseph	01234	202
	306	William	02444	203
	307	James	06555	203
	308	Christopher	07457	204
	309	John	08877	204
	310	Arman	06766	205
	312	Sarah	07867	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

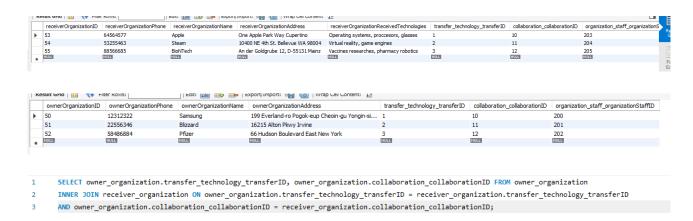
SELECT managerName AS name FROM manager
UNION
SELECT workerName AS name FROM worker;



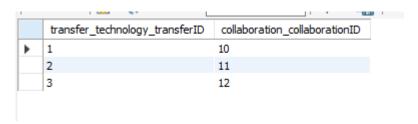
I've got list of all managers and all workers names

• **Intersection** – query which is used to return the common rows of two or more queries (retrieve rows that appear in both R1 and R2).

E.g. If I select owner organization and receiver organization common between them will be their transferID and collaborationID



So I want to select all same ID's of transfers and collaborations in both companies and I've got



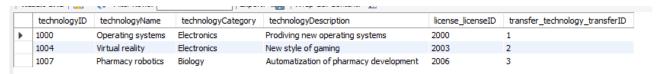
- Difference query which is used to return table without some rows which are in this table (retrieve rows from R1 that do not appear in R2)

 Fig. For example I want to select all data that are in technology table but not in
 - E.g. For example I want to select all data that are in technology table but not in technology table_2 I can use difference

Technology table

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1004	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	2
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	NULL	HULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Technology table 2



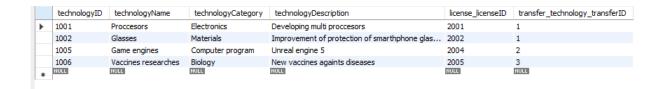
Created with code

```
1 CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE technology_2
2 SELECT * FROM technology
3 WHERE technologyID IN (1000, 1004, 1007);
```

And difference

```
1 • SELECT * FROM technology
2 WHERE technologyID NOT IN (SELECT technologyID FROM technology_2)
```

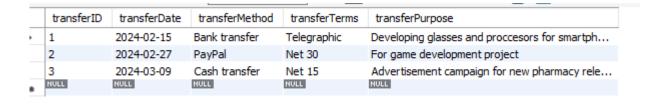
Results in

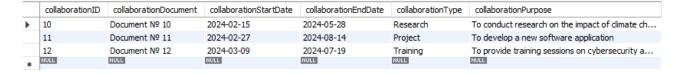


What is expected to see, all rows from table technology 2 are removed and I have got table technology without rows in table technology 2

 Cartesian product – query which is used to combine columns from each row from one table with another columns of each row from another table (combine every row of R1 with every row of R2 or in other words joins every record in the first table with every record in the second table). Result will be table with all possible columns for each row from both tables

E.g. we can see combinations of collaboration table and transfer technology table





SELECT * from collaboration
CROSS JOIN transfer_technology

Results in

	collaborationID	collaborationDocument	collaborationStartDate	collaborationEndDate	collaborationType	collaborationPurpose	transferID	transferDate	transferMethod	transferTerms	transferPurpose
•	12	Document № 12	2024-03-09	2024-07-19	Training	To provide training sessions on cybersecurity a	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph.
	11	Document № 11	2024-02-27	2024-08-14	Project	To develop a new software application	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph.
	10	Document № 10	2024-02-15	2024-05-28	Research	To conduct research on the impact of climate ch	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph.
	12	Document Nº 12	2024-03-09	2024-07-19	Training	To provide training sessions on cybersecurity a	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	11	Document № 11	2024-02-27	2024-08-14	Project	To develop a new software application	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	10	Document № 10	2024-02-15	2024-05-28	Research	To conduct research on the impact of climate ch	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	12	Document № 12	2024-03-09	2024-07-19	Training	To provide training sessions on cybersecurity a	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele
	11	Document Nº 11	2024-02-27	2024-08-14	Project	To develop a new software application	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele
	10	Document Nº 10	2024-02-15	2024-05-28	Research	To conduct research on the impact of climate ch	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele

- **Selection** query used to return all tuples for which holds some true condition (retrieve rows from R where a condition is met).
 - E.g. I want to select all technologies which were transferred in transfer with ID = 1

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1004	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	2
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

- 1 SELECT * from technology
- WHERE transfer_technology_transferID = 1

And I have got three technologies which were transferred with transferID = 1

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

- Projection query used to get exactly columns from table (retrieve specified columns from R).
 - E.g. I want to get only period of collaborations (start and end dates)

