Exercise 1

www.cnn.com ip address is 151.101.29.67

```
C:\Users\lenovo>nslookup www.cnn.com
服务器: dnsany01.optusnet.com.au
Address: 198.142.152.164
非权威应答:
名称: turner-tls.map.fastly.net
Addresses: 2a04:4e42:7::323
151.101.29.67
Aliases: www.cnn.com
```

My reason is to prevent hackers from attacking for security reasons. In addition, it requires multiple servers to support, different servers will have different addresses.

2, name of the IP address 127.0.0.1 is localhost

```
C:\Users\lenovo>nslookup 127.0.0.1
服务器: dnsany01.optusnet.com.au
Address: 198.142.152.164
名称: __localhost
Address: 127.0.0.1
```

127.0.0.1 is the loopback Internet protocol (IP) address. The address is used to establish an IP connection to the same machine or computer being used by the end-user.

```
Exercise 2,# ping www.unsw.edu.auIt is reachable by using ping.# ping www.getfittest.com.au
```

Unknow host www.getfittest.com.au, it is not reachable. It may be because the host name does not even exist

ping www.mit.edu

It is reachable by using ping.

ping www.intel.com.au

It is reachable by using ping.

ping www.tgp.com.au

It is reachable by using ping.

ping www.hola.hp

It is not reachable, and it cannot be accessed by the Web browser.

ping www.amazon.com

It is reachable by using ping.

www.tsinghua.edu.au

It is reachable by using ping.

ping www.kremlin.ru

It is not reachable, but it can be accessed by the Web browser. It may be because the host refuses to respond to ping command, or this machine does not support ICMP protocol that is used by ping.

ping 8.8.8.8

It is reachable by using ping

Exercise 3,

```
weber % traceroute www.columbia.edu
craceroute to www.columbia.edu (128.59.105.24), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.116 ms 0.090 ms 0.11
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.946 ms 0.929 ms 0.874 ms ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 1.689 m
3 ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 1.689 ms 1.650 ms libudn ex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.402 ms 4 ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.169) 1.102 ms libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.169) 1.004 ms
1.084 ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.274 ms 1.360 ms 1.282 ms 7 et-1-3-0.pel.sxt.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.149) 2.021 ms 1.953 ms
8 et-0-0-0.pel.a.hnl.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.99) 95.093 ms 95.157 ms 95.1
9 et-2-1-0.bdrl.a.sea.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.201) 146.607 ms 146.655 ms
lo abilene-1-lo-jmb-706.sttlwa.pacificwave.net (207.231.240.8) 146.666 ms 146
.661 ms 146.672 ms
 1 et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.miss2.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.0) 157.541 ms 157.5
39 ms 157.732 ms
   et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.minn.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.58) 180.705 ms 180.7
04 ms 180.733 ms
   et-1-1-5.4079.rtsw.eqch.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.106) 188.610 ms 198.
669 ms 198.436 ms
ms 188.754 ms
15 ae-1.4079.rtsw.clev.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.130) 197.142 ms 207.521
16 buf-9208-I2-CLEV.nysernet.net (199.109.11.33) 201.451 ms 201.340 ms 201.3
   syr-9208-buf-9208.nysernet.net (199.109.7.193) 204.529 ms 218.958 ms 218.
897 ms
18 nyc-9208-syr-9208.nysernet.net (199.109.7.162) 213.834 ms 213.873 ms 213.
814 ms
19 columbia.nyc-9208.nysernet.net (199.109.4.14) 213.638 ms 213.741 ms 213.7
20 cc-core-1-x-nyser32-gw-1.net.columbia.edu (128.59.255.5) 213.923 ms 214.01
 ms 214.096 ms
cc-conc-1-x-cc-core-1.net.columbia.edu (128.59.255.21) 214.009 ms 213.967
   214.012 ms
    tiernobokar.columbia.edu (128.59.105.24) 213.901 ms 213.812 ms 214.002 ms
```

I did this on my own laptop using putty. the results may be slightly different

- 1, 22 routers between my workstation and www.columbia.edu.
- 2, 5 routers are part of UNSW network
- 3, The big difference in the RTTs from the router 7 to 8 and 8 to 9

