C1 Controls and Latin-1 Supplement

Range: 0080-00FF

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard. Version 15.0*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See https://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See https://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts.

See https://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-15.0/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 15.0.

See https://www.unicode.org/Public/15.0.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 15.0.

See https://www.unicode.org/charts/About.html#Conventions for conventions used in these code charts, and other general information.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 15.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 15.0, online at https://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode15.0.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, #34, #38, #41, #42, #44, #45, and #50, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See https://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and https://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Copying characters from the character code tables or list of character names is not recommended, because for production reasons the PDF files for the code charts cannot guarantee that the correct character codes will always be copied.

Fonts

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See https://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

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See https://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and https://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

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	008	009	00A	00B	00C	00D	00E	00F
0	(XXX)	DCS 0090	NB SP 00A0	O 00B0	À	\mathbf{b}_{0000}	à	ð 00F0
1	XXX	PU1 0091	00A1		Á	Ñ 00D1	á	ñ
2	BPH 0082	[PU2]	¢	2 00B2	Â	Ò	â	Ò
3	NBH	[STS] 0093	£	3 00B3	$ ilde{\mathbf{A}}_{00C3}$	Ó	ã	Ó
4	[IND] 0084	[CCH]	Ö	00B4	Ä	Ô	ä	ô
5	NEL 0085	[MW]	¥ 00A5	µ 00B5	Å 00C5	Õ	å	Õ
6	SSA 0086	SPA 0096	I I 00A6	¶ 00B6	Æ 0006	Ö	æ	Ö
7	[ESA]	[EPA] 0097	§	• 00B7	C	X 00D7	Ç	• • 00F7
8	0088	[SOS]	• • 00A8	5 00B8	È	Ø 00D8	è 00E8	Ø 00F8
9	(HTJ)	[XXX]	© 00A9	1 00B9	É	Ù	é 00E9	ù 00F9
Α	008A	[SCI]	<u>a</u>	<u>О</u> 00ВА	Ê	Ú	ê OOEA	Ú 00FA
В	PLD 008B	[CSI]	≪ 00AB	>>> 00BB	Ë	Û	ë 00EB	û OOFB
С	PLU 008C	(ST)	-	1/ ₄	Ì	Ü	ì	ü oofc
D	RI 008D	[OSC]	SHY 00AD	1/2 00BD	Í	Ý	1 00ED	ý
Ε	SS2 008E	PM 3	R OOAE	3/4 00BE	Î	þ 00DE	1 00EE	\mathbf{b}
F	SS3 008F	APC 009F	00AF	OOBF	Ï 00CF	ß	1	ÿ