			<u> </u>		
collaborationID	collaborationDocument	collaborationStartDate	collaborationEndDate	collaborationType	collaborationPurpose
10	Document № 10	2024-02-15	2024-05-28	Research	To conduct research on the impact of climate ch
11	Document № 11	2024-02-27	2024-08-14	Project	To develop a new software application
12	Document № 12	2024-03-09	2024-07-19	Training	To provide training sessions on cybersecurity a
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

SELECT collaborationStartDate, collaborationEndDate FROM collaboration

Results in

	collaborationStartDate	collaborationEndDate
•	2024-02-15	2024-05-28
	2024-02-27	2024-08-14
	2024-03-09	2024-07-19

• **Thetajoin** – query used to get set of all combinations of tuples in R1 and R2 for which some conditions holds true on their shared attributes (combine rows from R1 and R2 based on a condition).

E.g. I want to select all combinations of workers whose last digit in phone number equals 7 and all combinations of managers whose last digit in phone number equals 2

	managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
٠	350	Amir	00112	200
	351	Carlos	00222	200
	352	Diego	00434	201
	353	Fernando	00545	202
	354	Gideon	00656	202
	355	Hiroshi	00767	203
	356	Jamal	00876	204
	357	Khaled	00166	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205
	359	Elijah	00429	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	workerID	workerName	workerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	300	Bob	01111	200
	301	Robert	02222	200
	302	Ruslan	03333	201
	303	Gaus	04444	201
	304	Tom	05555	202
	305	Joseph	01234	202
	306	William	02444	203
	307	James	06555	203
	308	Christopher	07457	204
	309	John	08877	204
	310	Arman	06766	205
	312	Sarah	07867	205
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
SELECT * FROM manager, worker
WHERE SUBSTRING(managerPhone, -1) = '2'
AND SUBSTRING(workerPhone, -1) = '7';
4
```

Results in

	managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID	workerID	workerName	workerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	358	Alexandro	00752	205	308	Christopher	07457	204
	351	Carlos	00222	200	308	Christopher	07457	204
	350	Amir	00112	200	308	Christopher	07457	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205	309	John	08877	204
	351	Carlos	00222	200	309	John	08877	204
	350	Amir	00112	200	309	John	08877	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205	312	Sarah	07867	205
	351	Carlos	00222	200	312	Sarah	07867	205
	350	Amir	00112	200	312	Sarah	07867	205

Step 1.5.3: Update Data

In this step I will some queries to update my data with UPDATE UPDATE – is a query replaces the values in columns

As specified in the SET clause

In one or several tables (JOIN clause)

In the rows that match the condition in WHERE clause

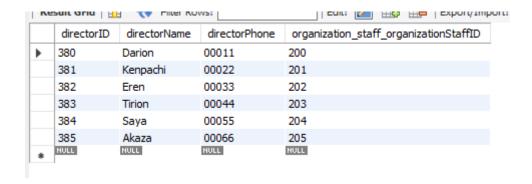
E.g. director has been changed in Samsung organization (directorID = 380, organization staff of Samsung = 200)

Initially I have

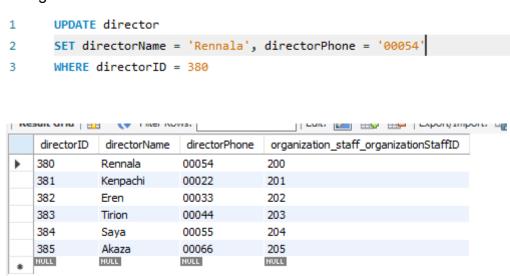
```
SELECT * FROM owner_organization

WHERE organization_staff_organizationStaffID = 200
```





Using UPDATE



I've got new director (Rennala) with new phone number for Samsung organization because director still belongs to 200 organization_staff_ID

Now I will update a primary key of technology virtual reality with technologyID = 1004

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1004	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	2
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
1 UPDATE technology
2 SET technologyID = 1009
3 WHERE technologyID = 1004
```

Successfully updated (now it has technologyID = 1009 primary key)

technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
1009	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	2
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Also I can update foreign key for some technology (transferID from 2 to 3)

```
1 • UPDATE technology
2 SET transfer_technology_transferID = 3
3 WHERE technologyID = 1009
```

And get

	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	1009	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	3
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	HULL

Now virtual reality technology with ID 1009 will be transferred in transfer with ID 3

Step: 1.5.4 Add New Data

I can insert new record (row) using INSERT query which inserts new rows into an existing table

