Basavaraj Aili

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CAREER OBJECTIVE

Self-motivated and hardworking fresher seeking for an opportunity to work in challenging environment to utilize my skills and knowledge to achieve personal goals as well as organizational goals.

EDUCATION

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELGAUM

Jain College of Engineering and Technology

Hubli

Bachelor of Engineering in Electronics & Communication Engineering,

CGPA: 7.49 Dec 2020 – Jun 2023

ANJUMAN E ISLAM POLYTECHNIC

Gadag

Diploma, Percentage: 66.18%

Jul 2017 – Sept 2020

ST JOHNS HIGH SCHOOL

Gadag

Class 10th SSLC, Percentage: 81.92%

April 2016 - May 2017

INTERNSHIP

MACHINE LEARNING INTERN

Aug 2022 - Sep 2022

Compsoft Technologies Bangalore

- Learnt about basics of Python, Machine learning, Classification, Models, Dataset
- Researching and developing ML models to achieve maximum accuracy
- Learnt about different types of Machine Learning, Regression, GitHub...etc.

TECHNICAL SKILLS AND INTRESTS

Programming Languages: Python, Verilog HDL, Basic C programming, Basics of OOPs Concepts

Development Tools: Visual studio Code, Jupiter notebook, Spider Anaconda, Xilinx ISE, GitHub, VMware

Core Skills: Microcontroller (8051), Embedded Systems (ARM Cortex M3), Computer Networks

Soft Skills: Leadership, Hard-working, Adaptability, Team-work

Hobbies: Watching technical videos, Photo Editing, Photography

PROJECTS

1. Vehicle Detection & Counting using OpenCV (Jul – 2022)

- Technologies used: OpenCV, Python (libraries OpenCV, Numpy)
- Developed project to detect and count the vehicles passing on the road using python programming.
- Helps in Parking systems, Highways, Traffic areas

2. Voice classification using ML (Sept – 2022)

- Worked on Machine learning techniques to develop ML model to classify the human voice according to the tone (Angry, Disgust, Fear, Happiness, Pleasant surprise, Sadness, Neutral)
- · Learnt about data visualization, confusion matrix
- · Successfully created a GitHub repository.

3. An Enhancement Electricity Energy Meter using GPRS/GSM (March – 2023)

- Goal of the project is to replace the manual meter reading with remote controlling of Electricity Meter and Electricity consumption
- Providing recharging facility for consumer according to their requirements
- The system will reduce man power required for manual billing and Cut-off the load after the recharge expires.
- Technologies used: HTML, CSS, Mysql, Embedded C etc.

CERTIFICATIONS

- Developer virtual experience internship (Accenture) Define Technical requirements, Cloud Infrastructure, Debugging the code, Unit testing, User acceptance testing(UAT), Software development life cycle (SDLC)
- Python Certification (Python training) Besant Technologies
- **Generic Online Training in Cyber Security (MeitY)** Completed course and quiz on Cyber hygiene practices through e-learning.

PERSONAL DETAILS

Name: Basavaraj Aili

E-mail: basavarajaili515@gmail.com

Father's Name: Virupakshappa Aili

Mother's Name : Lata Aili

Date of Birth : 15-08-2001

Nationality: Indian

LinkedIn: linkedin.com/in/basavaraj-aili

GitHub: github.com/BasavarajAili1

DECLARATION

I solemnly declare that all the above information is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Place: Gadag Basavaraj Aili

Operators in Java

Operator in <u>Java</u> is a symbol that is used to perform operations. For example: +, -, *, / etc.

There are many types of operators in Java which are given below:

- Unary Operator,
- o Arithmetic Operator,
- Shift Operator,
- o Relational Operator,
- Bitwise Operator,
- Logical Operator,
- Ternary Operator and
- Assignment Operator.

Bitwise Operators in Java

Bitwise operators are used to performing the manipulation of individual bits of a number. They can be used with any integral type (char, short, int, etc.). They are used when performing update and query operations of the Binary indexed trees.