Q2

1, (i) www.ucla.edu

```
No mail.
weber % traceroute www.ucla.edu
traceroute to www.ucla.edu (164.67.228.152), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.130 ms 0.109 ms 0.11
0 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.888 ms 0.874 ms 0.829 ms
3 ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 7.166 ms libudnex1-v1-315
4.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.448 ms ombudnex1-vl-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (14
9.171.253.35) 7.131 ms
4 libcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.201) 1.107 ms ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.e
du.au (149.171.255.169) 1.142 ms ombcrl-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.197)
1.144 ms
5 unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.101) 12.137 ms unswbr1-te-2-13.g
w.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 12.160 ms unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.17
1.255.101) 12.180 ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.361 ms 1.272 ms 1.250 ms
 7 et-1-3-0.pe1.sxt.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.149) 2.200 ms 2.171 ms
 1.914 ms
 8 et-0-0-0.pel.a.hnl.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.99) 95.217 ms 95.088 ms 95.2
50 ms
9 et-2-1-0.bdrl.a.sea.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.201) 146.533 ms 146.513 ms
146.512 ms
10 cenichpr-1-is-jmb-778.snvaca.pacificwave.net (207.231.245.129) 163.096 ms
163.124 ms 163.038 ms
11 hpr-lax-hpr3--svl-hpr3-100ge.cenic.net (137.164.25.73) 170.956 ms 170.886
ms 170.992 ms
12
13 bd11f1.anderson--cr00f2.csb1.ucla.net (169.232.4.4) 171.775 ms 172.318 ms
bd11f1.anderson--cr001.anderson.ucla.net (169.232.4.6) 171.320 ms
14 cr00f1.anderson--dr00f2.csb1.ucla.net (169.232.4.55) 171.422 ms cr00f2.csb1
--dr00f2.csb1.ucla.net (169.232.4.53) 171.411 ms cr00f1.anderson--dr00f2.csb1.u
cla.net (169.232.4.55) 171.348 ms
16
   * * *
24
   * * *
27
    * *
```

(ii) www.u-tokyo.ac.jp

```
weber % traceroute www.u-tokyo.ac.jp
traceroute to www.u-tokyo.ac.jp (210.152.243.234), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.133 ms 0.149 ms 0.13
6 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.852 ms 0.884 ms 0.826 ms
 3 ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 1.387 ms 1.637 ms 1.600
ms
4 libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.165) 1.104 ms ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.e
du.au (149.171.255.169) 1.112 ms libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.165)
1.157 ms
5 unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.101) 1.283 ms unswbr1-te-2-13.gw
.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 1.303 ms 1.187 ms 6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.477 ms 1.304 ms 1.287 ms
    et-0-3-0.pe1.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.147) 1.841 ms 1.782 ms 1.
785 ms
8 ge-4 0 0.bb1.a.pao.aarnet.net.au (202.158.194.177) 156.479 ms 156.486 ms
156.456 ms
9 paloalto0.iij.net (198.32.176.24) 157.511 ms 157.545 ms 157.526 ms 10 osk004bb01.IIJ.Net (58.138.88.189) 270.872 ms 270.916 ms 270.812 ms 10 osk004ix51.IIJ.Net (58.138.106.126) 268.813 ms 268.833 ms 268.800 ms
    210.130.135.130 (210.130.135.130) 267.292 ms 268.859 ms 268.794 ms 124.83.228.58 (124.83.228.58) 268.913 ms 267.559 ms 267.554 ms
13
    124.83.252.178 (124.83.252.178) 274.804 ms 274.909 ms 274.873 ms 158.205.134.26 (158.205.134.26) 276.376 ms 274.775 ms 276.314 ms
19
24
```

