Predict movie ratings with MovieLens dataset

Bart Boerman 20-12-2018

Overview of capstone project

[Some text about this capstone project.]

Dataset description

The training dataset provided by HarvardX contains 9000055 records and 6 columns with:

- 69878 users,
- 10677 movies,
- 8316 titles, let's investigate how this can differ from number of movies,
- 707 unieke values in the genres column, muliple genres may apply to one genre,
- 10, ratings, in steps of 0.05 from 0 to 5

The data spreads a timespam from 1995-01-09 11:46:49 until 2009-01-05 05:02:16.

Table 1: Example rows

	userId	movieId	rating	timestamp	title	genres
1	1	122	5	838985046	Bird of Prey (1996)	Action
2	1	185	5	838983525	Bad Moon (1996)	Action Adventure Horror
4	1	292	5	838983421	Arsenic and Old Lace (1944)	Comedy Mystery Thriller
5	1	316	5	838983392	Some Kind of Wonderful (1987)	Drama Romance
6	1	329	5	838983392	Field of Dreams (1989)	Drama
7	1	355	5	838984474	Amityville II: The Possession (1982)	Horror

Make note of the following:

- The title seems to contain the release year of the movie.
- The genre column contains multiple genres seperated with a pipe.

Descriptive statistics

In addition to the quantative description of the dataset in the previous paragraph some basic statistics about ratings may be of interest.

Missing values

The dataset has 821944 records with missing values. Which is 9.57 procent. We need to investigate.

Table 2: Percentage missing values per column

userId	movieId	rating	timestamp	title	genres
0	0	0	0	4.57	4.57

What ratings are given to these movies?

Table 3: Ratings on movies with missing meta data

Var1	Freq
0.5	7386
1	7339
1.5	8712
2	20077
2.5	30350
3	60875
3.5	81818
4	105292
4.5	56248
5	32875

The average rating is 3.5228093, which is almost equal to the overall average rating: 3.5124652. Let's not ignore these cases.

Data wrangling

Feature engineering

- year, month, day of week, hour
- extract release year from title
- one-hot encode genre
- add number of ratings per movie
- add number of rating per user

Exploratory data analysis

```
## [1] FALSE TRUE TRUE

## [1] NA "2014" "2014"

## [1] "1111"

## [1] "apples x "
```