

The three layers of testing

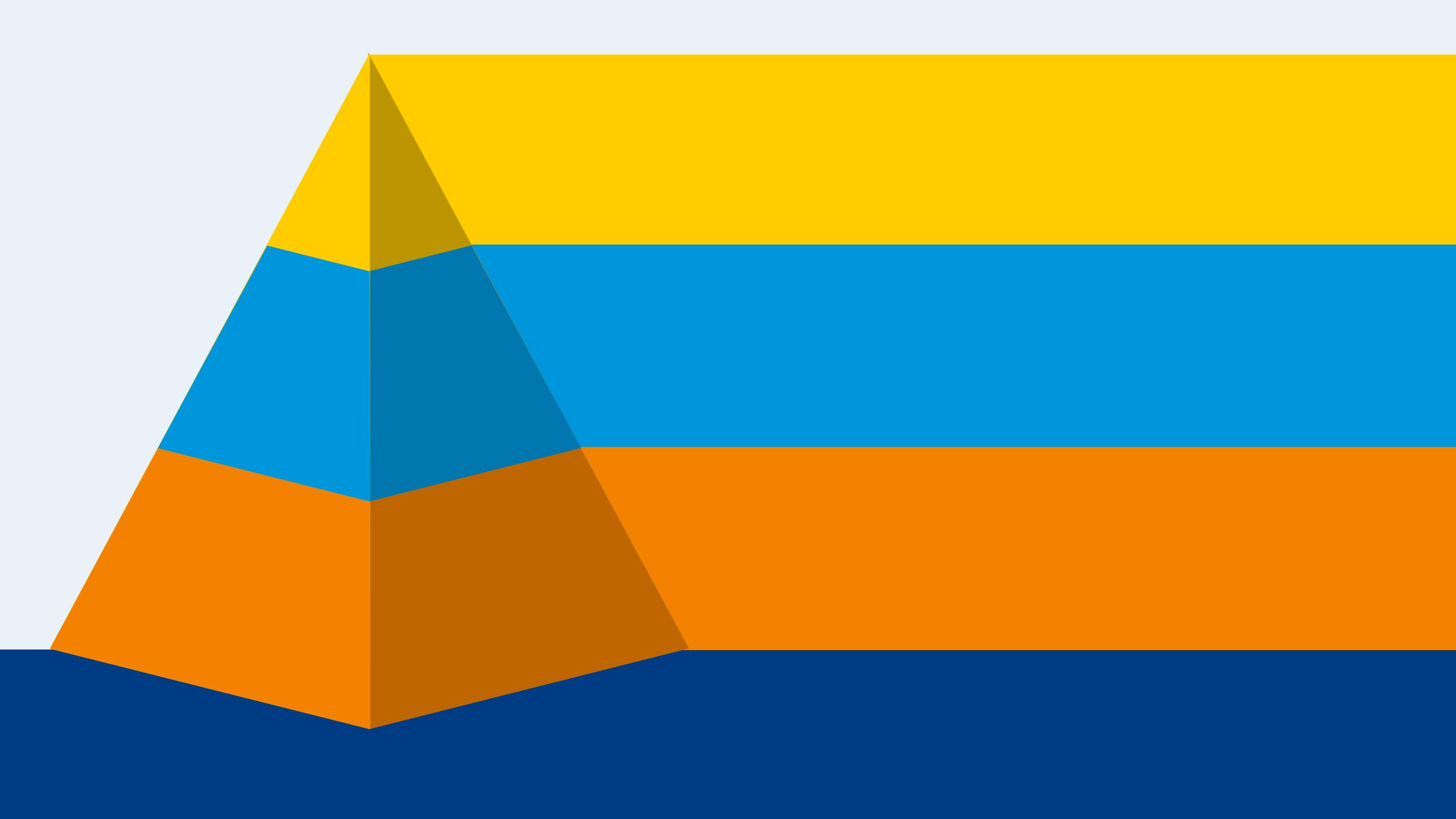


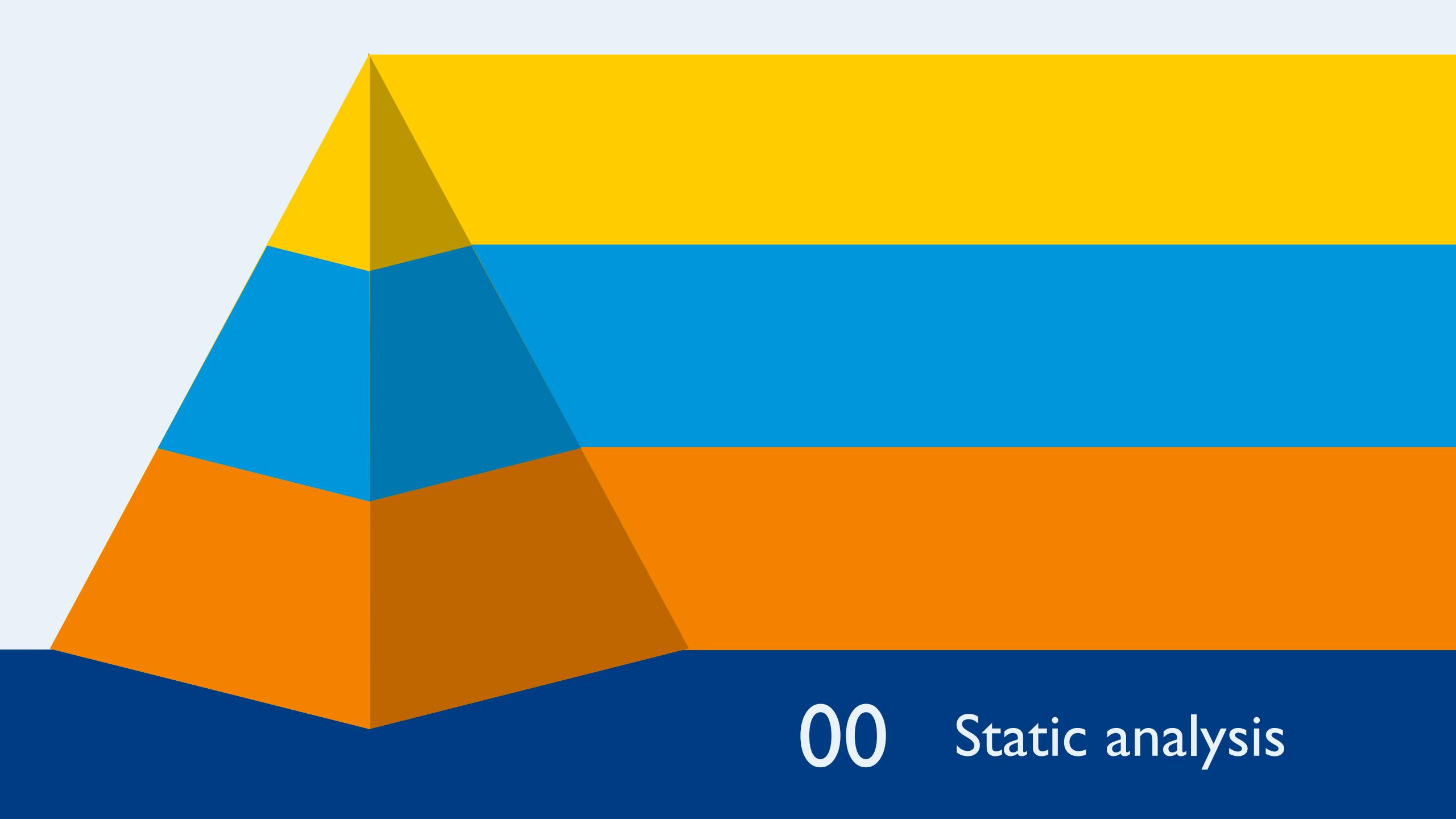
@bartwaardenburg



**“We want to deliver high quality
applications for our users while regularly
releasing new features”**







00 Static analysis

Static analysis

“Static analysis is the analysis of software that is performed without actually executing programs”

