

Logo



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

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EXPERIMENT

Title

NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS LEADING TO A PRODUCT

Description

Problem Statement:

You are given an array `arr` and a product `m`. Your task is to find the number of possible unique triplets whose product of elements is `m`.

Input Format:

- The first line contains the integer, `n`
- The second line contains space separated integers of the array, `arr`
- The third line contains the product `m`.

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidate

Output Format:

The output consists of a single integer, i.e. the count of unique triplets having product `m`.

The output will be matched to the candidate's output printed on the STDOUT

Example:

Input:

7

5 [3](#) [20](#) [10](#) [14](#) [2](#)

60

Output:

3

Explanation:

Product m:60

Possible triplets for product m: (5,4,3), (20,3,1), (10,3,2)

The count of unique triplets is 3.

Source Code:

```
def count_triplets(arr, n, m):
    unique_triplets = set()
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(i + 1, n):
            for k in range(j + 1, n):
                if arr[i] * arr[j] * arr[k] == m:
                    triplet = tuple(sorted([arr[i], arr[j], arr[k]]))
                    unique_triplets.add(triplet)

    return len(unique_triplets)

# Input Reading
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
m = int(input())

result = count_triplets(arr, n, m)
print(result)
```

RESULT

6 / 6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %