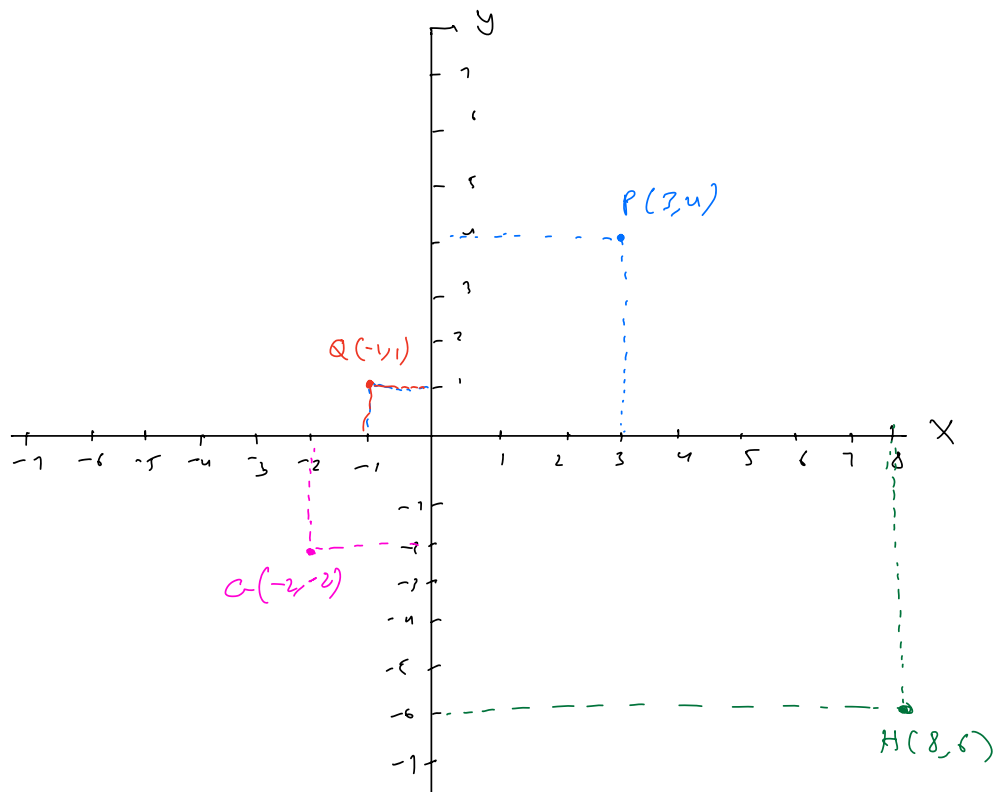
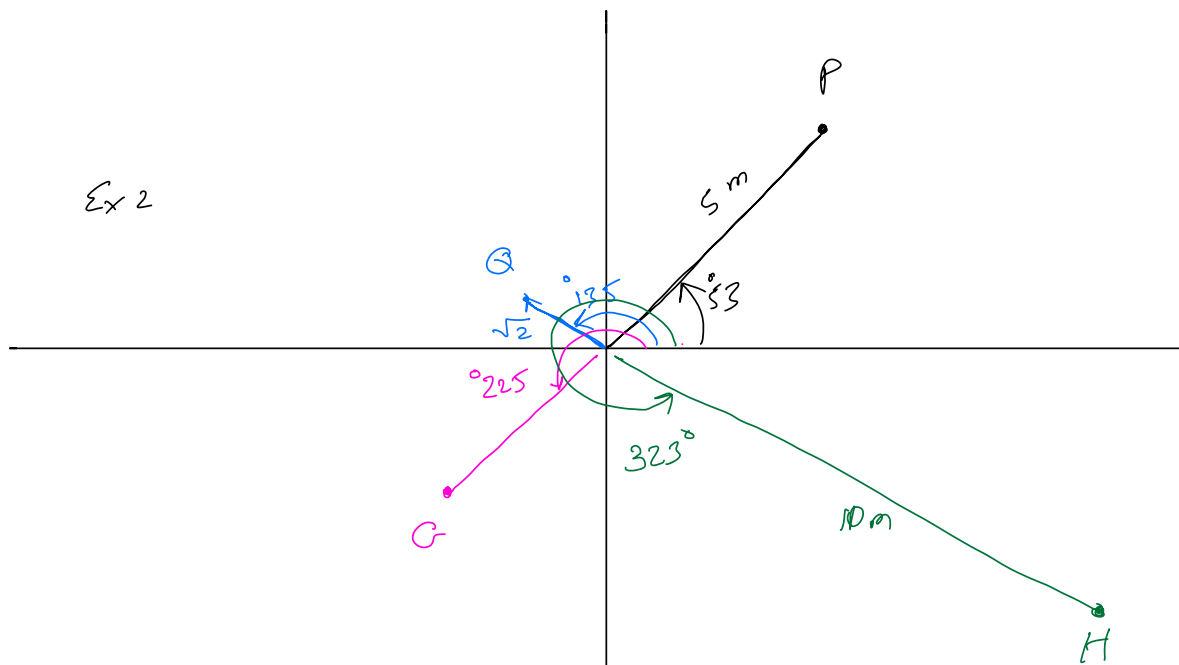