C1 controls			009F	APC	<control></control>	
		s are those for ISO/IEC 6429:1992.			= APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND	
0800	xxx	<control></control>	Latin-1 punctuation and symbols			
0081	xxx	<control></control>	Basea	on IS	SO/IEC 8859-1 (aka Latin-1) from here.	
0082	ВРН	<control></control>	00A0	NB SP	NO-BREAK SPACE	
		= BREAK PERMITTED HERE			 commonly abbreviated as NBSP 	
	,,	→ 200B [₹¥] zero width space			→ 0020 sp space	
0083	NBH	<control></control>			→ 2007 🚮 figure space	
		= NO BREAK HERE			→ 202F narrow no-break space	
0004	(333)	→ 2060 www word joiner			→ 2060 www word joiner	
0084	IND	<control></control>			→ 237D ፲ shouldered open box	
0005	[22]	• formerly known as INDEX <control></control>			→ FEFF zwe zero width no-break space	
0085	NEL	<control> = NEXT LINE (NEL)</control>			≈ <nobreak> 0020 sp</nobreak>	
0086	SSA	<control></control>	00A1	i	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK	
0000	[]	= START OF SELECTED AREA			• Spanish, Asturian, Galician	
0087	ESA	<control></control>			• used in extended IPA to represent sublaminal	
	13	= END OF SELECTED AREA			lower alveolar percussive → 0021! exclamation mark	
8800	HTS	<control></control>			→ A71E i modifier letter raised inverted	
		= CHARACTER TABULATION SET			exclamation mark	
0089	нтј	<control></control>	00A2	¢	CENT SIGN	
		= CHARACTER TABULATION WITH	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7	\rightarrow 023C ¢ latin small letter c with stroke	
	,,	JUSTIFICATION			→ 20A5 n mill sign	
A800	VTS	<control></control>			→ 20B5 ¢ cedi sign	
0000	r1	= LINE TABULATION SET			→ 1D135 [©] musical symbol cut time	
008B	PLD	<control> = PARTIAL LINE FORWARD</control>	00A3	£	POUND SIGN	
008C	[5]	<pre><control></control></pre>			= pound sterling, Irish punt, Iira, etc.	
0000	PLU	= PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD			 glyph may have one or two crossbars, in 	
008D	RI	<control></control>			distinction from 20A4 \pounds	
0000	L	= REVERSE LINE FEED			$ ightarrow$ 20A4 \pounds lira sign	
008E	SS2	<control></control>			→ 20BA t turkish lira sign	
	1	= SINGLE SHIFT TWO			→ 10192 £ roman semuncia sign	
008F	SS3	<control></control>	00A4	¤	CURRENCY SIGN	
		= SINGLE SHIFT THREE			• generic or unknown currency	
0090	DCS	<control></control>			• other currency symbol characters start at 20A0 €	
	,	= DEVICE CONTROL STRING				
0091	PU1	<control></control>	00A5	¥	→ 0024 \$ dollar sign YEN SIGN	
0000	r1	= PRIVATE USE ONE	00/13	т	= yuan sign (renminbi)	
0092	PU2	<control></control>			• glyph may have one or two crossbars, but the	
0093	STS	= PRIVATE USE TWO <control></control>			official symbol in Japan and China has two	
0093	515	= SET TRANSMIT STATE			• in native context, specific ideographs may be	
0094	ссн	<control></control>			used for units of these currencies	
0001	11	= CANCEL CHARACTER			→ 5143 元	
0095	MW	<control></control>			→ 5186 円	
		= MESSAGE WAITING	00A6	ł	BROKEN BAR	
0096	SPA	<control></control>			= broken vertical bar (1.0)	
		= START OF GUARDED AREA			= parted rule (in typography)→ 007C I vertical line	
0097	EPA	<control></control>	00A7	§	SECTION SIGN	
	,	= END OF GUARDED AREA	UUAI	8	used in referencing numbered sections or	
0098	sos	<control></control>			paragraphs	
0000	r1	= START OF STRING			→ 2E39 8 top half section sign	
0099	xxx	<control></control>	8A00	••	DIAERESIS	
009A	scı	<control></control>			• this is a spacing character	
0000	[22]	= SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER			→ 0308 ö combining diaeresis	
009B	CSI	<pre><control> = CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER</control></pre>			≈ 0020 sp 0308 ö	
009C	ST	<control></control>	00A9	©	COPYRIGHT SIGN	
0000	ST	= STRING TERMINATOR			→ 2117 ® sound recording copyright	
009D	osc	<control></control>			\rightarrow 24B8 \bigcirc circled latin capital letter c	
3305		= OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND			→ 1F12F ② copyleft symbol	
009E	PM	<control></control>			\rightarrow 1F1AD \bigcirc mask work symbol	
		= PRIVACY MESSAGE				