(iii)www.lancaster.ac.uk

```
weber % traceroute www.lancaster.ac.uk
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.141 ms 0.136 ms 0.12
1 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.838 ms 0.857 ms 0.844 ms
3 ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 1.513 ms libudnex1-v1-315
4.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.535 ms 1.497 ms
4 libcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.201) 18.408 ms ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.
edu.au (149.171.255.169) 1.115 ms libcrl-po-5.qw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.165)
18.335 ms
5 unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.101) 1.192 ms unswbr1-te-2-13.gw
unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 1.267 ms 1.274 ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.326 ms 1.284 ms 1.264 ms
 7 et-1-3-0.pel.sxt.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.149) 2.009 ms 1.897 ms
 1.876 ms
8 et-0-0-0.pel.a.hnl.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.99) 95.244 ms 95.232 ms 95.1
82 ms
9 et-2-1-0.bdrl.a.sea.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.201) 146.578 ms 146.585 ms
146.499 ms
   abilene-1-lo-jmb-706.sttlwa.pacificwave.net (207.231.240.8) 146.611 ms 146
11 et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.miss2.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.0) 157.498 ms 157.5
14 ms 157.364 ms
   et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.minn.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.58) 180.548 ms 180.5
51 ms 182.120 ms
13 et-1-1-5.4079.rtsw.eqch.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.106) 188.710 ms 188.
401 ms 188.573 ms
14 ae-0.4079.rtsw3.eqch.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.163) 188.619 ms 188.575
   188.652 ms
15 ae-1.4079.rtsw.clev.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.130) 198.102 ms 199.504
ms
   199.527 ms
   ae-0.4079.rtsw.ashb.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.128) 205.198 ms 205.353
ms
   205.331 ms
   ae-2.4079.rtsw2.ashb.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.75) 204.987 ms 205.180
   205.241 ms
   ae-2.4079.rtsw.wash.net.internet2.edu (162.252.70.136) 205.498 ms 205.399
   205.264 ms
19 internet2-gw.mx1.lon.uk.geant.net (62.40.124.44) 280.243 ms 280.145 ms 28
0.084 ms
20 janet-gw.mx1.lon.uk.geant.net (62.40.124.198) 280.160 ms 280.251 ms 280.0
50 ms
   ae29.londpg-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.2) 280.695 ms 280.683 ms 288.418 ms
   ae31.erdiss-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.22) 284.419 ms 284.430 ms 284.401 ms
   ae29.manckh-sbr2.ja.net (146.97.33.42) 286.259 ms 286.232 ms 286.195 ms
   ae24.lanclu-rbr1.ja.net (146.97.38.58)
                                          288.416 ms
                                                     288.453 ms
   ismx-issrx.rtr.lancs.ac.uk (148.88.255.17) 290.256 ms 290.193 ms 290.184
    ismx-issrx.rtr.lancs.ac.uk (148.88.255.17) 290.256 ms 290.193 ms
                                                                     290.184
ms
   iss-servers.iscore01-ismx01.rtr.lancs.ac.uk (148.88.7.137) 295.597 ms 296.
251 ms 295.798 ms
30 www.lancs.ac.uk (148.88.65.80) 290.142 ms !X 290.463 ms !X 290.493 ms !X
```

2, From 1 to 7, routers are same for three destinations

The eighth router:

www.ucla.edu: 113.197.15.99

www.lancaster.ac.uk: 113.197.15.99

www.u-tokyo.ac.jp: 202.158.194.177

Therefore, www.ucla.edu and www.lancaster.ac.uk are the same. www.u-tokyo.ac.jp is different. At eighth router the paths diverge.

The detail information as below:

```
No mail.
weber % whois 113.197.15.99
% [whois.apnic.net]
                                   http://www.apnic.net/db/dbcopyright.html
% Whois data copyright terms
% Information related to '113.197.15.0 - 113.197.15.255'
% Abuse contact for '113.197.15.0 - 113.197.15.255' is 'abuse@aarnet.edu.au'
inetnum:
                 113.197.15.0 - 113.197.15.255
netname:
                  IIPC
descr:
                Customer Connection Network
country:
                ANOC-AP
ANOC-AP
admin-c:
tech-c:
                ASSIGNED NON-PORTABLE
status:
               AARNet customer network
MAINT-AARNET-AP
MAINT-AARNET-AP
remarks:
mnt-by:
mnt-lower:
mnt-routes: MAINT-AARNET-AP
mnt-irt: IRT-AARNET-AU
last-modified: 2011-10-20T08:36:39Z
                 APNIC
source:
irt:
                 IRT-AARNET-AU
            AARNET-AU

AARNet Pty Ltd

26 Dick Perry Avenue

Kensington, Western Australia

Australia
address:
address:
address:
address:
                abuse@aarnet.edu.au
e-mail:
abuse-mailbox: abuse@aarnet.edu.au
               SM6-AP
ANOC-AP
admin-c:
tech-c:
auth:
                 # Filtered
mnt-by: MAINT-AARNET-AP
last-modified: 2010-11-08T08:02:43Z
                 APNIC
source:
role:
                 AARNet Network Operations Centre
remarks:
address:
                AARNet Pty Ltd
address:
                 GPO Box 1559
address:
                 Canberra
                 ACT 2601
address:
country:
phone:
phone:
remarks:
e-mail:
                 noc@aarnet.edu.au
```

e-mail: noc@aarnet.edu.au

remarks:

remarks: Send abuse reports to abuse@aarnet.edu.au

remarks: Please include timestamps and offset to UTC in logs

remarks: Peering requests to peering@aarnet.edu.au

remarks:

admin-c: SM6-AP tech-c: BM-AP nic-hdl: ANOC-AP

mnt-by: MAINT-AARNET-AP last-modified: 2010-06-30T13:16:48Z

source: APNIC

weber % whois 202.158.194.177

% [whois.apnic.net]

