

**DB - Assignment # 5****Submission deadline Sunday December 11, 2022 @ 11:55 PM****(ONLY Google Classroom SUBMISSIONS ALLOWED) (NO EMAIL SUBMISSIONS) (NO DEADLINE EXTENSIONS)****Question # 1:**

Consider the three transactions  $T_1$ ,  $T_2$ , and  $T_3$ , and the schedules  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  given below. Draw the serializability (precedence) graphs for  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ , and state whether each schedule is serializable or not. If a schedule is serializable, write down the equivalent serial schedule(s).

 $T_1: r_1(X); r_1(Z); w_1(X);$ 
 $T_2: r_2(Z); r_2(Y); w_2(Z); w_2(Y);$ 
 $T_3: r_3(X); r_3(Y); w_3(Y);$ 
 $S_1: r_1(X); r_2(Z); r_1(Z); r_3(X); r_3(Y); w_1(X); w_3(Y); r_2(Y); w_2(Z); w_2(Y);$ 
 $S_2: r_1(X); r_2(Z); r_3(X); r_1(Z); r_2(Y); r_3(Y); w_1(X); w_2(Z); w_3(Y); w_2(Y);$ 

**Question 2:** List all possible schedule for transactions  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  given below, and determine which are conflict serializable (correct) and which are not.

$T_1$	$T_2$
$read\_item(X);$ $X := X - N;$ $write\_item(X);$ $read\_item(Y);$ $Y := Y + N;$ $write\_item(Y);$	$read\_item(X);$ $X := X + M;$ $write\_item(X);$

The transactions given above can be written as follows using shorthand notation:

 $T_1: r_1(X); w_1(X); r_1(Y); w_1(Y);$ 
 $T_2: r_2(X); w_2(X);$ 

HINT:

In this case:

$m = 2$ , (total number of transactions), and

$n_1 = 4$ , (number of operations in transaction 1), and

$n_2 = 2$ , (number of operations in transaction 2).

The generic formula for calculating the total number of schedules is:  $(n_1+n_2)! / (n_1! * n_2!)$

So, the total number of possible schedules in this case will be:

$(4+2)! / (4! * 2!) = 6*5*4*3*2*1 / 4*3*2*1*2*1 = 15$