0044	а	FEMALUNE ORDINAL INDICATOR	0004	,	A CLITTE A CCENIT
00AA	<u>a</u>	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR	00B4		ACUTE ACCENT
		• Spanish			• this is a spacing character
		→ 1D43 a modifier letter small a			→ 02B9 ′ modifier letter prime
00 4 D		≈ <super> 0061 a</super>			→ 02CA ′ modifier letter acute accent
00AB	*	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK			→ 0301 6 combining acute accent
		= left guillemet			→ 0384 ′ greek tonos
		= chevrons (in typography)			→ 1FFD′ greek oxia
		• usually opening, sometimes closing			→ 2032 ′ prime
		\rightarrow 226A \ll much less-than	0005		≈ 0020 sp 0301 ć
		→ 300A 《 left double angle bracket	00B5	μ	MICRO SIGN
00AC	_	NOT SIGN	0000	•	≈ 03BC µ greek small letter mu
00/10	·	= angled dash (in typography)	00B6	٦	PILCROW SIGN
		→ 2310 - reversed not sign			= paragraph sign
		→ 2319 - turned not sign			• section sign in some European usage
00AD	SHY	SOFT HYPHEN			→ 204B P reversed pilcrow sign
00/12	11	= discretionary hyphen			→ 2761 ¶ curved stem paragraph sign ornament
		• commonly abbreviated as SHY			→ 2E3F ♥ capitulum
		an invisible format character indicating a	00B7		MIDDLE DOT
		possible hyphenation location	0007	•	= midpoint (in typography)
00AE	®	REGISTERED SIGN			= Georgian comma
		= registered trade mark sign (1.0)			= Greek middle dot (ano teleia)
		→ 2122 TM trade mark sign			• also used as a raised decimal point or to denote
		\rightarrow 24C7 $^{\circ}$ circled latin capital letter r			multiplication; for multiplication 22C5 · is
		→ 1F16B MD raised md sign			preferred
		→ 1F16C MR raised mr sign			→ 002E. full stop
00AF		MACRON			→ 02D9 'dot above
		= overline, APL overbar			→ 0387 · greek ano teleia
		• this is a spacing character			→ 16EB • runic single punctuation
		• unlike 203E -, adjacent instances of this			→ 2022 • bullet
		character do not join			ightarrow 2024 . one dot leader
		→ 02C9 ⁻ modifier letter macron			→ 2027 · hyphenation point
		→ 0304 <u>¯</u> combining macron			→ 2219 • bullet operator
		→ 0305 combining overline			→ 22C5 · dot operator
		→ 203E overline			→ 2E31 · word separator middle dot
		→ FE26 © combining conjoining macron			→ 2E33 · raised dot
0000	0	≈ 0020 sp 0304 ō			→ 30FB • katakana middle dot
00B0		DEGREE SIGN	0000		→ A78F • latin letter sinological dot
		• this is a spacing character	00B8	5	CEDILLA
		→ 02DA ° ring above			• this is a spacing character
		→ 030A ° combining ring above			• other spacing accent characters:
		→ 2070 ° superscript zero → 2103 °C degree celsius			02D8 ~ -02DB ,
		→ 2103 C degree ceisius			→ 0327 ç combining cedilla
		→ 2109 °F degree fahrenheit	0000	1	≈ 0020 sp 0327 ç
00D4	_	→ 2218 • ring operator PLUS-MINUS SIGN	00B9	1	SUPERSCRIPT ONE
00B1	±	= biquintile (astrological aspect: 144°)			→ 00B2 ² superscript two
		\rightarrow 2213 \mp minus-or-plus sign			→ 00B3 ³ superscript three
00B2	2	SUPERSCRIPT TWO			→ 2070 ° superscript zero
UUDZ		= squared	00BA	ō	≈ <super> 0031 1</super>
		• other superscript digit characters:	UUBA	_	MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR
		2070 ° –2079 °			• Spanish
		→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one			→ 1D52 ° modifier letter small o
		\approx <super> 0032 2</super>			→ 2116 N o numero sign
00B3	3	SUPERSCRIPT THREE	0000		≈ <super> 006F o</super>
		= cubed	00BB	>>	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
		→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one			= right guillemet
		\approx <super> 0033 3</super>			usually closing, sometimes opening
		•			→ 226B ≫ much greater-than
					→ 300B 》 right double angle bracket
					. 3333 // Hight dodate drigic brucket