Ex 1



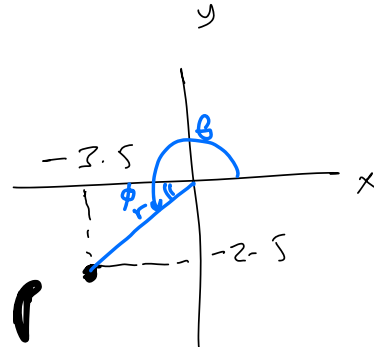
Ex 2



Ex 3.1  
 1.54  $P(-3.5, -2.5) \text{ m} \rightarrow P(r, \theta) ?$

$$\Rightarrow x = -3.5 \text{ m}$$

$$y = -2.5 \text{ m}$$



$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(-3.5)^2 + (-2.5)^2}$$

$$= 4.3 \text{ m}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{2.5}{3.5} = 0.714$$

$$\phi = 35.54 \rightarrow \theta = 180^\circ + \phi$$

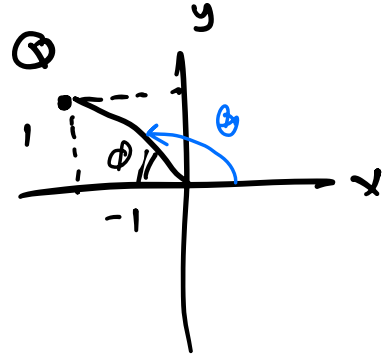
$$\approx 36 = 180 + 36$$

$$\therefore P(-3.5, -2.5) \Rightarrow P(4.3 \text{ m}, 216^\circ)$$

Ex 3

$$Q(-1, 1) \text{ m} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x = -1 \text{ m} \\ y = 1 \text{ m} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{-1^2 + 1^2} \\ &= \sqrt{2} \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$



$$\tan \phi = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \rightarrow \phi = \tan^{-1} 1 = 45^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 180 - \phi \\ &= 180 - 45 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore Q(-1, 1) \text{ m} \rightarrow Q(\sqrt{2} \text{ m}, 135^\circ)$$

Ex 4       $C(\sqrt{8} \text{ m}, 225^\circ)$

$$r = \sqrt{8} \text{ m} \qquad \theta = 225^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} x = r \cos \theta &\Rightarrow r = \sqrt{8} \cos 225^\circ \\ &= 2\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\ &= -2 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= r \sin \theta \\ &= 2\sqrt{2} \sin 225^\circ \\ &= 2\sqrt{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 2 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore C(\sqrt{8} \text{ m}, 225^\circ) \rightarrow C(-2, 2) \text{ m}$$

Ex 6

$$r = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\theta = 37^\circ + 270 = 323^\circ$$

$$\text{or } \theta = 360 - 37 = 323^\circ$$

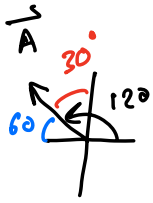
$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta \\ &= 10 \cos 323 \\ &= (10)(0.8) \\ &= 8 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= r \sin \theta \\ &= 10 \sin 323 \\ &= 10(-0.6) \\ &= -6 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

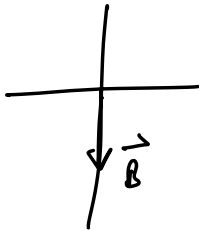
$$\therefore H(10 \text{ mm}, 323^\circ) \longrightarrow H(8, -6) \text{ mm.}$$

## Ex 6

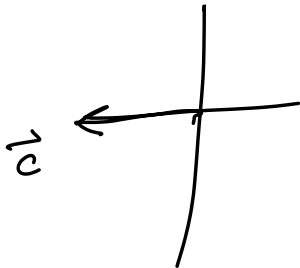
١- المتجه  $\vec{A}$  يمثل ازاحة مقدارها 5m باتجاه  $120^\circ$  (او  $30^\circ$  غرب الشمال)  
 بالنسبة للمحور السيني الموجب (او  $60^\circ$  شمال الغرب)



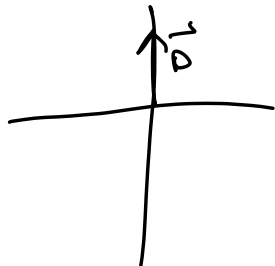
٢- المتجه  $\vec{B}$  يمثل تسارفاً مقدارها  $10 \text{ m/s}^2$  باتجاه الجنوب



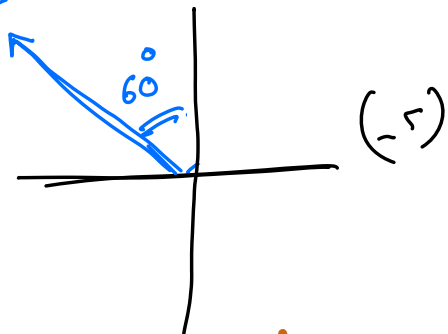
٣- المتجه  $\vec{C}$  يمثل سرعة مقدارها 3N باتجاه الغرب



