MASTER OF LOGIC 2016, UNIVERSITY OF AMSTERDAM BASIC PROBABILITY: THEORY

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Homework problem set 1

Your homework must be handed in **electronically via Moodle before Wednesday September 5th, 22:00h**. This deadline is strict and late submissions are graded with a 0. At the end of the course, the lowest of your 7 weekly homework grades will be dropped. You are strongly encouraged to work together on the exercises, including the homework. However, after this discussion phase, you have to write down and submit your own individual solution. Numbers alone are never sufficient, always motivate your answers.

Problem 1: Committees (3pt)

A committee of 6 is to be formed from a group of 6 men and 8 woman.

- (a) 1pt If you pick the committee (uniformly) at random, what is the probability that everyone in the group is female?
- **(b) 2pt** Suppose the committee should be balanced for gender and that two of the men refuse to serve together. How many different committees are possible?

Problem 2: Necklaces (4pt)

Suppose you have beads in 5 different shapes: \bullet , \blacksquare , \blacktriangle , \bigstar and \blacklozenge . You have 6 different beads of every shape, all in one of six colors: red, green, blue, yellow, black and white. So every bead has a unique color-shape combination (there is only one blue triangular bead, black circular one, etc.). You are going to make a necklace with 7 beads that should have a particular composition: 3 shapes have to occur precisely twice. Here are two examples of 7 beads with such a composition:

$$\left\{ \bigstar \,,\, \blacksquare \,,\, \blacksquare \,,\, \bigstar \,,\, \bullet \,,\, \blacktriangle \,,\, \bullet \,\right\} \quad \text{or} \quad \left\{ \blacktriangle \,,\, \blacktriangle \,,\, \bigstar \,,\, \bigstar \,,\, \bigstar \,,\, \bullet \,,\, \bullet \,\right\}$$

(a) 3pt Before we can make a necklace (see part b), we need to pick our

- beads. You pick your 7 beads (uniformly) at random. What is the probability that they have the desired composition?
- **(b) 1pt** Once we have our beads, we can make a necklace. We want to order the pairs of shapes symmetrically around the shape occurring once. So the necklace is symmetrical if you ignore color, as in this example:

$$\left(\blacklozenge, \blacksquare, \blacktriangle, \blacklozenge, \blacktriangle, \blacksquare, \blacklozenge \right)$$

How many necklaces can you make?

Problem 3: Counting functions (3pt)

- (a) **1pt** Let *X* and *Y* be two finite sets. How many functions are there from *X* to *Y*? (If you are unsure about what functions precisely are, check the Wikipedia entry on *Function* (*Mathematics*))
- **(b) 1pt** How many functions are there from $\{0,1\}^n$ to $\{0,1\}^n$?
- (c) **1pt** Let $A, B \subseteq \{1, \dots, 100\}$ be such that A contains all even numbers and B all multiples of 3. Let X be their union and $n \in \mathbb{N}$ some integer. How many functions $f: \{1, \dots, n\} \to X$ are there?