**Error Annotations from Human Evaluation**

**Analysis 1:**

**Input Data:**

A screenshot of a computer

Description automatically generated

**URL:** <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_prime_ministers_of_Kuwait>

**Neural Outputs:**

Below are the twelve outputs for your marking:

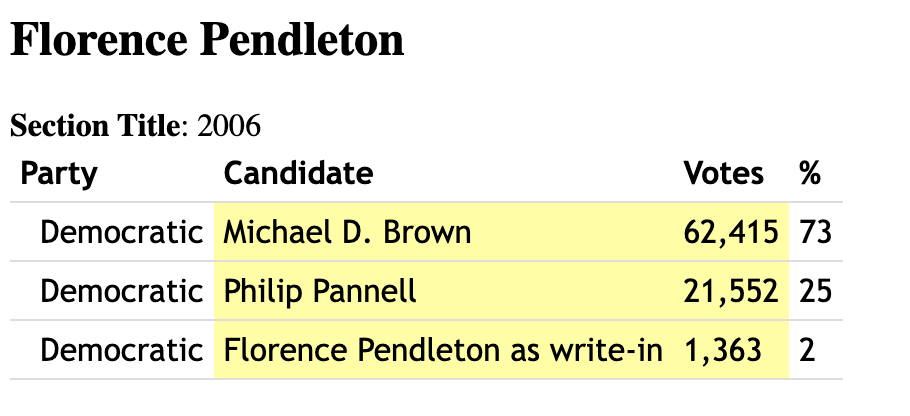
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Output Sentence** |
| M1 | Saad Al-Salim Al Sabah (1931 – 2008) served as Prime Minister of Kuwait from 8 February 1978 to 13 July 2003 and again in 2003. |
| M2 | Saad Al-Salim Al Sabah (1931 – 2008) served as Prime Minister of Kuwait from 1978 to 2003 and from 2003 to 2006. |
| M3 | Saad Al-Salim Al Sabah served as the Prime Minister of Kuwait from 1978 to 2003. |
| M4 | Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah served as the Prime Minister of Kuwait from 1978 to 2003 and Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah from 2003 to 2006. |
| M5 | Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah (1931–2008) was the Prime Minister of Kuwait from 4 February 1978 to 13 July 2003. Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah (1929–) is the current Prime Minister of Kuwait since 13 July 2003.' |
| M6 | Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah was the Prime Minister of Kuwait from February 8, 1978 to July 13, 2003. Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah is the current Prime Minister of Kuwait since January 30, 2006. |
| M7 | CT – I deleted this text so I could do the rest of the task. This is too bad to mark at all. |
| M8 | The Prime Ministers of Kuwait are Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah and Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah. Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah was the Prime Minister from February 8, 1978 to July 13, 2003. Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah is the current Prime Minister of Kuwait since January 30, 2006. |
| M9 | 4 prime ministers have served Kuwait since its independence in 1962. The first was Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah, who served from 1962 to 1978. He was followed by Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah, who served from 1978 to 2003. The current prime minister is Jabir Mubarak Al-Hamad Al-Sabah, who has been in office since 2006. |
| M10 | The Prime Ministers of Kuwait are as follows: Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah (8 February 1978 – 13 July 2003) Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah (13 July 2003 – 30 January 2006). |
| M11 | The Prime Ministers of Kuwait are the heads of government of Kuwait since its independence in 1962. Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah was the first prime minister of Kuwait from 1962 to 1963. Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah is the current Prime Minister of Kuwait since 2003. |
| M12 | The Prime Ministers of Kuwait are Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah and Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah. Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah was the Prime Minister from 8 February 1978 to 13 July 2003. Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah was the Prime Minister from 13 July 2003 to 30 January 2006. |

**Error Marking with Comment:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Errors** | **Type** | **Remarks** |
| M1 |  | OMISSION | The model did not mention who succeeded him (which is highlighted) |
| M2 | and from 2003 to 2006. | ADDITION | The model has added this text which is not supported. |
| M3 |  | OMISSION | The model did not mention who succeeded him (which is highlighted) |
| M4 |  | OMISSION | The model did not mention the birth/death years. |
| M5 | 4 February 1978 | DATE | It was the 8th of February |
| M6 | January 30, 2006 | DATE | 13 July 2023 |
| M7 |  | OTHER | Unmarkable text |
| M8 | The  January 30, 2006 | WORD  DATE | Former  13 July 2023 |
| M9 | its independence in  Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah  1978  2003  2006 | ADDITION  NAME  NUMBER  NUMBER  NUMBER | Not supported by data  Abdullah Al-Salim Al-Sabah  1963  1965  2011 |
| M10 |  | OMISSION | The model does not include “From/To” years with its statement “The prime ministers of Kuwait are …” (which makes it sound like all of them, ever) |
| M11 | are the heads of government of Kuwait since its independence in 1962  Saad Al-Salim Al-Sabah  Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Jaber Al-Sabah  2003 | ADDITION  NAME  NAME  DATE | Nothing about independence in the input.  Abdullah Al-Salim Al-Sabah  Jabar Al-Mubarak Al-Hamad Al-Sabah  2011 |
| M12 | The Prime Ministers of Kuwait are | WORD | “Two former presidents of Kuwait were” |

