You are given a mixture model with mixture components c_1, c_2 which are linked to geometric distributions with parameters $\theta_{c_1}=0.2, \theta_{c_2}=0.6$. You observe the data set

$$\{0, 2, 2, 3\}$$
.

Assume that the latent variables are i.i.d. and that $P(Y = c_1 | \Theta = \theta^{(0)}) = 0.2$.

- a) What is the (marginal) log-likelihood of this data set under the model? Feel free to use calculators.
- b) Find the most likely mixture component for each data point.
- c) Perform one EM iteration.
- d) Compute the marginal log-likelihood of the data with the updated parameters. The new value should be higher than the one computed in the beginning.

a)

$$\begin{aligned} &\log(0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^{0} + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^{0}) \\ &+ 2 \cdot \log(0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^{2} + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^{2}) \\ &+ \log(0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^{3} + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^{3}) = -8.1836793 \end{aligned}$$

b)
$$P(Y = c_1 | X = 0, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}) = \frac{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^0}{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^0 + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^0} = 0.0769231$$

$$P(Y = c_1 | X = 2, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}) = \frac{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^2}{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^2 + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^2} = 0.25$$

$$P(Y = c_1 | X = 3, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}) = \frac{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^3}{0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.8^3 + 0.8 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4^3} = 0.4$$

c) E-step

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} \mathbb{1}\left(Y_{i} = c_{1}\right) \mid X = x, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}\right] = 0.0769231 + 2 \cdot 0.25 + 0.4$$

$$= 0.9769231$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} \mathbb{1}\left(Y_{i} = c_{2}\right) \mid X = x, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}\right] = 4 - 0.9769231 = 3.0230769$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} x_{i} \mathbb{1}\left(Y_{i} = c_{1}\right) \mid X = x, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}\right] = 0.0769231 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 2 + 0.4 \cdot 3$$

$$= 2.2$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} x_{i} \mathbb{1}\left(Y_{i} = c_{2}\right) \mid X = x, \Theta = \theta^{(0)}\right] = 0.9230769 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0.75 \cdot 2 + 0.6 \cdot 3$$

$$= 4.8$$

M-step

$$P(Y = c_1 \mid \Theta = \theta^{(1)}) = \frac{0.9769231}{0.9769231 + 3.0230769} = 0.2442308$$

 $P(Y = c_2 \mid \Theta = \theta^{(1)}) = 1 - 0.3231552 = 0.7557692$

new parameter of
$$c_1$$
: $\frac{0.9769231}{2.2 + 0.9769231} = 0.3075061$

new parameter of
$$c_2$$
: $\frac{3.0230769}{4.8 + 3.0230769} = 0.3864307$

d)

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\begin{aligned} &\log(0.2442308 \cdot 0.3075061 \cdot 0.6924939^{0} \\ &+ 0.7557692 \cdot 0.3864307 \cdot 0.6135693^{0}) \\ &+ 2 \cdot \log(0.2442308 \cdot 0.3075061 \cdot 0.6924939^{2} \\ &+ 0.7557692 \cdot 0.3864307 \cdot 0.6135693^{2}) \\ &+ \log(0.2442308 \cdot 0.3075061 \cdot 0.6924939^{3} \\ &+ 0.7557692 \cdot 0.3864307 \cdot 0.6135693^{3}) = -7.2323861 \end{aligned}
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