Vulgar fractions			00D4	Ô	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
The fraction bar for these may be rendered horizontally or at a slant. For other fraction characters, see 2150-215E.			00D5	Õ	≡ 004F O 0302 Ô LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
		VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER	00D6		\equiv 004F O 0303 \degree LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
00BD	1/2	≈ <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0034 4 VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF</fraction>	0006	U	= 004F O 0308 ©
0000	, _	≈ <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0032 2</fraction>	Math	ema	tical operator
00BE	3/4	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS ≈ <fraction> 0033 3 2044 / 0034 4</fraction>	00D7		MULTIPLICATION SIGN = z notation Cartesian product
Punct	uati	on			\rightarrow 0078 x latin small letter x
00BF	i	INVERTED QUESTION MARK			→ 2613 X saltire
	G	= turned question mark			→ 2715 X multiplication x
		• Spanish			→ 2718 X heavy ballot x
		→ 003F ? question mark			→ 274C ★ cross mark
		→ 2E2E ? reversed question mark			→ 2A2F × vector or cross product → 1F5D9 X cancellation x
Letter	'S				→ 1F7A9 × light saltire
00C0	À	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE	1 -44 -		7 11 77/5 74 light saidile
		≡ 0041 A 0300 ò	Lette	٠,	LATIN CARITAL LETTER O MITH STROKE
00C1	Á	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE	00D8	Ø	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE = o slash
	^	≡ 0041 A 0301 ර			\rightarrow 2205 Ø empty set
00C2	Ä	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX	00D9	Ù	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
	~	≡ 0041 A 0302 ô	0000	C	= 0055 U 0300 ò
00C3	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE	00DA	Ú	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
0004	;;	■ 0041 A 0303 Õ	002/1		≡ 0055 U 0301 Ó
00C4	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS	00DB	Û	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
0005	Å	■ 0041 A 0308 Ö			≡ 0055 U 0302 ô
00C5	А	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE → 212B Å angstrom sign	00DC	Ü	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
		⇒ 2126 A angstrom sign ≡ 0041 A 030A °		,	≡ 0055 U 0308 Ö
00C6	Æ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE	00DD	Ý	
0000	11	= latin capital ligature ae (1.1)			≡ 0059 Y 0301 6
00C7	Ç	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA	00DE	Þ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN
	3	≡ 0043 C 0327 Ş	00DF	ß	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S
00C8	È	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE			= Eszett
	,	≡ 0045 E 0300 ò			Germannot used in Swiss High German
00C9	É	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE			• uppercase is "SS" (standard case mapping),
	_	≡ 0045 E 0301 Ć			alternatively 1E9E \mathfrak{G}
00CA	Ê	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX			• typographically the glyph for this character can
00CD	Ë	■ 0045 E 0302 Ô			be based on a ligature of 017F ${f f}$ with either
00CB	E	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS			0073 ${f s}$ or with an old-style glyph for 007A ${f z}$
00CC	Ì	≡ 0045 E 0308 © LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE			(the latter similar in appearance to 0292 3).
0000	1	■ 0049 I 0300 ò			Both forms exist interchangeably today. → 017F f latin small letter long s
00CD	Í	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE			→ 0292 3 latin small letter ezh
	-	≡ 0049 I 0301 6			\rightarrow 03B2 β greek small letter beta
00CE	Î	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX			\rightarrow 1E9E Ω latin capital letter sharp s
		≡ 0049 I 0302 ô	00E0	à	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
00CF	Ϊ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS			≡ 0061 a 0300 ò
		≡ 0049 I 0308 ¨	00E1	á	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
00D0	Ð	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH			≡ 0061 a 0301 ′
		• lowercase is 00F0 ð	00E2	â	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		\rightarrow 0110 \bullet D latin capital letter d with stroke			≡ 0061 a 0302 ô
		→ 0189 Đ latin capital letter african d	00E3	ã	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
		→ A7C7 B latin capital letter d with short stroke overlay			• Portuguese
00D1	Ñ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE	00E4	::	■ 0061 a 0303 Õ
3001	11	= 004E N 0303 °	00E4	ä	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS ≡ 0061 a 0308 °
00D2	Ò	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE	00E5	å	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
_		≡ 004F O 0300 ò	UULU	а	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, Walloon
00D3	Ó	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE			= 0061 a 030A °
		0045 0 0301 (