% Whois data copyright terms http://www.apnic.net/db/dbcopyright.html

% Information related to '202.158.192.0 - 202.158.223.255'

% Abuse contact for '202.158.192.0 - 202.158.223.255' is 'abuse@aarnet.edu.au'

inetnum: 202.158.192.0 - 202.158.223.255

netname: AARNET

descr: Australian Academic and Research Network

descr: Canberra country: AU

org: ORG-AAAR1-AP
admin-c: SM6-AP
tech-c: ANOC-AP

status: ALLOCATED PORTABLE

mnt-by: APNIC-HM

mnt-lower: MAINT-AARNET-AP mnt-irt: IRT-AARNET-AU

remarks: -----

remarks: To report network abuse, please contact mnt-irt

remarks: For troubleshooting, please contact tech-c and admin-c remarks: Report invalid contact via www.apnic.net/invalidcontact remarks:

last-modified: 2017-10-09T13:02:45Z

source: APNIC

irt: IRT-AARNET-AU address: AARNet Pty Ltd

address: 26 Dick Perry Avenue

address: Kensington, Western Australia

address: Australia

e-mail: abuse@aarnet.edu.au abuse-mailbox: abuse@aarnet.edu.au

admin-c: SM6-AP
tech-c: ANOC-AP
auth: # Filtered
mnt-by: MAINT-AARNET-AP
last-modified: 2010-11-08T08:02:43Z

source: APNIC

organisation: ORG-AAAR1-AP

org-name: Australian Academic and Research Network

country: AU

address: Building 9
address: Banks Street
phone: +61-2-6222-3530
fax-no: +61-2-6222-3535

e-mail: irrcontact@aarnet.edu.au

```
+61-2-6222-3535
                irrcontact@aarnet.edu.au
e-mail:
nnt-ref:
                APNIC-HM
mnt-by:
               APNIC-HM
last-modified: 2017-10-09T12:56:36Z
source:
               APNIC
role:
               AARNet Network Operations Centre
remarks:
address:
               AARNet Pty Ltd
address:
               GPO Box 1559
address:
                Canberra
address:
               ACT 2601
country:
               +61 1300 275 662
phone:
ohone:
                +61 2 6222 3555
remarks:
e-mail:
               noc@aarnet.edu.au
remarks:
remarks:
               Send abuse reports to abuse@aarnet.edu.au
                Please include timestamps and offset to UTC in logs
remarks:
remarks:
               Peering requests to peering@aarnet.edu.au
remarks:
admin-c:
                SM6-AP
tech-c:
                BM-AP
nic-hdl:
               ANOC-AP
mnt-by:
               MAINT-AARNET-AP
last-modified: 2010-06-30T13:16:48Z
               APNIC
person:
               Steve Maddocks
remarks:
               Director Operations
address:
               AARNet Pty Ltd
                26 Dick Perry Avenue
address:
               Kensington
address:
address:
               Perth
address:
country:
               +61-8-9289-2210
phone:
               +61-2-6222-7509
fax-no:
e-mail:
               steve.maddocks@aarnet.edu.au
nic-hdl:
                SM6-AP
nnt-by:
               MAINT-AARNET-AP
last-modified: 2011-02-01T08:37:06Z
source:
                APNIC
 This query was served by the APNIC Whois Service version 1.88.15-46 (WHOIS-NODE3)
```

3, No, The number of hops on each path is not proportional the physical distance. The distance of www.ucla.edu is longer than www.u-tokyo.ac.jp But the number of routers of www.u-tokyo.ac.jp more than www.ucla.edu.