“Using Flow or TypeScript could have prevented 15% of the public bugs for public projects on GitHub”

```
type MyCustomButtonProps = { text: string };

const MyCustomButton = ({ text }: MyCustomButtonProps) => (
  <button>{text}</button>
);

const ButtonContainer = () => (
  <MyCustomButton text={['I', 'like', 'turtles']} />
);
```

```
const ButtonContainer = () => (
  <MyCustomButton text={['I', 'like', 'turtles']} />
);
[flow] props of React element `MyCustomButton` (This type
  is incompatible with the expected param type of object ty
  pe Property `text` is incompatible)

const MyCustomButton: ({text}: {
  text: string;
}) => JSX.Element

[Flow]

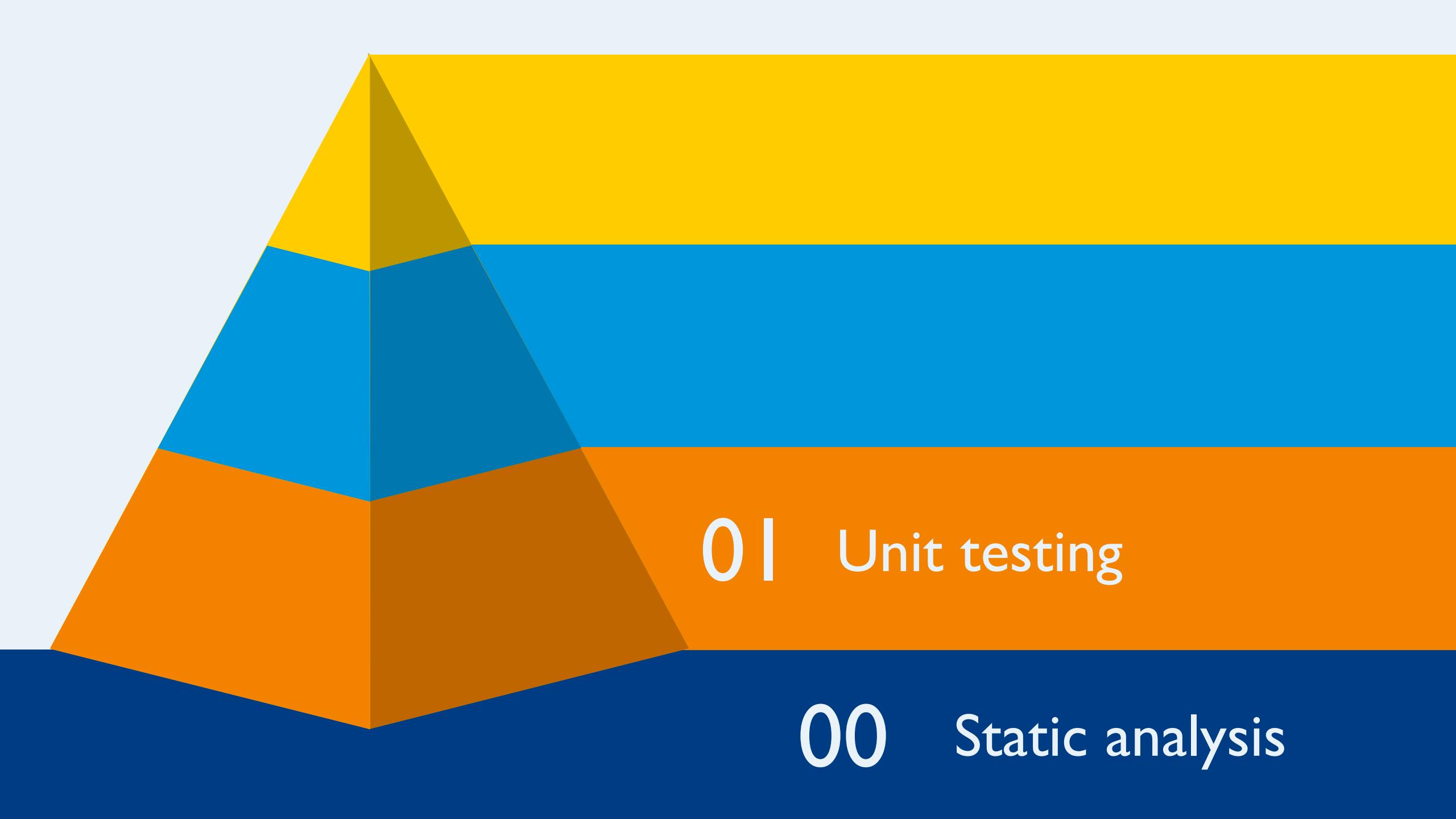
MyCustomButton: React$Element < (_: {
  text: string
}) => React$Element < string >>
```