Into one table

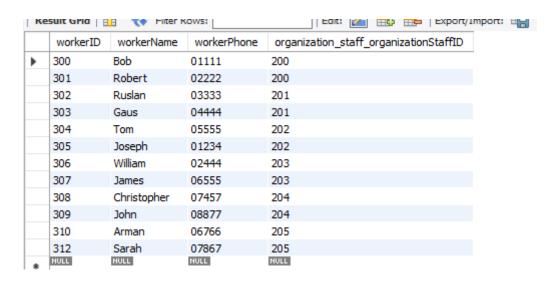
Single or multiple rows

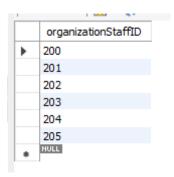
Selected columns (default values in the skipped columns)

Values could be taken from a SELECT query

I want to add new two managers for organization Steam with ID 54 and organization staff ID of steam 204

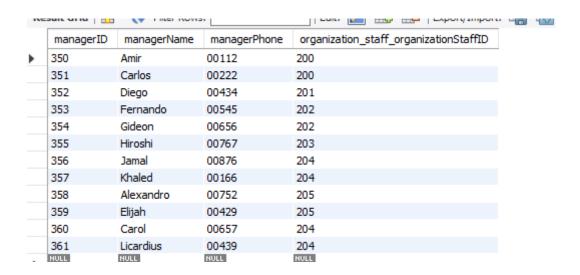






```
INSERT INTO manager(managerID, managerName, managerPhone, organization_staff_organizationStaffID)
VALUES (360, 'Carol', '00657', 204)
(361, 'Licardius', '00439', 204)
```

I've got two new managers for Steam organization with IDs 360 and 361



For complex INREST I run this code

```
INSERT INTO transfer_technology (transferID,transferDate,transferMethod,transferTerms,transferPurpose)
VALUES (4, '2024-01-27', 'Universal Bank', 'Cash', 'Improving connections');

INSERT INTO intellectual_property_rights(iprID, iprType)
VALUES (3002, 'Trade secret');

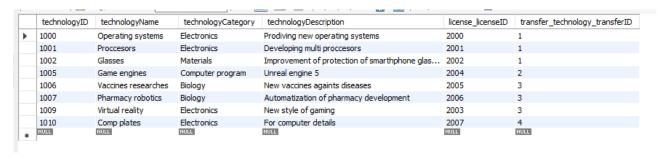
NSERT INTO license(licenseID, licenseType, licenseStatement, intellectual_property_rights_iprID, intellectual_property_rights_iprType)
VALUES (2007, 'Proprietary', 'Permitting the software to be used in proprietary projects', 3002, 'Trade secret');

INSERT INTO technology(technologyID, technologyName, technologyCategory, technologyDescription, license_licenseID, transfer_technology_transferID)
VALUES (1010, 'Comp plates', 'Electronics', 'For computer details', 2007, 4);

13
14
15
```

and got 4 tables with added data and foreign keys

	transferID	transferDate	transferMethod	transferTerms	transferPurpose
•	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph
	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele
	4	2024-01-27	Universal Bank	Cash	Improving connections
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL



	licenseID	licenseType	licenseStatement	intellectual_property_rights_iprID	intellectual_property_rights_iprType
•	2000	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2001	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2002	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2003	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2004	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2005	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	2006	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

	iprID	iprType
•	3000	Patent
	3001	Utility
	3002	Trade secret
	3002	Trade secret
	NULL	NULL

(here is some trouble with foreign key constraint was, so I added new same record but previously it works like one to many as I can see from tables)

REPLACE

```
REPLACE INTO manager(managerID, managerName, managerPhone, organization_staff_organizationStaffID)

VALUES (350, 'Aragorn', '00996', 200)
```

```
REPLACE INTO manager(managerID, managerName, managerPhone, organization_staff_organizationStaffID)

VALUES (350, 'Aragorn', '00996', 201)
```

managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
350	Aragorn	00996	200
350	Aragorn	00996	201
351	Carlos	00222	200
352	Diego	00434	201
353	Fernando	00545	202
354	Gideon	00656	202
355	Hiroshi	00767	203
356	Jamal	00876	204
357	Khaled	00166	204
358	Alexandro	00752	205
359	Elijah	00429	205
360	Carol	00657	204
361	Licardius	00439	204
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

With REPLACE query I can add and replace records, the main difference between is that insert add new rows but replace deletes exists rows with same primary key, insert fails with primary key if same primary key already exists and replace replaces existing row with same primary key and replaces it.

