

# CS145: INTRODUCTION TO DATA MINING

## Midterm Review

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# Learnt Algorithms

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	Vector Data	Set Data	Sequence Data	Text Data
<b>Classification</b>	<b>Logistic Regression; Decision Tree; KNN; SVM; NN</b>			Naïve Bayes for Text
<b>Clustering</b>	<b>K-means; hierarchical clustering; DBSCAN; Mixture Models</b>			PLSA
<b>Prediction</b>	<b>Linear Regression GLM*</b>			
<b>Frequent Pattern Mining</b>		Apriori; FP growth	GSP; PrefixSpan	
<b>Similarity Search</b>			DTW	

# Midterm Exam

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- Time
  - 11/13, 10-11:50am
- Location
  - In Class
- Policy
  - Closed book exam
  - You can take a “reference sheet” of A4 size
  - You can bring a simple calculator

# Type of Questions

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- True or false
- Conceptual questions
- Computation questions

# True or False Questions

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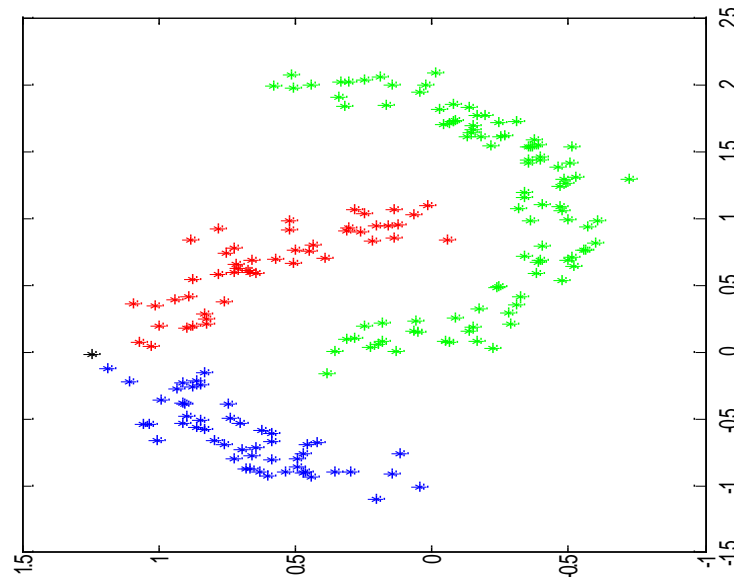
- \_\_\_\_ Logistic regression is a linear classifier.
- \_\_\_\_ K-means can detect arbitrary shapes of clusters.
- \_\_\_\_ GMM does not need to specify the number of clusters.

# Conceptual Questions

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- What are the stopping conditions when constructing a decision tree?
- What are the main difference between KNN classifier and other learned classifiers, such as decision tree, logistic regression, and SVM?

- Suppose under a parameter setting (e.g.,  $\text{Eps} = 0.2$ ;  $\text{minpts} = 4$ ) for DBSCAN, we get the following clustering results. How shall we change the two parameters (eps and minpts) if we want to get two clusters?



# Computation Questions

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- Information gain computation in decision tree
- SVM problem in HW2
- Classification evaluation