## 111-2 Numerical Analysis Homework 3

Due Time: 22:00, Tuesday, 3/14, 2023. Instructor: Min-Hui Lo

### · Regulation

1. NO PLAGIARISM and NO LATE ASSIGNMENTS.

### Submission

- 1. Please write down your answers (including discussions and figures) in the same order as the problem sheet in the word/pdf file.
- 2. You should upload zip file, including code and pdf (or word) file via NTU COOL.
- 3. zip file name: "hw{hw number} g{group id}.zip" (e.g. hw01 g01.zip)
- 1. Solve the equation The function  $f(x) = 2sin(x) \frac{1}{4}e^x 1$  is zero for two values near x = -5. Let the tolerance error be  $TOL = 1 \times 10^{-6}$ 
  - 1. Use bisection method (initial guess can be x = -7 and x = -3)
  - 2. Use Newton method (initial guess can be x = -7, -5, -3)
  - 3. Do they find the same solutions? Otherwise, how much are the differences?
  - 4. How many iterations for those approaches in 1. and 2.?
  - 5. How many iterations will be needed if you change the  $TOL = 1 \times 10^{-10}$  for 1. and 2.?
  - 6. Use the secant method. Start with the two points  $x_1 = 0$ ,  $x_2 = 1$ , and carry out the first five iterations.

### 2. Applied secant method in meteorology

In some cases, numerical solutions can be easily accessed compared to analytical solutions in meteorology, such as condensation temperature( $T_c$ ).

### Introduction :

About condensation temperature  $(T_c)$ : https://glossary.ametsoc.org/wiki/Condensation\_temperature

Given

$$T_c = \frac{B}{ln\left[\frac{A\epsilon}{wp_0} \left(\frac{T_0}{T_c}\right)^{\kappa}\right]}$$

where

- $\epsilon = 0.622$
- $A = 2.53 \times 10^9, B = 5420$
- $\kappa \approx \frac{7}{2}$
- w is mixing ratio (g/g),  $p_0$  is pressure (hPa),  $T_0$  is temperature (K)
- 1. Write a function Solve\_Tc(w, $p_0$ , $T_0$ ) using Secant method to solve  $T_c$  with given w,  $p_0$ ,  $T_0$

# Hint

You can let  $f(T_c) = T_c - \frac{B}{\ln\left[\frac{A\epsilon}{wp_0}\left(\frac{T_0}{T_c}\right)^{\kappa}\right]}$  and solve  $f(T_c) = 0$  by bisection method

- 2. Let the tolerance error be  $TOL = 1 \times 10^{-6}$ . When  $w = 10 \ g/kg$ ,  $P = 1000 \ hPa$ ,  $T = 300 \ K$ ,  $T_c = ?$
- 3. Compared with the results using bisection method in HW2, what is the advantage and disadvantage of secant method compared with bisection method?

For example: execution time, initial guess or number of iterations...

4. Moreover, is it easy to use Newton method to access  $T_c$ ? Why or Why not?

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + 2x + 2y^2 - 26 = 0 \\ 2x^3 - y^2 + 4y - 19 = 0 \end{cases}$$
 Start at  $x = 1, y = 1$ , and set the tolerance as 0.0001.