Step: 1.5.5 Delete Data

I can delete manager from manager table manager with ID 350 and organization staff 200

		••		
	managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
•	350	Aragorn	00996	200
	350	Aragorn	00996	201
	351	Carlos	00222	200
	352	Diego	00434	201
	353	Fernando	00545	202
	354	Gideon	00656	202
	355	Hiroshi	00767	203
	356	Jamal	00876	204
	357	Khaled	00166	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205
	359	Elijah	00429	205
	360	Carol	00657	204
	361	Licardius	00439	204
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
DELETE FROM manager

WHERE managerID = 350 AND organization_staff_organizationStaffID = 200
```

	managerID	managerName	managerPhone	organization_staff_organizationStaffID
٠	350	Aragorn	00996	201
	351	Carlos	00222	200
	352	Diego	00434	201
	353	Fernando	00545	202
	354	Gideon	00656	202
	355	Hiroshi	00767	203
	356	Jamal	00876	204
	357	Khaled	00166	204
	358	Alexandro	00752	205
	359	Elijah	00429	205
	360	Carol	00657	204
	361	Licardius	00439	204
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Where Aragorn with organization ID 200 was deleted

More complex delete with related tables is

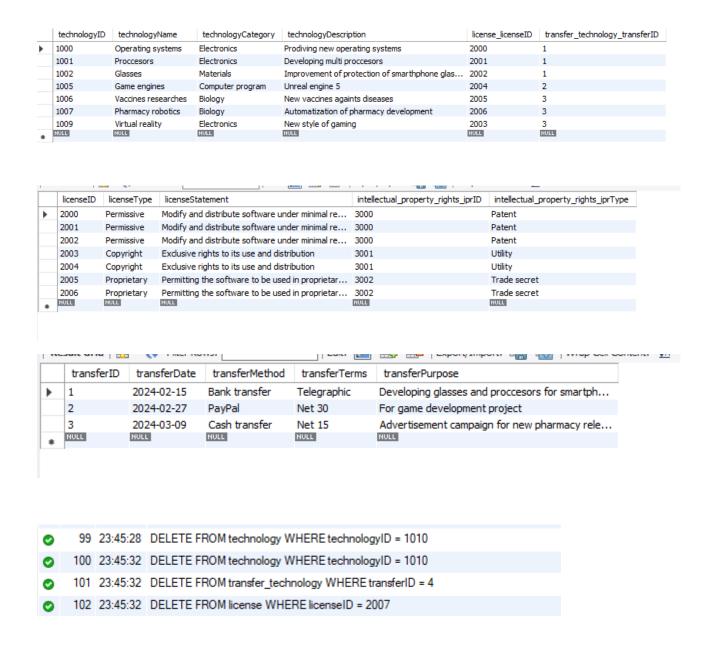
***		V	Contract		ar contents you	
	technologyID	technologyName	technologyCategory	technologyDescription	license_licenseID	transfer_technology_transferID
•	1000	Operating systems	Electronics	Prodiving new operating systems	2000	1
	1001	Proccesors	Electronics	Developing multi proccesors	2001	1
	1002	Glasses	Materials	Improvement of protection of smarthphone glas	2002	1
	1005	Game engines	Computer program	Unreal engine 5	2004	2
	1006	Vaccines researches	Biology	New vaccines againts diseases	2005	3
	1007	Pharmacy robotics	Biology	Automatization of pharmacy development	2006	3
	1009	Virtual reality	Electronics	New style of gaming	2003	3
	1010	Comp plates	Electronics	For computer details	2007	4
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NOLL	NULL	HULL

	licenseID	licenseType	licenseStatement	intellectual_property_rights_iprID	intellectual_property_rights_iprType
٠	2000	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2001	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2002	Permissive	Modify and distribute software under minimal re	3000	Patent
	2003	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2004	Copyright	Exclusive rights to its use and distribution	3001	Utility
	2005	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	2006	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	2007	Proprietary	Permitting the software to be used in proprietar	3002	Trade secret
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	HULL

	transferID	transferDate	transferMethod	transferTerms	transferPurpose
•	1	2024-02-15	Bank transfer	Telegraphic	Developing glasses and proccesors for smartph
	2	2024-02-27	PayPal	Net 30	For game development project
	3	2024-03-09	Cash transfer	Net 15	Advertisement campaign for new pharmacy rele
	4	2024-01-27	Universal Bank	Cash	Improving connections
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

- DELETE FROM technology
 WHERE technologyID = 1010;
- DELETE FROM transfer_technology
 WHERE transferID = 4;
- DELETE FROM license
 WHERE licenseID = 2007;

Deleted license technology and transfer with all foreign keys and primary keys and I get



Step: 1.6 Conclusive Remarks

I almost went crazy while doing my assignment here but it is useful experience. Overall, MySQL workbench is a powerful tool for database managing, creating tables, running tons of different queries, making diagrams and a lot of another things. It offers a diverse range of data types, numeric, textual, temporal, and geographical data. This versatility simplifies the management of different data types within a single database, facilitating tasks such as text searches and mathematical calculations. Additionally, MySQL provides an array of query functions and operators, empowering users to extract specific subsets of data and arrange it based on various criteria (what I have done in this assignment). All in all, my interaction with MySQL has been enriching, as I've uncovered numerous valuable features that are likely to benefit me in future work.