

# – Task 26 –

MongoDB CRUD Operations and Data Aggregation Task

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## Task Overview

- Objective: Utilize MongoDB's CRUD operations and aggregation framework to manage and analyze data effectively.
- Key Goals:
  - Perform CRUD Operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete)
  - Perform Aggregation Tasks (Average Age, Sorting, Filtering)
  - Gain Insights (Youngest and Oldest Group)

# Requirement One

MongoDB Setup and CRUD Operations

## 1.1 Database and collection Creation

```
1 use testdb
2 db.createCollection('users')
```

## 1.2 Insert Sample Data

```
1 db.users.insertMany([
2 |   { "name": "MostafaAmr", "email": "mostafaamr@gmail.com", "age": 38 },
3 |   { "name": "AyaAmr", "email": "ayaamr@gmail.com", "age": 26 },
4 | ])
-
```

## 1.3 Read, Update and Delete Data

```
1 db.users.find().pretty()
2 db.users.updateOne({ name: "BaselAmr" }, { $set: { age: 30 } })
3 db.users.deleteOne({ age: { $lt: 20 } })
```

## 1.1 Database and collection Creation

```
test> use testdb      //Create a MongoDB Database called testdb
```

## 1.2 Insert Sample Data

```
testdb> //Insert at least 5 documents with the fields Name, Email and age
db.users.insertMany([
  {Name:"Basel Amr", Age:26, Email:"baselamr52@gmail.com"},           //Record1
  {Name:"Aya Amr", Age:26, Email:"ayamar@gmail.com"},                 //Record2
  {Name:"Mostafa Amr", Age:28, Email:"mostafaamr@gmail.com"},         //Record3
  {Name:"Mohamed Amr", Age:32, Email:"mohamedamr@gmail.com"},         //Record4
  {Name:"Amr Barakat", Age:60, Email:"amrbarakat@gmail.com"},         //Record5
  {Name:"Omar Mohamed", Age:16, Email:null},                          //Record6
  {Name:"Mohamed Khaled", Age:12, Email:"mohamedkhaled@gmail.com"},   //Record7
  {Name:"Yousif", Age: null, Email:null}                             //Record8
]);
```

```
acknowledged: true,
insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b3'),
  '1': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b4'),
  '2': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b5'),
  '3': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b6'),
  '4': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b7'),
  '5': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b8'),
  '6': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b9'),
  '7': ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8ba')
```

## 1.3 Retrieve all documents from the users' collections

```
testdb> //Read Documents: Retrieve all documents with the following fields: Name, Email and Age  
db.users.find().pretty();
```

```
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b3'),  
  Name: 'Basel Amr',  
  Age: 26,  
  Email: 'baselamr52@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b4'),  
  Name: 'Aya Amr',  
  Age: 26,  
  Email: 'ayamar@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b5'),  
  Name: 'Mostafa Amr',  
  Age: 28,  
  Email: 'mostafaamr@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b6'),  
  Name: 'Mohamed Amr',  
  Age: 32,  
  Email: 'mohamedamr@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b7'),  
  Name: 'Amr Barakat',  
  Age: 60,  
  Email: 'amrbarakat@gmail.com'  
}
```

```
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b8'),  
  Name: 'Omar Mohamed',  
  Age: 16,  
  Email: null  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b9'),  
  Name: 'Mohamed Khaled',  
  Age: 12,  
  Email: 'mohamedkhaled@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8ba'),  
  Name: 'Yousif',  
  Age: null,  
  Email: null  
}
```

## 1.4 Update the age of one user to be 30

```
testdb> //Update Documents: Update the age of one user to 30. For example, let's update the user with the name "BaselAmr".
db.users.updateOne(
  {Name:"Basel Amr"}, {$set : {Age:30}}
);
```

```
db.users.updateOne(
  {Name:"Basel Amr"}, {$set : {Age:30}}
);
{
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0
}
```

```
> db.users.findOne({Name:"Basel Amr"})
< {
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b3'),
  Name: 'Basel Amr',
  Age: 30,
  Email: 'baselamr52@gmail.com'
}
```

