

Circuit Theory 1

Homework 1

Student Name : Barış

Student Surname : Karapelit

Student Number : 21707346

1) A stove element draws 10 A when connected to a 240-V line. How long does it take to consume 120 kJ? (explain)

Answer 1 :

$$\text{Amper} = 10\text{A}$$

$$\text{Voltage} = 240\text{ V}$$

$$\text{Energy} = 120\text{ kJ}$$

$$t = ?$$

$$P = V \times I$$

$$P = 240 \times 10 = 2400$$

$$E = P \times t$$

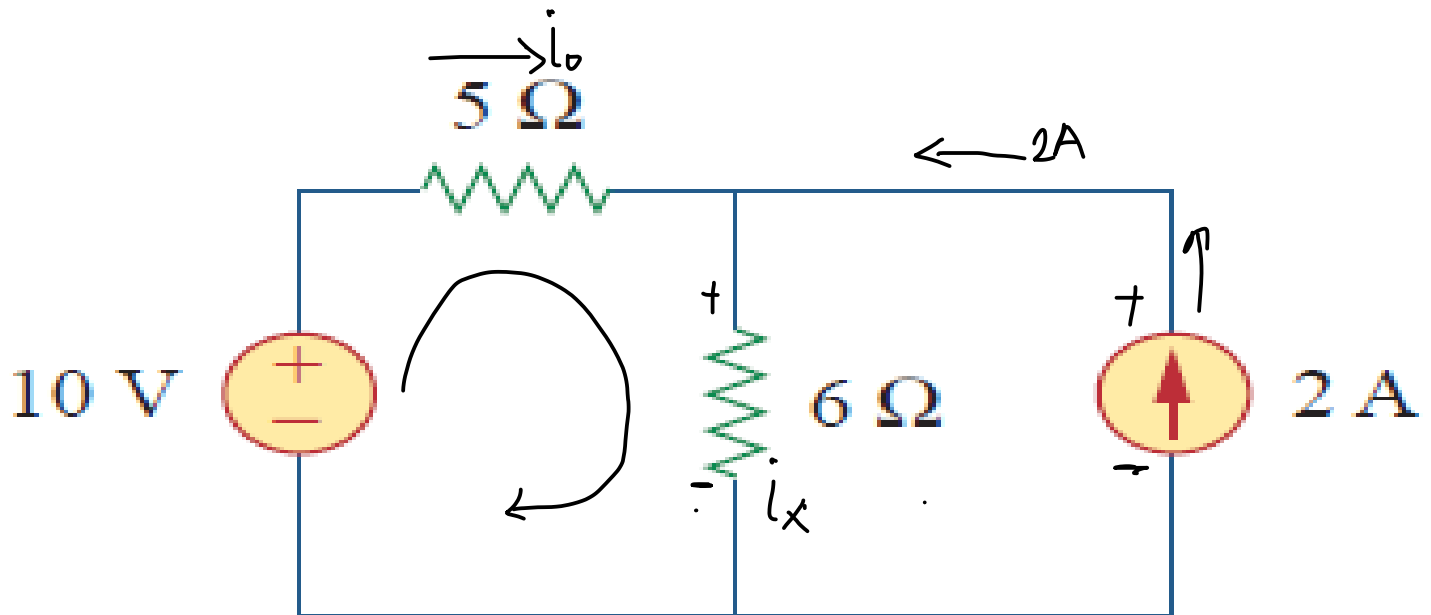
$$120 \times 1000 = 2400 \times t$$

$$120.000 = 2400 \times t$$

$$T = 50\text{ second}$$

2) Calculate the power supplied or absorbed by each element.

Answer 2:



$$\text{KCL} \Rightarrow i_o + 2A = i_x$$

$$\text{KCL} \Rightarrow 10V - i_o \cdot 5 - 6 \cdot i_x = 0$$

$$= 10V - 5i_o - 6[2 + i_o] = 0$$

$$= 10V - 5i_o - 12 - 6i_o = 0$$

$$11i_o = -2$$

$$i_o = -2/11$$

$$P = I \cdot V$$

$$V_{AK} = V_X - V_Y = 6 \times (20/11) = 120/11$$

$$P_P = V_{AK} \cdot i_A = 2 \cdot (120/11) = 240/11 = 21.818 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{10V} = (-2/11) \cdot 10 = -20/11 = -1.81$$

$$P_{\text{Production}} - P_{\text{Consumption}} = 0$$

That's why it's negative.

$$P_{10\Omega} = i^2 \cdot R = ((-2/11) \cdot A)^2 \cdot 5 = -20/121 = -0.16$$

$$P_{50\Omega} = i^2 \cdot R = ((20/11)^2 \cdot 6) = -2400/121 = -19.8$$

$$-1.81 - 0.16 - 19.8 = -21.818$$

$$P_P = P_C$$