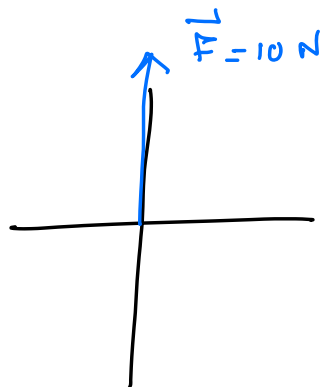
٤- المتجه  $\vec{D}$  يمثل حركة مقدارها  $7 \text{ m/s}$  باتجاه الشمال



Ex 7  
 $\vec{v} = 20 \text{ km/h}$

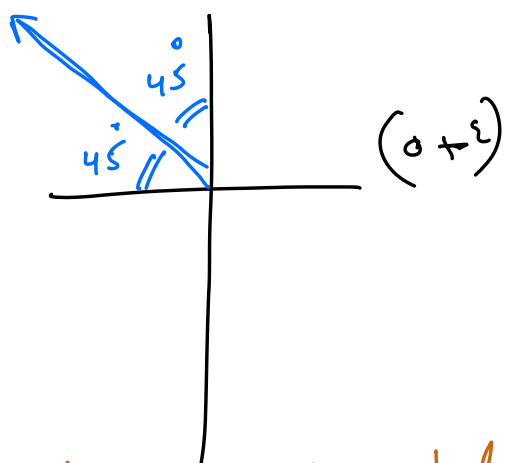


$\vec{v} = 20 \text{ km/h}$ ,  $60^\circ$  west of north  
 $= 20 \text{ km/h}$ ,  $150^\circ$



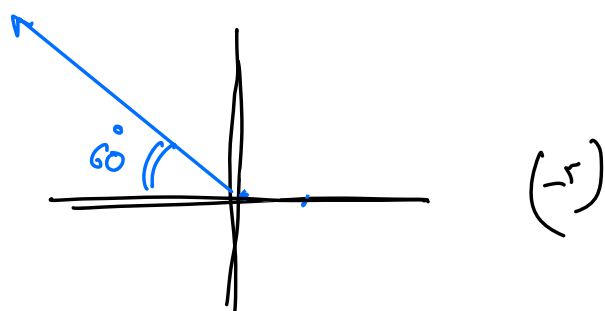
(-1)

$\vec{\Delta r} = 50 \text{ km}$

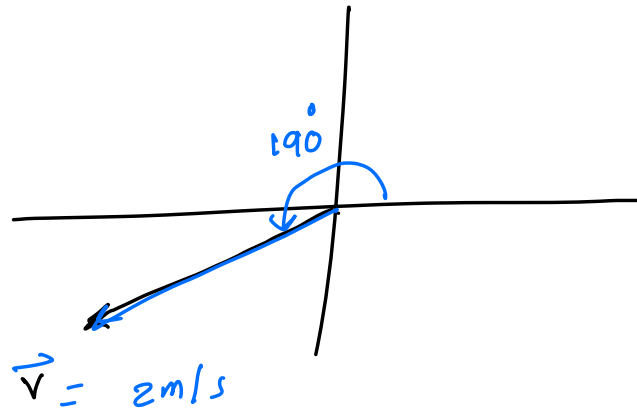


$\vec{\Delta r} = 50 \text{ km}$ , due west of north  
 $= 50 \text{ km}$ ,  $135^\circ$

$\vec{a} = 25 \text{ m/s}^2$

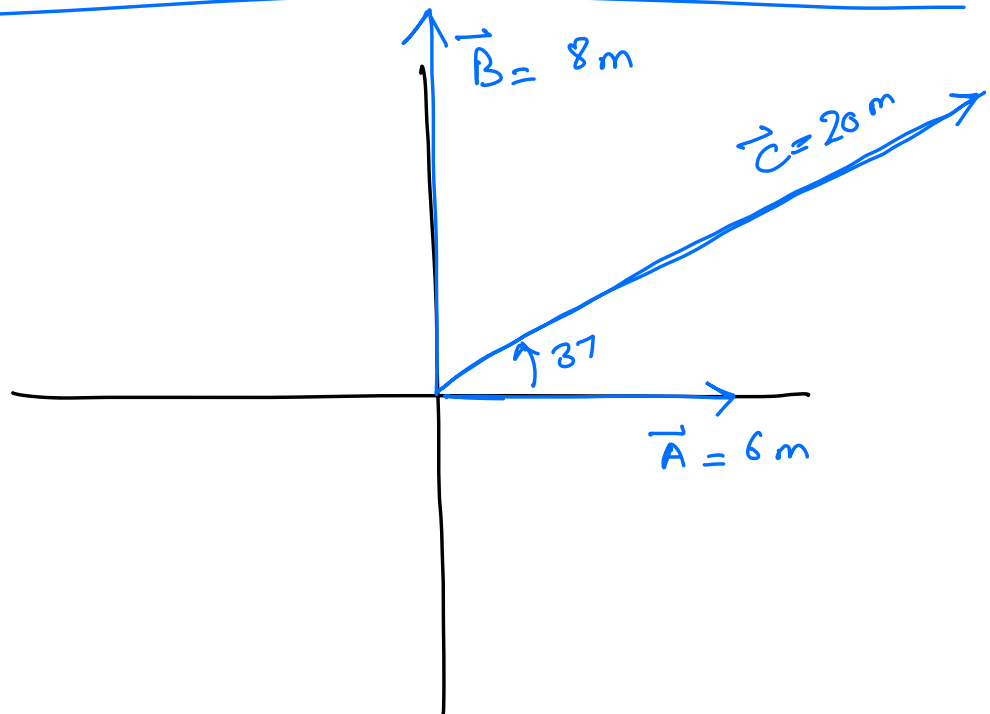


$\vec{a} = 25 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $60^\circ$  north of west  
 $= 25 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $120^\circ$

