ITM 200 Midterm Project

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Report

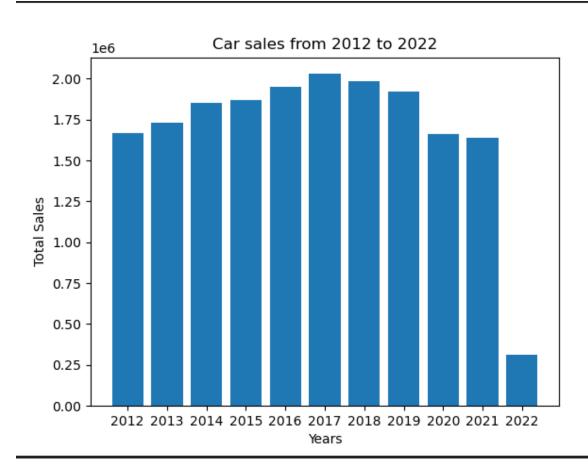
Part one

```
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
with open('Data.csv', mode='r') as file:
      year = row.pop(0) # Remove the year from the sales
       years.append(year) # create a list containing the years
to integers
       sales.append(total sales) # create a list containing the total sales
per year
total using append
          stats.write(f"{year}: {total sales}\n") # add newline after each
x = years
y = sales
plt.figure(1)
plt.bar(x, y)
plt.title("Car sales from 2012 to 2022") # Writing plot title
plt.xlabel("Years")  # Writing x-axis label
plt.show()
```

This Python code reads data from the data CSV file that contains information about car sales for different years. It then calculates the total sales for each year and stores them in two lists, years and sales. The data is also written to a text file named 'stats.txt'.

After processing the data, a bar graph is created using the years and sales lists. The graph shows the total sales for each year and is given a title ('Car sales from 2012 to 2022') and labels for the x and y axis ('Years' and 'Total Sales' respectively). Finally, the graph is displayed using the plt.show() function.

In summary, this code reads car sales data from a CSV file, calculates the total sales for each year, writes the data to a text file, and creates a bar graph to visualise the total sales for each year as shown below:



Part two

```
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sales growth rate \# Get the 2022 estimated values
        estimated values.append(month value 2022)
the values in the existing stats file
plt.figure(1)
plt.barh(x, y)
plt.title("Estimated sales for 2022")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Estimated sales")
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

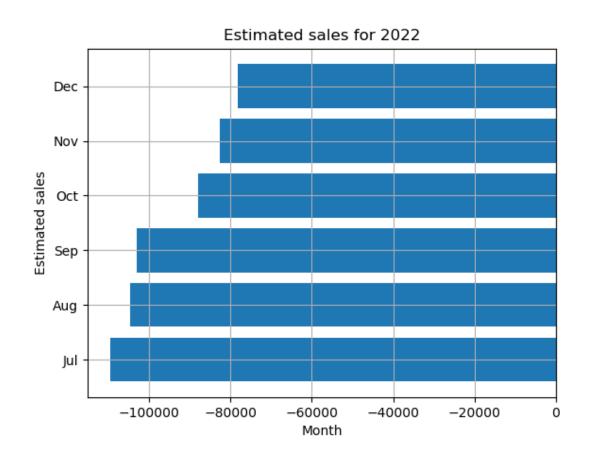
This code uses two Python modules to read data from the data CSV file and create a graph. It starts by opening the CSV file and reading its contents using the csv.reader() function. The code then extracts the sales data for 2021 and calculates the sales growth rate between 2021 and 2022.

The estimated sales data for the last 6 months of 2022 is then calculated using the sales growth rate and the sales data for the same period in 2021. These estimated sales data are

stored in a list called estimated_values, and are also written to a text file named 'stats.txt' for later use.

Finally, the code uses the matplotlib.pyplot module to create a horizontal bar graph showing the estimated sales data. The x-axis shows the last 6 months' names, while the y-axis shows the estimated sales data. The graph is given a title and axis labels before being displayed.

Overall, this code reads data, performs calculations and visualizes the results in a graph as shown below.



Stats.txt

```
2012: 1665063

2013: 1728140

2014: 1851645

2015: 1867498

2016: 1948375

2017: 2029668

2018: 1987373

2019: 1921449

2020: 1661560

2021: 1638340

2022: 312230
```

```
Jul: -109563.49828651955
Aug: -104612.8465554239
Sep: -103008.19697018224
Oct: -87980.17407039684
Nov: -82480.56327066588
Dec: -78068.85049482755
```

The first part of this text file is writing down the calculated sales of total vehicles sold in each year starting from 2012 to 2021.

The second part of the text is writing down the estimated sales for the last six months in month M of 2022.

GitHub repository link:

https://github.com/Barsam-a/Carsales