= 004F **O** 0301 ′

00E6	æ	æ LATIN SMALL LETTER AE		'S	
		= latin small ligature ae (1.1)	00F8	Ø	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
		= ash (from Old English æsc)		,	= o slash
		Danish, Norwegian, Icelandic, Faroese, Old Tanalah, Faroese, IDA			 Danish, Norwegian, Faroese, IPA
		English, French, IPA			→ 2300 ø diameter sign
		\rightarrow 0153 α latin small ligature oe	00F9	ù	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
0057		→ 04D5 æ cyrillic small ligature a ie			• French, Italian
00E7	ç	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA			≡ 0075 u 0300 ò
0000	>	■ 0063 c 0327 ç	00FA	ú	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
00E8	è	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE			≡ 0075 u 0301 ′
0000	<i>á</i>	= 0065 e 0300 ò	00FB	û	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
00E9	é	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE ≡ 0065 e 0301 6			≡ 0075 u 0302 ô
00EA	ê	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX	00FC	ü	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
UULA	C	≡ 0065 e 0302 ô			≡ 0075 u 0308 ö
00EB	ë	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS	00FD	ý	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
OOLD	C	≡ 0065 e 0308 °			 Czech, Slovak, Icelandic, Faroese, Welsh,
00EC	ì	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE			Malagasy
0020	•	• Italian, Malagasy	0055	1.	≡ 0079 y 0301 6
		≡ 0069 i 0300 ò	00FE	þ	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN
00ED	í	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE			Icelandic, Old English, phonetics Punis latter beground into Latin script
***	-	■ 0069 i 0301 ර			 Runic letter borrowed into Latin script → 16A6 prunic letter thurisaz thurs thorn
00EE	î	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX	00FF	ÿ	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
		≡ 0069 i 0302 ô	0011	y	• French, medieval Hungarian orthography
00EF	ï	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS			• uppercase is 0178 \ddot{Y}
		≡ 0069 i 0308 ö			= 0079 y 0308 °
00F0	ð	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH			= 0079 y 0300 °
		• Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, IPA			
		ullet uppercase is 00D0 $ullet$			
		$ ightarrow$ 0111 ${f d}$ latin small letter d with stroke			
		$ ightarrow$ 03B4 δ greek small letter delta			
		$ ightarrow$ 2202 ∂ partial differential			
00F1	ñ	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE			
		≡ 006E n 0303 õ			
00F2	ò	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE			
	,	≡ 006F o 0300 ò			
00F3	Ó	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE			

Mathematical operator

00F5

- 00F7 ÷ DIVISION SIGN

= 006F **o** 0301 6

= 006F **o** 0302 **ô**

 \equiv 006F o 0303 $\tilde{\circ}$

≡ 006F o 0308 ö

00F4 ô LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX

õ LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE • Portuguese, Estonian, Livonian

00F6 Ö LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS

- occasionally used as an alternate, more visually distinct shape for a hyphen in some contexts
- historically used as a punctuation mark to denote questionable passages in manuscripts
- → 070B ⁻⁻ syriac harklean obelus → 2052 ^{-/} commercial minus sign
- \rightarrow 2212 minus sign
- \rightarrow 2215 / division slash
- → 2223 | divides
- \rightarrow 2236: ratio
- → 2797 ÷ heavy division sign
- → 27CC \(\) long division
- \rightarrow 2E13 % dotted obelos