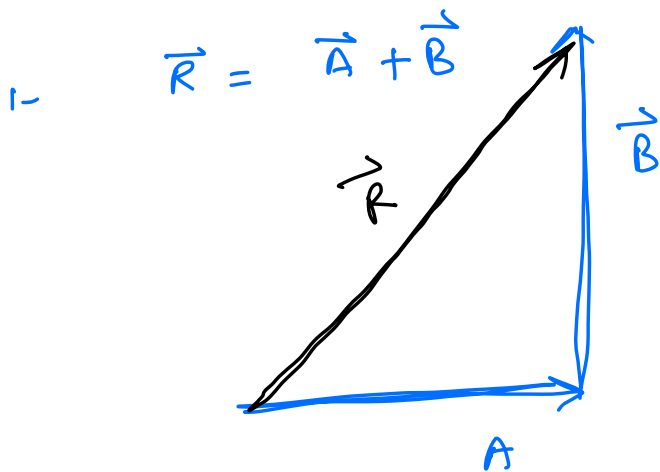


$$\begin{aligned}\vec{V} &= 2 \text{ m/s}, 190^\circ \\ &= 2 \text{ m/s} - 10^\circ \text{ south of west} \\ &= 2 \text{ m/s} - 80^\circ \text{ west of south}\end{aligned}$$

Ex 8

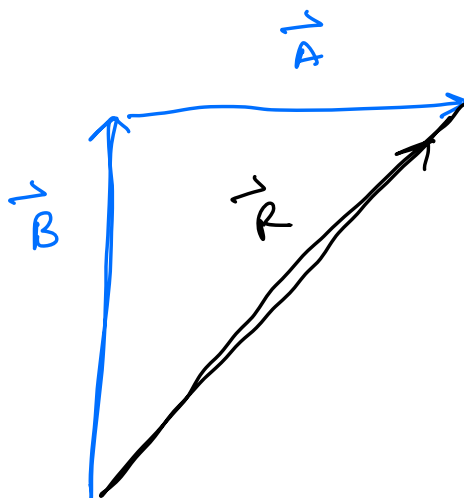






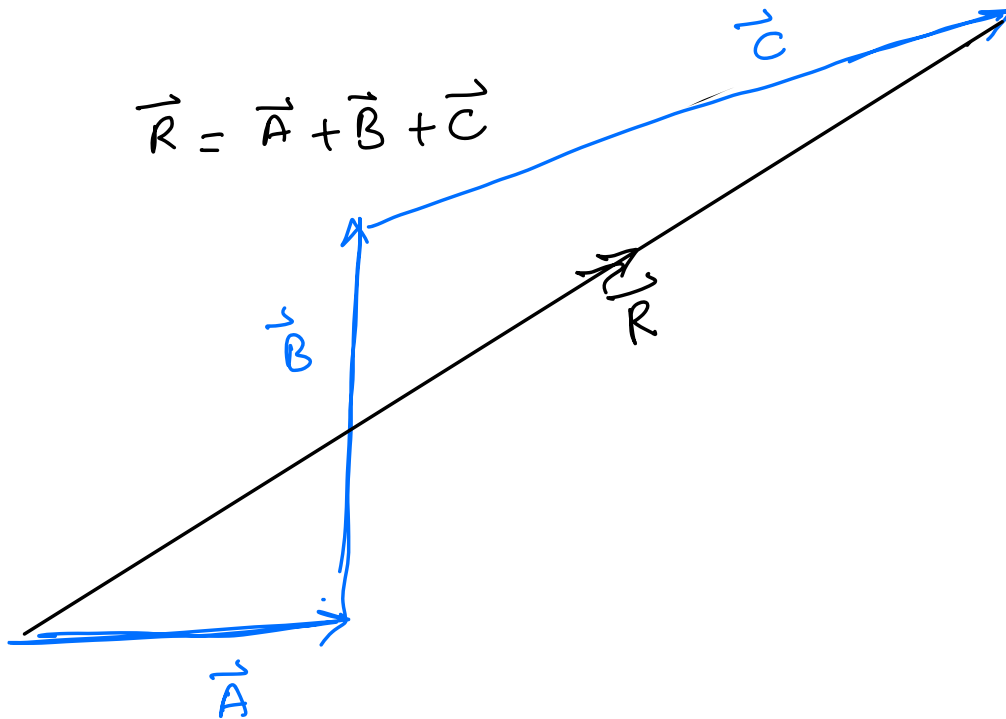
$$\vec{R} = \vec{B} + \vec{A}$$

2-



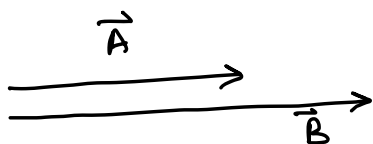
3-

$$\vec{R} = \vec{A} + \vec{B} + \vec{C}$$



Ex 9

١- اضعى كسره علىه الحركه علىه عنده يكون  
المستجيبان متوازنان ، يعني الايجابه ( لزيادة  
بشرا صفرًا )

