StockBridge: Real-Time Inventory and Supplier Integration

User Story

The Smart Inventory Management System enhances inventory oversight and sales order tracking by integrating key functionalities. When an inventory item's stock level falls below a predefined threshold, the system automatically triggers reorder notifications to suppliers, ensuring timely restocking of products. As sales orders are created, updated, or canceled, the system adjusts stock quantities accordingly to maintain accurate inventory records. Additionally, customers receive email notifications regarding the status of their sales orders, keeping them informed about changes such as order completions or cancellations. This seamless integration of features not only enables efficient inventory management and reduces the risk of stockouts but also strengthens communication with suppliers and keeps customers updated, ultimately improving overall operational efficiency and satisfaction.

Objective:-

In the Smart Inventory Management project, I developed three essential objects: Inventory, Sales Order, and Supplier. Each object features crucial fields that capture vital information; the Inventory object includes product name, stock quantity, and reorder thresholds, ensuring effective monitoring of product availability. The Sales Order object is designed to record customer orders, detailing quantity ordered, associated products, and the current order status. The Supplier object manages communication with suppliers for timely stock replenishments. By establishing connections between these objects, I facilitate efficient interactions among inventory tracking, order processing, and supplier notifications. To enhance operational efficiency, I employed Salesforce Apex Triggers to automate reorder notifications to suppliers and used flows to send real-time order status updates to customers, ensuring seamless communication and streamlined inventory management processes.

Project Flow

Milestone 1: Creation of developer account

Milestone 2 : Object Creation

Milestone 3: Tabs

Milestone 4 : The Lightning App

Milestone 5 : Fields & Relationships

Milestone 6 : Apex Triggers

Milestone 7: Email Alert

Milestone 8: Flow

Milestone 9: Conclusion

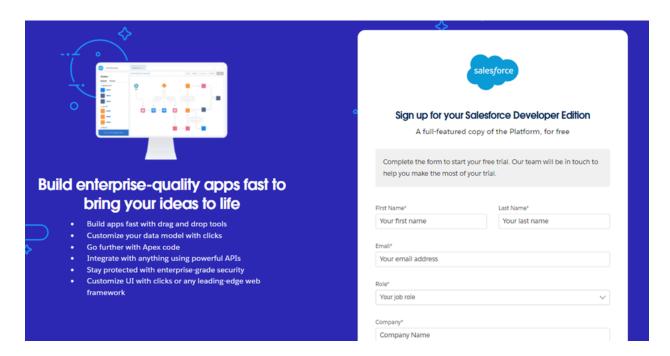
Implementation

Milestone 1 - Salesforce developer account creation :

Activity 1: Creating Developer Account:

Creating a developer org in salesforce.

- 1.Go to https://developer.salesforce.com/signup
- 2.On the sign up form, enter the following details :



First name & Last name

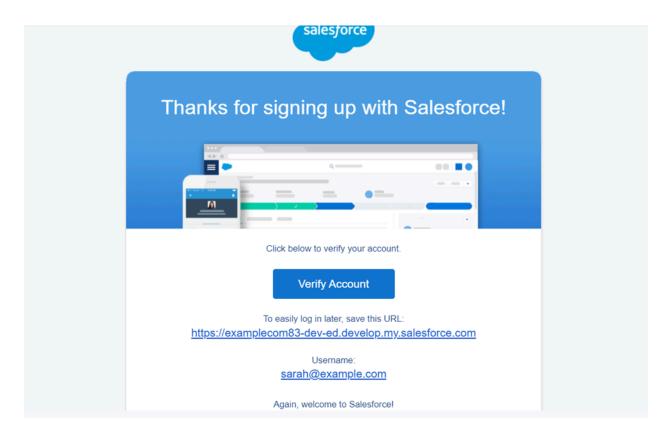
- 1) Email
- 2) Role: Developer
- 3) Company : College or Company Name
- 4) County: India
- 5) Postal Code: pin code
- 6) Username: should be a combination of your name and company

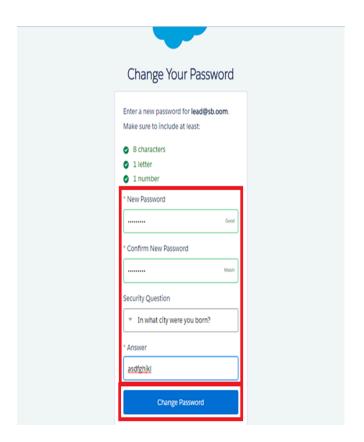
This need not be an actual email id, you can give anything in that format : username@organization.com

Click on sign me up after filling these.

