

# **Programmable LED Driver**

# Hierarchy of ProgLEDDriver



ProgLEDDriver

Top module of the design and it only contains instantiation of the other modules. You will use existing code for this module.

LEDDriver

This module reads values from RAM and displays them on LEDs. It should start displaying after the start signal. You will implement this module.

progLogic

This module is for filling RAM using switches and a push button. You will implement this module.

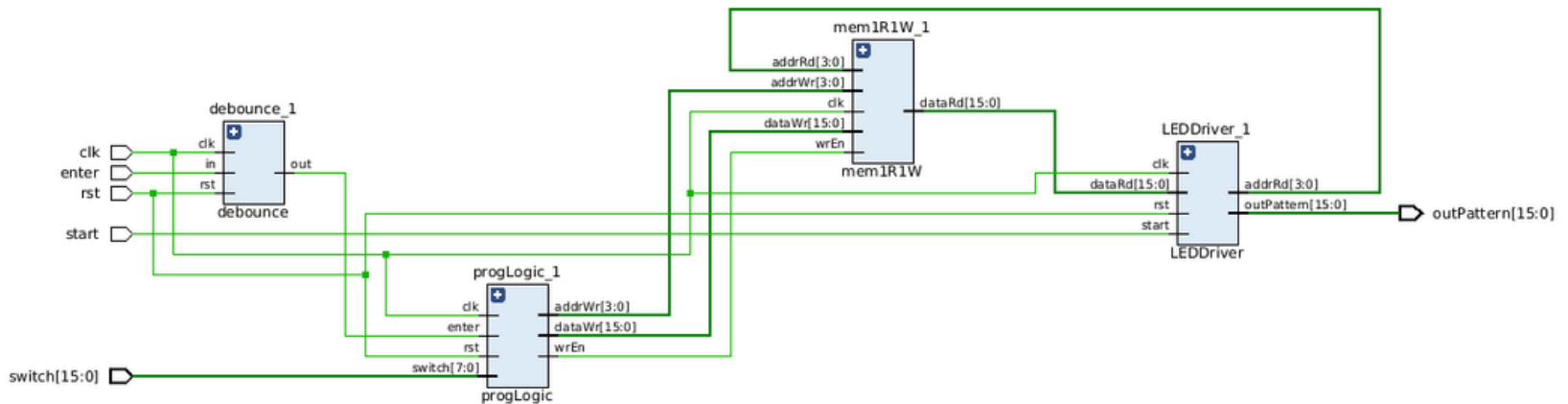
mem1R1W

This module is RAM module.  
You will use existing code for this module.

debounce

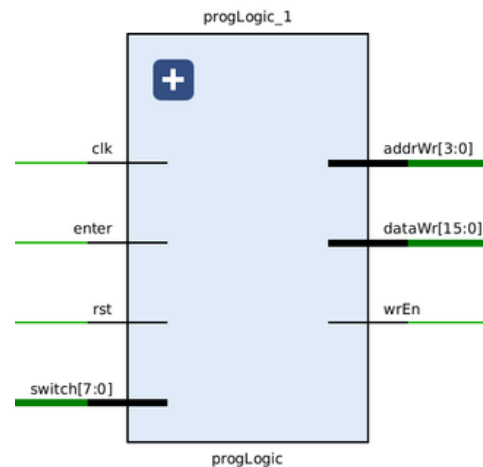
This module is to eliminate bounce problem.  
You will use existing code for this module.

# Block Diagram of progLEDDriver



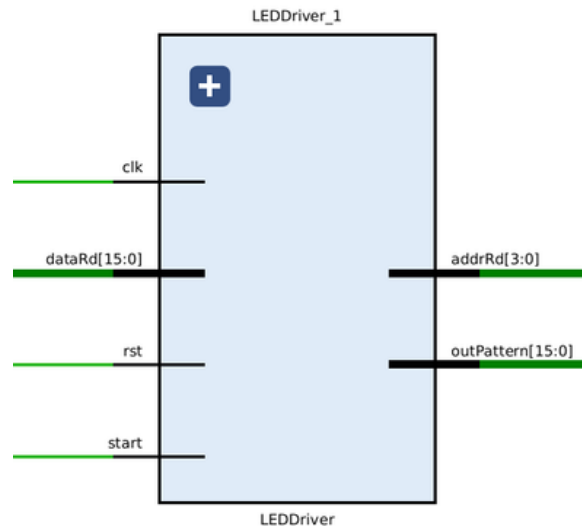
# Design I/O:

<b>clk</b>	: 1 bit input for clock
<b>rst</b>	: 1 bit input for reset
<b>switch</b>	: 16 bits input comes from switches as data in
<b>enter</b>	: 1 bit input comes from a push button when data is ready on switches
<b>dataWr</b>	: 16 bits data output to RAM
<b>addrWr</b>	: 3 bits address output to RAM
<b>wrEn</b>	: 1 bits output as write enable to RAM



## Design I/O:

**clk** : 1 bit input for clock  
**rst** : 1 bit input for reset  
**start** : 1 bit input comes from a push button when data is ready to display  
**dataRd** : 16 bits data input from RAM  
**addrRd** : 3 bits address output to RAM  
**outPattern**: 8 bits of output to LEDs



## Design Behavior:

- The aim of this module is to fill RAM and read it. RAM entries have 16 bits of length, and we will use 16 bit switches to fill it.
- We will use an enter signal, which comes from a push button, as data ready signal.
- Meanwhile, the wrEn signal should be 1 when we want to write data to RAM. Otherwise, it should be 0.
- When you press the start button (another push button), the design should start displaying the data stored in the memory.