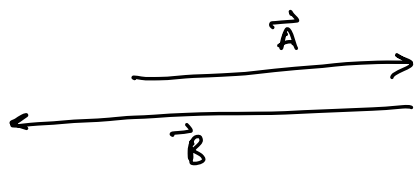


٢- صند. الحاله ← الحصله تكون  
مجموع صند-هنا

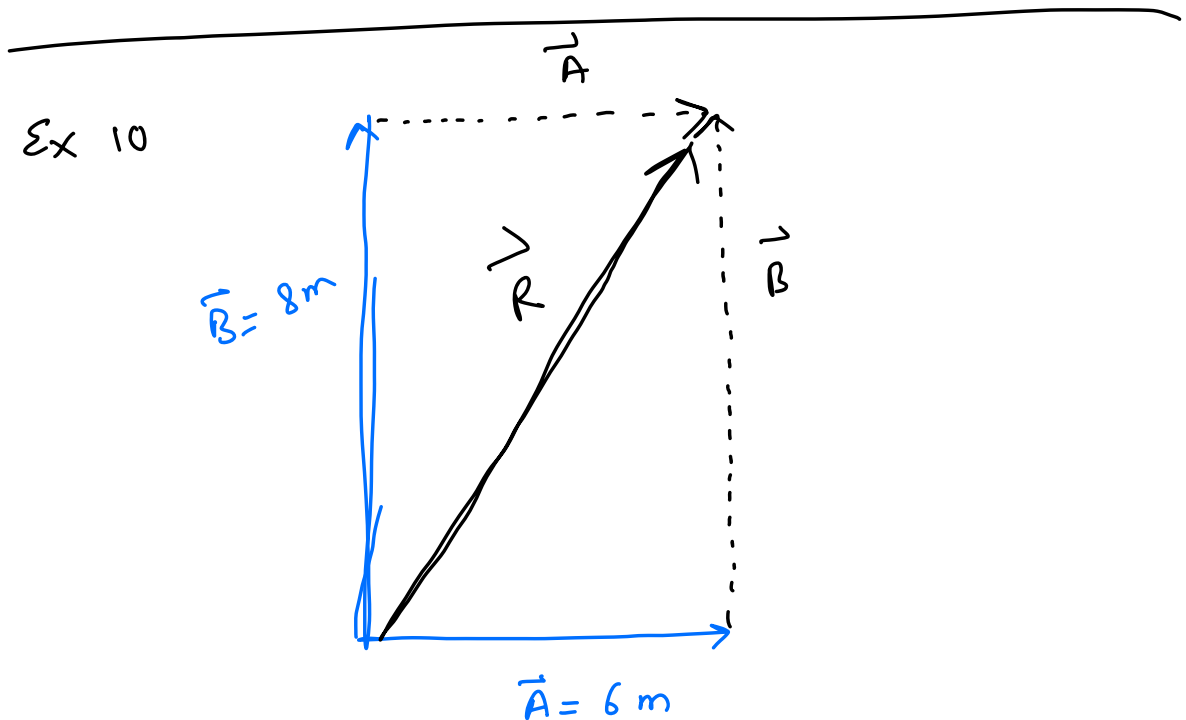
$$\vec{R} = 3 + 4 = 7 \text{ unit}$$

بمعنى الايجابه كل طرف

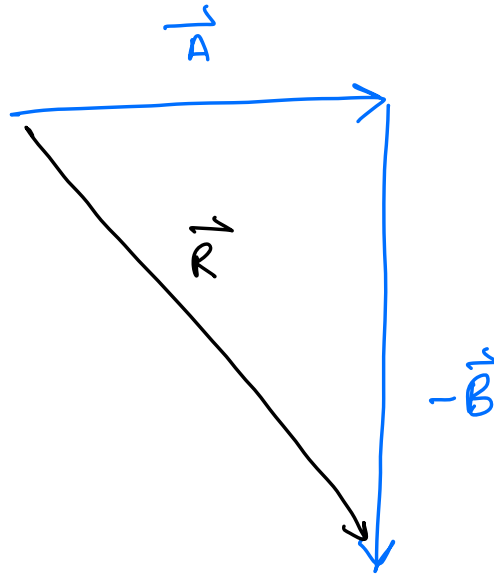
۲۔ اگر دو جسم ایک دوسرے کے عکس میں ہوں اور ان کے  
 متوازن ہوں، متوازن ہوں (180°)



۳۔ اگر دو جسم ایک دوسرے کے عکس میں ہوں اور ان کے  
 متوازن ہوں، متوازن ہوں (180°)