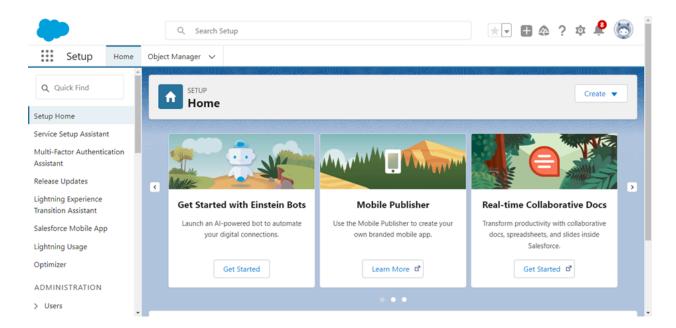
Activity 2: Account Activation:

- 1.Go to the inbox of the email that you used while signing up. Click on the verify account to activate your account. The email may take 5-10mins.
- 2.Click on Verify Account.
- 3. Give a password and answer a security question and click on change password.





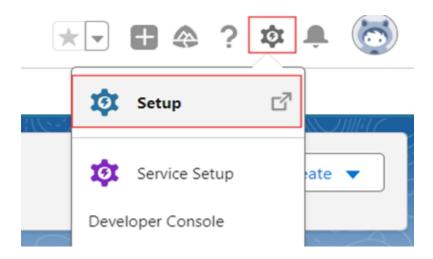
4. Then you will redirect to your salesforce setup page.



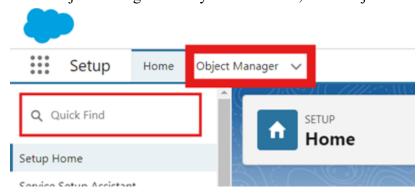
Milestone 2 - Object Creation

Activity 1 : Customer contact details

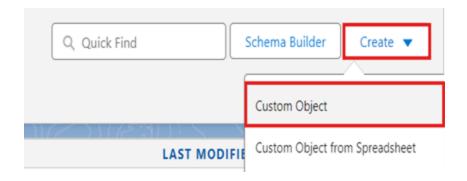
1.In your Salesforce org, click gear icon on the top left and select Setup to open Setup.



2.Click the Object Manager tab. If you don't see it, enter Object Manager in the Quick Find box.



3.On the Object Manager page, click Create | Custom Object.



Activity 1 : Sales Order

1.From the setup page \rightarrow Click on Object Manager \rightarrow Click on Create \rightarrow Click on Custom Object.

• Label : Sales Order

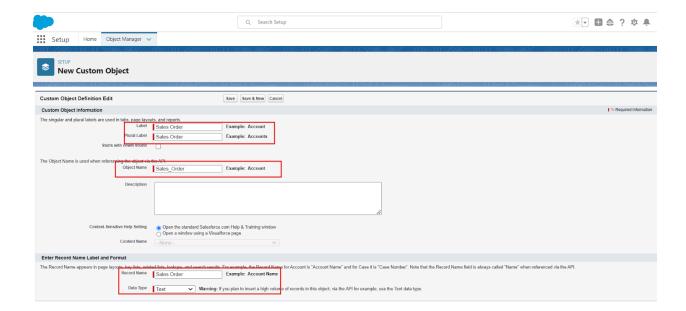
• Plural Label : Sales Orders

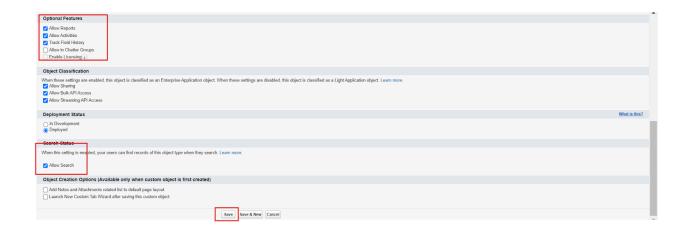
• Enter Record Name Label and Format

• Record Name: Sales Order

• Data Type : Text

- In Optional features : check the boxes for Allow Reports | Allow Activities | Track Field History.
- Search Status: check the box for Allow Search.
- Save





Activity 2 : Inventory

- 2.From the setup page \rightarrow Click on Object Manager \rightarrow Click on Create \rightarrow Click on Custom Object.
- Label : Inventory
- Plural Label : Inventories
- Enter Record Name Label and Format
- Record Name: Inventory Name
- Data Type : Text
- In Optional features : check the boxes for Allow Reports | Allow Activities | Track Field History.
- Search Status: check the box for Allow Search.
- Save.