## 1.5 Delete all users based on a specific condition (age<20)

```
testdb> //Delete Documents: Delete a user document where the age is less than 20.  
    db.users.deleteMany(  
        {Age: {$lt : 20}}  
    )
```

```
db.users.deleteMany(  
    {Age: {$lt : 20}}  
);  
< {  
    acknowledged: true,  
    deletedCount: 2  
}
```



# Requirement Two

Aggregation Tasks

## 2.1 Use MongoDB's aggregation framework to calculate avgAge

```
db.users.aggregate([
| { $group: { _id: null, averageAge: { $avg: "$Age" } } }
| ])
```

## 2.2 Use the aggregation framework to find users > 25 years old

```
db.users.aggregate([
| { $match: { Age: { $gt: 25 } } }
| ])
```

## 2.3 Sort the users in descending order of their age

```
db.users.aggregate([
| { $sort: { Age: -1 } }
| ])
```

## 2.1 Use MongoDB's aggregation framework to calculate avgAge

```
testdb> //Aggregation for Average Age: use MongoDB's aggregation framework to calculate the average age of the users in the database  
db.users.aggregate(  
  {  
    $group : {  
      _id:null, //Group  
      averageAge : {$avg : "$Age"} //Calculate average age  
    }  
  }  
);
```

```
> //Aggregation for Average Age: use MongoDB's aggregation framework to calculate the average age of the users in the database  
db.users.aggregate(  
  {  
    $group : {  
      _id:null, //Group  
      averageAge : {$avg : "$Age"} //Calculate average age  
    }  
  }  
);  
< {  
  _id: null,  
  averageAge: 35.2  
}
```

## 2.2 Use the aggregation framework to find users > 25 years old

```
testdb> //Find Users above a certain age : use the aggregation framework to find all users who are older than 25 years old
db.users.aggregate(
[
  {$match : {Age:{ $gt : 25 } } }
]);
```

```
< {
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b3'),
  Name: 'Basel Amr',
  Age: 30,
  Email: 'baselamr52@gmail.com'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b4'),
  Name: 'Aya Amr',
  Age: 26,
  Email: 'ayamar@gmail.com'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b5'),
  Name: 'Mostafa Amr',
  Age: 28,
  Email: 'mostafaamr@gmail.com'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b6'),
  Name: 'Mohamed Amr',
  Age: 32,
  Email: 'mohamedamr@gmail.com'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b7'),
  Name: 'Amr Barakat',
  Age: 60,
  Email: 'amrbarakat@gmail.com'
}
```

## 2.3 Sort the users in descending order of their age

```
testdb> //Sort Users by Age :  
      db.users.aggregate([  
        {$sort: {Age : -1}}  
      ]);
```

```
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b7'),  
  Name: 'Amr Barakat',  
  Age: 60,  
  Email: 'amrbarakat@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b6'),  
  Name: 'Mohamed Amr',  
  Age: 32,  
  Email: 'mohamedamr@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b3'),  
  Name: 'Basel Amr',  
  Age: 30,  
  Email: 'baselamr52@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b5'),  
  Name: 'Mostafa Amr',  
  Age: 28,  
  Email: 'mostafaamr@gmail.com'  
}  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('677a7e7b20ab87bf6ad1c8b4'),  
  Name: 'Aya Amr',  
  Age: 26,  
  Email: 'ayamar@gmail.com'  
}
```

# Requirement Three

Data Insights and Analysis

## 3.1 Group the users by age and count how many users in each age group

```
db.users.aggregate([
  { $group: { _id: "$Age", count: { $sum: 1 } } },
  { $sort: { count: -1 } }
])
```

