

A CATEGORY OF GENERALIZED TAMBARA MODULES

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We start with a monoidal category \mathcal{M} and its action in a pair of categories \mathcal{C} and \mathcal{D} (we use the same infix symbol for both):

$$\begin{aligned}\bullet: \mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{C} &\rightarrow \mathcal{C} \\ \bullet: \mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{D} &\rightarrow \mathcal{D}\end{aligned}$$

A Tambara module is a profunctor $p: \mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$ equipped with a family of transformations:

$$\alpha_{m, \langle a, b \rangle}: p\langle a, b \rangle \rightarrow p\langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle$$

natural in m and dinatural in $\langle a, b \rangle$, satisfying the unit and associativity conditions.

Tambara modules form a category. A morphism between Tambara modules (p, α) and (q, α') is a natural transformation:

$$\rho_{\langle a, b \rangle}: p\langle a, b \rangle \rightarrow q\langle a, b \rangle$$

satisfying the coherence conditions:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} p\langle a, b \rangle & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{m, \langle a, b \rangle}} & p\langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle \\ \rho_{\langle a, b \rangle} \downarrow & & \downarrow \rho_{\langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle} \\ q\langle a, b \rangle & \xrightarrow{\alpha'_{m, \langle a, b \rangle}} & q\langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle \end{array}$$

In what follows I'll consider, for the sake of simplicity, Tambara endomodules of the type $p: \mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$

1. GENERALIZED TAMBARA CATEGORY

We start with two monoidal categories \mathcal{M} and \mathcal{N} with two separate actions on two categories:

$$\begin{aligned}\bullet: \mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{C} &\rightarrow \mathcal{C} \\ \bullet: \mathcal{N} \times \mathcal{D} &\rightarrow \mathcal{D}\end{aligned}$$

We have a Tambara module p in $\mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{C}$ with the structure:

$$\alpha_{m, \langle a, b \rangle}: p\langle a, b \rangle \rightarrow p\langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle$$

and another one q in $\mathcal{D}^{op} \times \mathcal{D}$ with the structure:

$$\beta_{n, \langle s, t \rangle}: q\langle s, t \rangle \rightarrow q\langle n \bullet s, n \bullet t \rangle$$

A morphism between Tambara modules is a functor $c: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ and a family of functions:

$$\rho_{c, \langle a, b \rangle}: p \langle a, b \rangle \rightarrow q \langle c \bullet a, c \bullet b \rangle$$

satisfying the following coherence conditions:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 p \langle a, b \rangle & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{m, \langle a, b \rangle}} & p \langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle \\
 \downarrow \rho_{c \cdot m, \langle a, b \rangle} & & \downarrow \rho_{c, \langle m \bullet a, m \bullet b \rangle} \\
 q \langle (c \cdot m) \bullet a, (c \cdot m) \bullet b \rangle & \longrightarrow & q \langle c \bullet (m \bullet a), c \bullet (m \bullet b) \rangle \\
 \\
 p \langle a, b \rangle & \xrightarrow{\rho_{c, \langle a, b \rangle}} & q \langle c \bullet a, c \bullet b \rangle \\
 \downarrow \rho_{n \cdot c, \langle a, b \rangle} & & \downarrow \beta_{n, \langle c \bullet a, c \bullet b \rangle} \\
 q \langle (n \cdot c) \bullet a, (n \cdot c) \bullet b \rangle & \longrightarrow & q \langle n \bullet (c \bullet a), n \bullet (c \bullet b) \rangle
 \end{array}$$

2. REFERENCES

- D. Tambara, *Distributors on a tensor category*. Hokkaido Math. J. 35(2): 379-425 (May 2006)
- Craig Pastro and Ross Street. *Doubles for monoidal categories*. Theory and applications of categories, 21(4):61–75, 200