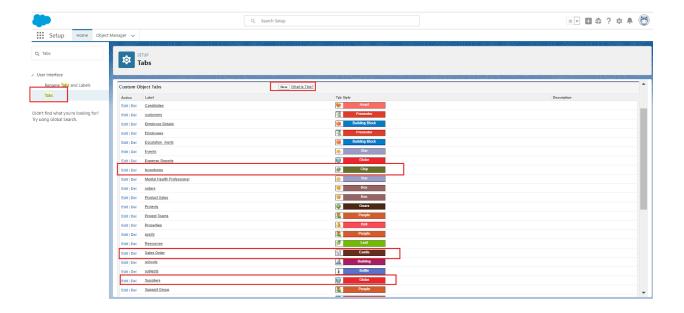
Activity 3 : Suppliers

- 3. From the setup page \rightarrow Click on Object Manager \rightarrow Click on Create \rightarrow Click on Custom Object.
- Label : Supplier
- Plural Label :Suppliers
- Enter Record Name Label and Format
- Record Name: Supplier Name
- Data Type : Text
- In Optional features : check the boxes for Allow Reports | Allow Activities | Track Field History.
- Search Status: check the box for Allow Search.
- Save.

Milestone 3 - Tabs

Activity 1: Custom tabs creation

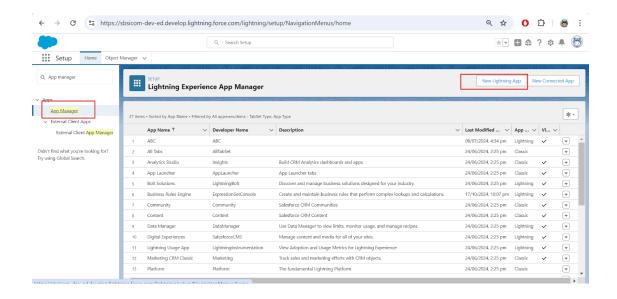
- 1.Go to setup page \rightarrow type Tabs in Quick Find bar \rightarrow click on tabs \rightarrow New (under custom object tab)
- 2.Select Object(Sales order) \rightarrow Select the tab style \rightarrow Next (Add to profiles page) keep it as default \rightarrow Next (Add to Custom App) uncheck the include tab.
- 3. Make sure that the Append tab to users' existing personal customizations is checked.
- 4.Click save.
- 5. Repeat the same steps for all objects.



Milestone 4 - The Lightning App

Activity 1 : Create a lightning app

1.Go to setup page \rightarrow search "app manager" in quick find \rightarrow select "app manager" \rightarrow click on New lightning App.



2. Fill the app name in app details and branding as follow

App Name: Smart Inventory Management

Developer Name : Smart_Inventory_Management

Add image optional (if you want to give any image you can otherwise not mandatory) - Add Primary color Hex or leave it to default.

Then click Next.

3. In App options

Navigation style: Standard navigation

Setup experience: setup

Supporters form factors: Desktop and phone

Then click Next

4. In Utility items

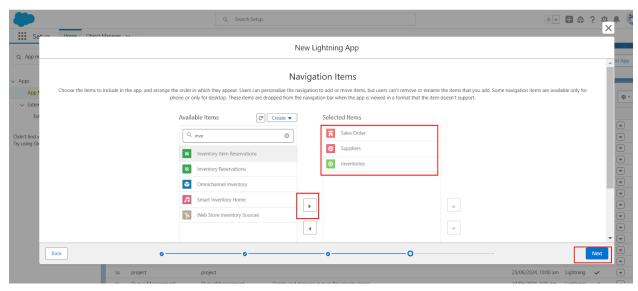
Utility Bar alignment: Default

Then click Next.