“You can have every single variable and function completely typed and linted but still have none of your functions doing what they should be doing”

```
const a: number = 1;
const b: number = 2;

const multiply = (a: number, b: number): number => a + b;

multiply(a, b);
```



01 Unit testing

00 Static analysis

Unit testing

“A unit test is a way of testing a unit - the smallest piece of code that can be logically isolated in a system”

```
const multiply = (a: number, b: number): number => a + b;

test('Multiply should return the arguments multiplied', () => {
  expect(multiply(4, 3)).toBe(12);
});
```

```
expect(received).toBe(expected)
```

Expected value to be (using `==`):

12

Received:

7

“A snapshot test verifies that a piece of functionality works the same as it did when the snapshot was created”

```
const Button = ({ type }: ButtonProps) => (
  <button className={`btn-${type}`} />
);

test('The Button component renders correctly', () => {
  const component = renderer.create(
    <Button type="good" />
  ).toJSON();

  expect(component).toMatchSnapshot();
});
```

PASS `src/unit-test.spec.js`

✓ The Button component renders correctly (11ms)

FAIL src/unit-test.spec.js

✗ The Button component renders correctly (15ms)

- **The Button component renders correctly**

```
expect(value).toMatchSnapshot()
```

Received value does not match stored snapshot 1.

- Snapshot
- + Received

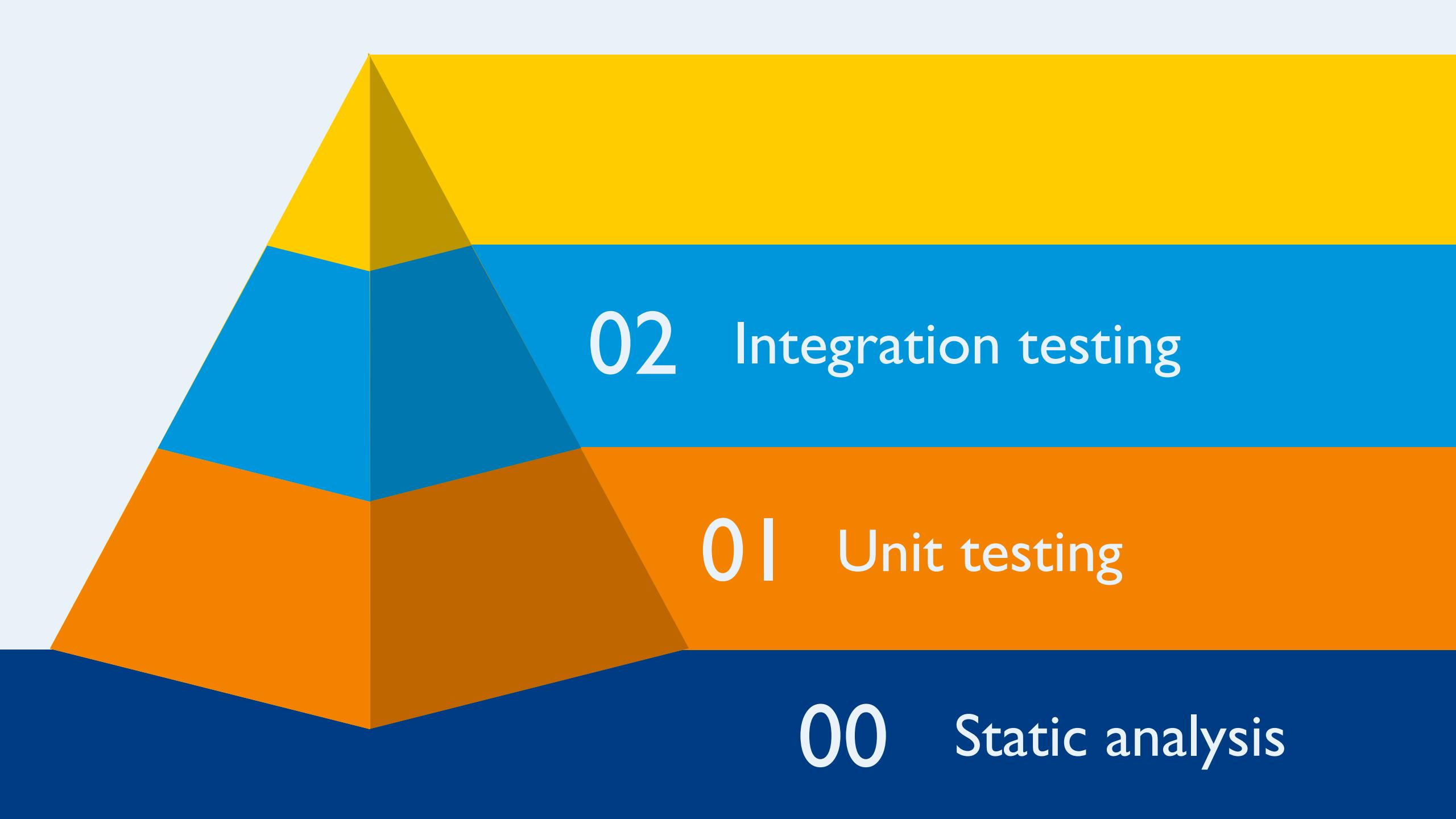
```
<button
-  className="btn-good"
+  className="btn-bad"
/>
```