1. Bitwise OR (I)

This operator is a binary operator, denoted by '|'. It returns bit by bit OR of input values, i.e., if either of the bits is 1, it gives 1, else it shows 0.

Example:

```
a = 5 = 0101 (In Binary)
b = 7 = 0111 (In Binary)
```

```
Bitwise OR Operation of 5 and 7
    0101
| 0111
------
0111 = 7 (In decimal)
```

2. Bitwise AND (&)

This operator is a binary operator, denoted by '&.' It returns bit by bit AND of input values, i.e., if both bits are 1, it gives 1, else it shows 0.

Example:

```
a = 5 = 0101 (In Binary)
b = 7 = 0111 (In Binary)

Bitwise AND Operation of 5 and 7
    0101
& 0111
-----
    0101 = 5 (In decimal)
```

3. Bitwise XOR (^)

This operator is a binary operator, denoted by '\^.' It returns bit by bit XOR of input values, i.e., if corresponding bits are different, it gives 1, else it shows 0.

Example:

```
a = 5 = 0101 (In Binary)
b = 7 = 0111 (In Binary)

Bitwise XOR Operation of 5 and 7
    0101
^ 0111
______
    0010 = 2 (In decimal)
```

4. Bitwise Complement (~)

This operator is a unary operator, denoted by \sim .' It returns the one's complement representation of the input value, i.e., with all bits inverted, which means it makes every 0 to 1, and every 1 to 0.

Example:

```
a = 5 = 0101 (In Binary)
Bitwise Complement Operation of 5
~ 0101
______
1010 = 10 (In decimal)
```

Note: Compiler will give 2's complement of that number, i.e., 2's complement of 10 will be -6.

```
// Java program to illustrate
// bitwise operators
public class operators {
   public static void main(String[] args)
   {
       // Initial values
       int a = 5;
       int b = 7;
       // bitwise and
       // 0101 & 0111=0101 = 5
       System.out.println(^{"a\&b} = " + (a \& b));
       // bitwise or
       // 0101 | 0111=0111 = 7
       System.out.println(|a|b = | + (a | b));
       // bitwise xor
       // 0101 ^ 0111=0010 = 2
       System.out.println(a^b = + (a ^ b));
       // bitwise not
       11111111 11111010
```

```
// will give 2's complement (32 bit) of 5 = -6
System.out.println("~a = " + ~a);

Output
a&b = 5
a|b = 7
a^b = 2
~a = -6
```

Bit-Shift Operators (Shift Operators)

Shift operators are used to shift the bits of a number left or right, thereby multiplying or dividing the number by two, respectively. They can be used when we have to multiply or divide a number by two.

Syntax: number shift_op number_of_places_to_shift;

Types of Shift Operators:

Shift Operators are further divided into 4 types. These are:

- 1. Signed Right shift operator (>>)
- 2. Unsigned Right shift operator (>>>)
- 3. Left shift operator (<<)
- 4. Unsigned Left shift operator (<<<)

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class BitwiseOperators {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
        int num1 = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
        int num2 = input.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Bitwise AND: " + (num1 & num2));
        System.out.println("Bitwise OR: " + (num1 | num2));
        System.out.println("Bitwise XOR: " + (num1 ^ num2));
        System.out.println("Bitwise NOT: " + (~num1));
        System.out.println("Bitwise Left Shift: " + (num1 << 2));</pre>
        System.out.println("Bitwise Right Shift: " + (num1 >> 2));
        System.out.println("Bitwise Unsigned Right Shift: " + (num1 >>>
2));
        input.close();
   }
}
Input
Enter first number:
Enter second number: 8
Output
Bitwise AND: 0
Bitwise OR: 12
Bitwise XOR: 12
Bitwise NOT: -5
Bitwise Left Shift: 16
Bitwise Right Shift: 1
Bitwise Unsigned Right Shift: 1
```

program to implement all Bitwise operators in java for user input

Explanation

Bitwise AND

Bitwise OR

Bitwise XOR

Bitwise NOT

Bitwise Left Shift

Bitwise Right Shift

Bitwise Zero Fill Right Shift