

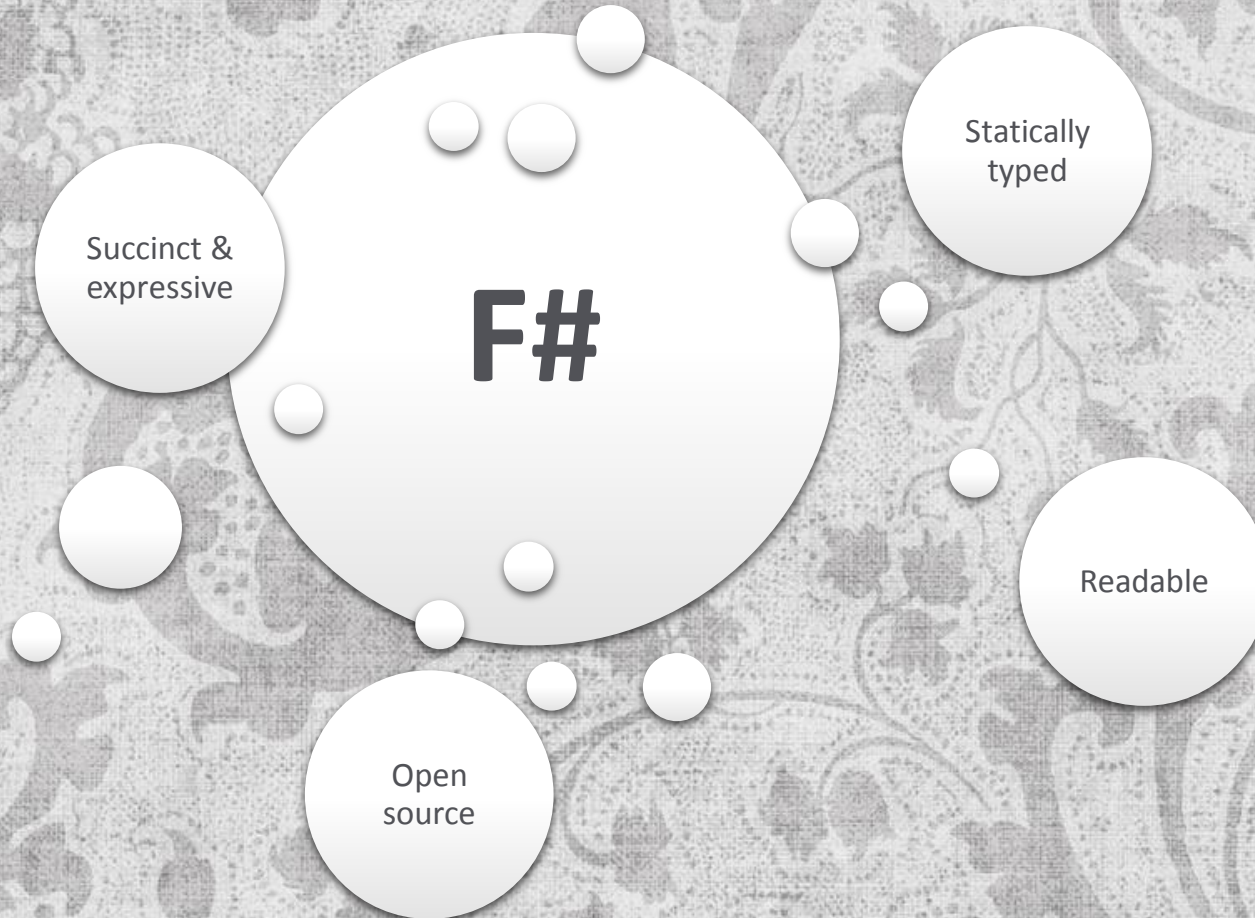
Try F#: From Zero to Data Science

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Agenda

1:00	Intro and Setup
1:15	Set 1: Getting Started in F#
1:50	Intro to Type Providers
2:10	Set 2: Data Visualization
2:45	Break
2:55	Set 3: Data Science
3:30	Challenge!
4:05	Wrap up
4:15	Fin!

Why F#?



Set up



Pair Up!

Recommend Chrome or IE

Explore Try F# site.

Set 1: Getting Started

**Bindings and values
and REPLs! Oh my!**

- Print a statement with a float.

**Fun with Functional
Functions**

- Add to the toHackerTalk function by changing e -> 3 and l -> 1.

**Chaining Functions
with the Forward Pipe
Operator**

- Find the difference between the max high and the min low for all the days.
- Find the difference between open and close on the day with the highest volume.