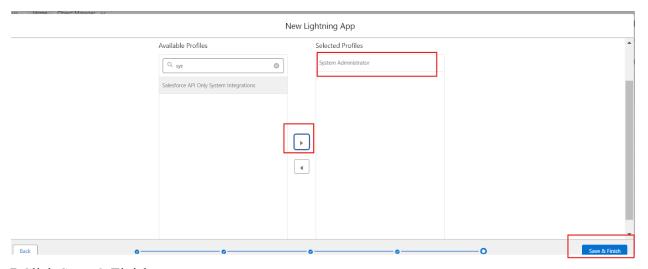
5. Navigation items

Select the created Custom Objects and required standard objects

- Sales Order
- Inventories
- Supplier



- Click Save
- 6. To Add User Profiles: System Administrator



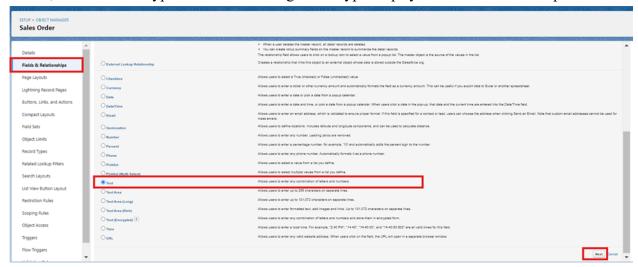
7.Click Save & Finish.

Milestone 5 : Sales Order

Activity 1: Create Custom fields for Sales Order object

- 1.In your Salesforce org, click gear icon on the top left and select Setup to open Setup.
- 2.Click the Object Manager tab. If you don't see it, enter Object Manager in the Quick Find box.

- 3. From the object manager page, In the Quick Find box, Search for the custom object you just created: Sales Order
- 4.From the sidebar, click Fields & Relationships. Notice that there are already some fields there. Those are the standard fields.
- 5.Click New to create a custom field. Tip: Before creating a new field, do a quick search to make sure a similar one doesn't already exist.
- 6.Next, choose a data type as Text. Choosing a data type helps you format the field input.



7. Click on next.

8. Data Type: Text

Field Label: Customer Name

Field Name: Name

Length: 50

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

- 1. Repeat the Same steps for remaining fields
- 2. Data Type : Phone

Field Label: Customer Mobile

Field Name: Customer Mobile c

Length: 20

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

3. Data Type : E-mail

Field Label : Customer Email Field Name : Customer Email c

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

4. Data Type : Auto Number Field Label : Order Number

Field Name : Order_Name_c

5. Data Type: Number

Field Label: Quantity Ordered
Field Name: Quantity_Ordered__c
Click on Next → Next → Save and new.

6. Data Type: Date

Field Label: Order Date Field Name: Order Date c

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

7. Data Type : Picklist
Field Label : Status
Field Name : Status c

Values: Confirmed, Shipped, Completed, Canceled

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

8. Data Type: Lookup
Related To: Inventory
Field Label: Product
Field Name: Product c

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

Activity 2 : Create Custom fields for Inventory object

1.Data Type: Look-up Relationship

Related To :Supplier Field Label: Supplier Field Name : Supplier c

Length: 80

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

2.Data Type: Text

Field Label: Inventory Name

Field Name: Name

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

3.Data Type : Number Field Label: Reorder Level Field Name : Reorder Level c

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

4.Data Type: Number Field Label: Stock Quantity

Field Name : Stock_Quantity_c

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

Activity 3: Create Custom fields for Supplier Object

1.Data Type: Text

Field Label: Supplier Name

Field Name: Name

Length: 50

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

2.Data Type: Email

Field Label: Contact Info

Field Name : Contact_Info__c

Length: 80

Click on Next \rightarrow Next \rightarrow Save and new.

Milestone 6: Triggers

Activity 1: Create a Trigger for sending reorder notifications to suppliers when stock falls below the reorder level.

Step 1: Login to Salesforce

• Log in to your Salesforce account with administrative privileges.

Step 2: Navigate to Developer Console

- i) Navigate to Setup: Click on the gear icon 🌼 (Setup) at the top-right corner of the screen.
- ii) **Open Developer Console**: Select the "Developer Console" option from the Setup menu. The Developer Console will open in a new browser tab or window.