Ex 11



Ex 12

$$\vec{A} = 6 \text{ m/s}, 0^\circ$$

$$\vec{B} = 8 \text{ m/s}, 90^\circ$$

$$\vec{C} = 20 \text{ m/s}, 37^\circ$$

$$1- \quad 3\vec{A} = 18 \text{ m/s}, 0^\circ$$

$$2- \quad \frac{1}{2}\vec{B} = 4 \text{ m/s}, 90^\circ$$

$$3- \quad -2\vec{A} = 12 \text{ m/s}, 180^\circ$$

$$4- \quad -\frac{1}{3}\vec{A} = 2 \text{ m/s}, 180^\circ$$

$$5- \quad -\frac{1}{4}\vec{C} = 5 \text{ m/s}, (37^\circ + 180^\circ) \rightarrow 5 \text{ m/s}, 217^\circ$$

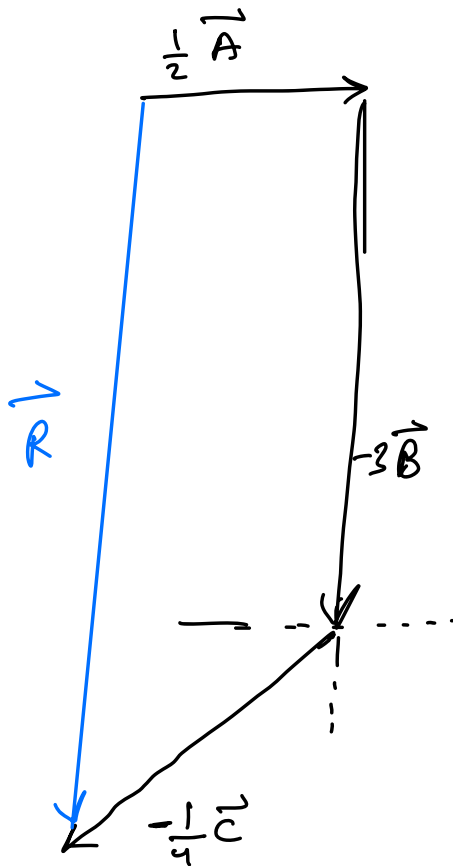
Ex 13

$$\frac{1}{2}\vec{A} = 3 \text{ m/s}, 0^\circ$$

$$3\vec{B} = 24 \text{ m/s}, 90^\circ \rightarrow -3\vec{B} = 24 \text{ m/s}, 270^\circ$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\vec{C} = 5 \text{ m/s}, 87^\circ \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4}\vec{C} = 5 \text{ m/s}, 217^\circ$$

$$\vec{R} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{A} + (-3\vec{B}) + (-\frac{1}{4}\vec{C})$$



Ex 14

$\vec{A} = 10 \text{ units}, 37^\circ$

$$A_x = A \cos 37^\circ \\ = (10)(0.8) = 8 \text{ units}$$

$$A_y = A \sin 37^\circ \\ = (10)(0.6) = 6 \text{ units}$$

$\vec{B} = 100 \text{ units}, 37+90 \Rightarrow 100 \text{ units}, 127^\circ$

$$B_x = B \cos 127^\circ = (100)(-0.6) \\ = -60 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{or } B_x = -B \sin 37^\circ \\ = (-100)(0.6) = -60 \text{ units}$$

$$B_y = B \sin 127^\circ = (100)(0.8) = \\ = 80 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{or } B_y = +B \cos 37^\circ \\ = (100)(0.8) \\ = 80 \text{ units}$$

$\vec{C} = 20\sqrt{2} \text{ units}, 270-45 \rightarrow 20\sqrt{2} \text{ units}, 225^\circ$

$$C_x = C \cos 225^\circ \\ = 20\sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = -20 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{or } C_x = -C \sin 45^\circ = -20 \text{ units}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_y &= C \sin 225 \\
 &= 20\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 &= -20 \text{ units}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{or } C_y &= -C \sin 45^\circ \\
 &= -20 \text{ units}
 \end{aligned}$$

---


$$\begin{array}{l}
 \underline{E_x \text{ is}} \\
 \vec{A} = 50 \text{ units}, 0^\circ \begin{cases} A_x = 50 \cos 0 = 50 \text{ units} \\ A_y = 50 \sin 0 = 0 \end{cases}
 \end{array}$$

$$\vec{B} = 50 \text{ units}, 90^\circ \begin{cases} B_x = B \cos 90 = 0 \\ B_y = B \sin 90 = 50 \text{ units} \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{C} = 50 \text{ units}, 180^\circ \begin{cases} C_x = C \cos 180 = -50 \text{ units} \\ C_y = C \sin 180 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{D} = 50 \text{ units}, 270^\circ \begin{cases} D_x = 50 \cos 270^\circ = 0 \\ D_y = 50 \sin 270 = -50 \text{ units} \end{cases}$$

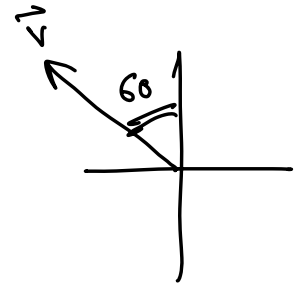
Ex 16

1-  $\vec{F} = 10 \text{ N}, 90^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} F_x &= 10 \cos 90 = 0 \\ F_y &= 10 \sin 90 = 10 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