**Analysis 2:**

**Input Data:**



**URL:** [**https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Florence\_Pendleton**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Florence_Pendleton)

**Neural Outputs for your marking:**

Below are the twelve outputs for your marking:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Output Sentence** |
| M1 | In 2006, Pendleton received 62,415 votes to Pannell's 21,552 and 1,363 write-in votes. |
| M2 | Brown received 62,415 votes to Pannell's 21,552 and 1,363 write-in votes. |
| M3 | Pendleton was defeated by Michael D. Brown with 62,415 votes to Pannell's 21,552 and a write-in with 1,363 votes. |
| M4 | In the Democratic primary, Pendleton was defeated by Michael D. Brown (62,415), Philip Pannell (21,552), and as a write-in candidate (1,363). |
| M5 | 2006 Election Results for the office of Mayor of Florence Pendleton. Michael D. Brown received 62,415 votes and was elected to the office of Mayor. Philip Pannell received 21,552 votes and was elected to the office of City Councilman. Write-in candidate received 1,363 votes. |
| M6 | 2006 Democratic Party candidate Michael D. Brown received the most votes in the election for mayor of the city of New York. The write-in candidate Florence Pendleton received the second highest number of votes, and Philip Pannell received the third highest number of votes. |
| M7 | In the 2006 election for mayor of Florence Pendleton, Michael D. Brown received 62,415 votes while Philip Pannell received 21,552 votes and write-in candidates received 1,363 votes. |
| M8 | The Democratic Party had two candidates in the election, Michael D. Brown and Philip Pannell. Florence Pendleton as write-in Candidate received more votes than any other candidate. |
| M9 | 2006 Florence Pendleton was elected with 62,415 votes. Philip Pannell received 21,552 votes. Write-in candidate received 1,363 votes |
| M10 | 2006 Democratic Party candidate Michael D. Brown received 62,415 votes in the general election. The Democratic Party also nominated Philip Pannell for this office, who received 21,552 votes in the general election. Florence Pendleton ran as a write-in candidate and received 1,363 votes in the general election. |
| M11 | 2006 election results for Florence Pendleton are as follows: Michael D. Brown got 62,415 votes Philip Pannell got 21,552 votes write-in got 1,363 votes. |
| M12 | 2006 Democratic Party candidate for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton received a total of 62,415 votes. The Democratic Party candidate for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton received a total of 21,552 votes. Florence Pendleton as write-in candidate for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton received a total of 1,363 votes. |

**Error Marking with Comment:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Errors** | **Type** | **Remarks** |
| M1 | Pendleton | NAME | Brown |
| M2 |  | OMISSION | The model did not mention the write-ins were for Florence Pendleton |
| M3 | and a write-in with 1,363 votes | ADDITION | Pendleton had the write-in votes, they were not an extra, 4th candidate. |
| M4 | In the Democratic primary  and as | ADDITION  WORD | We do not know that this was the democratic primary from the data.  “Pendleton was” a write-in candidate, |
| M5 | Mayor of Florence Pendleton  Mayor  and was elected to the office of City Councilman | NAME  ADDITION  ADDITION | We do not know, but it was not this.  We do not know this from the data.  We do now know this. |
| M6 | 2006 Democratic Party candidate  mayor of the city of New York  second  third | CONTEXT  ADDITION  NUMBER  NUMBER | This is a context error, it might imply that there is a candidate from another party (which there is not)  We do not know  Third  NUMBER |
| M7 | for mayor of Florence Pendleton  write-in candidates | ADDITION  CONTEXT | We do not know this  Implies there was more than one |
| M8 | Two  More | NUMBER  WORD | Three  less |
| M9 | Florence Pendleton | NAME | Michael D Brown |
| M10 | general election  in the general election | ADDITION  ADDITION | We do not know that this is a general election.  We do not know this is a general election |
| M11 | for Florence Pendleton  votes write-in | ADDITION  OTHER-PUNCTUATION | We do not know where the election is for.  There should be a comma after votes. |
| M12 | 2006 Democratic Party candidate  for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton  2006 Democratic Party candidate  for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton  for the office of Mayor in Florence Pendleton | CONTEXT  ADDITION  CONTEXT  ADDITION  ADDITION | Makes the assumption that there is only one  We do not know  Makes the assumption that there is only one  We do not know  We do not know |