“You can have every single component and function unit test passing but still have none of your functions working together like they should”

```
const multiply = (a: number, b: number): number => a * b;

const alertNumber = (value: number): void => alert(value);

const ButtonWhichShouldAlertOnClick = () => (
  <button
    onClick={() => multiply(1, 2)}
    onMouseEnter={() => alertNumber(multiply(1, 2))}>
    Multiply
  </button>
);
```



02 Integration testing

01 Unit testing

00 Static analysis

Integration testing

“Integration testing is the phase in software testing in which individual software modules are combined and tested as a group”

```
import { mount } from 'enzyme';

const ButtonWhichShouldAlertOnClick = () => (
  <button
    onClick={() => multiply(1, 2)}
    onMouseEnter={() => alertNumber(multiply(1, 2))}>
    >
  Multiply
</button>
);

alertNumber = jest.fn();

test('The Button component should run a function on click', () => {
  const component = mount(<Button type="test" />);
  component.find('button').simulate('click');
  expect(alertNumber).toHaveBeenCalledTimes(1);
});
```

FAIL `src/integration-test.spec.js`

✗ The Button component should run a function on click (22ms)

- **The Button component should run a function on click**

```
expect(jest.fn()).toHaveBeenCalledTimes(1)
```

Expected mock function to have been called `one time`, but it was called `zero times`.