Step 3: Create the Apex Trigger

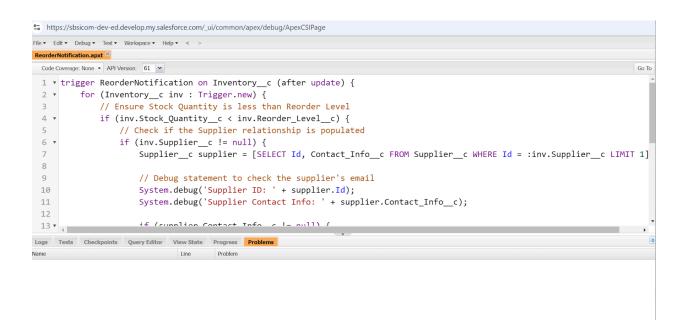
- 1. In the Developer Console window, click on "File" in the top menu.
- 2. **Select New**: From the dropdown menu under "File," select "New."
- 3. **Choose Apex Trigger**: In the submenu, select "Apex Trigger." This opens a new editor tab for writing your trigger.

Step 4: Define Your Trigger

- Give Trigger Name: ReorderNotification
- Select Object: Inventory c

```
trigger ReorderNotification on Inventory c (after update) {
  for (Inventory c inv : Trigger.new) {
    // Ensure Stock Quantity is less than Reorder Level
    if (inv.Stock Quantity c < inv.Reorder Level c) {
       // Check if the Supplier relationship is populated
       if (inv.Supplier c!= null) {
          Supplier c supplier = [SELECT Id, Contact Info c FROM Supplier c WHERE Id
= :inv.Supplier c LIMIT 1];
         // Debug statement to check the supplier's email
         System.debug('Supplier ID: ' + supplier.Id);
         System.debug('Supplier Contact Info: ' + supplier.Contact Info c);
         if (supplier.Contact Info c!= null) {
            Messaging.SingleEmailMessage mail = new Messaging.SingleEmailMessage();
            mail.setToAddresses(new String[] { supplier.Contact Info c });
            mail.setSubject('Reorder Notification');
            mail.setPlainTextBody('Please reorder product: ' + inv.Name +
                         '. Current stock is: ' + inv.Stock Quantity c);
            Messaging.sendEmail(new Messaging.SingleEmailMessage[] { mail });
            System.debug('No valid email found for supplier: ' + inv.Supplier c);
       } else {
         System.debug('Supplier relationship is null for Inventory: ' + inv.Id);
```

```
} }
```



Activity 2: Create a Trigger to manage inventory stock levels based on sales orders.

Step 1: Create the Apex Trigger

- 1. In the Developer Console window, click on "File" in the top menu.
- 2. **Select New**: From the dropdown menu under "File," select "New."
- 3. **Choose Apex Trigger**: In the submenu, select "Apex Trigger." This opens a new editor tab for writing your trigger.