## 3.2 Combine multiple aggregation stages (like \$match, \$group and \$sort) to get more insightful analysis

```
1 db.users.aggregate([
2 # Filter for incorrect ages
3 | { $match : {age : { $gt : 0 } } },
4 # Step 1 : Group users by age and count them
5 | { $group : { _id: "$age", count: { $sum: 1 }, users: { $push: { name: "$name", email: "$email", age: "$age" } } } },
6 # Step 2 : Sort by age in ascending order to get the youngest group
7 | { $sort: { _id: 1 } },
8 # Step 3 : limit to the youngest group
9 | { $limit: { _id: -1 } },
10 ])
11
```

```
1 db.users.aggregate([
2 # Filter for incorrect ages
3 | { $match : {age : { $gt : 0 } } },
4 # Step 1 : Group users by age and count them
5 | { $group : { _id: "$age", count: { $sum: 1 }, users: { $push: { name: "$name", email: "$email", age: "$age" } } } },
6 # Step 2 : Sort by age in descending order to get the oldest group
7 | { $sort: { _id: -1 } },
8 # Step 3 : limit to the oldest group
9 | { $limit: { _id: -1 } },
10 ])
```

## 3.1 Group the users by age and count how many users in each age group

```
testdb> //Group the users by Age and count how many users are in each group
db.users.aggregate([
  {$group : {_id:"$Age", count: {$sum : 1}}},
  {$sort : {count: -1}}
]);
```

```
//Group the users by Age and count how many users are in each group
db.users.aggregate([
  {$group : {_id:"$Age", count: {$sum : 1}}},
  {$sort : {count: -1}}
]);
{
  _id: 28,
  count: 1
}
{
  _id: 32,
  count: 1
}
{
  _id: null,
  count: 1
}
{
  _id: 26,
  count: 1
}
{
  _id: 30,
  count: 1
}
{
  _id: 60,
  count: 1
}
```



## 3.2 Combine multiple aggregation stages (like \$match, \$group and \$sort) to get more insightful analysis

```
testdb> // Oldest Group
db.users.aggregate([
  // Filter for incorrect ages
  { $match : {age : { $gt : 0 } } },
  // Step 1 : Group users by age and count them
  { $group : { _id: "$age", count: { $sum: 1 }, users: { $push: { name: "$name", email: "$email", age: "$age" } } } },
  // Step 2 : Sort by age in descending order to get the oldest group
  { $sort: { _id: -1 } },
  // Step 3 ; Limit to the oldest group
  { $limit: 1 }
])
```

## 3.2 Combine multiple aggregation stages (like \$match, \$group and \$sort) to get more insightful analysis

```
{
  _id: 65,
  count: 2,
  users: [
    {
      name: 'Hassan Ali',
      email: 'hassan.ali@gmail.com',
      age: 65
    },
    {
      name: 'Noor Mohamed',
      email: 'noor.mohamed@gmail.com',
      age: 65
    }
  ]
}
```

## 3.2 Combine multiple aggregation stages (like \$match, \$group and \$sort) to get more insightful analysis

```
testdb> // Youngest Group
db.users.aggregate([
  // Filter for incorrect ages
  { $match : { age : { $gt : 0 } } },
  // Step 1 : Group users by age and count them
  { $group : { _id: "$age", count: { $sum: 1 }, users: { $push: { name: "$name", email: "$email", age: "$age" } } } },
  // Step 2 : Sort by age in ascending order to get the youngest group
  { $sort: { _id: 1 } },
  // Step 3 ; Limit to the youngest group
  { $limit: 1 }
])
```

## 3.2 Combine multiple aggregation stages (like \$match, \$group and \$sort) to get more insightful analysis

```
{
  _id: 20,
  count: 2,
  users: [
    {
      name: 'Ali Ahmed',
      email: 'ali.ahmed@gmail.com',
      age: 20
    },
    {
      name: 'Omar Hussein',
      email: 'omar.hussein@gmail.com',
      age: 20
    }
  ]
}
```