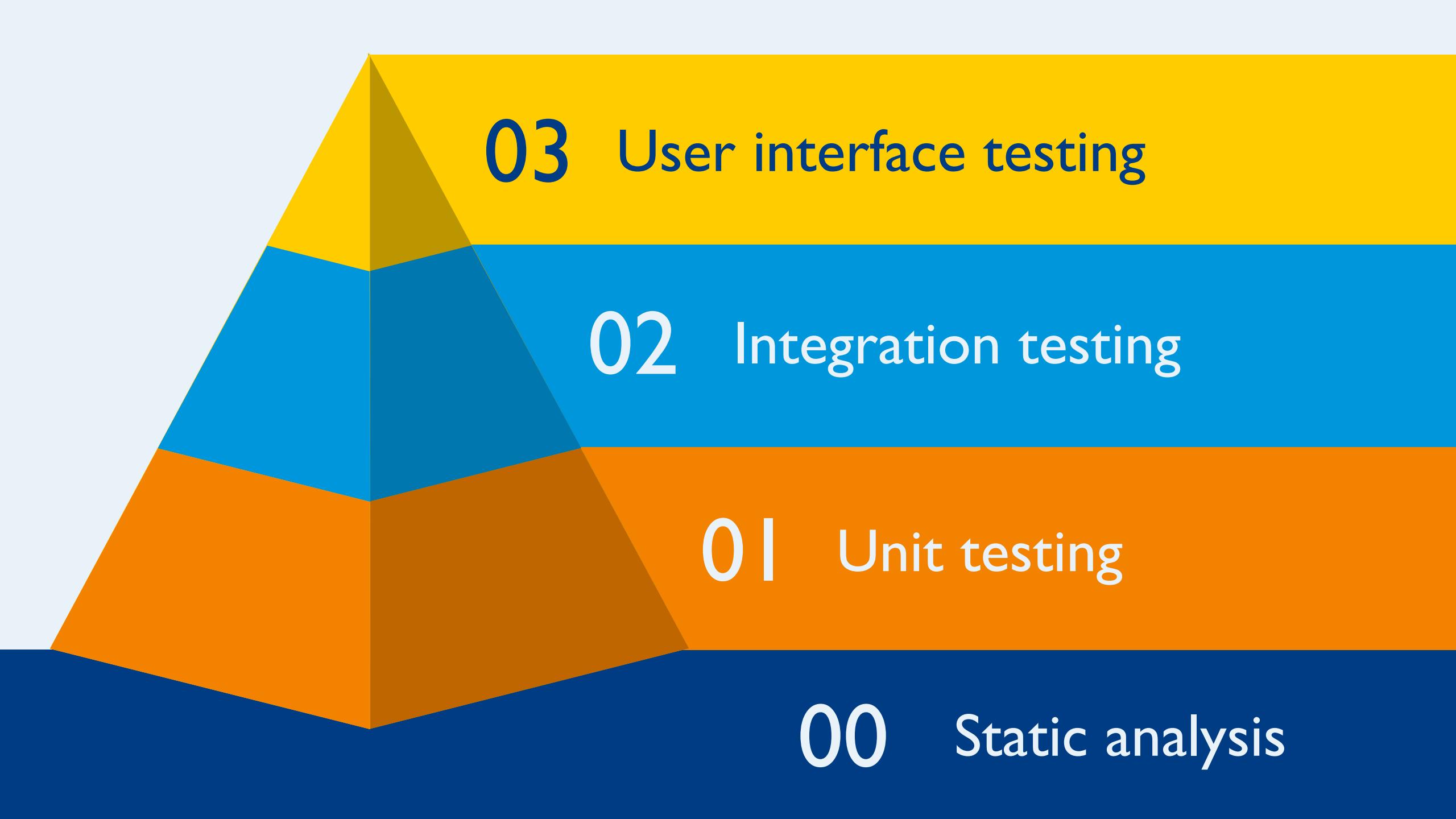
“You can have everything working together completely as intended but still have an empty screen for an application”

```
const multiply = (a: number, b: number): number => a * b;

const alertNumber = (value: number): void => alert(value);

const Button = () => (
  <button
    onClick={() => alertNumber(multiply(1, 2))}
  >Multiply</button>
);

document.querySelector('body').style.cssText = 'display: none';
```



03 User interface testing

02 Integration testing

01 Unit testing

00 Static analysis

User interface testing

“User interface testing is the process of testing a product's graphical user interface to ensure it meets its specifications”

tools

- Selenium
- Nightmare
- Nightwatch
- TestCafe
- CasperJS
- TestCafe
- Protractor
- Cypress
- Puppeteer
- Codecept
- Navalia
- Chromeless

```
import {Chrome} from 'navalia';
import {toMatchSnapshot} from 'jest-image-snapshot';

expect.extend({toMatchSnapshot});

const chrome = new Chrome();

test('The routing input component should display as expected', async () => {
  await chrome.goto('https://www.anwb.nl/verkeer/routeplanner');
  await chrome.wait('.ROVE-routing-input');
  const screenshot = await chrome.screenshot('.ROVE-routing-input');
  await chrome.done();

  expect(screenshot).toMatchSnapshot();
});
```



Van: adres, postcode en/of plaats



Naar: adres, postcode en/of plaats

+Via

Auto route

Snelste ▾

Vertrek

Nu ▾



Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Plan route

PASS src/components/routing-input-address/tests/**RoutingInputAddress.ui-test.js** (7.153s)

✓ The routing input component should display as expected (3671ms)

Van: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Naar: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Auto route Snelste

Vertrek Nu

Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Plan route

Van: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Naar: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Auto route Snelste

Vertrek Nu

Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Plan route

Van: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Naar: adres, postcode en/of plaats

Auto route Snelste

Vertrek Nu

Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Plan route

FAIL src/components/routing-input/tests/**RoutingInput.ui-test.js (9.909s)**

✗ The routing input component should display as expected (9033ms)

- **The routing input component should display as expected**

Expected image to match or be a close match to snapshot.