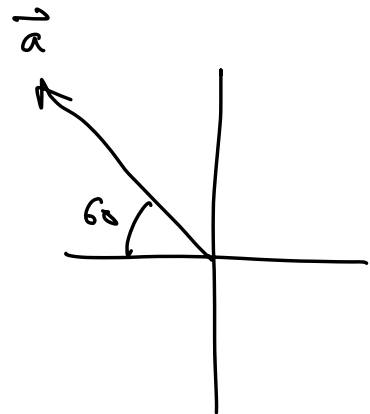
2-  $\vec{v} = 20 \text{ km/h}, 60^\circ \text{ west of north}$

$$\begin{aligned} v_x &= -20 \sin 60 \\ &= (-20)(0.866) \\ &\approx -17.3 \text{ km/h} \\ v_y &= +20 \cos 60 \\ &= (20)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 10 \text{ km/h} \end{aligned}$$



3-  $\vec{a} = 25 \text{ m/s}^2, 60^\circ \text{ north of west}$

$$\begin{aligned} a_x &= -(25)(\cos 60) \\ &= (-25)(0.5) \\ &= -12.5 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ a_y &= (+25)(\sin 60) \\ &= (25)(0.866) \\ &\approx 21.7 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{aligned}$$

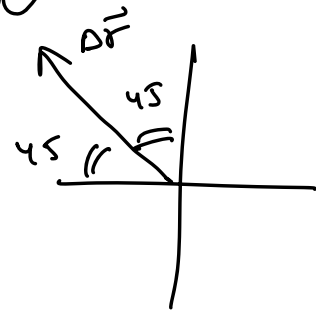




4 + 5)

$\Delta \vec{r} = 50 \text{ km}$ , north west

or  $\Delta r = 50 \text{ km}$ , west north



$$\begin{aligned} \Delta r_x \equiv \Delta x &= -50 \cos 45 \\ &= (-50)(0.7) \\ &\approx -35 \text{ km} \\ \Delta r_y \equiv \Delta y &= 50 \cos 45 \\ &= (50)(0.7) \\ &\approx 35 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

6 -  $\vec{V} = 2 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $190^\circ$

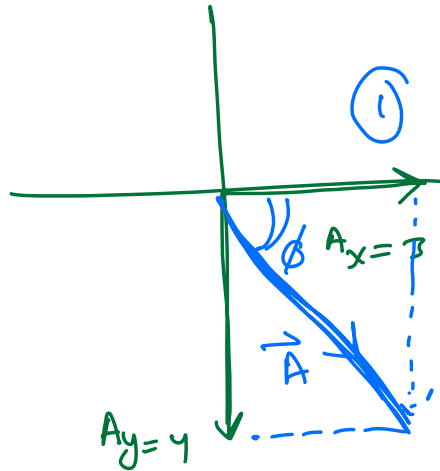
$$\begin{aligned} v_x &= (2) \cos 190 \\ &= (2)(-0.98) \\ &\approx -1.97 \text{ m/s} \\ v_y &= (2) \sin 190 \\ &= (2)(-0.17) \\ &\approx -0.35 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

Ex 17

$$\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} \quad \begin{cases} A_x = 3 \text{ m} \\ A_y = -4 \text{ m} \end{cases}$$

②

$$\begin{aligned} |\vec{A}| &= \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{9 + 16} \\ &= \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$



③  $\tan \phi = \frac{|A_y|}{|A_x|} = \frac{4}{3} \rightarrow \phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{4}{3}$   
 $\phi \approx 53^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \theta &= 360 - 53 \\ &= 306^\circ \end{aligned}$$

---

Ex 18  $\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} \text{ m}$

$$\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} \text{ m} \rightarrow 2\vec{B} = 6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{C} = -5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k} \rightarrow -3\vec{C} = 15\hat{j} + 18\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{R} = \vec{A} + 2\vec{B} + (-3\vec{C}) = 9\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 21\hat{k}$$

