

**Problem Set 8**  
**Comp 301**  
**Fall 2021**  
**Week 10: 06.12.2021 - 10.12.2021**

**Instructions:**

- Submit your answers to the Blackboard PS8 assignment until December 11th Saturday, at 23.59.
- Please use the code boilerplate, which includes several tests for you to see if your code is correct.
- Submit your code and PDF file to BlackBoard as a single zip file *yourIDno\_username.zip*. (Example: *123456\_akutuk21.zip*)

**Problem 1.** : Write an `unparse` function, which works similar to `unparse-lc-exp` but now, it handles with the cases of PROC language. It takes an abstract syntax tree and build the expression. Below is an example:

```
> (unparse-proc
  (scan&parse "let x = 10
              in if zero?(x) then
                -(x, 10) else
                let y = 20
                in proc(a) -(a, -(x,y))"))

"let x = 10 in if zero?(x) then -(x,10) else let y = 20 in proc(a)
-(a,-(x,y))"
```

**Hint:** You need to make changes in `interp.scm`

**Hint:** You need to use `string-append` function to append a list of string into a single string. You can check its usage [here](#)

**Problem 2.** : Write an `unparse` function, which is similar to what you have done in Problem 1, but now it handles expressions of LEXADDR language. So, instead of a regular abstract syntax tree, you need to handle translated abstract syntax tree.

```
> (unparse-nameless
  (translate "let x = 10
              in if zero?(x) then
                -(x, 10) else
                let y = 20 in proc(a) -(a, -(x,y))"))

"lexlet 10 in if zero?(#0) then -(#0,10) else lexlet 20 in lexproc
-(#0,-(#2,#1))"
```

**Hint:** Check `lang.scm` and see which expressions are different than PROC language. Then, you make changes in `interp.scm`

**Note:** You are provided a function `translate` under `top.scm`. You can use it to discover how a translated AST looks like. Use the inputs from test cases and observe their ASTs.