Step 2: Define Your Trigger

```
Give Trigger Name: UpdateStockQuantity
Select Object: Sales_Order_c
trigger UpdateStockQuantity on Sales_Order__c (after insert, after update) {

// Collect product IDs (related Inventory records) from Sales Orders

Set<Id> productIds = new Set<Id>();

for (Sales Order _c so : Trigger.new) {
```

```
if (so.Product c!= null) {
      productIds.add(so.Product c);
    }
  }
  // Query Inventory records related to the products in Sales Orders
      List<Inventory c> inventoryList = [SELECT Id, Stock Quantity c FROM
Inventory c WHERE Id IN :productIds];
  // Create a Map to easily reference inventory records by their Ids
  Map<Id, Inventory c> inventoryMap = new Map<Id, Inventory c>(inventoryList);
  // Loop through each Sales Order to update the respective inventory
  for (Sales Order c so: Trigger.new) {
    if (so.Product c!= null && inventoryMap.containsKey(so.Product c)) {
       Inventory c inventory = inventoryMap.get(so.Product c);
      // Log inventory and order details for debugging
       System.debug('Inventory Before Update: ' + inventory.Stock Quantity c);
       System.debug('Sales Order Quantity Ordered: ' + so.Quantity Ordered c);
      // Check if this is an update operation
      if (Trigger.isUpdate && Trigger.oldMap.containsKey(so.Id)) {
         Decimal previousQuantity = Trigger.oldMap.get(so.Id).Quantity Ordered c;
```

```
// Restore the previous stock quantity (add back the previous quantity)
         if (previousQuantity != null) {
            inventory.Stock Quantity c += previousQuantity;
            System.debug('Restored Stock Quantity: ' + inventory.Stock Quantity c);
         }
       // Reduce the stock by the new quantity (for both insert and update)
       Decimal newQuantity = so.Quantity Ordered c;
       if (newQuantity != null) {
         inventory.Stock Quantity c -= newQuantity;
         System.debug('Updated Stock Quantity: ' + inventory.Stock Quantity c);
       }
     } else {
        System.debug('Product not found in Inventory Map for Sales Order Product c: '
+ so.Product c);
     }
  }
  // Update inventory records in bulk
  if (!inventoryList.isEmpty()) {
    try {
       update inventoryList;
```

```
System.debug('Inventory records updated successfully.');
} catch (Exception e) {
System.debug('Error updating inventory: ' + e.getMessage());
}

File* Edit* Debug* Test* Workspace* Help* < >
UpdateStockQuantity.apxt
```

```
Code Coverage: None ▼ API Version: 61 ▼
 1 * trigger UpdateStockQuantity on Sales_Order__c (after insert, after update) {
         // Collect product IDs (related Inventory records) from Sales Orders
         Set<Id> productIds = new Set<Id>();
         for (Sales_Order__c so : Trigger.new) {
 5 ▼
           if (so.Product__c != null) {
                 productIds.add(so.Product__c);
         }
 8
 9
 10
         // Query Inventory records related to the products in Sales Orders
         List<Inventory_c> inventoryList = [SELECT Id, Stock_Quantity_c FROM Inventory_c WHERE Id IN :productIds];
 11
 12
 13
         // Create a Map to easily reference inventory records by their Ids
Logs Tests Checkpoints Query Editor View State Progress Problems
                             Line
```

Milestone 7: Email Alert

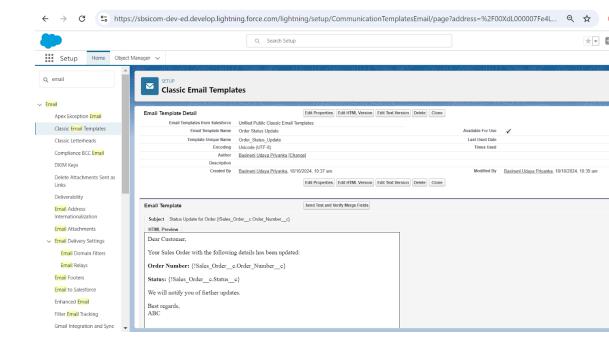
Activity 1 : Creating an Email Template

This step involves designing a custom email template that is used to send notifications to customers regarding the status of their orders. It ensures consistent, professional communication.

Step 1: Create Email Template

- 1. Login to Salesforce: Use administrative credentials to log in.
- 2. Navigate to Email Templates:
 - o Go to **Setup**.
 - In the Quick Find box, type Classic Email Templates.
 - Click Classic Email Templates.
- 3. Create New Email Template:

- Click New Template.
- Choose the type of template (e.g., **Custom HTML**, **Text**, or **Visualforce**).
- o Enter details like:
 - Email Template Name: Order_Status_Notification.
 - **Subject**: Order Status Update for Your Order {!Sales_Order_c.Name}.
- Email Body: Include placeholders for fields such as {!Sales_Order_c.Order_Status_c}, {!Sales_Order_c.Quantity_Ordered_c}, {!Sales_Order_c.Product_c}.



4. Save the Template.

Activity 2: Configuring an Email Alert

Setting up an email alert links the template to the Sales Order object, automating the sending of order status notifications based on specific triggers or conditions

Step 1: Create Email Alert

- 1. Navigate to Email Alerts:
 - In Setup, search for Email Alerts.

Click New Email Alert.