**Analysis 3:**

**Input Data:**

A screenshot of a screen

Description automatically generated

**URL:** [**https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012\_Cardiff\_South\_and\_Penarth\_by-election**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_Cardiff_South_and_Penarth_by-election)

**Neural Outputs:**

Below are the twelve outputs for your marking:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Output Sentence** |
| M1 | In the 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election, the Liberal Democrats received 11.5% of the vote. |
| M2 | In the 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election, the Liberal Democrats won 11.5% of the vote. |
| M3 | The Liberal Democrats won the 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election by a margin of 11.5%. |
| M4 | In the 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election, the Liberal Democrats lost by 11.5%. |
| M5 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election was held on the 3rd of May, 2012. The Liberal Democrat party lost 11.5% of their vote share compared to the previous general election in 2010. |
| M6 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election saw a Liberal Democrat loss of 11.5% in the vote share compared to the previous general election. |
| M7 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election: The Liberal Democrats lost the seat to Labour in a by-election on 3 May 2012, with a swing of 11.5%. |
| M8 | The Liberal Democrats lost 11.5% of the vote in this by-election compared to the previous general election. |
| M9 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election was won by the Liberal Democrats with a margin of -11.5%. |
| M10 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election saw Liberal Democrat candidate lose by 11.5% of the vote compared to the previous election. |
| M11 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election was a by-election held on 1 March 2012 to elect a Member of Parliament for the constituency of Cardiff South and Penarth in Wales. The Liberal Democrat candidate, Stephen Williams, lost his seat to Labour's candidate, Alun Michael. |
| M12 | 2012 Cardiff South and Penarth by-election was held on 1 March 2012 to elect a Member of Parliament for the constituency in Wales. The Liberal Democrat candidate lost by −11.5 percentage points compared with the previous election. |

**Error Marking with Comment:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Errors** | **Type** | **Remarks** |
| M1 | 11.5% | NUMBER | 10.8% |
| M2 | 11.5% | NUMBER | 10.8% |
| M3 | Won  11.5% | WORD  NUMBER | Lost  36.5% |
| M4 | 11.5% | NUMBER | 36.5% |
| M5 | was held on the 3rd of May | ADDITION | We do not know |
| M6 |  |  |  |
| M7 | lost the seat to Labour | CONTEXT | Implies the lib Dems were second, although is not strictly false otherwise |
| M8 |  |  |  |
| M9 | Won  margin | WORD  WORD | Lost  swing |
| M10 |  |  |  |
| M11 | held on 1 March 2012  Member of Parliament  Stephen Williams  Alun Michael | ADDITION  ADDITION  NAME  NAME | We do not know  We do not know  Bablin Molik  Stephen Doughty |
| M12 | on 1 March 2012 to elect a Member of Parliament for the constituency in Wales  lost by | ADDITION  NUMBER | We do not know any of this  had |

**Analysis 4:**

**Input Data:**

A screenshot of a graph

Description automatically generated

**URL:** [**Minnesota agreement Wikipedia link**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minnesota_Amendment_2#:~:text=Minnesota%20Amendment%202%20(also%20called,%2C%20state%2C%20and%20federal%20elections)

**Neural Outputs:**

Below are the twelve outputs for your marking:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Output Sentence** |
| M1 | Minnesota Amendment 2 was approved by 53.84% of voters, with a turnout of 46.16%. |
| M2 | Minnesota Amendment 2 was rejected with 53.84% of the vote to 46.16% for the measure. |
| M3 | The Minnesota Amendment 2 was approved by 53.84 percent of voters, with a turnout of 46.16 percent. |
| M4 | Minnesota Amendment 2 was defeated by 53.84 percent of voters, while 46.16 percent voted in favor of the measure. |
| M5 | 53.84% of the voters voted for Amendment 2. |
| M6 | 53.84% of the voters voted no on Amendment 2, while 46.16% voted yes. |
| M7 | The table data shows that a majority of Minnesotans voted in favor of Amendment 2, with 53.84% voting yes and 46.16% voting no. |
| M8 | 1) The first step is to read the question and understand what it means. In this case, the question is asking if voters in Minnesota approved or rejected a proposed amendment to their state constitution.  2) Next, we need to look at the data provided in the table. We can see that there were two choices presented to voters: “Yes” and “No”. The “Yes” choice received 46.16% of the vote while the “No” choice received 53.84%. This means that more people voted against the amendment than for it.  3) Finally, we need to summarize our findings into a single sentence.  In this case, we can say that voters in Minnesota rejected an amendment proposed by their state government. |
| M9 | 53.84% of Minnesota voters voted in favor of Amendment 2. |
| M10 | 53.84% of voters voted against the Minnesota Amendment 2 referendum. |
| M11 | The percentage of votes for Minnesota Amendment 2 was 53.84%, while the percentage of votes against Minnesota Amendment 2 was 46.16%. |
| M12 | The Minnesota Amendment 2 results show that the referendum failed because there were more no votes than yes votes. |