See diff for details:

/Users/p279825/Sites/ANWB/traffic/src/components/routing-input/tests/_image_snapshots__/_diff_output__/routing-input-ui-test-js-the-routing-input-component-should-display-as-expected-1-diff.png

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Van: adres, postcode en/of plaats

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Auto route

Vertrek

Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Naar: adres, postcode en/of plaats

+Via

Auto route

Vertrek

Route op basis van actueel verkeer

Plan route

```
import {Chromeless} from 'chromeless';

const chromeless = new Chromeless();

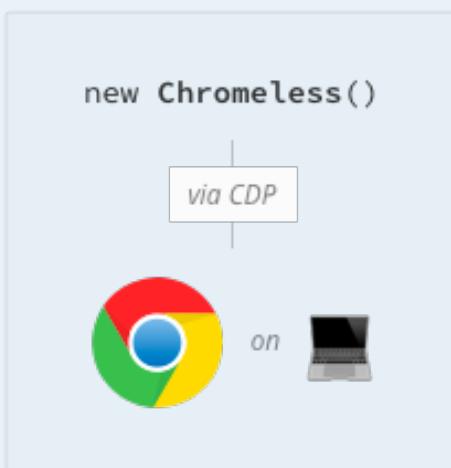
const screenshot = await chromeless
  .goto('https://www-ontw.anwb.nl/verkeer/routeplanner')
  .screenshot('#routing', {
    base64: true,
  });

const file = new Buffer(screenshot, 'base64');

expect(file).toMatchImageSnapshot();

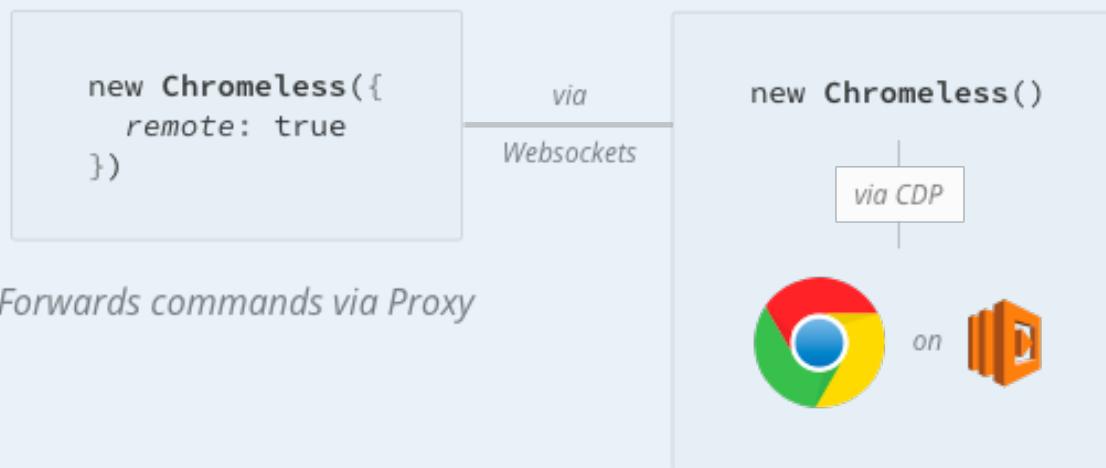
await chromeless.end();
```