2. Configure the Email Alert:

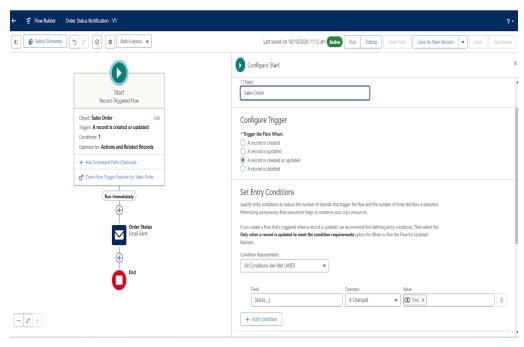
- o Description: Order Status Notification Alert.
- **Email Template**: Select the email template you created (Order_Status_Notification).
- Object: Choose Sales_Order_c.
- Recipients: Choose Related Contact and select the field that holds the customer's email, such as Customer_Email_c from Sales Order.
- o Click Save.

Milestone 8: Building a Flow

The flow automates the process of sending an email alert whenever a Sales Order's status is updated. It helps streamline communication and ensures customers are informed promptly about their order status.

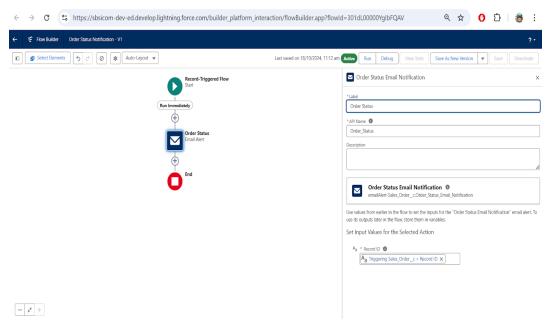
Step 1: Build the Flow

- 1. Navigate to Flows:
 - o In Setup, search for Flows.
 - Click Flows and then New Flow.
- 2. Select Flow Type:
 - Choose **Record-Triggered Flow**.
 - o Set Object: Select Sales Order c.
 - Set the flow to trigger after the record is Created and Updated.
- 3. Define Entry Conditions:
 - Set the condition: Status_c is changed True
 Choose All Conditions are Met (AND) if you want the flow to run only when all conditions are met.



4. Add Action for Sending Email:

- Click the + icon and select **Action**.
- In the Action type, search for **Send Email Alert**.
- Choose the Email Alert you created earlier (e.g., Order Status Notification Alert).

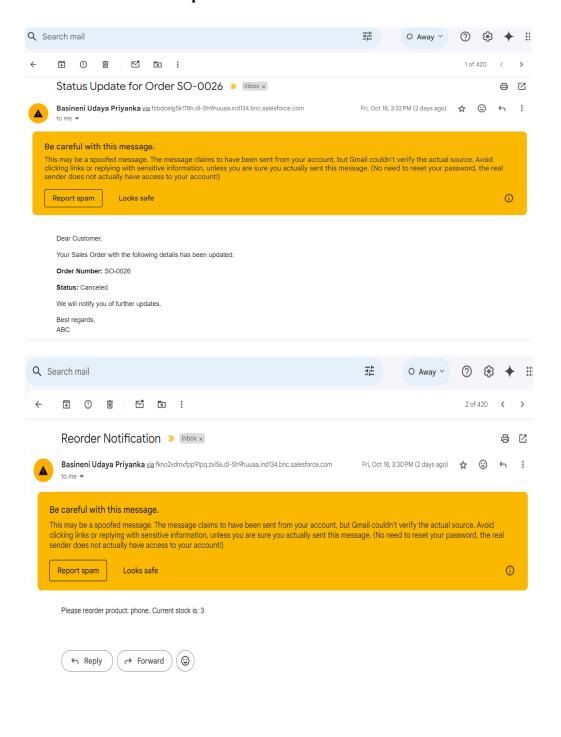


5. Save and Activate the Flow:

- Click Save, give your flow a meaningful name like Order Status Notification Flow.
- Click **Activate** to start the flow.

Milestone 9: Result

Notifications for status update and reorder:



Milestone 10 : Conclusion

The Smart Inventory Management project utilizing Salesforce with Apex triggers and flows effectively streamlines inventory processes and enhances supplier communication. By automating reorder notifications and stock updates, the system ensures optimal inventory levels are maintained while minimizing the risk of stockouts. The project also facilitates timely order status notifications to customers, improving overall customer satisfaction. This solution exemplifies how Salesforce's robust automation features can transform inventory management, offering a scalable and efficient approach to managing stock, suppliers, and customer interactions in a dynamic retail environment.