



KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
Ministry of Education
Taibah University
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CS424 – Introduction to Parallel Computing
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Merge Sort Algorithm

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1. Description of the problem and the sequential solution

Given an array `arr[]` of size `n`, its prefix sum array is another array `prefixSum[]` of same size such that the value of `prefixSum[i]` is :
`arr[0] + arr[1] + arr[2] ... arr[i]`.

❖ Example :

Input : `arr[] = {10, 20, 10, 5, 15}`

Output : `prefixSum[] = {10, 30, 40, 45, 60}`

Explanation : While traversing the array, update the element by adding it with its previous element.

`prefixSum[0] = 10,`

`prefixSum[1] = prefixSum[0] + arr[1] = 30,`

`prefixSum[2] = prefixSum[1] + arr[2] = 40` and so on.

❖ Java Code :

```
// Java Program for Implementing
// prefix sum arrayclass

class Prefix
{
    // Fills prefix sum array
    static void fillPrefixSum(int arr[], int n,
        int prefixSum[])
    {
        prefixSum[0] = arr[0];
        // Adding present element
        // with previous element
        for( int i = 1; i < n; ++i )
            prefixSum[i] = prefixSum[i-1] + arr[i];
    }
}
```

```
// Driver code
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    int arr[] = { 10, 4, 16, 20 };
    int n = arr.length;
    int prefixSum[] = new int[n];

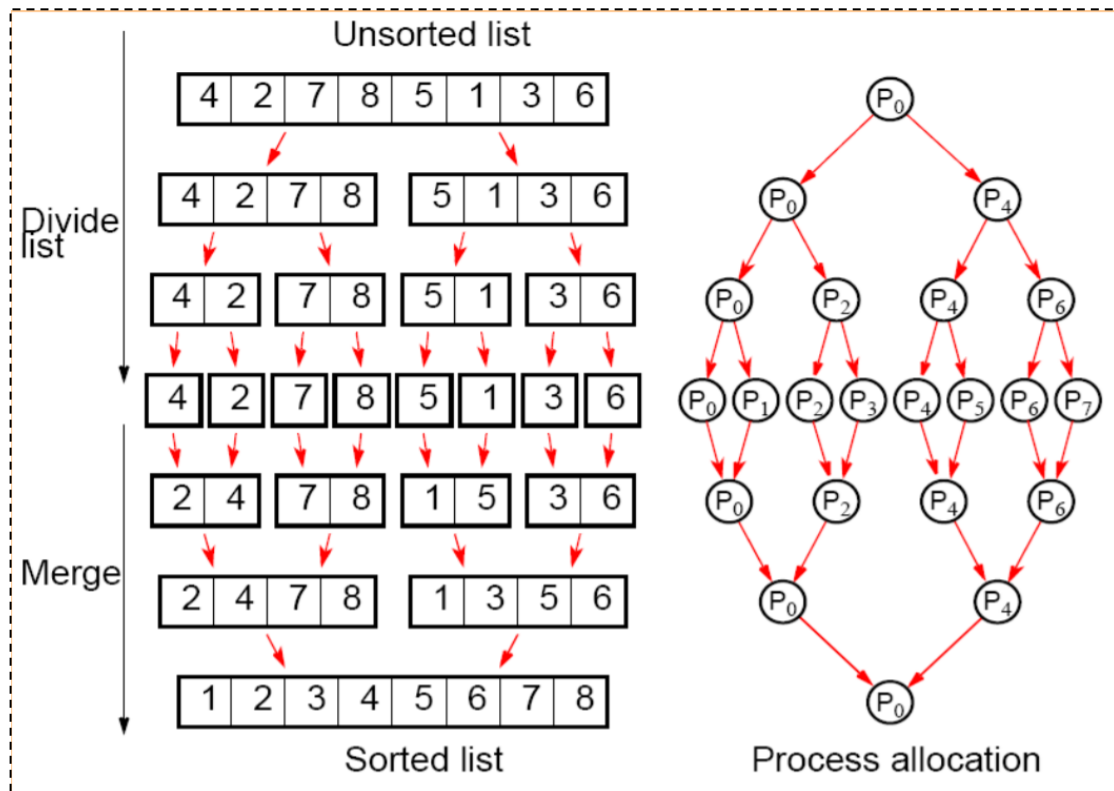
    fillPrefixSum(arr, n, prefixSum);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        System.out.print(prefixSum[i] + " ");
    System.out.println("");
}
}
```

❖ **Output :**

```
10 14 30 50
```

2. Parallel algorithm design



3. Parallel code

```
1
2 package parallelmergesort;
3
4
5 public class ParallelMergeSort {
6
7     public static void main(String[] args) {
8
9         long alltime = System.nanoTime();
10        int[] arr = {9, 85, 6, 56, 5, 4, 35, 89, 23};
11        long Right = 0;
12        long Left = 0;
13
14        MyThread task1 = new MyThread(arr, 0, arr.length / 2);
15        MyThread task2 = new MyThread(arr, arr.length / 2, arr.length);
16        Thread t1 = new Thread(task1);
17        Thread t2 = new Thread(task2);
18
19        Left = System.nanoTime();
20        t1.start();
21        Right = System.nanoTime();
22
23        double timet1 = Right - Left;
24
25        Left = System.nanoTime();
26        t2.start();
27        Right = System.nanoTime();
28
29        double timet2 = Right - Left;
30
31        System.out.println("bubble sort array");
32        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
33            System.out.print(" " + arr[i]);
34        }
35        System.out.println("");
36
37        double tp1 = timet1 / 1000000000;
38        double tp2 = timet2 / 1000000000;
39        System.out.println("the time of t1 : " + tp1);
40        System.out.println("the time of t2 : " + tp2);
41        if (timet1 > timet2) {
42            System.out.println("the parallel time : " + tp1);
43        } else {
44            System.out.println("the parallel time : " + tp2);
45        }
46
47        float total = System.nanoTime() - alltime / 1000000000;
48        System.out.println("the total time : " + total);
49        System.out.println("");
50        System.out.println("");
51        double speed = 0;
52        if (timet1 > timet2) {
53            speed = total / tp1;
54            System.out.println("Speedup= " + total / tp1);
55        } else {
56            speed = total / tp2;
57            System.out.println("Speedup= " + total / tp2);
58        } System.out.println("Effeciency = " + speed / 2);
59    }
60
61    public static class MyThread implements Runnable {
62
63        int let;
64        int rit;
65        int[] arr;
66        int temp;
67
68        MyThread(int[] arr, int let, int rit) {
69            this.let = let;
70            this.rit = rit;
71            this.arr = arr;
72        }
73
74        @Override
75        public void run() {
76            for (int i = 0; i <= arr.length; i++) {
77                for (int j = 1; j < (rit - i); j++) {
78                    if (arr[j - 1] > arr[j]) {
79                        //swap elements
80                        temp = arr[j - 1];
81                        arr[j - 1] = arr[j];
82                        arr[j] = temp;
83                    }
84                }
85            }
86        }
87    }
88 }
```

4. Sample output

```
Speedup= 1.1963034324498156E19
```

```
Effeciency = 5.9815171622490778E18
```