**Error Marking with Comment:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Errors** | **Type** | **Remarks** |
| M1 | approved  with a turnout of 46.16%. | WORD  ADDITION | rejected  We do not know |
| M2 |  |  |  |
| M3 | Approved  with a turnout of 46.16 percent | WORD  ADDITION | Rejected  We do not know |
| M4 |  |  |  |
| M5 | for | WORD | against |
| M6 |  |  |  |
| M7 |  |  |  |
| M8 | 1) The first step is to read the question and understand what it means. In this case, the question is asking if voters in Minnesota approved or rejected a proposed amendment to their state constitution.  2) Next, we need to look at the data provided in the table.  3) Finally, we need to summarize our findings into a single sentence.  In this case, we can say that voters in Minnesota rejected an amendment proposed by their state government. | ADDITION  ADDITION  OTHER | There is no “question”  What?  This is the problem with Totto, there is no clear task definition so this whole M8 could be correct, yet it is so different from the others that it seems wrong. |
| M9 | in favor of | WORD | against |
| M10 |  |  |  |
| M11 | For  Against | WORD  WORD | Against  for |
| M12 |  | OMISSION | There are no percentages in the output |

**Analysis 5:**

**Input Data:**

A screenshot of a table

Description automatically generated

**URL:** [**https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joseph\_Haslet**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joseph_Haslet)

**Neural Outputs:**

Below are the twelve outputs for your marking:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Output Sentence** |
| M1 | Joseph Haslet was elected Governor in 1804, defeating Federalist Party candidate Nathaniel Mitchell in the election of 1807. |
| M2 | Joseph Haslet was elected Governor of the Republican Party in 1804 and 1807, defeating the Federalist Party's Nathaniel Mitchell and George Truitt. |
| M3 | Joseph Haslet was elected Governor in 1804 and 1807, defeating Federalist Nathaniel Mitchell. |
| M4 | In 1804 and 1807, Republican Joseph Haslet defeated Federalist Nathaniel Mitchell and Federalist George Truitt. |
| M5 | Joseph Haslet won the election with a total of 48% of the votes. He was opposed by Nathaniel Mitchell, who received 52%. The election took place in 1807 and he was re-elected for another term. |
| M6 | Joseph Haslet was elected Governor in 1804 with 48% of the vote. He was re-elected in 1807 with 48% of the vote. |
| M7 | Joseph Haslet was elected as Governor for the year 1804 and re-elected again in the year 1807 with a percentage of 48% and 52%, respectively. |
| M8 | Joseph Haslet was a governor of Virginia from 1804 to 1807. He won his first election with 48% of votes and his second election with 52% of votes. His opponents in the first election were Nathaniel Mitchell, who belonged to Federalist Party, and in the second election he faced George Truitt, who also belonged to Federalist Party. Joseph Haslet was a Republican Party member. |
| M9 | Joseph Haslet was elected governor with 48% of the vote. In 1807, he was re-elected with 48% of the vote. |
| M10 | 1804: Joseph Haslet (Republican) won with 48% of the votes. 1807: George Truitt (Federalist) won with 52% of the votes. |
| M11 | 1804, Joseph Haslet was elected as the governor of North Carolina. He won with a margin of 48% to 52%. In 1807, he lost his re-election bid to George Truitt by a margin of 48% to 52%. |
| M12 | The governor's office was held by Joseph Haslet in the years 1804 and 1807, with Republican Party winning 48% of votes in both years. |

**Error Marking with Comment:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Errors** | **Type** | **Remarks** |
| M1 | Elected  Defeating  Nathaniel Mitchell | WORD  WORD  NAME | Defeated as  Also losing to  Goerge Truitt |
| M2 | Elected  of the  defeating | WORD  WORD  WORD | Rejected as  For the  Losing to the |
| M3 | Elected  defeating | WORD  WORD | Defeated for  Losing to |
| M4 | defeated | WORD | Lost to |
| M5 | Won  The election  re-elected for another term | WORD  CONTEXT  WORD | Lost  There are multiple elections, this makes it sound like only one  Defeated again |
| M6 | Elected  re-elected | WORD  WORD | Defeated for  Defeated again |
| M7 | elected as  re-elected  52% | WORD  WORD  NUMBER | Defeated for  Defeated again  48% |
| M8 | Was  Won | WORD  WORD | Was not  Lost |
| M9 | Elected  re-elected | WORD  WORD | Defeated for  Defeated again |
| M10 | Won | WORD | lost |
| M11 | elected as  Won | WORD  WORD | Defeated for  Lost |
| M12 | Was | WORD | Was not |