Q3

http://www.speedtest.com.sg/tr.php

```
wagner % traceroute www.speedtest.com.sg/tr.php
www.speedtest.com.sg/tr.php: Name or service not known
Cannot handle "host" cmdline arg 'www.speedtest.com.sg/tr.php' on position 1 (ar
gc 1)
wagner % traceroute www.speedtest.com
traceroute to www.speedtest.com (209.15.13.134), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.285 ms 0.232 ms 0.19
0 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.883 ms 0.914 ms 0.858 ms
3 libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.836 ms 1.793 ms 1.748
ms
4 ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.169) 1.071 ms libcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.ed
du.au (149.171.255.201) 1.095 ms 1.080 ms
5 unswbr1-te-2-13.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 1.124 ms 1.152 ms 1.033
ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.311 ms 1.317 ms 1.270 ms
7 xe-1-2-0.bdr1.a.sin.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.207) 141.054 ms 140.835 ms
140.791 ms
8 xe-0-0-6-2.a01.sngpsi03.sg.bb.gin.ntt.net (116.51.27.145) 146.661 ms 146.64
1 ms 146.589 ms
9 ae-13.r00.sngpsi07.sg.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.7.82) 141.378 ms 141.361 ms
ae-8.r01.sngpsi07.sg.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.7.82) 141.378 ms 141.361 ms
ae-8.r01.sngpsi07.sg.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.7.22) 140.880 ms ae-1.a01.sng
psi07.sg.bb.gin.ntt.net (129.250.2.220) 141.012 ms 140.968 ms
1 * * *
12 ae-0-11.bar2.Toronto1.Level3.net (4.69.151.242) 287.225 ms 287.326 ms 287
.200 ms
14 * * *
15 * * *
16 * * *
17 * * *
18 * * *
19 * * *
20 * * *
21 * * *
22 * * *
23 * * *
24 * * *
25 * * *
26 * * *
27 * * *
28 * * *
29 * * *
30 * * * *
```

https://www.telstra.net/cgibin/trace.,

```
weill % traceroute telstra.net
telstra.net: Name or service not known
Cannot handle "host" cmdline arg `telstra.net' on position 1 (argc 1)
weill % traceroute www.telstra.net
traceroute to www.telstra.net (203.50.5.178), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.163 ms 0.134 ms 0.11
0 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.893 ms 0.904 ms 0.861 ms
3 libudnex1-vl-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.299 ms 1.351 ms 1.468
4 ombcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.197) 1.188 ms libcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.e
du.au (149.171.255.201) 1.133 ms libcrl-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.165)
1.268 ms
5 unswbr1-te-2-13.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 236.027 ms 236.045 ms 23
6.059 ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.279 ms 1.509 ms 1.495 ms 7 et-0-3-0.pel.alxd.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.153) 1.529 ms 1.488 ms 1.
512 ms
8 ae9.bb1.b.syd.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.65) 1.776 ms 1.827 ms 1.859 ms
9 gigabitethernet1-1.pe1.b.syd.aarnet.net.au (202.158.202.18) 1.880 ms 1.920
ms 1.953 ms
10 gigabitethernet3-11.ken37.sydney.telstra.net (139.130.0.77) 2.285 ms 2.375
ms
    2.318 ms
11 bundle-ether13.ken-core10.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.94) 4.410 ms 2.498
ms bundle-ether2.chw-edge901.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.103) 2.589 ms
   bundle-ether10.win-core10.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.123) 14.592 ms
14.328 ms 14.174 ms
13 bundle-ether8.exi-core10.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.125) 16.487 ms 20
3.50.6.40 (203.50.6.40) 16.430 ms bundle-ether8.exi-core10.melbourne.telstra.ne
t (203.50.11.125) 16.396 ms
14 bundle-ether2.exi-ncprouter101.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.209) 15.169
ms 17.311 ms 17.274 ms
15 www.telstra.net (203.50.5.178) 14.256 ms 14.864 ms 14.926 ms
```

Does the reverse path go through the same routers as the forward path?

No

If you observe common routers between the forward and the reverse path, do you also observe the same IP addresses? Why or why not?

Yes, I observe some same IP addresses. It is because the website tries to give a best and shortest path every time, which makes the paths dynamic.

Exercise 4:

Q1.1, Compute the shortest possible time T using speed of light as propagation speed:

Approximate physical distance from UNSW to Brisbane: 735km

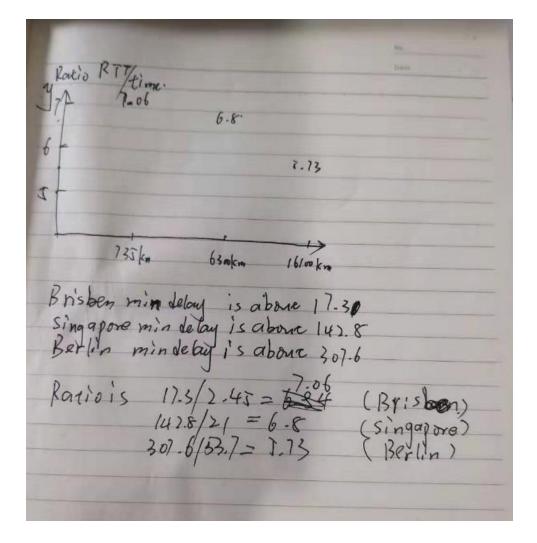
T = 735 km/(3*108 m/s) = 2.45 ms

Approximate physical distance from UNSW to Singapore: 6300km

T = 6300 km/(3*108 m/s) = 21 ms

Approximate physical distance from UNSW to Berlin: 16100km

T = 16100 km/(3*108 m/s) = 53.7 ms



Q1.2

Reason1, Packets travel along cables and across multiple hops, rather than as the crow files