**Using Data Structures
to Create Larger
Programs**

- Add a SuperLeaf to powerUp; test handlePowerUp.

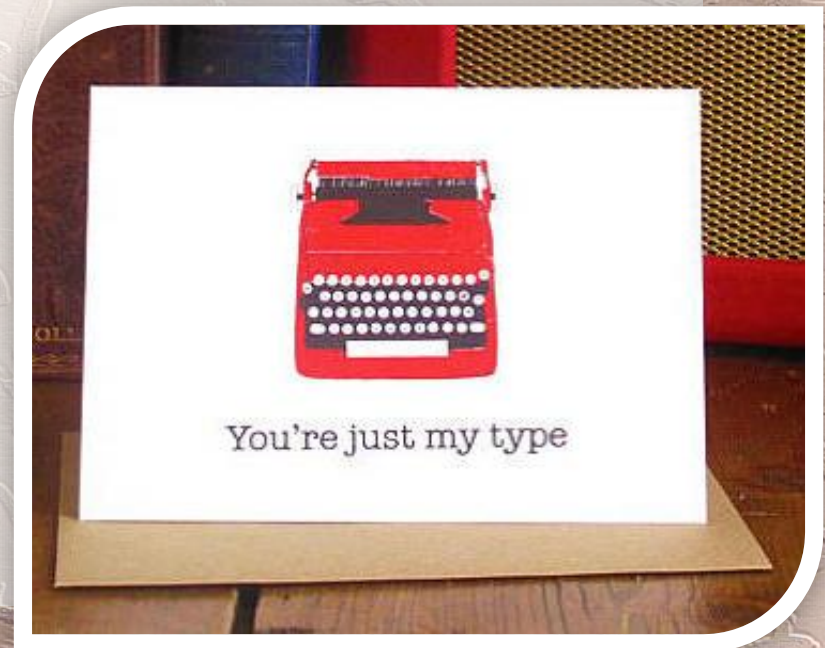


Type Providers

TYPE ALL THE DATA

What are type providers?

A mechanism to provide types to the compiler.



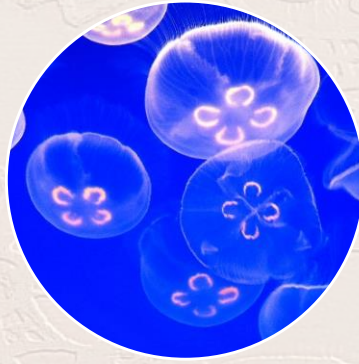
For me, part of the role of F# is about proving that statically-typed languages can play fully in the modern world of connected programming, without losing the **simplicity, elegance or tooling** that come with strong types.

Type providers are an essential part of tackling this, because we can no longer ignore the **information-richness of external data sources**, and have to change language and compiler architecture to adapt.

- Don Syme

Why do we need them?

Benefits



Intellisense,
tooltips, & other
tooling available



No code generation

- Always in sync with the source
- No extra bloated code
- Scalable to millions of types (e.g. - freebase)



More natural with
REPL

“Type Providers are about replacing our conventional notion of a “library” with a provider model. This allows a type provider to project an external information source into F# and makes it easier to access diverse sources of data.”

Demo



JAZZ HANDS

works every time.

WSDL Mash-up
Using F# to visualize World Bank data in R

Set 2: Data Visualization

Charting Quick-Start

- Add a vertical line to the “Combining Charts” example to make an asterisk, then center the figure on the chart.

Introduction to Data Visualization

- Add a title to the Column chart.

Sampling Functions and Performance

- Using `DateTime.Now.Ticks`, find the difference in processing time for the final samples.



Break

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Set 3: Data Science

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a heavily rusted metal surface. The rust is a mix of orange, red, and brown hues, with some areas showing a greyish-blue patina. A semi-transparent, light grey rectangular box is centered on the slide, containing the text.

Challenge!

Use tryfsharp.org/Create to find the name of the country with the max gasoline price in 2010.

Bonus: Graph the top 10 countries in that list with a bar or column chart.

Additional Resources

- MSDN F# home: <http://fsharp.net>
- F# 3 Sample Pack: [F# 3.0 Sample Pack](#)
- F# Koans: <https://github.com/ChrisMarinos/FSharpKoans>
- Try F#: <http://www.tryfsharp.org> or <http://tryfs.net/>
- Skills Matter: <http://skillsmatter.com/go/scala>
- Community contributed samples: <http://fssnip.net/>
- Wikibook: http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Programming:F_Sharp
- Chat rooms: <http://jabbr.net/> or <http://irc.freenode.net>
- FPish: <http://fpish.net/home/1/f~23>

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