1. Local Setup



Chrome runs locally

2. Remote Proxy Setup



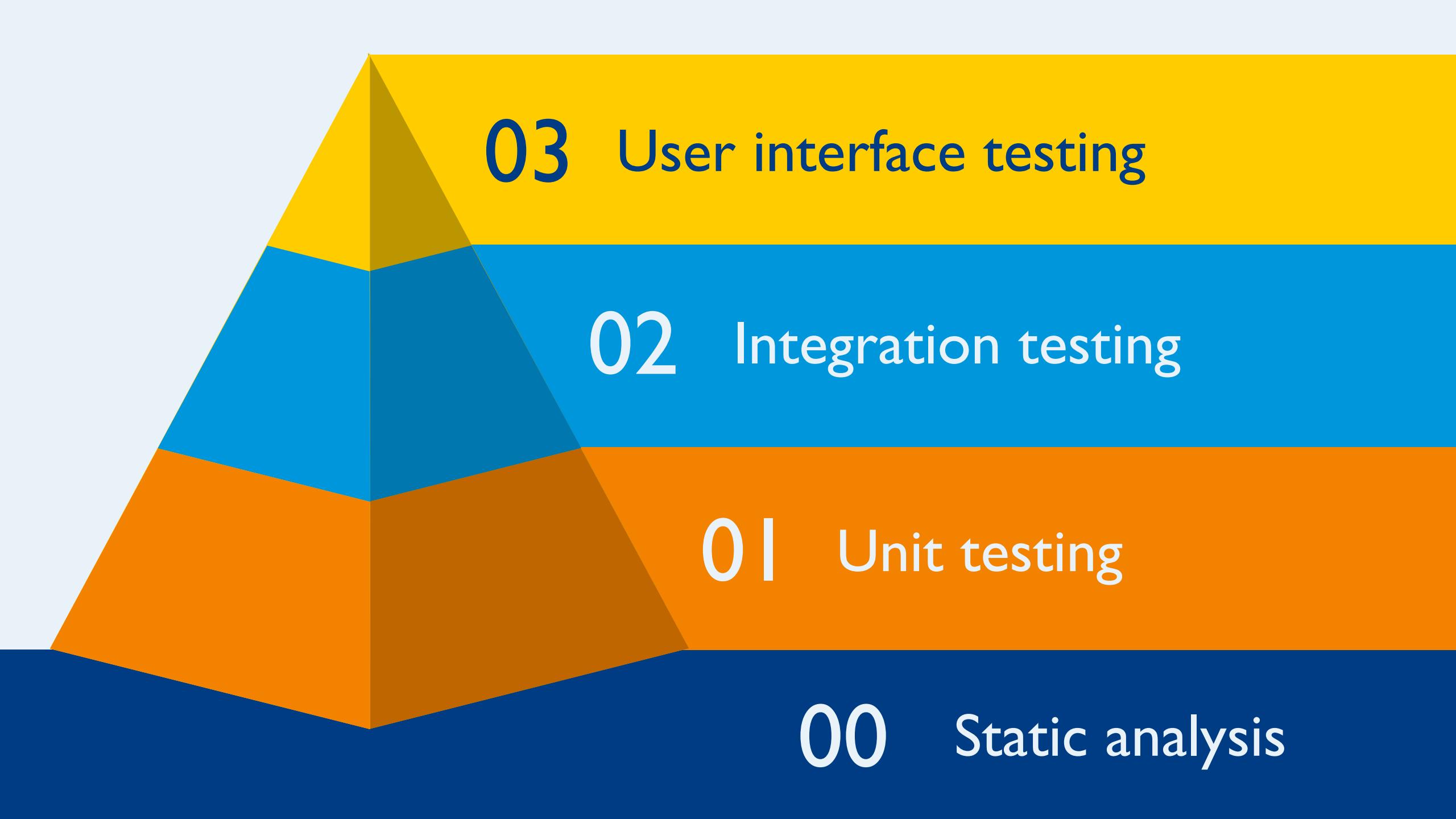
Chrome runs on AWS Lambda

Forwards commands via Proxy

```
const chromeless = new Chromeless({  
  remote: {  
    endpointUrl: 'https://XXXXXXXXXX.execute-api.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/dev',  
    apiKey: 'your-api-key-here',  
  },  
});
```

“With chromeless you can run hundreds of
browsers in parallel”

“You can easily execute > 100.000 tests for
free in the free tier”



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thanks & happy testing



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