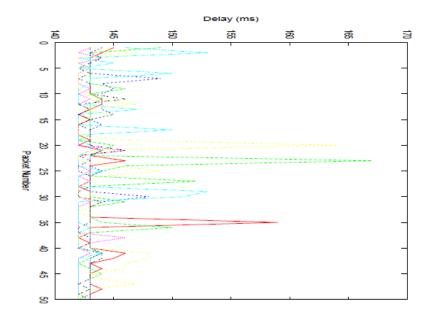
Reason2, packets do not travel at the full speed of light through any real medium.

Q2, For the Singapore destination and the Berlin destination, the delay depends on the size of the packets. For larger packets the transmission delay is greater which is manifested in the increased overall delay.

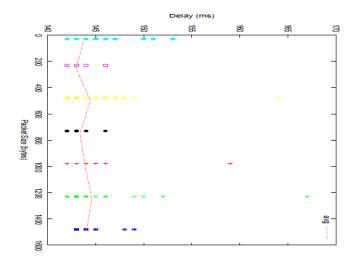
However, this trend is not so obvious for Brisbane destination.

The impossible reason is the destination is far away, and therefore the

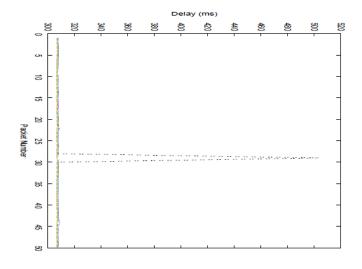
propagation delay is significantly higher than the transmission delay.

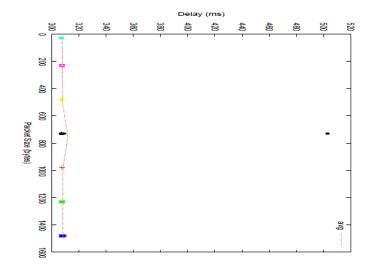


www. nus. edu. sg_delay. pdf

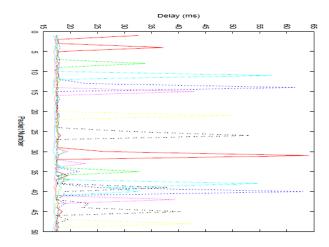


www.nus.edu.sg_scatter.pdf

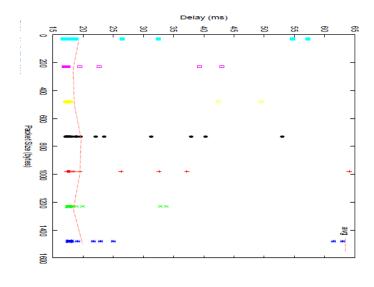




www.tu-berlin.de_scatter.pdf



www.uq.edu.au_delay.pdf



www.uq.edu.au_scatter.pdf

Q3,

```
C:\Users\lenovo\ping www.epfl.ch

正在 Ping www.epfl.ch.cdn.cloudflare.net [104.20.228.42] 具有 32 字节的数据:
来自 104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=13ms TTL=55
来自 104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=12ms TTL=55
来自 104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=15ms TTL=55
来自 104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=19ms TTL=55
104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=19ms TTL=55
在 104.20.228.42 的回复:字节=32 时间=19ms TTL=55
```

www.epfl.ch ip address is 104.20.228.42. It is in America.

104.20.228.42	
IP address	104.20.228.42
Latitude	37.751
Longitude	-97.822
Country	United States
Region	
City	
Organization	Cloudflare

Q4,

The propagation delay does not depend on the packet size. It is affected by the link and it generally remains unchanged if the material of the link

stays unchanged.

The queuing delay only depends on the congestion in the network. If the amount of the traffic is huge, then packets have to wait until all the packets in the queue have been processed

The transmission delay is almost proportional to the packet size.

The processing delay can depends on the packet size but to a much smaller than transmission delay.