## Task 1: Write a Simple Cucumber Feature for a Login Functionality

**Topic: Cucumber with Selenium - Crafting Feature Files** 

Description: Create a basic Cucumber feature file for a login functionality, including scenarios for a successful login and a failed login attempt due to incorrect credentials.

Steps:

Open your IDE and create a new feature file named login.feature in your Cucumber project.

Define a Feature: User Login at the top of the file.

Write a Scenario: Successful Login with Gherkin steps that include Given, When, Then, such as:

Given the user is on the login page

When the user enters valid credentials

Then the user is redirected to the homepage

Write a Scenario: Unsuccessful Login with steps for attempting to log in with invalid credentials and asserting the error message.

```
package Day6;
import io.cucumber.java.en.*;
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
public class Login {
  WebDriver driver;
  @Given("the user is on the login page")
  public void the_user_is_on_the_login_page() {
    System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "D:/Wipro/Project/driver/chromedriver-
win64/chromedriver.exe ");
    driver = new ChromeDriver();
    driver.get("https://jpetstore.aspectran.com/account/signonForm");
  }
  @When("the user enters a valid username and password")
```

```
public void the_user_enters_a_valid_username_and_password() {
  // Enter valid username and password
  WebElement usernameField = driver.findElement(By.id("name"));
  WebElement passwordField = driver.findElement(By.id("p"));
  usernameField.sendKeys("jpetstore");
  passwordField.sendKeys("jpet@123");
  driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id="Signon"]/form/div/div/button ")).click();
}
@Then("the user is redirected to the homepage")
public void the_user_is_redirected_to_the_homepage() {
  // Assert that the user is redirected to the homepage
  String expectedUrl = " https://jpetstore.aspectran.com/ ";
  assertEquals(expectedUrl, driver.getCurrentUrl());
  driver.quit();
}
@When("the user enters an invalid username and password")
public void the_user_enters_an_invalid_username_and_password() {
  // Enter invalid username and password
  WebElement usernameField = driver.findElement(By.id("username"));
  WebElement passwordField = driver.findElement(By.id("password"));
  usernameField.sendKeys("invalid");
  passwordField.sendKeys("Password");
  driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id="Signon"]/form/div/div/button ")).click(); }
@Then("an error message is displayed")
public void an_error_message_is_displayed() {
  // Assert that an error message is displayed
  WebElement errorMessage = driver.findElement(By.id("Invalid username or password. Signon failed."));
  assertTrue(errorMessage.isDisplayed());
  driver.quit();
}
```

}

## **Login.feature File:**

Feature: User Login

Scenario: Successful login with valid credentials

Given the user is on the login page

When the user enters a valid username and password

Then the user is redirected to the homepage

Scenario: Unsuccessful login with invalid credentials

Given the user is on the login page

When the user enters an invalid username and password

Then an error message is displayed

Task 2: Perform a Simple GET Request Using Postman

**Topic: Postman for API Testing - Making API Calls** 

Description: Use Postman to send a GET request to a public API and validate the response.

Steps:

Open Postman.

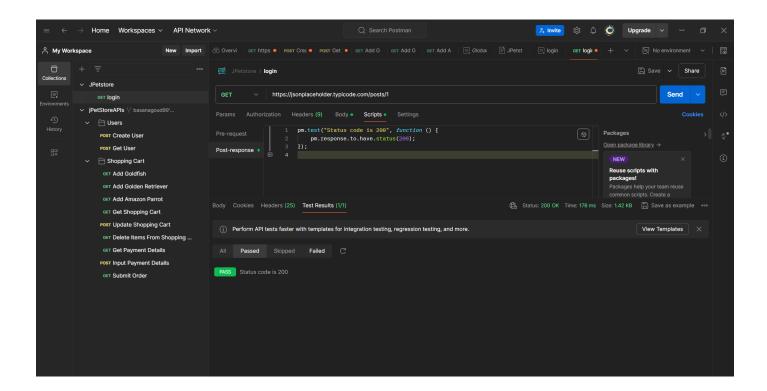
Create a new request by selecting the HTTP method GET.

Enter the URL of a public API endpoint that returns JSON data (e.g., https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts/1).

Send the request and observe the response.

Check the status code is 200 OK and use the Tests tab in Postman to write a simple test confirming the status code, such as:

pm.test("Status code is 200", function () { pm.response.to.have.status(200); });



Status pass