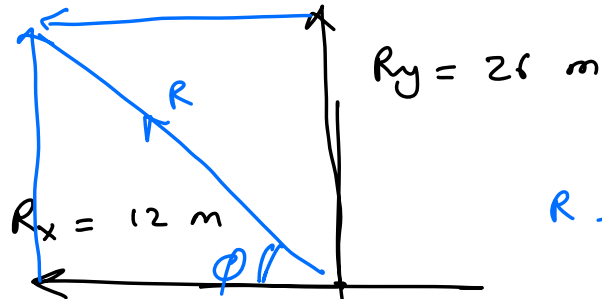
Ex 19

	x-comp	y-comp	
$\vec{A}$	$A_x = 10 \cos 37^\circ$ $= (10)(0.8) = 8 \text{ m}$	$A_y = (10) \sin 37^\circ$ $= (10)(0.6) = 6 \text{ m}$	$\vec{A} = 8\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} \text{ m}$
$\vec{B}$	$B_x = 5 \cos 53^\circ$ $= (5)(0.6) = 3 \text{ m}$	$B_y = -5 \sin 53^\circ$ $= (-5)(0.8)$ $= -4 \text{ m}$	$\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} \text{ m}$
$\vec{C}$	$C_x = -20\sqrt{2} \sin 45^\circ$ $= -20\sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $= -20 \text{ m}$	$C_y = 20\sqrt{2} \cos 45^\circ$ $= 20\sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $= 20 \text{ m}$	$\vec{C} = -20\hat{i} + 20\hat{j} \text{ m}$
$\vec{D}$	$D_x = -3 \text{ m}$	$D_y = 0$	$\vec{D} = -3\hat{i} \text{ m}$
$\vec{E}$	$E_x = 0$	$E_y = 4 \text{ m}$	$\vec{E} = 4\hat{j} \text{ m}$

$$1 - (\vec{A} + \vec{B})_x = A_x + B_x = 8 + 3 = 11 \text{ m}$$

$$2 - (\vec{A} + \vec{B})_y = A_y + B_y = 6 + -4 = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3- \quad \vec{R} \quad & \left\{ \begin{aligned} R_x &= A_x + B_x + C_x + D_x + E_x \\ &= 8 + 3 + -20 + -3 + 0 = -12 \text{ m} \\ R_y &= A_y + B_y + C_y + D_y + E_y \\ &= 6 + -4 + 20 + 0 + 4 = 26 \text{ m} \end{aligned} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= \sqrt{(12)^2 + 26^2} \\
 &\approx 28.64 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{|R_y|}{|R_x|} = \frac{26}{12} =$$

$$\phi \approx 65.22^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 180 - \phi = 180 - 65.22 \\
 &= 114.8^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \vec{R} = 28.64 \text{ m}, 114.8^\circ$$

Ex 20

$$\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} \text{ m} \rightarrow |\vec{A}| = \sqrt{9+16+9} = \sqrt{34} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} \text{ m} \rightarrow |\vec{B}| = \sqrt{9+16} = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{C} = -5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k} \text{ m} \rightarrow |\vec{C}| = \sqrt{25+36} = \sqrt{61} \text{ m}$$

$$1- \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z = 9 + 16 = 25$$

$$2- \vec{B} \cdot \vec{A} = B_x A_x + B_y A_y + B_z A_z = 9 + 16 = 25$$

$$3- \vec{A} \cdot \vec{A} = A^2 = A_x A_x + A_y A_y + A_z A_z = 9 + 16 + 9 = 34$$

$$4- \vec{C} \cdot \vec{B} = C_x B_x + C_y B_y + C_z B_z = 0 + 20 + 0 = 20$$

$$5- -2\vec{A} \cdot 3\vec{C} = (-6)(0) + (8)(15) + (-6)(-18) \\ = 0 + 120 + 108 = 228$$

$$6- \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = A B \cos \alpha$$

$$25 = (\sqrt{34})(5) \cos \alpha \rightarrow \alpha = \cos^{-1} \frac{5}{\sqrt{34}} = 31^\circ$$

$$7- \vec{A} \cdot \vec{C} = A C \cos \alpha$$

$$(3)(0) + (-4)(-5) + (3)(-6) = (\sqrt{34})(\sqrt{61}) \cos \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} \frac{2}{(\sqrt{61})(\sqrt{34})} = 87.5^\circ$$

$$8- \vec{A} \cdot \hat{k} = |\vec{A}| |\hat{k}| \cos \alpha$$

$$3 = (\sqrt{34})(1) \cos \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} = 59^\circ$$

$$9- \vec{C} \cdot -\hat{i} = |\vec{C}| |-\hat{i}| \cos \alpha$$

$$0 = \sqrt{61} \cos \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} 0 = 90^\circ$$

$$10- \vec{A} \cdot \vec{D} \Rightarrow A_x D_x + A_y D_y + A_z D_z = |\vec{A}| |\vec{D}| \cos 90^\circ$$

$$(3)(0) + (-4)(-5) + (3)\beta = 0$$

$$0 + 20 + 3\beta = 0$$

$$\beta = -\frac{20}{3}$$

Ex 21

$$\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{C} = -5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$1- \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & -4 & 3 \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i} (0 + 12) - \hat{j} (0 - 9) + \hat{k} (-12 + 12)$$

$$= 12\hat{i} + 9\hat{j}$$

$$2- \vec{B} \times \vec{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 3 & -7 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i} (-12 - 0) - \hat{j} (9 - 0) + \hat{k} (-12 + 12)$$

$$= -12\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$3- \vec{A} \times \vec{A} = |\vec{A}| |\vec{A}| \sin 0 = 0$$

$$4- \vec{C} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & -5 & -6 \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i} (0 - 24) - \hat{j} (0 + 18) + \hat{k} (0 + 15)$$

$$= -24\hat{i} - 18\hat{j} + 15\hat{k}$$

$$5- 3\hat{i} \times 2\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} \times [6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j}] = 0 - 24\hat{k}$$

$$\therefore (3\hat{i} \times 2\vec{B}) - 3\vec{C}$$

$$-24\hat{k} - (-15\hat{j} - 18\hat{k}) = 15\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$$