

### ELEC-204 HW-3

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**1-) the course textbook, and**

**2-) the lecture notes self-taken or distributed by the instructor at Blackboard for this class.**

**I have not used, accessed, received or distributed any information from/to any other unauthorized source in taking this assignment. The effort in the assignment thus belongs completely to me.”**

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#### SOLUTIONS OF THE PROBLEMS

**1-)**

**a-)  $X = A + B + C$**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>X</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>

b-)  $X = (A+B)*C$

A	B	C	A+B	(A+B)*C
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1

3-)  $(A+B)*(B+C)'$

A	B	C	A+B	B+C	(B+C)'	(A+B)*(B+C)'
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	0

2-)  $(A*B'*(C+B*D)+A'*B')*C$

$= ((A*B'*C+A*B*D*B')+A'*B')*C$  (After the distribution, we get this expression.)

$(B*B')=0$  (One of the rules in the boolean algebra.)

$= ((A*B'*C+0)+A'*B')*C$  (After simplification and after we put 0 instead of  $B*B'$ )

$C*C = C$  (One of the rules in the boolean algebra.)

$= A*B'*C*C + A'*B'*C = (A*B'*C) + (A'*B'*C)$ , (After the distribution and after we put C instead of  $C*C$ , we get this expression.)

$$= B' * C * (A + A')$$

$(A + A') = 1$  (One of the rules in boolean algebra.)

$(B') * (C) * (1) = (B') * (C)$  (Since  $A + A' = 1$ , the above expression becomes  $(B') * (C)$ )

When we simplify the initially given expression in the question, we get  $(B') * (C)$ .

So, the answer is  $(B') * (C)$ .

3-)

a-)

w	x	y	z	w'	y'	w'*x*y	w'*y*z	w*y'*z	w'*y'*z	x*y	w'*x*y+w'*y*z+w*y'*z+w'*y'*z+x*y
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

c-)  $F = w' * x * y + w' * y * z + w * y' * z + w' * y' * z + x * y$

$$F = y' * z * (w + w') + x * y + w' * y * (x + z)$$

$(w) + (w') = 1$  (One of the rules in boolean algebra)

$$F = y' * z * 1 + x * y + w' * y * (x + z)$$

$$F = y' * z + x * y + x * y * w' + y * z * w'$$

$$F = x * y * (1 + w') + y' * z + y * z * w'$$

$(1 + w') = (1)$  (One of the rules in boolean algebra)

$$F = x * y * 1 + y' * z + w' * y * z$$

$$F = x * y + y' * z + w' * y * z \text{ (The simplified version of F function)}$$

d-) The truth table for the function F, where F is  $x * y + y' * z + w' * y * z$ .

w	x	y	z	w'	y'	y'*z	w'*y*z	x*y+y'*z+w'*y*z
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

When we compare the output values of the simplified version of F and the long version of F for identical input values, we can observe that the output values are same for the simplified version of F and the long version of F. What I mean by input values here is the w,x,y,and z values. Since the output values are same for same input values, the truth tables for the simplified version of F and for the long version of F are same.

e-)

#### TOTAL NUMBER OF GATES FOR THE ORIGINAL BOOLEAN EXPRESSION

In the long and original version of the F, there are 5 main inputs which are connected with OR symbol. This means that we need 1 OR gate which includes 5 inputs. When we examine the inputs individually, we can observe that there are 4 inputs each of which includes 3 sub-inputs.

These 3 sub-inputs are connected with AND symbol. So, we need 4 AND gates each of which includes 3 sub-inputs. In the expression, there is also one input which includes 2 sub-inputs. These 2 sub-inputs are connected with AND symbol. So, we need 1 AND gate which includes 2 sub-inputs. In total, we need 6 gates for the original version of F.  $(4+1+1=6)$

#### TOTAL NUMBER OF GATES FOR THE SIMPLIFIED BOOLEAN EXPRESSION

In the simplified version of F, there are 3 main inputs which are connected with OR symbol. So, we need 1 OR gate which includes 3 inputs. When we examine the inputs individually, we can see that there are 2 inputs each of which contains 2 sub-inputs, and there is 1 input which contains 3 sub-inputs. These sub-inputs are connected with AND symbol. So, we need 2 AND gates each of which includes 2 sub-inputs. Moreover, we need 1 AND gate which contains 3 sub-inputs. In total, we need 4 gates for the simplified version of F.  $(2+1+1=4)$

So, we need more gates for the original version of F.  $(6>4)$

For part-b and part-e in the third question, I attached a separate image in the submission.